

Texas Road Rules Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	8
Explanations	10
Next Steps	16

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

SAMPLE

1. What does a flashing yellow signal light indicate?

- A. Do not turn**
- B. Stop**
- C. Slow down if other traffic is near**
- D. Slow down and proceed with caution**

2. What does a solid red light mean?

- A. Stop and wait for the light to turn green**
- B. Proceed with caution**
- C. Turn right immediately**
- D. Slow down and prepare to stop**

3. What can happen to a driver under the age of 21 for a first offense of driving while intoxicated?

- A. License may be suspended for 1 year**
- B. License may be suspended for 180 days to 2 years**
- C. License may be suspended for 2-4 years**
- D. License may be suspended for 1 year to 2 years**

4. If you are driving at the speed limit and another driver sounds their horn and starts to pass, what should you do?

- A. Slow down and allow them to pass**
- B. Refuse to move over**
- C. Speed up to get out of the way**
- D. Sound your horn and wave**

5. What is the maximum speed limit in urban areas in Texas unless otherwise posted?

- A. 30 miles per hour**
- B. 50 miles per hour**
- C. 60 miles per hour**
- D. 70 miles per hour**

6. As you near an intersection and find yourself in the wrong lane for turning right, what is the best action to take?

- A. Wait until other cars pass and then get into the proper lane.**
- B. Drive on ahead until you can get into the proper lane, then turn at another intersection.**
- C. Turn from the lane you are in if no cars are coming.**
- D. Move quickly into the proper lane.**

7. To be a defensive driver and avoid crashes, what important action should you take?

- A. Ignore the driving behaviors of others**
- B. Stay alert and look for trouble spots**
- C. Signal only when meeting other traffic**
- D. Always insist on the right of way**

8. When making a long trip, how often should you stop for a rest?

- A. About every two hours or one hundred miles**
- B. Hurry so as to reduce the time spent on the highway**
- C. Only when you stop for meals and gasoline**
- D. About every four hours or two hundred miles**

9. If involved in a minor accident with no injuries, what is the first step you should take?

- A. Leave the scene of the accident**
- B. Call for medical assistance**
- C. Move the vehicles out of traffic**
- D. Exchange insurance details only**

10. Under the Driver Responsibility Program, what is the surcharge assessment when a person accumulates six points in three years?

- A. \$200**
- B. \$400**
- C. \$300**
- D. \$100**

Answers

SAMPLE

1. D
2. A
3. A
4. A
5. A
6. B
7. B
8. A
9. C
10. D

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. What does a flashing yellow signal light indicate?

- A. Do not turn**
- B. Stop**
- C. Slow down if other traffic is near**
- D. Slow down and proceed with caution**

A flashing yellow signal light indicates that drivers should slow down and proceed with caution. This signal warns that the driver should be alert to potential hazards or conditions in the intersection or roadway. The flashing yellow light serves as a reminder to be vigilant, as other vehicles or pedestrians may be nearby. Unlike a solid yellow light, which cautions drivers that the traffic light is about to change to red and often requires preparation to stop, a flashing yellow indicates that it is safe to continue driving, provided the driver is attentive to their surroundings. This interpretation encourages safer driving practices, especially in areas where unexpected situations could arise.

2. What does a solid red light mean?

- A. Stop and wait for the light to turn green**
- B. Proceed with caution**
- C. Turn right immediately**
- D. Slow down and prepare to stop**

A solid red light indicates that drivers must come to a complete stop at the designated stop line or before entering the intersection. This rule is crucial for ensuring safety and maintaining the flow of traffic. While waiting for the light to change, drivers should remain alert and be prepared to proceed only when the light turns green, ensuring that the intersection is clear of other vehicles and pedestrians. Other options may suggest alternative actions that could lead to confusion or unsafe situations. For instance, proceeding with caution could result in misjudging the right of way, while turning right immediately without checking for oncoming traffic or pedestrians might lead to an accident. Similarly, slowing down and preparing to stop, while somewhat aligned with safety, does not fulfill the requirement to stop fully before the red light. Understanding the significance of a solid red light reinforces the importance of obeying traffic signals for the safety of all road users.

3. What can happen to a driver under the age of 21 for a first offense of driving while intoxicated?

- A. License may be suspended for 1 year**
- B. License may be suspended for 180 days to 2 years**
- C. License may be suspended for 2-4 years**
- D. License may be suspended for 1 year to 2 years**

In Texas, a driver under the age of 21 who is convicted of driving while intoxicated (DWI) faces specific penalties designed to deter underage drinking and driving. For a first offense, the law states that the driver's license may indeed be suspended for one year. This penalty is particularly severe given the emphasis on protecting public safety and discouraging alcohol-related incidents among younger drivers. The rationale behind a one-year suspension for a first offense is to emphasize the seriousness of the crime while still allowing a chance for rehabilitation rather than placing harsh penalties that may not encourage positive changes. It highlights the consequences of poor choices and aims to promote safer driving behaviors. Other options reflect longer suspensions, which typically apply to more severe cases or repeat offenses, rather than a first-time incident. The law for a first DWI offense for drivers under 21 focuses on instilling a sense of responsibility while giving them a chance to change their habits without imposing excessively lengthy penalties.

4. If you are driving at the speed limit and another driver sounds their horn and starts to pass, what should you do?

- A. Slow down and allow them to pass**
- B. Refuse to move over**
- C. Speed up to get out of the way**
- D. Sound your horn and wave**

When another driver sounds their horn and begins to pass while you are already driving at the speed limit, it is important to prioritize safety and facilitate the passing maneuver. Slowing down and allowing the other vehicle to pass is the appropriate action because it helps to create a safer environment for both drivers. By reducing your speed slightly, you reduce the likelihood of a collision and give the other driver enough space to maneuver safely around you. This is particularly important in situations where visibility may be limited or where the passing lane may not be wide enough for both vehicles to comfortably occupy the same space at higher speeds. In contrast, refusing to move over maintains the status quo, potentially escalating tension without resolving the situation amicably. Speeding up creates additional risks, as it could lead to an unsafe interaction between your vehicle and the one trying to pass. Sounding your horn and waving may not convey the right message or help the situation, as it does not provide clear intentions or promote a safe driving environment. Therefore, slowing down to allow the other vehicle to pass is the safest and most courteous choice.

5. What is the maximum speed limit in urban areas in Texas unless otherwise posted?

- A. 30 miles per hour**
- B. 50 miles per hour**
- C. 60 miles per hour**
- D. 70 miles per hour**

In Texas, the maximum speed limit in urban areas is set at 30 miles per hour unless otherwise posted. This regulation is designed to enhance safety in densely populated areas where there is a higher volume of pedestrian traffic, intersections, and various hazards that might not be present on highways or rural roads. By keeping the speed limit lower in urban environments, the law aims to reduce the likelihood of accidents and increase the ability of drivers to react to unexpected situations, such as pedestrians crossing streets or other vehicles making sudden stops. Understanding this speed limit helps drivers comply with traffic laws and encourages safer driving behaviors in populated regions.

6. As you near an intersection and find yourself in the wrong lane for turning right, what is the best action to take?

- A. Wait until other cars pass and then get into the proper lane.**
- B. Drive on ahead until you can get into the proper lane, then turn at another intersection.**
- C. Turn from the lane you are in if no cars are coming.**
- D. Move quickly into the proper lane.**

When approaching an intersection and realizing you're in the wrong lane for a right turn, the safest action is to continue driving straight until you can safely maneuver into the correct lane at the next available opportunity. This approach ensures that you do not make an abrupt lane change, which could potentially endanger yourself or other drivers. Choosing to drive ahead allows you to avoid making a potentially dangerous decision in traffic, as it minimizes the risk of collisions that could occur from sudden lane shifts or turning from an incorrect position. This method helps maintain the flow of traffic and reinforces safe driving practices that prioritize signaling intentions and executing maneuvers only when clear and appropriate. It's also important to remember that turning from the wrong lane can confuse other drivers and lead to hazardous situations, while waiting until the next intersection to turn helps contribute to clearer traffic patterns. Overall, prioritizing safety and compliance with road rules is key when navigating intersections.

7. To be a defensive driver and avoid crashes, what important action should you take?

- A. Ignore the driving behaviors of others**
- B. Stay alert and look for trouble spots**
- C. Signal only when meeting other traffic**
- D. Always insist on the right of way**

Being a defensive driver is essential for maintaining safety on the road and minimizing the risk of accidents. Staying alert and looking for trouble spots is a crucial action because it involves being aware of your surroundings and identifying potential hazards before they escalate into dangerous situations. This proactive approach allows you to anticipate the behavior of other drivers, pedestrians, and changing road conditions. By scanning the environment regularly, you can spot issues such as a stopped vehicle, pedestrians crossing unexpectedly, or a vehicle that may not yield at an intersection. This awareness gives you the opportunity to make adjustments to your driving, such as reducing speed, changing lanes, or being prepared to stop if necessary. Ultimately, being vigilant and prepared can significantly reduce the chances of crashes and enhance overall road safety for you and others.

8. When making a long trip, how often should you stop for a rest?

- A. About every two hours or one hundred miles**
- B. Hurry so as to reduce the time spent on the highway**
- C. Only when you stop for meals and gasoline**
- D. About every four hours or two hundred miles**

Stopping for a rest about every two hours or one hundred miles is recommended for long trips because it helps to prevent fatigue and maintain focus while driving. Regular breaks allow drivers to stretch, hydrate, and refresh themselves, which can significantly reduce the risk of accidents caused by drowsiness or decreased attention. Fatigue can impair reaction times and judgment, which are critical for safe driving. Taking breaks also gives you the opportunity to assess your physical condition and make any necessary adjustments for comfort. This practice not only enhances safety but can make the overall driving experience more enjoyable and less stressful. The other options do not emphasize the importance of regular rest, either suggesting hurrying to complete the journey faster or minimizing stops to only essential breaks, which can lead to increased fatigue over long distances.

9. If involved in a minor accident with no injuries, what is the first step you should take?

- A. Leave the scene of the accident**
- B. Call for medical assistance**
- C. Move the vehicles out of traffic**
- D. Exchange insurance details only**

When involved in a minor accident with no injuries, moving the vehicles out of traffic is critical for several reasons. First, it enhances the safety of all individuals involved as well as other road users. Remaining in an active traffic situation can lead to further accidents or injuries. By moving the vehicles to a safe location, such as the shoulder of the road or a nearby parking lot, you help prevent congestion and decrease the risk of additional incidents occurring. Taking this proactive step allows everyone to attend to the situation more calmly and assess damages without the added stress of traffic passing by. Engaging with other involved parties, documenting the incident, and contacting authorities (if necessary) can all happen more efficiently once the vehicles are secured away from oncoming traffic. Although exchanging insurance details is important, it should occur after ensuring that the situation is safe and that vehicles are out of harm's way.

10. Under the Driver Responsibility Program, what is the surcharge assessment when a person accumulates six points in three years?

- A. \$200**
- B. \$400**
- C. \$300**
- D. \$100**

When a person accumulates six points on their driving record within a three-year period under the Driver Responsibility Program in Texas, they are assessed a surcharge of \$300. This amount is designed to penalize drivers for repeated traffic violations that indicate unsafe driving habits, encouraging safer driving behavior. The assessment is part of a broader framework to ensure that drivers are held accountable for their actions on the road. The surcharge system is structured to impose financial consequences based on the severity and frequency of driving offenses. Accumulating points is a way to track and measure a driver's behavior over time. The other response options reflect different surcharge amounts that might be associated with other levels of point accumulation or offenses, but for six points within three years, \$300 is the correct surcharge. Understanding this program and the point accumulation system is critical for drivers to maintain a clean driving record and avoid additional financial penalties.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://texasroadrules.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE