

Wisconsin CNA State Exam Vocabulary Practice (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

- 1. Which condition results from inadequate fluid in the body?**
 - A. Depression**
 - B. Dehydration**
 - C. Denture care**
 - D. Dementia**

- 2. What is typically included in a medical record?**
 - A. Only the patient's name**
 - B. The patient's favorite color**
 - C. A chronological account of a patient's examination and treatment**
 - D. The patient's horoscope sign**

- 3. Which term refers to procedures aimed at reducing microorganisms and preventing their spread?**
 - A. Infection control**
 - B. Pain management**
 - C. Physical therapy**
 - D. Medical billing**

- 4. What is the definition of reposition?**
 - A. Place in a different position; adjust or alter the position of.**
 - B. Something that belongs to the resident.**
 - C. An instance of resuming an activity or state after an interruption.**
 - D. Giving detailed information.**

- 5. What does it mean to be passive?**
 - A. Resistance and active response to circumstances**
 - B. Accepting or allowing what happens without active response**
 - C. Delusions of persecution, unwarranted jealousy**
 - D. Loss of ability to move and feel in the body**

- 6. What is the definition of a prosthesis?**
- A. Loss of function of legs, trunk, and arms**
 - B. The throbbing of the arteries caused by heart contractions**
 - C. The secretion of fluid that nourishes and protects sperm**
 - D. An artificial device that replaces a body part**
- 7. What is the primary reason for employing Isolation precautions?**
- A. To ensure a positive attitude toward work**
 - B. To promote physical well-being**
 - C. To prevent further infections**
 - D. To improve communication skills**
- 8. What does the term 'dying' signify in a medical context?**
- A. Difficulty swallowing**
 - B. Approaching death**
 - C. Material used to cover a wound**
 - D. Sleepy and lethargic; ready to fall asleep**
- 9. What information is provided in Material Safety Data Sheets?**
- A. Only basic first aid tips**
 - B. Instructions for cooking**
 - C. Details on chemical safe use and hazards**
 - D. Emergency contact numbers**
- 10. What is the definition of "Slander"?**
- A. Making false spoken statements harmful to reputation**
 - B. Preventing a resident from falling**
 - C. Removing hair from the face or legs**
 - D. Soaking in warm water to clean wounds**

Answers

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1. B
2. C
3. A
4. A
5. B
6. D
7. C
8. B
9. C
10. A

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Explanations

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1. Which condition results from inadequate fluid in the body?

- A. Depression**
- B. Dehydration**
- C. Denture care**
- D. Dementia**

The condition that results from inadequate fluid in the body is dehydration. This occurs when the body loses more fluids than it takes in, leading to an imbalance that can affect bodily functions. Dehydration can cause symptoms such as dry mouth, fatigue, decreased urine output, and dizziness. It is a critical issue, especially for vulnerable populations like the elderly or those with certain health conditions, as it can lead to serious complications without prompt treatment. In the context of the other options, depression is a mental health condition that is not directly caused by fluid levels in the body. Denture care refers to the practice of maintaining oral appliances and does not relate to fluid levels. Dementia is a general term for a decline in cognitive function that can affect memory and communication but is not specifically linked to fluid levels. Understanding the significance of hydration is crucial in the context of overall health and wellness, particularly in caregiving settings.

2. What is typically included in a medical record?

- A. Only the patient's name**
- B. The patient's favorite color**
- C. A chronological account of a patient's examination and treatment**
- D. The patient's horoscope sign**

The inclusion of a chronological account of a patient's examination and treatment in a medical record is essential for documenting the patient's health history and the care they have received. This detailed narrative allows healthcare providers to track the patient's progress, make informed decisions about future treatments, and ensure continuity of care among various providers. Such records typically encompass clinical notes, test results, medication lists, and any other relevant information that reflects the patient's medical journey. The other options do not contribute to the medical record's purpose of providing comprehensive and clinically relevant information. The patient's name is obviously important, but it alone does not fulfill the requirements of a medical record. Similarly, personal preferences like a favorite color or horoscope sign are unrelated to the medical, therapeutic, or diagnostic information that medical records are intended to contain.

3. Which term refers to procedures aimed at reducing microorganisms and preventing their spread?

- A. Infection control**
- B. Pain management**
- C. Physical therapy**
- D. Medical billing**

The term that refers to procedures aimed at reducing microorganisms and preventing their spread is infection control. Infection control encompasses a variety of practices and protocols designed to prevent the transmission of infections in healthcare settings. This includes measures such as hand hygiene, the use of personal protective equipment (PPE), sterilization and disinfection of surfaces and medical equipment, and isolation procedures for infected individuals. These strategies are vital in protecting both patients and healthcare workers from potential infections, thereby promoting a safer environment in medical facilities. The other options do not address the prevention of microorganisms: pain management focuses on alleviating discomfort, physical therapy involves rehabilitative treatments to improve mobility, and medical billing relates to the financial aspects of healthcare services.

4. What is the definition of reposition?

- A. Place in a different position; adjust or alter the position of.**
- B. Something that belongs to the resident.**
- C. An instance of resuming an activity or state after an interruption.**
- D. Giving detailed information.**

Reposition refers to the act of placing something or someone in a different position or adjusting their current position. This term is especially relevant in a healthcare or caregiving context, where it can refer to moving a patient to alleviate discomfort, prevent bedsores, or improve circulation. Proper repositioning techniques are essential for patient care, ensuring safety and comfort while promoting overall health. Understanding this term is critical for a CNA as it directly impacts the quality of care provided to residents. The other options describe different concepts: belongings refer to possessions, resuming relates to taking up an activity again, and giving detailed information denotes the act of explaining something thoroughly. None of these definitions encompass the key idea of adjusting or altering a position, which is the essence of repositioning.

5. What does it mean to be passive?

- A. Resistance and active response to circumstances
- B. Accepting or allowing what happens without active response**
- C. Delusions of persecution, unwarranted jealousy
- D. Loss of ability to move and feel in the body

Being passive refers to the state of accepting or allowing events to occur without taking an active role or responding to them. This approach often involves a lack of intervention or assertiveness, meaning that an individual may choose to remain uninvolved or compliant in various situations. In the context of patient care, understanding the concept of passivity is important as it can influence how a caregiver interacts with and supports patients in their health and well-being. The other concepts presented, such as resistance to circumstances, delusions of persecution, or loss of mobility, do not align with the definition of passivity. These alternatives describe active behaviors, mental health conditions, or physical limitations that contrast with the acceptance inherent in a passive state. Recognizing the definition of passivity can help caregivers better understand patient behaviors and tailor their support accordingly, ensuring a compassionate and informed approach to care.

6. What is the definition of a prosthesis?

- A. Loss of function of legs, trunk, and arms
- B. The throbbing of the arteries caused by heart contractions
- C. The secretion of fluid that nourishes and protects sperm
- D. An artificial device that replaces a body part**

A prosthesis is defined as an artificial device designed to replace a missing body part. This definition is fundamental within healthcare, particularly in the context of rehabilitation, as it allows individuals who have lost limbs or other body parts to regain functionality and improve their quality of life. Prosthetic devices can vary widely, ranging from artificial limbs to dental implants, helping patients adapt to their conditions and enhance mobility and independence. Understanding this term is crucial for healthcare professionals who must communicate effectively about patient care and rehabilitation options. The other choices provided do not accurately describe a prosthesis. One refers to a loss of function due to physical conditions, while another describes a physiological process related to the circulatory system. The third option relates to reproductive functions, all of which highlight different aspects of health and body systems but do not pertain to the concept of artificial devices or body part replacement.

7. What is the primary reason for employing Isolation precautions?

- A. To ensure a positive attitude toward work**
- B. To promote physical well-being**
- C. To prevent further infections**
- D. To improve communication skills**

The primary reason for employing Isolation precautions is to prevent further infections. Isolation precautions are essential in healthcare settings to protect patients, staff, and visitors from the transmission of infectious agents. By isolating individuals who are known or suspected to be infected, healthcare providers can significantly reduce the risk of spreading infections to others, particularly among vulnerable populations who may have weakened immune systems. While promoting physical well-being and improving communication skills are important aspects of healthcare, they do not specifically address the critical need to control the spread of infections. Ensuring a positive attitude toward work, although valuable for morale, does not pertain directly to the clinical practice of infection control. The focus of Isolation precautions is primarily on infection prevention, making that the correct choice in this context.

8. What does the term 'dying' signify in a medical context?

- A. Difficulty swallowing**
- B. Approaching death**
- C. Material used to cover a wound**
- D. Sleepy and lethargic; ready to fall asleep**

In a medical context, the term 'dying' signifies the process of approaching death. This term indicates that an individual is in the final stages of life and typically entails various physiological changes that may coincide with the end of life. Understanding this term is crucial for healthcare professionals, including CNAs, as it helps them provide appropriate care and support to patients and their families during this sensitive time. Recognizing that someone is in the process of dying allows caregivers to address both physical and emotional needs, facilitating comfort measures, communication about end-of-life wishes, and ensuring that the patient is treated with dignity and respect. It is also essential for families to receive the necessary support and guidance, helping to navigate their feelings and decisions during this difficult period.

9. What information is provided in Material Safety Data Sheets?

- A. Only basic first aid tips**
- B. Instructions for cooking**
- C. Details on chemical safe use and hazards**
- D. Emergency contact numbers**

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), which are now often referred to as Safety Data Sheets (SDS), are essential documents that provide comprehensive information about hazardous materials. They are used primarily in workplaces and healthcare settings to ensure the safe handling, storage, and disposal of chemicals. The correct choice emphasizes that these sheets contain details on safe use and potential hazards associated with a particular chemical. This includes information on the properties of the substance, health and physical hazards, protective measures, and safety precautions for handling and using the chemical. Furthermore, Material Safety Data Sheets typically outline first aid measures, but they do so in a more comprehensive manner than basic first aid tips; they provide precise instructions tailored to specific chemical exposures. While emergency contact numbers may be included, they are not the primary focus and are considered secondary information compared to the critical details about safe usage and hazards.

10. What is the definition of "Slander"?

- A. Making false spoken statements harmful to reputation**
- B. Preventing a resident from falling**
- C. Removing hair from the face or legs**
- D. Soaking in warm water to clean wounds**

The correct answer is the definition of "slander," which refers to making false spoken statements that harm someone's reputation. Slander is a form of defamation that specifically involves verbal communication of misinformation about an individual, leading to damage to their character or standing in the community. Understanding this concept is crucial for CNAs, as maintaining the dignity and respect of clients is a fundamental aspect of their role. It highlights the importance of communication and the potential consequences of spreading untrue statements about others. The other options focus on different aspects of care and grooming, which are separate from the notion of slander and do not pertain to reputation or verbal communication.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://wisconsincna.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!