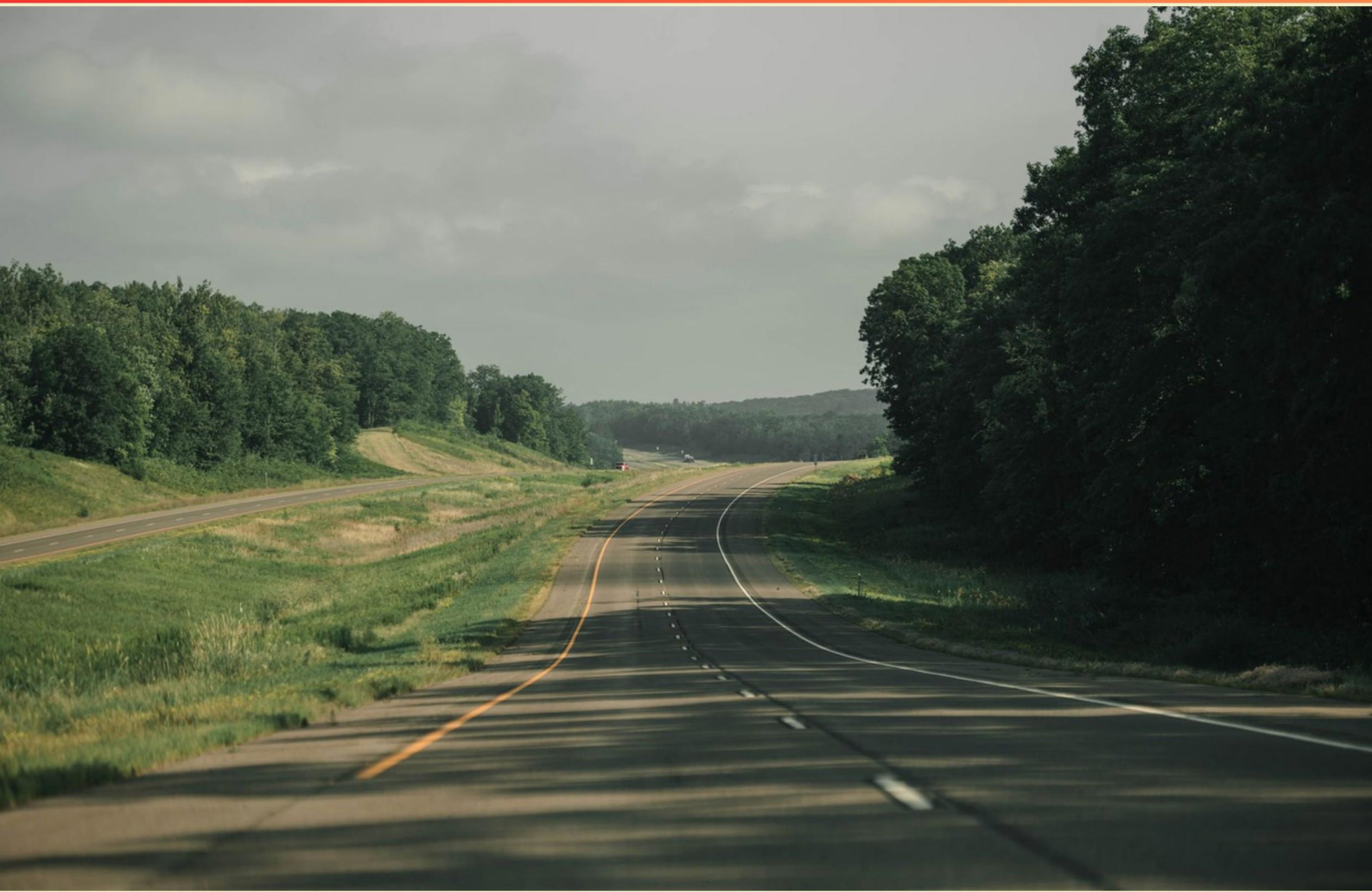


TEXAS DRIVERS HANDBOOK PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

VISIT US ONLINE FOR
THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

<https://txdrivershandbook.examzify.com>



Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	8
Explanations	10
Next Steps	15

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

SAMPLE

- 1. When must a driver use turn signals?**
 - A. When changing lanes or turning
 - B. Only when parking
 - C. When driving in reverse
 - D. Only on highways
- 2. What color is often used on signs that indicate a warning about a hazard ahead?**
 - A. Green
 - B. Red
 - C. Yellow
 - D. Blue
- 3. How far away from a fire hydrant must a vehicle be parked?**
 - A. 10 feet
 - B. 15 feet
 - C. 20 feet
 - D. 25 feet
- 4. What is the purpose of the highway transportation system?**
 - A. To collect tolls efficiently
 - B. To ensure safe and efficient movement of people and goods
 - C. To facilitate public transportation
 - D. To reduce traffic congestion
- 5. When can you legally pass another vehicle on the right?**
 - A. When the driver is making a left turn
 - B. When there are multiple lanes
 - C. When it is dark outside
 - D. When traveling below the speed limit
- 6. What type of restrictions may be placed on your license?**
 - A. Only corrective lenses
 - B. Daytime only driving
 - C. No expressway driving
 - D. All of the above

7. When is it permissible to use a cell phone while driving in Texas?

- A. Anytime
- B. When using hands-free devices, except for those under 18
- C. Only when parked
- D. When driving on highways

8. What does the "Move Over" law in Texas require?

- A. To move over for bicycles
- B. To slow down for pedestrians in the crosswalk
- C. To move over or slow down for emergency vehicles on the roadside
- D. To stop for all stopped vehicles

9. When should you dim your headlights for an approaching vehicle?

- A. 300 ft
- B. 400 ft
- C. 500 ft
- D. 600 ft

10. What is the first thing a driver should do if their brakes fail?

- A. Pump the brake pedal and downshift to a lower gear
- B. Turn off the engine
- C. Pull the emergency brake immediately
- D. Steer towards the shoulder of the road

Answers

SAMPLE

1. A
2. C
3. B
4. B
5. A
6. D
7. B
8. C
9. C
10. A

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. When must a driver use turn signals?

A. When changing lanes or turning

B. Only when parking

C. When driving in reverse

D. Only on highways

A driver must use turn signals when changing lanes or turning because this practice is essential for ensuring the safety of all road users. Turn signals communicate a driver's intentions to others on the road, including pedestrians, cyclists, and other vehicles, allowing them to anticipate movements and react accordingly. Utilizing turn signals helps prevent accidents and promotes smoother traffic flow. In contrast, using turn signals solely when parking, only when driving in reverse, or only on highways does not encompass the full range of situations where signaling is crucial. For instance, signaling while changing lanes or turning can occur in various areas, including city streets, residential neighborhoods, and highways, reinforcing the importance of consistent use of turn signals across all driving situations.

2. What color is often used on signs that indicate a warning about a hazard ahead?

A. Green

B. Red

C. Yellow

D. Blue

The use of yellow for warning signs is standardized in traffic safety to alert drivers to potential hazards or changes in road conditions. This color is highly visible and attention-grabbing, which is critical for ensuring that drivers can quickly recognize and respond to warnings about dangers such as road work, curves, or intersections. Yellow signs are designed to convey caution, prompting drivers to reduce speed or be prepared for unexpected situations ahead. In contrast, the other colors listed serve different purposes; for example, green is commonly used for guide signs indicating directions or distances, red signifies stop or prohibition, and blue typically indicates services or information for travelers. Each color in the traffic sign system plays a critical role in communication, but yellow specifically targets warnings about hazards, making it the appropriate choice for this question.

3. How far away from a fire hydrant must a vehicle be parked?

A. 10 feet

B. 15 feet

C. 20 feet

D. 25 feet

When parking near a fire hydrant, it is important to maintain a distance to ensure that emergency services can access the hydrant easily and quickly in the event of a fire. In Texas, the law specifies that a vehicle must be parked at least 15 feet away from a fire hydrant. This distance helps to prevent any obstruction that could delay firefighters from accessing the water supply they need. Adhering to this regulation is crucial for safety and community preparedness during emergencies.

4. What is the purpose of the highway transportation system?

- A. To collect tolls efficiently
- B. To ensure safe and efficient movement of people and goods**
- C. To facilitate public transportation
- D. To reduce traffic congestion

The primary aim of the highway transportation system is to ensure the safe and efficient movement of people and goods. This system encompasses all components of transportation, including highways, vehicles, and traffic management, designed to enable drivers, pedestrians, and cyclists to navigate the roads effectively. By focusing on safety and efficiency, the system helps reduce the likelihood of accidents, ensures that goods are delivered on time, and provides avenues for individuals to travel without unnecessary delays. While aspects like toll collection, public transportation facilitation, and traffic congestion reduction play roles in the broader transportation environment, they are not the central purpose of the highway transportation system. Instead, these factors serve to enhance and support the main objective of safe and efficient movement within the network.

5. When can you legally pass another vehicle on the right?

- A. When the driver is making a left turn**
- B. When there are multiple lanes
- C. When it is dark outside
- D. When traveling below the speed limit

Passing another vehicle on the right is legal in certain situations, and one of those scenarios is when the driver of the vehicle you are overtaking is making a left turn. This is permissible because the vehicle is momentarily obstructed in its lane due to the turn, creating an opportunity for other drivers to safely pass on the right, assuming there is enough space and it is safe to do so. When considering other options: multiple lanes may allow for passing on the right under certain circumstances, but it depends on the specific configuration of those lanes and the state laws; however, it's not a definitive rule like the one pertaining to a left-turning vehicle. The legality of passing at night doesn't inherently provide justification for passing on the right, as this depends more on visibility and safety. Lastly, passing below the speed limit is not a legal basis for passing on the right; speed limits are established for safety and do not relate directly to the actions of overtaking. Thus, the appropriate context for passing a vehicle on the right is indeed when the driver is making a left turn.

6. What type of restrictions may be placed on your license?

- A. Only corrective lenses
- B. Daytime only driving
- C. No expressway driving
- D. All of the above**

A driver's license may come with specific restrictions based on an individual's circumstances or needs. For instance, restrictions could include the requirement to wear corrective lenses while driving, which is necessary for ensuring that the driver has adequate vision. Additionally, some drivers may have limitations that allow them to drive only during daylight hours. This is often a precaution for individuals who may have difficulty seeing at night. Another possible restriction could involve prohibiting driving on expressways, which may be applicable to new drivers or those with certain medical conditions that affect their driving skills. Having the possibility of all these restrictions means that the licensing authority evaluates each driver on a case-by-case basis, considering their driving abilities and any potential safety risks. Thus, it's essential to understand that restrictions are implemented to enhance safety, and drivers should comply with any imposed limitations to ensure safe driving for themselves and others on the road.

7. When is it permissible to use a cell phone while driving in Texas?

- A. Anytime
- B. When using hands-free devices, except for those under 18**
- C. Only when parked
- D. When driving on highways

Using a cell phone while driving in Texas is permissible when using hands-free devices, with certain restrictions in place, especially for drivers under the age of 18. This means that while adults can utilize hands-free technology to make calls or use navigation, novice drivers are not allowed to use any cell phone while driving, regardless of whether it is hands-free. This regulation is intended to reduce distractions and enhance safety on the road, as the risk of accidents significantly increases when drivers are engaged with their phones. The other options suggest broader or different circumstances that do not align with the state's regulations, which specifically allow hands-free use while taking into consideration the age and experience level of the driver.

8. What does the "Move Over" law in Texas require?

- A. To move over for bicycles
- B. To slow down for pedestrians in the crosswalk
- C. To move over or slow down for emergency vehicles on the roadside**
- D. To stop for all stopped vehicles

The "Move Over" law in Texas is designed to enhance the safety of emergency responders on the roadside, including police, fire, and medical personnel. When a driver encounters an emergency vehicle that is stopped with its lights flashing, the law mandates that they either move over to a lane that is not adjacent to the emergency vehicle or, if it is not safe to do so, to slow down significantly while passing. This law is critical because it creates a safer environment for emergency responders who are working in potentially dangerous situations. By requiring drivers to change lanes or reduce speed, it minimizes the risk of accidents and injuries for both the emergency personnel and passing motorists. This law reflects the state's commitment to ensuring safety for those who are helping others in emergency situations.

9. When should you dim your headlights for an approaching vehicle?

- A. 300 ft
- B. 400 ft
- C. 500 ft**
- D. 600 ft

Dimming your headlights for an approaching vehicle is required at a distance of 500 feet. This practice is essential for safety, as high beams can be blinding to oncoming drivers, increasing the risk of accidents. By dimming your lights at this distance, you allow the driver of the approaching vehicle to maintain their visibility without distraction or impairment, thereby promoting safer driving conditions for everyone on the road. This rule is part of the guidelines to ensure mutual respect and safety among drivers, which is crucial during the night when visibility is reduced. The requirement to dim at 500 feet is based on the average stopping distance and reaction time, allowing adequate space for both drivers to see each other clearly. Using your high beams beyond this range can create a dangerous situation, as it can blind the other driver, leading to potential crashes.

10. What is the first thing a driver should do if their brakes fail?

A. Pump the brake pedal and downshift to a lower gear

B. Turn off the engine

C. Pull the emergency brake immediately

D. Steer towards the shoulder of the road

When a driver's brakes fail, the first step they should take is to pump the brake pedal and downshift to a lower gear. Pumping the brake pedal is an attempt to build up pressure in the brake system; this can sometimes restore enough braking power to slow down the vehicle. Downshifting to a lower gear helps to utilize engine braking, which can further slow the car down by making use of the engine's resistance as it tries to turn faster in a lower gear. In contrast, turning off the engine can create additional challenges, such as losing power steering and making it harder to control the vehicle. Pulling the emergency brake immediately without considering other options can lead to skidding and loss of control, especially if used abruptly at high speeds. While steering towards the shoulder of the road is a wise action to ensure safety, it should be combined with efforts to slow the vehicle first. Thus, pumping the brakes and downshifting effectively prioritize regaining control of the vehicle in the event of brake failure.

SAMPLE

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://txdrivershandbook.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE