

TE_xES 4-8 Social Studies (118) Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. Which climate receives less than 10 inches of rain per year and has extreme temperatures with hot days and cold nights?**
 - A. Desert**
 - B. Oasis**
 - C. Savannah**
 - D. Tropical Rainforest**

- 2. In the context of imperialism in Germany, which leader is associated with wanting to rule the world and promote national welfare?**
 - A. Adolf Hitler**
 - B. Otto von Bismarck**
 - C. Kaiser Wilhelm II**
 - D. Martin Luther**

- 3. Which unit equals 60 nautical miles?**
 - A. Degree**
 - B. Minute**
 - C. Second**
 - D. Range**

- 4. Which climate is far from the ocean, with rainfall typically 10-20 inches per year and extreme seasonal temperatures?**
 - A. Steppes**
 - B. Taiga**
 - C. Tundra**
 - D. Humid Subtropical (Southeast)**

- 5. John Adams participated in which of the following bodies during the American Revolution era?**
 - A. First and Second Continental Congresses**
 - B. British Parliament**
 - C. Constitutional Convention only**
 - D. None**

- 6. What does Grid System refer to in geographic studies?**
- A. Pattern formed as the lines of latitude and longitude cross one another.**
 - B. A map legend showing symbols and colors.**
 - C. The scale used to measure distances on a map.**
 - D. A database that stores spatial data.**
- 7. Which is a typical example of a performance-based assessment?**
- A. Writing a research paper**
 - B. Demonstrating an experiment or building a model**
 - C. Completing a true/false quiz**
 - D. Receiving a participation grade**
- 8. Which tax is levied on the sale of merchandise or services?**
- A. Income Tax**
 - B. Sales Tax**
 - C. Property Tax**
 - D. Excise Tax**
- 9. Which verbs are associated with the Create level in Bloom's Taxonomy as presented?**
- A. Design, assemble, construct, conjecture, develop, formulate, author, investigate**
 - B. Define, remember, list, memorize**
 - C. Solve, implement, execute, operate**
 - D. Describe, explain, classify, locate**
- 10. The War of 1812 was fought in part because of what issues?**
- A. Trade restrictions and the impressment of American sailors by Britain**
 - B. A desire to annex Canada into the United States**
 - C. Conflict over the founding of Texas**
 - D. Disputes over the Articles of Confederation**

Answers

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1. A
2. A
3. A
4. A
5. A
6. A
7. B
8. B
9. A
10. A

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Explanations

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1. Which climate receives less than 10 inches of rain per year and has extreme temperatures with hot days and cold nights?

A. Desert

B. Oasis

C. Savannah

D. Tropical Rainforest

Arid climates have very low rainfall and can show large temperature swings between day and night. When a region receives fewer than about 10 inches of rain each year, it fits the desert category. The hot days and cold nights described are classic desert conditions, caused by dry air that heats up quickly in the sun and loses heat quickly after sunset. The other options don't match this climate pattern: an oasis isn't a climate, just a water source found in deserts; savannah has more rainfall with a seasonal wet period; tropical rainforest receives heavy rain year-round. So, desert is the best fit for the description.

2. In the context of imperialism in Germany, which leader is associated with wanting to rule the world and promote national welfare?

A. Adolf Hitler

B. Otto von Bismarck

C. Kaiser Wilhelm II

D. Martin Luther

In this context, the leader most closely tied to the idea of ruling the world and advancing a vision of national welfare is Adolf Hitler. Hitler's Nazi ideology framed Germany's future as a global empire built on conquest and racial supremacy, with propaganda presenting expansion and militarization as ways to elevate the German nation and secure its "national welfare." This contrasts with Otto von Bismarck, who focused on unifying and strengthening Germany within Europe; Kaiser Wilhelm II pursued imperial expansion and naval power, but his aims centered on national prestige rather than a world-dominating program; and Martin Luther, a 16th-century reformer with no role in imperialist politics.

3. Which unit equals 60 nautical miles?

A. Degree

B. Minute

C. Second

D. Range

Think about how latitude is measured. A nautical mile is defined as one minute of arc along a meridian, and there are 60 minutes in a degree. So one degree of latitude spans 60 nautical miles. That makes a degree the unit that equals 60 nautical miles. A minute would be 1 nautical mile, a second would be 1/60 of a nautical mile, and "range" isn't a standard distance unit in this context.

4. Which climate is far from the ocean, with rainfall typically 10-20 inches per year and extreme seasonal temperatures?

A. Steppes

B. Taiga

C. Tundra

D. Humid Subtropical (Southeast)

Interior continental climates create semi-arid conditions where the ocean's moderating effect is distant, leading to limited rainfall and large temperature swings between seasons. Steppes fit this pattern best: they are inland grasslands that receive only about 10-20 inches of rain per year, which isn't enough to sustain dense forests, and they experience hot summers along with cold winters. This combination of low precipitation and extreme seasonal temperatures is the hallmark of steppe regions. Other options don't align as closely. Taiga has more moisture and forest cover, though it's cold, its precipitation is generally higher than steppe in many areas. Tundra is extremely cold with little precipitation and permafrost, but it's not defined by the 10-20 inch rainfall range and the temperatures are persistently frigid. Humid subtropical locations near the coast get much more rainfall and milder winters, not the dry interior climate described.

5. John Adams participated in which of the following bodies during the American Revolution era?

A. First and Second Continental Congresses

B. British Parliament

C. Constitutional Convention only

D. None

John Adams was a key political leader for Massachusetts and the colonies during the early revolutionary era. He served as a delegate to the First Continental Congress in 1774, which gathered to coordinate colonial responses to British policies. When tensions continued, he returned as a delegate to the Second Continental Congress beginning in 1775, the body that directed the war effort and ultimately moved toward independence. In that second Congress, Adams helped shape critical actions, including the drafting of the Declaration of Independence as part of the Committee of Five, and he worked to unite the colonies in their fight for liberty. He did not sit in British Parliament, which is a different national legislature, and he was not a participant in the Constitutional Convention of 1787, as he was serving in other roles abroad at that time. So, his participation was in both the First and Second Continental Congresses.

6. What does Grid System refer to in geographic studies?

- A. Pattern formed as the lines of latitude and longitude cross one another.**
- B. A map legend showing symbols and colors.**
- C. The scale used to measure distances on a map.**
- D. A database that stores spatial data.**

The grid system is the pattern formed by the crossing lines of latitude and longitude, creating a coordinate framework that lets us locate any point on Earth. Latitudes run east-west, measuring distance north or south from the Equator, while longitudes run north-south, measuring distance east or west from the Prime Meridian. When these lines intersect, they form a global grid that can be used to give precise coordinates for maps, charts, and navigation. This is what makes it possible to say exactly where a place is on the globe using numbers like 40°N, 75°W, for example. The other map elements you might hear about—map legends that explain symbols and colors, scales that show how distance on the map relates to real-world distance, and databases that store spatial data—play different roles but do not define the grid framework itself.

7. Which is a typical example of a performance-based assessment?

- A. Writing a research paper**
- B. Demonstrating an experiment or building a model**
- C. Completing a true/false quiz**
- D. Receiving a participation grade**

Performance-based assessment focuses on showing you can do or create something that demonstrates skill, not just recall facts. Demonstrating an experiment or building a model fits this because it requires planning, carrying out procedures, making observations, collecting and analyzing data, and explaining results. You're visible in the process and show how you apply concepts to a real task. Writing a research paper is more about presenting knowledge and reasoning in written form, a product that demonstrates understanding but not necessarily performing or building something. A true/false quiz tests quick judgment and factual recall, not the application of methods or hands-on skills. A participation grade reflects presence or engagement rather than the ability to perform a task.

8. Which tax is levied on the sale of merchandise or services?

- A. Income Tax
- B. Sales Tax**
- C. Property Tax
- D. Excise Tax

This question focuses on how different taxes are applied, specifically which one is charged at the point of sale on most goods and services. Sales tax is a consumption tax collected by retailers from customers when a purchase is made. The rate is set by government authorities and then sent to the government, making it a tax tied directly to the sale of merchandise or services in many places. Income tax, in contrast, is paid on earnings from work or investments, not on the act of selling goods. Property tax is charged on the value of owned property like land or buildings, not on a sale itself. Excise tax targets specific goods (like gasoline, tobacco, or alcohol) and is usually applied per unit or per item, rather than broadly imposing a tax on all sales. So, the tax levied on the sale of merchandise or services is sales tax.

9. Which verbs are associated with the Create level in Bloom's Taxonomy as presented?

- A. Design, assemble, construct, conjecture, develop, formulate, author, investigate**
- B. Define, remember, list, memorize
- C. Solve, implement, execute, operate
- D. Describe, explain, classify, locate

The Create level is about producing new, original work—designing, building, or proposing something new. Verbs like design, assemble, construct, conjecture, develop, formulate, author, and investigate clearly signal that kind of generative, constructive activity. They involve generating artifacts, plans, or ideas rather than just recalling information, explaining concepts, or applying procedures. By contrast, the other groups of verbs align with lower levels: defining, remembering, listing, and memorizing involve recall; solving, implementing, executing, and operating involve applying or carrying out procedures; and describing, explaining, classifying, and locating involve explaining or analyzing existing information. So those Create-related actions best fit the Create level.

10. The War of 1812 was fought in part because of what issues?

A. Trade restrictions and the impressment of American sailors by Britain

B. A desire to annex Canada into the United States

C. Conflict over the founding of Texas

D. Disputes over the Articles of Confederation

Tensions over trade and national sovereignty drive this question. Britain's restrictions on American trade and its practice of impressing American sailors into the Royal Navy violated neutral rights and challenged United States sovereignty. These actions sparked strong anger at Britain, helped unite the country in opposition to interference at sea, and pushed the United States toward war to defend maritime rights and national honor. Other options don't fit as the immediate causes: expanding into Canada was not the central trigger, while issues about Texas or disputes over the Articles of Confederation belong to different eras of American history.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://texas118.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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