

# THE CONFERENCE NATIONAL BOARD (NBE) – RESTORATIVE ART SECTION PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



## SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

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<https://nberestorativearts.examzify.com>



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# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

## 1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

## 2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

## 3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

## 4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

## 5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

## 6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

## Questions

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**1. Regulations created by an agency like FTC are an example of which law category?**

- A. statutory law
- B. constitutional law
- C. common law
- D. administrative law

**2. Blame directed inward is the definition of**

- A. Anger
- B. Denial
- C. Guilt
- D. Grief

**3. Anger is best described as which of the following?**

- A. Blame directed inward
- B. Blame directed outward
- C. Denial
- D. Bargaining

**4. Which option correctly defines net sales?**

- A. Net sales are gross sales minus returns and allowances and discounts
- B. Net sales equal gross profits minus expenses
- C. Net sales are total revenue before any deductions
- D. Gross sales minus returns and allowances and discounts

**5. Chromium is added to carbon steel primarily to**

- A. Increase the resistance to rust and corrosion
- B. Increase the hardness
- C. Decrease brittleness
- D. Improve electrical conductivity

- 6. What price list must be offered to each customer for information and retention?**
- A. General Price List
  - B. Outer Burial Price List
  - C. Casket Price List
  - D. Embalming Price List
- 7. Which term refers to the late 19th-century practice of funeral services being held in the home?**
- A. Adaptive
  - B. Folkways
  - C. Judeo-Christian
  - D. Home
- 8. Anger is the second stage of Kubler-Ross' 'Five Stages of Grief'.**
- A. First stage
  - B. Second stage
  - C. Third stage
  - D. Fourth stage
- 9. Which term is a measurement of thickness of metals and includes examples such as 18 gauge and 20 gauge?**
- A. Foot Candle
  - B. Gimp
  - C. Gauge
  - D. Grave Box
- 10. Broadcloth is described as which of the following?**
- A. A metallic fabric
  - B. A cotton canvas
  - C. A twilled, napped, woolen, or worsted fabric with a smooth lustrous face and dense texture; a fabric usually made of cotton, silk, or rayon woven in a plain or rib weave with a soft semi-gloss finish
  - D. A synthetic fiber blend

## **Answers**

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1. D
2. C
3. B
4. D
5. A
6. A
7. D
8. B
9. C
10. C

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## **Explanations**

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**1. Regulations created by an agency like FTC are an example of which law category?**

- A. statutory law
- B. constitutional law
- C. common law
- D. administrative law**

*Administrative law governs how government agencies create and apply rules. The FTC, a regulatory agency, gets its power from Congress and issues regulations to implement and enforce the laws it administers. Those rules have the force of law within the agency's realm and guide how businesses must operate, especially in areas like advertising and consumer protection. They aren't the statutes passed by a legislature (statutory law), nor direct writings of the Constitution (constitutional law), nor are they chiefly the product of courtroom decisions (common law). Instead, they are the rules created through the agency's rulemaking under statutory authority, which is the essence of administrative law.*

**2. Blame directed inward is the definition of**

- A. Anger
- B. Denial
- C. Guilt**
- D. Grief

*Blame directed inward is guilt. It's the feeling of personal responsibility for a perceived wrong and the remorse that comes with self-blame. It differs from anger, which targets others or circumstances; denial, which is refusing to accept reality; and grief, which is the sorrow tied to loss. So guilt best matches the idea of blaming yourself.*

**3. Anger is best described as which of the following?**

- A. Blame directed inward
- B. Blame directed outward**
- C. Denial
- D. Bargaining

*Anger in this context shows up as directing blame toward others or external causes rather than toward oneself. When people feel hurt or powerless, it's common to lash out and assign responsibility outward, which is why outward blame best describes anger. Denial is about refusing to accept the reality, and bargaining is about negotiating to change the outcome; neither captures the typical way anger is expressed as blame aimed at others. Self-blame (inward) isn't the usual outward expression of anger in these terms.*

#### 4. Which option correctly defines net sales?

- A. Net sales are gross sales minus returns and allowances and discounts
- B. Net sales equal gross profits minus expenses
- C. Net sales are total revenue before any deductions
- D. Gross sales minus returns and allowances and discounts**

*Net sales show the actual revenue a company retains from its sales after reducing for customer-related reductions. It's calculated by taking gross sales and subtracting returns, allowances, and discounts. For example, if gross sales are 100 and there are 5 in returns, 3 in allowances, and 2 in discounts, net sales become 90. This distinguishes net sales from gross sales (total revenue before deductions) and from net income or gross profit (which involve costs and other expenses). In practice, net sales = gross sales minus returns and allowances and discounts, which is the exact idea behind the correct choice.*

#### 5. Chromium is added to carbon steel primarily to

- A. Increase the resistance to rust and corrosion**
- B. Increase the hardness
- C. Decrease brittleness
- D. Improve electrical conductivity

*Chromium is added to carbon steel to form a protective surface film that resists rust and corrosion. It tends to create a stable chromium oxide layer (a passive film) on the steel surface, which slows down ongoing oxidation and can even self-heal if damaged. This is the same principle that makes stainless steels corrosion resistant. While chromium can influence hardness or other properties in different contexts, the primary reason in carbon steel is to boost its resistance to rust and corrosion.*

#### 6. What price list must be offered to each customer for information and retention?

- A. General Price List**
- B. Outer Burial Price List
- C. Casket Price List
- D. Embalming Price List

*The General Price List is the universal price document provided to every customer seeking price information. It lists all funeral goods and services with their prices, giving the consumer a complete, written reference they can keep and compare. It must be offered before discussing arrangements, ensuring transparency and informed decision-making. Other lists exist for specific items (like outer burial containers or caskets) when those particular goods are being considered, but they are not the standard document used for information and retention in every case.*

**7. Which term refers to the late 19th-century practice of funeral services being held in the home?**

- A. Adaptive
- B. Folkways
- C. Judeo-Christian
- D. Home**

*The practice tested is the idea of holding funeral services in the family home, which was common in the late 19th century as communities shifted from bring-your-own or parish-centered rites to more formalized arrangements in dedicated spaces. When families kept the body at home for viewing and quiet vigil before burial, they described the event as a home funeral. This makes the term describing the practice simply "home," the setting where the ceremonies occurred. The other options don't capture the venue or format: adaptive isn't about a type of funeral setting; folkways refers to general social norms rather than a specific practice; Judeo-Christian points to a religious tradition rather than where the service happens.*

**8. Anger is the second stage of Kubler-Ross' 'Five Stages of Grief'.**

- A. First stage
- B. Second stage**
- C. Third stage
- D. Fourth stage

*Understanding the order of the Five Stages of Grief is key here: Denial, Anger, Bargaining, Depression, Acceptance. Anger sits in the second position because it typically follows the initial denial of the loss, as a person starts to confront the reality and may direct blame or frustration toward others or themselves. This helps explain why anger often surfaces early in the grieving process before moving into bargaining, then depression, and finally acceptance. The other possibilities correspond to other spots in the sequence: denial would be first, bargaining third, and depression fourth (with acceptance fifth). Keep in mind that people don't always move through the stages linearly, but the standard order places anger as the second stage.*

**9. Which term is a measurement of thickness of metals and includes examples such as 18 gauge and 20 gauge?**

- A. Foot Candle
- B. Gimp
- C. Gauge**
- D. Grave Box

*Gauge is the term used to describe the thickness of metal. The numbers like 18 gauge and 20 gauge refer to thickness on gauge charts, with lower numbers meaning thicker metal. Different metals have their own gauge tables, so the exact thickness for 18 gauge steel isn't the same as 18 gauge aluminum, but the concept remains: gauge measures sheet metal thickness. The other terms don't denote thickness—foot candle is a unit of light level, gimp isn't a metal-thickness term, and grave box isn't a measurement term.*

10. Broadcloth is described as which of the following?

- A. A metallic fabric
- B. A cotton canvas
- C. A twilled, napped, woolen, or worsted fabric with a smooth lustrous face and dense texture; a fabric usually made of cotton, silk, or rayon woven in a plain or rib weave with a soft semi-gloss finish
- D. A synthetic fiber blend

*Broadcloth is a dense, smooth-finished fabric with a subtle sheen and a soft, tight texture. The best description matches a fabric that has a smooth, semi-gloss face and a dense weave, usually made from cotton, silk, or rayon, and woven in a plain or rib weave. This combination—dense texture plus a gentle luster—is the hallmark of broadcloth, and it distinguishes it from rougher fabrics like cotton canvas, which is heavier and coarser, or from metallic fabrics or generic synthetic blends that don't emphasize that same smooth, semi-gloss surface.*

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## Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://nberestorativearts.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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