

U.S. NAVY'S DELAYED ENTRY PROGRAM (DEP) PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



**SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE
WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS**

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THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE**

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. What is the phonetic alphabet representation for the letter 'L'?**
 - A. Lima
 - B. Mike
 - C. November
 - D. Oscar
- 2. Which value is associated with the statement "I will bear true faith and allegiance"?**
 - A. Integrity
 - B. Courage
 - C. Honor
 - D. Commitment
- 3. What does the term "adrift" refer to in a naval context?**
 - A. Properly moored and secured
 - B. Loose from moorings and out of control
 - C. Safe and stable positioning
 - D. Being in charge of the vessel
- 4. Which rank is identified by the E-7 title in the U.S. Navy?**
 - A. Chief Petty Officer
 - B. Petty Officer Second Class
 - C. Master Chief Petty Officer
 - D. Senior Chief Petty Officer
- 5. When given the command "turn to," what action is expected?**
 - A. To cease all activities
 - B. To begin work
 - C. To rotate shifts
 - D. To secure the area
- 6. Which word is used for the letter 'W' in the phonetic alphabet?**
 - A. X-ray
 - B. Yankee
 - C. Zulu
 - D. Whiskey

- 7. When was the U.S. Navy officially established?**
- A. 1 September 1775
 - B. 4 July 1776
 - C. 13 October 1775
 - D. 1 January 1777
- 8. Which rank corresponds to O-10 in the U.S. Navy?**
- A. Vice Admiral
 - B. Rear Admiral (Upper Half)
 - C. Lieutenant Commander
 - D. Admiral
- 9. Submarines primarily operate under which condition?**
- A. On the surface of the sea
 - B. Underwater
 - C. Along the coastline
 - D. In shallow waters only
- 10. What is the primary mission of surface combatants in the U.S. Navy?**
- A. To provide logistic support to fleet units
 - B. To engage enemy forces on the high seas
 - C. To conduct amphibious assaults
 - D. To perform mine warfare operations

Answers

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1. A
2. C
3. B
4. A
5. B
6. D
7. C
8. D
9. B
10. B

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Explanations

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1. What is the phonetic alphabet representation for the letter 'L'?

- A. Lima
- B. Mike
- C. November
- D. Oscar

The phonetic alphabet representation for the letter 'L' is "Lima." The phonetic alphabet, often referred to as the NATO phonetic alphabet, is used by the military and aviation to ensure clear communication, especially in situations where miscommunication can occur due to poor signal quality or background noise. Each letter is assigned a unique code word to avoid confusion between letters that sound similar. "Lima" is specifically used to represent the letter 'L,' making it distinct and easily recognizable in verbal communication. The other choices correspond to different letters in the phonetic alphabet, with "Mike" representing 'M,' "November" representing 'N,' and "Oscar" representing 'O.' Understanding these words is essential for effective communication in various operations involving the U.S. Navy and other branches of the military.

2. Which value is associated with the statement "I will bear true faith and allegiance"?

- A. Integrity
- B. Courage
- C. Honor
- D. Commitment

The phrase "I will bear true faith and allegiance" reflects a deep-seated sense of loyalty and dedication, which aligns closely with the value of honor. In the context of military service, honor embodies the principles of keeping one's word, being truthful, and showing respect for the commitments made to one's country, fellow service members, and oneself. Upholding honor means acting with integrity and responsibility, signifying that one is dedicated to the ideals of the Navy and the values it represents. Unlike the other values, which relate to personal attributes or actions in different contexts, honor specifically encompasses the loyalty and fidelity that come with the commitment made during service. It highlights the importance of supporting and defending the Constitution and faithfully serving the nation.

3. What does the term "adrift" refer to in a naval context?

- A. Properly moored and secured
- B. Loose from moorings and out of control
- C. Safe and stable positioning
- D. Being in charge of the vessel

The term "adrift" in a naval context refers to a situation where a vessel is loose from its moorings and is not under control. This means that the ship is unable to maintain its position and may drift due to wind, currents, or other environmental factors. Being adrift poses significant safety risks, including potential collisions with other vessels, grounding, or being swept into hazardous areas. In contrast, the other options describe states of being that indicate control and safety. When a vessel is properly moored and secured, it is safely tied to a dock or anchorage, preventing it from moving. A safe and stable positioning implies that the vessel is anchored or docked securely. Being in charge of the vessel relates to command and control, which is the opposite of being adrift, as it suggests that the captain or officer is actively managing the ship's operations. Thus, the correct definition of "adrift" highlights a state of disarray and lack of control, making it the accurate choice.

4. Which rank is identified by the E-7 title in the U.S. Navy?

- A. Chief Petty Officer
- B. Petty Officer Second Class
- C. Master Chief Petty Officer
- D. Senior Chief Petty Officer

The E-7 rank in the U.S. Navy is denoted as Chief Petty Officer. This rank is a critical milestone in the Navy's enlisted personnel hierarchy. As a Chief Petty Officer, an individual has demonstrated considerable skill, experience, and leadership capabilities within their specialty. They assume greater responsibilities, including management and mentorship roles, and are expected to lead junior sailors and oversee various operations within their area of expertise. The title embodies a combination of technical proficiency and leadership, crucial for the effective functioning of Navy units. In contrast, the other ranks listed correspond to different pay grades. Petty Officer Second Class represents an E-5 rank, while Senior Chief Petty Officer is classified as E-8 and Master Chief Petty Officer as E-9. Each of these ranks has its own set of responsibilities and requirements, but it is the Chief Petty Officer designation that specifically corresponds to the E-7 paygrade.

5. When given the command "turn to," what action is expected?

- A. To cease all activities
- B. To begin work
- C. To rotate shifts
- D. To secure the area

The command "turn to" signifies that personnel should begin their duties or work responsibilities. It is often used in a naval context to indicate that crew members should transition from their assigned tasks to starting their specific work routines. This instruction helps maintain organization and efficiency on board a ship or within a naval operation, signaling readiness to engage in operational tasks or exercises. In this case, beginning work aligns with standard naval communication practices, ensuring all crew members are synchronized in their activities.

6. Which word is used for the letter 'W' in the phonetic alphabet?

- A. X-ray
- B. Yankee
- C. Zulu
- D. Whiskey

In the phonetic alphabet, which is often used for clear communication over radio and telephone, the letter 'W' is represented by the term "Whiskey." This system is designed to prevent misunderstandings that might arise due to similar-sounding letters, especially in noisy environments. "Whiskey" serves as a distinctive and recognizable word that can be easily understood regardless of the speaker's accent or the quality of the communication channel. Each term in the phonetic alphabet corresponds to a letter, helping ensure that the intended message is conveyed accurately. Other terms in the phonetic alphabet correspond to different letters, but "Whiskey" is specifically designated for the letter 'W'.

7. When was the U.S. Navy officially established?

- A. 1 September 1775
- B. 4 July 1776
- C. 13 October 1775**
- D. 1 January 1777

The U.S. Navy was officially established on 13 October 1775, when the Continental Congress authorized the procurement of ships and the creation of a Navy to support the fight against British forces during the American Revolutionary War. This date marks the formal recognition of a naval force intended for the defense and sovereignty of the newly forming nation. The other options represent significant dates in American history but do not mark the establishment of the Navy. September 1, 1775, is before the formal establishment of the Navy; July 4, 1776, represents the adoption of the Declaration of Independence, which signifies the separation of the thirteen colonies from British rule, and January 1, 1777, falls after the Navy had already been established. Thus, 13 October 1775 remains the correct and pivotal date for the formation of the U.S. Navy.

8. Which rank corresponds to O-10 in the U.S. Navy?

- A. Vice Admiral
- B. Rear Admiral (Upper Half)
- C. Lieutenant Commander
- D. Admiral**

In the U.S. Navy, the rank of O-10 corresponds to Admiral. This rank is the highest officer rank within the Navy and is typically held by naval leaders in command of significant military operations or at high levels of strategic command. An Admiral is responsible for overseeing fleet operations and is recognized for their extensive experience and leadership within the naval service. Vice Admiral and Rear Admiral (Upper Half) are lower ranks, with Vice Admiral being O-9 and Rear Admiral (Upper Half) being O-8. Lieutenant Commander is significantly lower as it corresponds to the O-4 rank. Understanding the rank structure is important, as it reflects progression through command responsibilities and leadership roles in the Navy.

9. Submarines primarily operate under which condition?

- A. On the surface of the sea
- B. Underwater**
- C. Along the coastline
- D. In shallow waters only

Submarines are designed to primarily operate underwater, allowing them to conduct a variety of missions undetected. This capability is crucial for strategic military operations, such as surveillance, stealth attacks, and intelligence gathering. Operating underwater provides submarines with the advantage of avoiding radar detection and surface threats, allowing them to remain concealed and safer from enemy actions. While they can surface as needed for various operations, including communication and replenishment, the core functionality of submarines revolves around their ability to operate submerged. This operational advantage is fundamental to the role and effectiveness of submarines within naval warfare.

10. What is the primary mission of surface combatants in the U.S. Navy?

- A. To provide logistic support to fleet units
- B. To engage enemy forces on the high seas**
- C. To conduct amphibious assaults
- D. To perform mine warfare operations

The primary mission of surface combatants in the U.S. Navy is to engage enemy forces on the high seas. These vessels, including destroyers and cruisers, are specifically designed and equipped for naval combat. They operate primarily to secure maritime superiority, defend the fleet, and support land forces through surface warfare capabilities. Their capabilities include engaging surface targets, conducting anti-air warfare, and providing naval gunfire support, all of which are centered around defeating hostile forces both on the water and in the air. Other roles, such as providing logistic support, conducting amphibious assaults, or performing mine warfare operations, are important but do not define the core mission of surface combatants. These other operations are typically carried out by specialized units or vessels within the Navy that are designed for those specific tasks, highlighting the focused mission of surface combatants in combat engagement.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://usnavydep.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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