

The Conference National Board (NBE) - Restorative Art Section Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	9
Explanations	11
Next Steps	16

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

SAMPLE

- 1. Bi-Unit Pricing is a method of price quotation showing separately the price of the service to be rendered and the price of the casket.**
 - A. A bundled price for service and casket**
 - B. A method of price quotation showing separately the price of the service to be rendered and the price of the casket**
 - C. A single final price**
 - D. A discount pricing scheme**

- 2. Which set of documents are required by the FTC Funeral Rule to be provided to client families?**
 - A. Casket Price List, Outer Burial Container Price List, General Price List, Itemized Statement**
 - B. Casket Price List, General Price List, Itemized Statement, Outer Burial Container Price List**
 - C. General Price List, Itemized Statement, Service Contract, Casket Price List**
 - D. Casket Price List, General Price List, Itemized Statement, Funeral Budget**

- 3. Under the Americans with Disabilities Act, what is required for individuals with disabilities?**
 - A. Equal access and opportunity**
 - B. No accommodations needed**
 - C. Special treatment in all cases**
 - D. Only applies to new buildings**

- 4. During a post-service conversation, the funeral practitioner should advise families who want grief counseling to see a which professional?**
 - A. counselor**
 - B. psychologist**
 - C. psychiatrist**
 - D. social worker**

- 5. Which statement about the Americans with Disabilities Act is true?**
- A. It requires equal access and opportunity for the physically impaired**
 - B. It requires free parking for all disabled individuals**
 - C. It mandates accessible hymnals**
 - D. It prohibits accommodations in employment**
- 6. A funeral rite that is adjusted to the needs and wants of those involved is known as what?**
- A. Adaptive**
 - B. Conventional**
 - C. Formal**
 - D. Ritualistic**
- 7. Funeral claims against the decedent's state are**
- A. unsecured claims**
 - B. contingent claims**
 - C. preferred claims**
 - D. ordinary claims**
- 8. If the deceased had an infectious disease, the funeral practitioner should inform whom?**
- A. The family**
 - B. The appropriate staff**
 - C. The public**
 - D. No one**
- 9. Which of the following is regulated by OSHA?**
- A. Noise levels**
 - B. Ventilation standards**
 - C. Humidity levels**
 - D. Formaldehyde levels**

- 10. What term describes the amount of illumination produced by a source of one candle at a distance of one foot?**
- A. Gasket Channel**
 - B. Graduated Recovery**
 - C. Foot Candle**
 - D. Foot Panel**

SAMPLE

Answers

SAMPLE

1. B
2. A
3. A
4. B
5. A
6. A
7. C
8. B
9. D
10. C

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. Bi-Unit Pricing is a method of price quotation showing separately the price of the service to be rendered and the price of the casket.

A. A bundled price for service and casket

B. A method of price quotation showing separately the price of the service to be rendered and the price of the casket

C. A single final price

D. A discount pricing scheme

Bi-Unit Pricing presents the cost in two separate parts: the professional service to be rendered and the casket or merchandise separately. This breakdown shows exactly what you're paying for labor and arrangements versus the goods, making it easier to compare offerings across providers. It promotes transparency and helps consumers evaluate value, since a lower total can be scrutinized to see whether savings come from the service, the casket, or both. It's not a bundled price, it isn't a single final price, and it isn't a discount scheme—the key idea is the clear, two-part quotation.

2. Which set of documents are required by the FTC Funeral Rule to be provided to client families?

A. Casket Price List, Outer Burial Container Price List, General Price List, Itemized Statement

B. Casket Price List, General Price List, Itemized Statement, Outer Burial Container Price List

C. General Price List, Itemized Statement, Service Contract, Casket Price List

D. Casket Price List, General Price List, Itemized Statement, Funeral Budget

The basic requirement is to give families a clear, itemized view of prices and what is included. The FTC Funeral Rule mandates providing a General Price List to all prospective customers, plus specific price lists for items you offer if applicable: a Casket Price List for caskets and an Outer Burial Container Price List for outer burial containers. In addition, for at-need arrangements, you must present an itemized statement that lists every selected service and item with its price. So the correct set includes these four: General Price List, Casket Price List (if you offer caskets), Outer Burial Container Price List (if you offer outer containers), and the Itemized Statement of Goods and Services. The option that includes exactly these four is the right one. Options that replace or omit any of these with items not required by the rule (like a service contract or a funeral budget) do not fit. The order of the lists doesn't change the requirement—the four types of documents must be provided.

3. Under the Americans with Disabilities Act, what is required for individuals with disabilities?

- A. Equal access and opportunity**
- B. No accommodations needed**
- C. Special treatment in all cases**
- D. Only applies to new buildings**

Equal access and opportunity for individuals with disabilities is what the ADA requires. The law is designed to prevent discrimination by removing barriers and ensuring access to jobs, services, programs, and facilities through reasonable accommodations and accessible design. That means people with disabilities should have the same chances to participate as others, whether they're seeking employment, using public transit, or visiting a public place. The other statements don't fit: accommodations are often required to enable participation; the ADA seeks equal treatment rather than blanket "special treatment" in all cases; and it covers both existing facilities and a wide range of areas, not just new buildings.

4. During a post-service conversation, the funeral practitioner should advise families who want grief counseling to see a which professional?

- A. counselor**
- B. psychologist**
- C. psychiatrist**
- D. social worker**

Grief is a psychological process, and families seeking support after a loss benefit from a professional who specializes in mental health assessment and therapy. A psychologist is trained to assess grief, distinguish normal reactions from more serious conditions, and provide evidence-based therapy to help individuals process the loss, regulate emotions, and regain functioning. They can tailor interventions to the person's needs and recognize when additional supports are needed. While counselors, social workers, or psychiatrists can also help, the psychologist's focus on psychotherapy for grief makes them the most appropriate choice when formal counseling is desired.

5. Which statement about the Americans with Disabilities Act is true?

- A. It requires equal access and opportunity for the physically impaired**
- B. It requires free parking for all disabled individuals**
- C. It mandates accessible hymnals**
- D. It prohibits accommodations in employment**

The key idea is that the ADA exists to ensure equal access and opportunity for people with disabilities across public life, including employment, public services, and places of public accommodation. The statement about equal access and opportunity for people with disabilities captures that broad purpose: the law is about removing barriers so individuals can participate on an equal basis. This is true because the ADA prohibits discrimination and requires accessibility and reasonable accommodations to enable participation in work, services, and everyday activities. While it does not guarantee free parking for everyone, it does require designated accessible parking and other access improvements. It does not mandate accessible hymnals, and it does not prohibit accommodations; in fact, it mandates reasonable accommodations in employment to help employees with disabilities perform their jobs.

6. A funeral rite that is adjusted to the needs and wants of those involved is known as what?

- A. Adaptive**
- B. Conventional**
- C. Formal**
- D. Ritualistic**

Tailoring a funeral rite to the needs and wants of those involved means the service is adaptable and customized to the people and circumstances present. This approach allows adjustments to elements like music, readings, program flow, and ritual decisions so the ceremony honors the deceased in a way that reflects family, friends, and cultural or personal preferences. That focus on flexibility and personalization is exactly what this description calls for, so it fits best. By contrast, conventional implies a standard, one-size-fits-all format; formal emphasizes decorum and structure; ritualistic stresses following established rituals. None of those emphasis points captures the idea of adjusting the service to the participants as clearly as adaptability does.

7. Funeral claims against the decedent's state are

- A. unsecured claims**
- B. contingent claims**
- C. preferred claims**
- D. ordinary claims**

Funeral expenses are given priority in paying from the decedent's estate. This means they are settled before many other debts because they represent essential costs linked to the deceased's burial and immediate arrangements. In probate terms, such expenses are classified as preferred (priority) claims, so they are paid out of estate assets before ordinary or unsecured claims. They aren't contingent, since the obligation exists at death and the amount is typically known or determinable. They aren't ordinary claims, which are the usual unsecured debts that don't have this priority.

8. If the deceased had an infectious disease, the funeral practitioner should inform whom?

- A. The family
- B. The appropriate staff**
- C. The public
- D. No one

Infection control requires sharing safety information with those who will actually handle the body. The appropriate staff—embalmers, funeral directors, transport personnel, and others directly involved in the care and processing—need to know so they can apply proper precautions, follow disinfection and waste procedures, and comply with regulations. This protects workers, prevents the spread of disease, and ensures safe, correct handling. Informing the family or the public isn't necessary for safety and can raise privacy or sensationalism concerns, so information stays with the people who need it for safety.

9. Which of the following is regulated by OSHA?

- A. Noise levels
- B. Ventilation standards
- C. Humidity levels
- D. Formaldehyde levels**

OSHA focuses on limiting workers' exposure to hazardous substances, and formaldehyde is a well-established chemical hazard used in embalming that can irritate tissues and is linked to cancer with long-term exposure. Because of this, OSHA has explicit exposure limits and requires monitoring, engineering controls (like effective ventilation), proper handling procedures, training, and medical surveillance where needed. This direct, enforceable regulation of a specific hazardous substance makes formaldehyde levels in the workplace the one most clearly regulated by OSHA. While ventilation standards and noise regulations exist, and humidity control is important for comfort and safety, the formaldehyde exposure limits are the most directly defined and enforceable in this context.

10. What term describes the amount of illumination produced by a source of one candle at a distance of one foot?

- A. Gasket Channel
- B. Graduated Recovery
- C. Foot Candle**
- D. Foot Panel

Foot-candle is the unit used to express how much light lands on a surface. It means the illumination on a surface that is one square foot in area when the light source is one candle located one foot away. So a single candle at one foot distance delivers about one foot-candle of illumination on that surface (roughly 10.8 lux in metric terms). This standard helps you compare lighting levels in makeup and restorative work, ensuring consistent visibility. The other terms aren't related to lighting measurement—they refer to unrelated hardware or processes, so they don't describe how bright a surface is.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://nberestorativearts.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE