

# Texas Drivers Ed Written Practice Test (Sample)

## Study Guide



**Everything you need from our exam experts!**

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# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

**Remember:** successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

**This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:**

## **1. Start with a Diagnostic Review**

**Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.**

## **2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions**

**Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.**

## **3. Learn from the Explanations**

**After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.**

## **4. Track Your Progress**

**Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.**

## **5. Simulate the Real Exam**

**Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.**

## **6. Repeat and Review**

**Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.**

**There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!**

## Questions

- 1. There are several reasons why drivers may not see motorcyclists. Choose the correct answer:**
  - A. Motorcyclists often drive recklessly**
  - B. The size of a motorcycle is smaller than that of a larger vehicle**
  - C. Motorcycles are usually faster than cars**
  - D. Drivers always see motorcyclists**
- 2. What should you do if your vehicle breaks down on the highway?**
  - A. Leave it where it is**
  - B. Turn on your hazard lights and pull over to the shoulder**
  - C. Block traffic until assistance arrives**
  - D. Try to fix it on the highway**
- 3. What is necessary to obtain a Texas driver's license?**
  - A. Proof of identity and residency**
  - B. Only passing the written test**
  - C. Proof of identity, residency, and passing both written and driving tests**
  - D. Having a learner's permit**
- 4. What is the minimum insurance coverage required by Texas law?**
  - A. Liability insurance with \$25,000 for bodily injury**
  - B. Liability insurance with at least \$30,000 for bodily injury per person**
  - C. Liability insurance with at least \$50,000 for property damage**
  - D. Liability insurance with \$10,000 for bodily injury per person**
- 5. What should be the first action taken when a motor vehicle starts to skid?**
  - A. A. Hit the brakes hard**
  - B. B. Accelerate to regain control**
  - C. C. Take your foot off the accelerator and steer in the direction of the skid**
  - D. D. Close your eyes and hope for the best**

- 6. What should you do if your vehicle starts to skid?**
- A. Hit the brakes hard**
  - B. Steer in the opposite direction of the skid**
  - C. Steer in the direction you want to go**
  - D. Accelerate to gain control**
- 7. When giving the right-of-way to an emergency vehicle you should speed up to avoid getting too close to the emergency vehicle.**
- A. True**
  - B. False**
  - C. Depends on traffic conditions**
  - D. Only on highways**
- 8. What is the rule regarding headlights during inclement weather?**
- A. Use headlights only at night**
  - B. Use headlights when windshield wipers are in use**
  - C. Use headlights only when visibility is reduced**
  - D. Use headlights in heavy traffic**
- 9. What are “blackout” periods in relation to driving?**
- A. Times for vehicle maintenance**
  - B. Times when driving laws are relaxed**
  - C. Times when drinking and driving cannot be ignored due to legal restrictions**
  - D. Periods of low traffic**
- 10. How far must you stop from a railroad crossing when lights are flashing?**
- A. At least 5 feet**
  - B. At least 15 feet**
  - C. At least 20 feet**
  - D. At least 30 feet**



## **Answers**

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1. B
2. B
3. C
4. B
5. C
6. C
7. B
8. B
9. C
10. B

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## **Explanations**

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**1. There are several reasons why drivers may not see motorcyclists. Choose the correct answer:**

- A. Motorcyclists often drive recklessly**
- B. The size of a motorcycle is smaller than that of a larger vehicle**
- C. Motorcycles are usually faster than cars**
- D. Drivers always see motorcyclists**

The correct answer emphasizes the fact that the size of a motorcycle is significantly smaller compared to larger vehicles, which can lead to visibility issues on the road. Because motorcycles take up less space and are often positioned in the blind spots of larger vehicles, drivers may inadvertently overlook them. This reduced visibility can increase the likelihood of accidents, as smaller vehicles are harder to detect, especially when they are approaching from the side or when they are behind other cars. In contrast, the other choices do not accurately capture the primary reason drivers may overlook motorcyclists. Reckless driving behavior does not pertain to the visibility of motorcycles; rather, it's an issue of rider behavior. The claim that motorcycles are usually faster than cars may lead to misconceptions about the manner in which they are perceived on the road, but speed alone does not explain why they can go unnoticed. Lastly, the assertion that drivers always see motorcyclists is inaccurate, as it dismisses the very visibility challenges that are inherent in the differences in vehicle size.

**2. What should you do if your vehicle breaks down on the highway?**

- A. Leave it where it is**
- B. Turn on your hazard lights and pull over to the shoulder**
- C. Block traffic until assistance arrives**
- D. Try to fix it on the highway**

When your vehicle breaks down on the highway, it is vital to prioritize safety for both yourself and other road users. Turning on your hazard lights alerts other drivers that there is a problem, and pulling over to the shoulder of the road provides a safer location away from the main flow of traffic. This increases your visibility and reduces the risk of an accident. It's crucial to remain in your vehicle if you are safely off the roadway and stay buckled up until help arrives, as remaining inside offers protection from potential oncoming traffic. Additionally, this allows you to communicate effectively with roadside assistance services. Other actions, such as leaving your vehicle where it is, would pose significant risks to both you and others on the road by creating a potential obstacle in traffic. Blocking traffic or attempting to fix the vehicle on the highway can result in dangerous situations, not only for you but also for the drivers surrounding you. Keeping yourself and your vehicle in a secure location with warning lights activated is the best approach for safety during a breakdown.

### 3. What is necessary to obtain a Texas driver's license?

- A. Proof of identity and residency
- B. Only passing the written test
- C. Proof of identity, residency, and passing both written and driving tests**
- D. Having a learner's permit

To obtain a Texas driver's license, it is essential to provide proof of identity and residency and successfully pass both the written and driving tests. Proof of identity typically includes documents such as a birth certificate or passport, while proof of residency may involve showing utility bills or lease agreements that display your name and address. Passing the written test ensures that you understand the rules of the road and safe driving practices, which is crucial for responsible driving. Additionally, the driving test assesses your practical skills behind the wheel, demonstrating your ability to operate a vehicle safely in various conditions. While having a learner's permit is a step in the process of becoming a licensed driver, it is not sufficient on its own for obtaining a full driver's license. Similarly, simply passing the written test without the driving test or without providing necessary documentation would not meet the requirements. Thus, fulfilling all these criteria is necessary to obtain a Texas driver's license.

### 4. What is the minimum insurance coverage required by Texas law?

- A. Liability insurance with \$25,000 for bodily injury
- B. Liability insurance with at least \$30,000 for bodily injury per person**
- C. Liability insurance with at least \$50,000 for property damage
- D. Liability insurance with \$10,000 for bodily injury per person

The minimum insurance coverage required by Texas law mandates that drivers must have liability insurance with at least \$30,000 for bodily injury per person. This requirement is established to ensure that in the event of an accident, sufficient funds are available to cover the medical expenses and other related costs for individuals who may be injured. The focus on bodily injury coverage specifically addresses the need to protect the welfare of victims in car accidents. While other types of coverage are important and necessary for comprehensive insurance, the specific figure of \$30,000 reflects the state's legal framework aimed at establishing a baseline of financial responsibility among drivers. This amount is set to help ensure that victims of accidents can receive medical care and compensation, reducing the risk of financial distress resulting from vehicular incidents. Hence, having liability insurance that meets or exceeds this requirement is essential for complying with Texas law and safeguarding oneself and others on the road.

**5. What should be the first action taken when a motor vehicle starts to skid?**

**A. A. Hit the brakes hard**

**B. B. Accelerate to regain control**

**C. C. Take your foot off the accelerator and steer in the direction of the skid**

**D. D. Close your eyes and hope for the best**

When a motor vehicle starts to skid, the most effective first action is to take your foot off the accelerator and steer in the direction of the skid. This practice allows the driver to regain control of the vehicle by aligning the front wheels with the rear wheels. When a vehicle skids, it usually happens due to a loss of traction, often caused by slippery conditions such as ice or rain. By taking off the accelerator, the driver reduces the engine power that may be contributing to the loss of traction. Steering into the skid helps to stabilize the vehicle, as it allows the tires to regain grip on the road surface, countering the sideways motion. In contrast, hitting the brakes hard can further destabilize the vehicle, leading to a longer skid or causing the wheels to lock up. Accelerating can worsen the skid, making it harder to control the vehicle. Closing your eyes is not a practical or safe response and does not provide any means of control or awareness of the situation.

**6. What should you do if your vehicle starts to skid?**

**A. Hit the brakes hard**

**B. Steer in the opposite direction of the skid**

**C. Steer in the direction you want to go**

**D. Accelerate to gain control**

When your vehicle starts to skid, steering in the direction you want to go is the right response because it helps to regain control of the vehicle. This technique is commonly referred to as "steering into the skid." When you find yourself in a skid, the rear wheels lose traction, causing the back of the car to slide out. By steering in the direction you wish to travel, you can realign the front wheels with the direction of motion, allowing the tires to regain traction and stabilize the vehicle. The approach of trying to accelerate or brake hard can worsen the skid, as abrupt actions can further upset the balance of the vehicle. Hitting the brakes hard can cause the wheels to lock up, leading to a loss of control. Similarly, turning in the opposite direction of the skid can create confusion and may not allow for an effective recovery, as it does not align the vehicle's path with the desired trajectory.

**7. When giving the right-of-way to an emergency vehicle you should speed up to avoid getting too close to the emergency vehicle.**

**A. True**

**B. False**

**C. Depends on traffic conditions**

**D. Only on highways**

The correct response is that you should not speed up when giving the right-of-way to an emergency vehicle. Instead, the proper action is to safely move to the side of the road or lane whenever possible and come to a complete stop. This allows the emergency vehicle to pass through without any obstructions. Increasing your speed can create dangerous situations, as it can limit your ability to react to changing conditions or potential hazards that may arise. It is best to maintain a safe and controlled speed while prioritizing the safety of both the emergency responders and other road users.

**8. What is the rule regarding headlights during inclement weather?**

**A. Use headlights only at night**

**B. Use headlights when windshield wipers are in use**

**C. Use headlights only when visibility is reduced**

**D. Use headlights in heavy traffic**

Using headlights when windshield wipers are in use is important because it significantly enhances visibility during inclement weather such as rain, fog, or snow. This rule ensures that not only does the driver have a better view of the road and surrounding environment, but it also makes the vehicle more visible to other drivers. When windshield wipers are activated, it indicates that conditions have worsened, making it essential to turn on headlights, even during daytime. Many drivers may not realize how quickly weather conditions can change the visibility on the road, and using headlights optimally can aid in preventing accidents. The other options don't address the specific need prompted by using windshield wipers and thus do not provide the same level of safety in adverse weather conditions. For instance, using headlights only at night ignores the need for visibility during the day in poor weather, while relying on visibility reductions or heavy traffic does not encompass all situations where enhanced visibility is crucial, particularly when wipers are active.

**9. What are “blackout” periods in relation to driving?**

- A. Times for vehicle maintenance
- B. Times when driving laws are relaxed
- C. Times when drinking and driving cannot be ignored due to legal restrictions**
- D. Periods of low traffic

The concept of "blackout" periods in relation to driving primarily refers to instances when drinking and driving is taken most seriously under legal restrictions. These periods are usually associated with heightened enforcement of laws against driving under the influence, making it a time when the risks and consequences of such actions are magnified. During these blackout periods, law enforcement agencies may implement sobriety checkpoints or increased patrols to deter impaired driving. This approach aims to protect public safety by ensuring that drivers are not operating vehicles while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, thereby reducing the potential for accidents. In contrast, the other choices do not accurately reflect the significance of blackout periods. Vehicle maintenance is essential but unrelated to legal restrictions regarding driving. Relaxed driving laws would not prompt the stringent enforcement found during blackout periods. Lastly, periods of low traffic are more about road conditions rather than legal considerations regarding impaired driving. Thus, the emphasis of blackout periods centers on the imperative for safe driving practices during times when drinking may be more prevalent.

**10. How far must you stop from a railroad crossing when lights are flashing?**

- A. At least 5 feet
- B. At least 15 feet**
- C. At least 20 feet
- D. At least 30 feet

When approaching a railroad crossing where the lights are flashing, it's crucial to stop at least 15 feet away. This distance allows for adequate safety as it gives you a clear line of sight to the tracks and sufficient distance to avoid any potential hazards from an approaching train. The flashing lights are a warning that a train is coming, and stopping at this specified distance helps to ensure that you are not in danger from the train or obstructing its path. Additionally, this regulation is designed to protect both drivers and pedestrians, ensuring that everyone has time to react to the warning signals.



## Next Steps

**Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.**

**As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.**

**If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).**

**Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:**

**<https://texasdriversed.examzify.com>**

**We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!**