

Virginia DMV Permit Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. When parking uphill with a curb, how should the front wheels be positioned?**
 - A. To the left**
 - B. To the right**
 - C. Straight**
 - D. Downhill**

- 2. What should you do if you are involved in a minor accident with no injuries?**
 - A. Continue driving without stopping**
 - B. Call the police immediately**
 - C. Move vehicles out of traffic if possible and exchange information**
 - D. Only exchange insurance details later**

- 3. What is the speed limit in Virginia unless otherwise posted?**
 - A. 20 mph**
 - B. 25 mph**
 - C. 30 mph**
 - D. 35 mph**

- 4. Which type of lines restrict traffic from crossing when they are double solid?**
 - A. Broken yellow lines**
 - B. Solid white lines**
 - C. Double solid white lines**
 - D. Broken white lines**

- 5. When parking downhill without a curb, which direction should you turn the front wheels?**
 - A. Left**
 - B. Right**
 - C. Straight**
 - D. Downward**

- 6. What is the first thing you should do if your brakes fail while driving?**
- A. Shift to a lower gear**
 - B. Immediately pull the emergency brake**
 - C. Steer off the road**
 - D. All of the above**
- 7. If law enforcement charges you with DUI, what is a potential immediate consequence?**
- A. Community service**
 - B. Increased insurance rates**
 - C. Automatic license suspension**
 - D. Mandatory alcohol education**
- 8. U-turns are allowed only at which location in business districts, cities, and towns?**
- A. Stop signs**
 - B. Traffic lights**
 - C. Intersections**
 - D. Crosswalks**
- 9. During which hours are three out of every ten drivers likely to be drunk?**
- A. 10 PM to 12 AM**
 - B. 10 PM to 2 AM**
 - C. 12 PM to 2 AM**
 - D. 12 AM to 2 AM**
- 10. What does a flashing yellow light indicate?**
- A. Stop and wait for the green light**
 - B. Proceed with caution**
 - C. Yield to pedestrians**
 - D. Speed up to clear the intersection**

Answers

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1. A
2. C
3. B
4. C
5. B
6. D
7. C
8. C
9. B
10. B

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Explanations

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1. When parking uphill with a curb, how should the front wheels be positioned?

- A. To the left**
- B. To the right**
- C. Straight**
- D. Downhill**

When parking uphill with a curb, the front wheels should be turned away from the curb, which means they should be positioned to the left. This positioning is crucial for safety, as it ensures that if the vehicle were to roll, it would roll back into the curb instead of into traffic. The angle created by turning the wheels towards the left effectively creates a barrier that helps prevent the vehicle from moving forward into danger. Parking straight would not provide the necessary safety measure, as the vehicle could easily roll into the street. Turning the wheels to the right is applicable when parking downhill, as it directs the vehicle towards the curb in that scenario. The option indicating 'downhill' does not apply in this context, as it refers to a different parking situation where the front wheels are turned toward the curb.

2. What should you do if you are involved in a minor accident with no injuries?

- A. Continue driving without stopping**
- B. Call the police immediately**
- C. Move vehicles out of traffic if possible and exchange information**
- D. Only exchange insurance details later**

If you are involved in a minor accident with no injuries, the appropriate action is to move the vehicles out of traffic if it is safe to do so and then exchange information with the other party involved. This is important for several reasons. First, moving the vehicles out of traffic helps to prevent further accidents or hazards on the road. Stopping in the middle of the road can create a dangerous situation for both the drivers involved and other road users. Second, exchanging information, such as names, contact details, vehicle registration numbers, and insurance information, is essential for filing a claim or for reporting the incident to your insurance company. This not only facilitates a smoother resolution but also ensures that both parties have the necessary details to follow up as needed. In contrast, continuing to drive without stopping could lead to legal repercussions, as failing to stop after any accident is typically against the law, regardless of whether injuries occurred. Calling the police immediately might not be necessary for a minor accident unless there is significant property damage or an injury. Lastly, only exchanging insurance details later could complicate the situation; it is best practice to handle the exchange on the scene to ensure that everything is documented properly at the time of the accident.

3. What is the speed limit in Virginia unless otherwise posted?

- A. 20 mph
- B. 25 mph**
- C. 30 mph
- D. 35 mph

In Virginia, the default speed limit on public roads not otherwise posted is 25 mph. This regulation is in place to ensure safety, especially in residential areas where children may be playing or pedestrians may be present. The state understands that lower speed limits can significantly reduce the risk of accidents and improve overall safety for all road users. While certain areas, such as school zones or business districts, might post different limits, the 25 mph standard applies broadly across various types of roads unless specific signage indicates a different speed. Therefore, even if you're driving on local streets or neighborhoods without any speed limit signs, you should adhere to the 25 mph limit to comply with Virginia law.

4. Which type of lines restrict traffic from crossing when they are double solid?

- A. Broken yellow lines
- B. Solid white lines
- C. Double solid white lines**
- D. Broken white lines

Double solid white lines indicate that crossing over these lines is prohibited. These lines are typically used to separate lanes of traffic traveling in the same direction, where changing lanes is not allowed due to safety concerns. The presence of double solid lines signifies that it is illegal for drivers to cross them, ensuring the safety and smooth flow of traffic by preventing potentially dangerous lane changes. In contrast, broken lines—whether yellow or white—allow for lane changes when it is safe to do so. Solid white lines do serve a purpose in maintaining lane discipline, but they do not impose the same strict prohibition on crossing as double solid lines do. Therefore, double solid white lines distinctly communicate the restriction on crossing to all drivers.

5. When parking downhill without a curb, which direction should you turn the front wheels?

- A. Left
- B. Right**
- C. Straight
- D. Downward

When parking downhill without a curb, the correct action is to turn the front wheels to the right. This way, if your vehicle were to roll, the wheels would turn toward the shoulder of the road and help prevent the vehicle from rolling into traffic. This practice is crucial for ensuring the safety of the vehicle and other road users. In contrast, turning the wheels left or off straight would allow the vehicle to roll into the traffic lane if it were to move. By turning the wheels to the right, you create a natural barrier between your vehicle and potential hazards, enhancing safety.

6. What is the first thing you should do if your brakes fail while driving?

- A. Shift to a lower gear**
- B. Immediately pull the emergency brake**
- C. Steer off the road**
- D. All of the above**

When experiencing brake failure while driving, the most effective response involves multiple steps to ensure both your safety and the safety of others on the road. Shifting to a lower gear can assist in slowing the vehicle down by utilizing engine braking, which allows for better control of the vehicle's speed without relying solely on the brakes. This technique helps in reducing speed gradually rather than coming to an abrupt stop, which could lead to loss of control. The use of the emergency brake is also crucial. When activated, the emergency brake engages the rear wheels, providing additional braking power. However, it should be applied carefully to avoid skidding, as this could create further hazards. Steering off the road is another critical action. If the situation allows, guiding the vehicle into an area away from traffic can help avoid collisions and prevent further danger. A safe area could be a shoulder or an open space where you can come to a stop without endangering other road users. Therefore, the correct approach after a brake failure is indeed to combine all these actions—shifting to a lower gear, using the emergency brake, and steering the vehicle off the road—maximizing your chances of bringing the vehicle to a safe stop.

7. If law enforcement charges you with DUI, what is a potential immediate consequence?

- A. Community service**
- B. Increased insurance rates**
- C. Automatic license suspension**
- D. Mandatory alcohol education**

When law enforcement charges an individual with DUI (Driving Under the Influence), an immediate consequence can be an automatic license suspension. This measure is part of Virginia's efforts to combat impaired driving and ensure public safety. When someone is arrested for DUI, their driving privileges are often suspended right away, even before any court sentence is imposed. This automatic suspension serves as a deterrent and reflects the seriousness with which DUI offenses are treated. It helps to prevent potentially dangerous situations on the road and emphasizes the state's commitment to reducing alcohol-related accidents. Other consequences, like community service, increased insurance rates, or mandatory alcohol education, may come later as part of the judicial process or as a result of a conviction, but they do not occur immediately upon the DUI charge.

8. U-turns are allowed only at which location in business districts, cities, and towns?

- A. Stop signs**
- B. Traffic lights**
- C. Intersections**
- D. Crosswalks**

U-turns are permitted at intersections in business districts, cities, and towns because intersections provide the necessary space and visibility for drivers to safely execute a U-turn. When conducted at intersections, drivers can utilize the existing traffic control signals and signs to assess the flow of traffic, ensuring that the maneuver can be completed without creating hazards for other vehicles and pedestrians. In contrast, other locations like stop signs, traffic lights, and crosswalks may not offer the required safety or appropriateness for executing U-turns. For instance, a stop sign typically signals the need to stop and yield to other traffic, making it less suitable for making a U-turn. Traffic lights are meant to control the flow of traffic in one direction and may not provide a clear indication for a U-turn. As for crosswalks, they are designed primarily for pedestrian crossing, and performing a U-turn there could endanger pedestrians and violate traffic regulations. Thus, intersections are the designated and safest option for U-turns in these areas.

9. During which hours are three out of every ten drivers likely to be drunk?

- A. 10 PM to 12 AM**
- B. 10 PM to 2 AM**
- C. 12 PM to 2 AM**
- D. 12 AM to 2 AM**

The correct answer is associated with the period between 10 PM and 2 AM, which is a time frame known for higher rates of alcohol consumption. Many social gatherings, such as parties and bar outings, often take place during these hours. Research and traffic safety reports have shown that drivers are more likely to be under the influence of alcohol late at night, particularly during weekends. The window includes the time right after the majority of bars close, which typically occurs around 2 AM. This timeframe is crucial for understanding the increased risk of impaired driving due to the prevalence of drinking during these hours. The significant number of drivers operating vehicles who may be intoxicated is a major concern for law enforcement and public safety initiatives. In comparison, other options either end too early or start too late to capture the peak hours of impaired driving, making them less representative of the times when three out of every ten drivers might be drunk. Hence, the range of 10 PM to 2 AM effectively highlights the danger of drunk driving during those crucial hours.

10. What does a flashing yellow light indicate?

- A. Stop and wait for the green light**
- B. Proceed with caution**
- C. Yield to pedestrians**
- D. Speed up to clear the intersection**

A flashing yellow light indicates that drivers should proceed with caution. This signal serves as a warning that there may be potential hazards or changing conditions ahead, alerting drivers to be prepared to react appropriately. It encourages them to slow down and be vigilant, particularly at intersections or near pedestrian crosswalks where there may be unexpected activity. Drivers are not required to stop, but they should be aware of their surroundings and prepared to yield to any obstacles or pedestrians that may be present. This signal promotes safety by reminding drivers to be attentive and cautious without coming to a complete stop, which is essential in maintaining the flow of traffic while ensuring safety.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://vadmvpermit.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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