Technical Language Level Exam (TLLE) Module 2 Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Questions



1. In technical language, what is the German equivalent of "flange"?
A. Halter
B. Anschluss
C. Flansch
D. Kante

- 2. What is the meaning of "aft" in German?
 - A. vorne
 - B. hinten
 - C. gerade
 - D. seitlich
- 3. What is the correct German word for "tin"?
 - A. Kabelbinder
 - **B.** Dose
 - C. Wartungsbühne
 - D. Stehbolzen
- 4. What is the English translation of the German word 'Abstand'?
 - A. Clearance
 - **B.** Coating
 - C. Composite
 - D. Collar
- 5. What does the German word 'hoist' mean?
 - A. Heben
 - B. Senken
 - C. Tragen
 - D. Bewegen
- 6. What is the correct German term for "drain"?
 - A. ablagern
 - B. ablassen
 - C. Kanal
 - D. Verkleidung

- 7. What is the German word for 'contamination'?
 - A. Verunreinigung
 - **B.** Mischung
 - C. Kupplung
 - D. Hülse
- 8. In a geometric context, the word "axis" is most accurately translated as?
 - A. Fach
 - **B. Richtung**
 - C. Achse
 - D. Lage
- 9. What does "tin" translate to in German?
 - A. Taschenlampe
 - **B.** Feder
 - C. Dose
 - D. Verzahnung
- 10. What is the German equivalent of the term "estimated"?
 - A. geschätzt
 - B. übermäßig
 - C. Ablass
 - D. Verzerrung

Answers



- 1. C 2. B
- 3. B

- 3. B 4. A 5. A 6. B 7. A 8. C 9. C 10. A



Explanations



1. In technical language, what is the German equivalent of "flange"?

- A. Halter
- **B.** Anschluss
- C. Flansch
- D. Kante

The term "flange" refers to a projecting flat rim or edge used to provide strength or attachment in mechanical or structural applications. In technical contexts, this term needs to be accurately translated to ensure clear communication among professionals who may speak different languages. The German equivalent of "flange" is "Flansch." This term is widely used in engineering and construction to describe the same feature that promotes the connection and alignment of pipes, beams, or parts. The use of "Flansch" in technical documentation ensures that precautions and specifications are understood accurately. The other terms do have their respective meanings in German: "Halter" generally refers to a holder or support, "Anschluss" translates to connection or joint, often used in electrical or plumbing contexts, and "Kante" means edge but does not convey the mechanical implication of a flange. Thus, "Flansch" is the most appropriate and technically precise term to use in this context.

2. What is the meaning of "aft" in German?

- A. vorne
- B. hinten
- C. gerade
- D. seitlich

The term "aft" refers to the rear or back part of a ship or airplane. In German, the equivalent word for "aft" is "hinten," which means "behind" or "at the back." This correctly relates to the nautical or aviation context where "aft" indicates a location towards the back of the vessel or aircraft. The other options, while related to different directions, do not convey the specific meaning of "aft." "Vorne" translates to "front," suggesting the opposite of "aft." "Gerade" means "straight," which does not pertain to directional terms, and "seitlich" means "side," which also does not align with the concept of being at the back. This confirms that "hinten" is the only appropriate translation for "aft" in this context.

3. What is the correct German word for "tin"?

- A. Kabelbinder
- B. Dose
- C. Wartungsbühne
- D. Stehbolzen

The correct answer is "Dose," which translates to "tin" in the context of a container, typically a tin can. In German, "Dose" commonly refers to a small, typically cylindrical container made of metal, used for holding food or other products. It highlights the everyday usage of the word when speaking about packaging or storage items made of tin or metal. Other choices refer to completely different objects or concepts and do not relate to the term for tin. For example, "Kabelbinder" translates to "cable tie," which is a fastener used for binding cables together. "Wartungsbühne" means "maintenance platform," which is a type of equipment for performing maintenance work at heights. "Stehbolzen" translates to "stud bolt," which is a type of fastener used in various mechanical applications. Understanding these distinctions can help clarify the specific contexts in which each term is properly applied.

4. What is the English translation of the German word 'Abstand'?

- A. Clearance
- **B.** Coating
- C. Composite
- D. Collar

The English translation of the German word 'Abstand' is indeed 'clearance.' In a technical context, 'Abstand' refers to the distance or space between two objects or components. This term is commonly used in fields such as engineering and manufacturing, where maintaining proper clearance is essential for functionality and safety. Understanding this term is crucial because it plays a vital role in ensuring that there is enough space between parts to avoid interference, allow for expansion, or facilitate proper operation of machinery. For instance, in machining or assembly processes, specified clearance can prevent parts from rubbing against each other, which could lead to wear or failure. The other options represent different concepts that do not align with the meaning of 'Abstand.' 'Coating' refers to a layer of material applied to the surface of an object, 'composite' indicates a material made from two or more constituent materials, and 'collar' usually refers to a band of material around an object, none of which pertain to the idea of distance or space between entities.

5. What does the German word 'hoist' mean?

- A. Heben
- B. Senken
- C. Tragen
- D. Bewegen

The term 'hoist' in German translates to 'heben,' which means to lift or raise something. This aligns with the action typically associated with hoisting, such as lifting objects using a pulley or similar mechanism. Understanding this term within the context of lifting equipment and machinery helps reinforce its meaning — 'heben' captures the essence of raising or elevating an item, which is the primary implication of the word 'hoist.' The other choices represent different actions: 'senken' means to lower, 'tragen' translates to carry, and 'bewegen' means to move. Each of these terms conveys actions that are fundamentally different from the lifting connotation of 'hoist,' further emphasizing why 'heben' is the correct translation.

6. What is the correct German term for "drain"?

- A. ablagern
- B. ablassen
- C. Kanal
- D. Verkleidung

The term that accurately translates to "drain" in German is "ablassen." This term is commonly used in contexts where liquid is being released or let out, which aligns with the function and meaning of a drain. In plumbing or engineering contexts, "ablassen" refers specifically to the act of draining away water or other fluids, effectively serving the intended purpose of a drainage system. The other options do not correspond to the meaning of "drain" in the same way. For example, "ablagern" typically refers to depositing or accumulating material, and "Kanal" refers to a channel, which may hold liquids but does not imply the action of draining. "Verkleidung" translates to "cladding" or "lining," which is unrelated to the concept of draining fluids. Understanding these nuances helps clarify why "ablassen" is the correct choice.

7. What is the German word for 'contamination'?

- A. Verunreinigung
- B. Mischung
- C. Kupplung
- D. Hülse

The correct term for 'contamination' in German is "Verunreinigung." This word specifically denotes the presence of unwanted substances which can pollute or adulterate a material or environment. In scientific and environmental contexts, "Verunreinigung" is often used to refer to various forms of contamination, such as in water, soil, or air, highlighting its relevance in discussions about pollution or health hazards. The other options do not relate to 'contamination.' "Mischung" translates to 'mixture' and refers to a combination of different substances without the negative connotation of contamination. "Kupplung" means 'coupling,' typically referring to a mechanical joint or connection. Finally, "Hülse" signifies 'sleeve' or 'case,' which pertains to physical enclosures rather than contamination itself. This distinction underscores why "Verunreinigung" is the appropriate choice for the concept of contamination.

8. In a geometric context, the word "axis" is most accurately translated as?

- A. Fach
- **B. Richtung**
- C. Achse
- D. Lage

In a geometric context, the term "axis" is most accurately translated as "Achse" because it refers to a straight line that serves as a reference around which a geometric object can be symmetrical or may rotate. In mathematics and geometry, the concept of an axis is fundamental, especially in the study of graphs, shapes, and three-dimensional objects. For instance, in a Cartesian coordinate system, the x-axis and y-axis are used to define the location of points in a two-dimensional space. The axis can also represent the central line in rotational figures or the line of symmetry in shapes. The other choices do not align with the specific geometric connotation. "Fach" generally pertains to a compartment or a section, "Richtung" means direction, and "Lage" refers to position or alignment, none of which capture the precise meaning of "axis" within a geometric framework. Thus, "Achse" best embodies the term's significance in geometry.

9. What does "tin" translate to in German?

- A. Taschenlampe
- **B.** Feder
- C. Dose
- D. Verzahnung

The term "tin" translates to "Dose" in German, which refers specifically to a can or container made of tin. This is consistent with how "tin" is often used in English to describe a metal container, usually associated with food storage, which aligns perfectly with the meaning of "Dose." Other options do not relate directly to the translation of "tin." "Taschenlampe" means flashlight, "Feder" means spring or feather, and "Verzahnung" refers to gearing or tooth, which are unrelated to the concept of tin as a material or type of container. Understanding these distinctions clarifies why "Dose" is the correct answer in this context.

10. What is the German equivalent of the term "estimated"?

- A. geschätzt
- B. übermäßig
- C. Ablass
- D. Verzerrung

The term "estimated" in English translates to "geschätzt" in German. This is because "geschätzt" directly conveys the meaning of an approximation or a value that is not exact but rather an educated guess based on available information. This word is frequently used in contexts such as statistics, finances, or any situation where values are approximated based on observations or calculations. The other terms provided do not share this meaning. "Übermäßig" refers to something that is excessive or unreasonable, "Ablass" translates to indulgence or remission, particularly in a religious context, and "Verzerrung" means distortion. None of these alternatives relate to approximation or estimation, making "geschätzt" the precise equivalent of "estimated" in German.