

TCVM SPECIAL POINTS PRACTICE EXAM (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

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THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. What is the influential point for blood circulation?**
 - A. BL-17
 - B. CV-17
 - C. GB-34
 - D. ST-40
- 2. What role does SI-3 play in channel medicine within TCVM?**
 - A. Connecting point
 - B. Major point
 - C. Lou point
 - D. Confluent point
- 3. What is the Lou connecting point for the Pericardium channel?**
 - A. PC-5
 - B. PC-6
 - C. PC-7
 - D. PC-8
- 4. Which health component is NOT primarily assessed via pulse diagnostics in TCVM?**
 - A. Internal organ health
 - B. Digestive efficiency
 - C. Blood pressure
 - D. Overall health
- 5. What is the Lou connecting point for the Heart Channel?**
 - A. HT-4
 - B. HT-5
 - C. HT-6
 - D. HT-8
- 6. What is the function of the BL-28 point?**
 - A. BL back shu/front mu
 - B. Guan-yuan back shu
 - C. SI back shu/front mu
 - D. LI back shu/front mu

7. Which point is recognized as a confluent point?

- A. CV
- B. LU-7
- C. SP-21
- D. SI-3

8. Which Luo connecting point is related to the Spleen channel?

- A. SP-2
- B. SP-4
- C. SP-5
- D. SP-6

9. What does "Shen" represent in TCVM?

- A. The physical body and its strength
- B. The spirit or mind, significant for emotional stability
- C. The flow of Qi through the meridians
- D. The connection between body and environment

10. LI-4 is known as the master point for which area?

- A. Head and neck
- B. Face and mouth, and general pain
- C. Chest and cranial abdomen
- D. Back and hips

Answers

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1. A
2. C
3. B
4. C
5. B
6. A
7. B
8. B
9. B
10. B

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Explanations

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1. What is the influential point for blood circulation?

- A. BL-17
- B. CV-17
- C. GB-34
- D. ST-40

The influential point for blood circulation is BL-17, also known as the Diaphragm point or the Back-Spleen point in Traditional Chinese Veterinary Medicine (TCVM). This point is located on the bladder meridian and is recognized for its ability to invigorate blood circulation and nourish the blood. It is primarily associated with the function of the spleen and liver systems, which are vital for blood production and circulation in the body. By stimulating BL-17, practitioners can enhance the quality and quantity of blood flow, address blood stagnation, and improve overall metabolic function in the body. In contrast, CV-17 is known as the center of the chest and plays a role in regulating Qi and calming the spirit, but it is not specifically an influential point for blood. GB-34 is important for the liver and gallbladder and can aid in moving Qi, rather than directly influencing blood circulation. ST-40, while it has various uses, mainly focuses on transforming phlegm and is not primarily tied to blood circulation. Therefore, BL-17 stands out as the correct choice for its direct influence on the circulation of blood.

2. What role does SI-3 play in channel medicine within TCVM?

- A. Connecting point
- B. Major point
- C. Lou point
- D. Confluent point

SI-3, known as "Houxi" in Traditional Chinese Veterinary Medicine (TCVM), serves as the connecting point or Lou point for the Small Intestine channel. In TCVM, Lou points are significant because they provide a pathway for expressing Qi from the channel to the exterior, thereby facilitating communication between different parts of the body. As a Lou point, SI-3 helps in treating conditions related to the Small Intestine channel, including issues that may manifest in the neck and back or disturbances that arise from dysfunctional Qi flow. By regulating energy flow, this point can help address excess or deficiency conditions affecting related areas, promoting balance and health. While major points serve as primary treatment locations for significant pathologies, and connecting points foster deeper connections in channel systems, SI-3's specific role as a Lou point highlights its unique application in promoting both local and systemic healing effects in channel medicine.

3. What is the Lou connecting point for the Pericardium channel?

- A. PC-5
- B. PC-6
- C. PC-7
- D. PC-8

The Lou connecting point for the Pericardium channel is indeed PC-6. This point, known as Neiguan, plays a significant role in traditional Chinese veterinary medicine (TCVM) as it connects the Pericardium channel to its paired organ, the Triple Warmer channel. The Lou connecting points are considered important for establishing communications between channels and promoting the flow of Qi and Blood. PC-6 specifically is known for its ability to regulate the heart and soothe the spirit, making it particularly effective in treating issues related to emotional disorders and chest pain. Additionally, it has a strong connection with the diaphragm and can influence digestive health through its action on the Pericardium channel. The other options represent different points along the Pericardium channel but are not classified as Lou connecting points. Each of those points has its own unique therapeutic applications, but they do not serve the specific function of connecting to another channel as PC-6 does. Therefore, understanding the unique role of PC-6 within the context of the Pericardium channel helps clarify its importance as the Lou connecting point.

4. Which health component is NOT primarily assessed via pulse diagnostics in TCVM?

- A. Internal organ health
- B. Digestive efficiency
- C. Blood pressure**
- D. Overall health

In Traditional Chinese Veterinary Medicine (TCVM), pulse diagnostics are a crucial tool for assessing various health components. This method involves evaluating the pulse characteristics to gather insights about the animal's internal organ health, digestive efficiency, and overall health status. Internal organ health can be assessed through pulse diagnostics as practitioners can interpret variations in pulse quality that correspond to the functions of specific organs such as the heart, liver, and kidneys. The health of these organs is reflected in the pulse, which can indicate issues like stagnation or deficiency. Digestive efficiency is also evaluated since the spleen and stomach are central to digestion in TCVM. The pulses can reveal if there are any digestive disturbances or if the organ systems are functioning optimally. Overall health encompasses a broader assessment of the animal's well-being, including their energy levels, vitality, and overall state, which can also be captured through pulse diagnostics. However, blood pressure, while significant in assessing cardiovascular health, is not a direct focus of pulse diagnostics in TCVM. This practice does not systematically quantify blood pressure the way conventional medicine does. Instead, TCVM emphasizes the qualitative aspects of pulses, such as their strength, rhythm, and quality. Therefore, blood pressure is not primarily assessed through this method, making it the

5. What is the Lou connecting point for the Heart Channel?

- A. HT-4
- B. HT-5**
- C. HT-6
- D. HT-8

The Lou connecting point for the Heart Channel is HT-5, also known as Tongli. This point serves as a connection between the Heart channel and the Yin Wei Mai, which helps harmonize the relationship between the Heart and other organs, particularly in regulating emotional issues associated with the Heart. HT-5 is specifically indicated for symptoms that arise from disturbances or disconnects in the Heart's function, such as anxiety, insomnia, and other emotional disturbances. This point is critical because Lou connecting points play a significant role in linking the primary channels to assist in the flow of Qi and Blood, enhancing the overall balance within the body. The other points listed, while they may have important functions and indications within the Heart channel and its associated treatments, do not serve as the Lou connecting point. HT-4 is known for calming the spirit and benefits the Heart but does not connect to the Yin Wei Mai. HT-6 is often used for night sweats and regulates the Yin of the Heart but does not serve the connecting function. HT-8 is primarily a influential point for clearing heat and regulating Heart's Qi but is not related to the connecting aspect of HT-5. Therefore, HT-5 is the correct answer as the Lou connecting point for the

6. What is the function of the BL-28 point?

- A. BL back shu/front mu
- B. Guan-yuan back shu
- C. SI back shu/front mu
- D. LI back shu/front mu

The function of the BL-28 point, also known as the bladder back Shu point, is primarily to influence the bladder and help regulate its functions. By being classified as a back Shu point, BL-28 serves as a key location for accessing and treating disorders related to the bladder, which can include issues such as urinary dysfunction, incontinence, and bladder inflammation. In Traditional Chinese Veterinary Medicine (TCVM), back Shu points are significant because they are associated with the corresponding organ's "Yin" aspects, providing a deep connection to the organ's overall function and health. By stimulating BL-28, practitioners can promote better energy flow, correct imbalances, and support the urinary system, making it a fundamental point for therapeutic interventions involving bladder health. Other potential choices, such as front mu points or connections to different organs, do not align with the specific nature and function of the BL-28 point, emphasizing its unique role in relation to the bladder.

7. Which point is recognized as a confluent point?

- A. CV
- B. LU-7
- C. SP-21
- D. SI-3

The point recognized as a confluent point is LU-7, which is known as the master point of the Ren Mai (Conception Vessel). Confluent points, or master points, are significant in Traditional Chinese Veterinary Medicine (TCVM) because they serve as gateways to access or influence the corresponding extraordinary vessels. LU-7, located on the lung meridian, has a unique relationship with the Ren Mai, which plays a crucial role in regulating yin, fluids, and reproduction. By stimulating LU-7, practitioners can influence a range of conditions and promote balance within the body, particularly regarding issues related to the respiratory system and overall vitality. This understanding is vital in TCVM practice since practitioners use these points to harmonize the body's energies and enhance treatments for various conditions.

8. Which Lou connecting point is related to the Spleen channel?

- A. SP-2
- B. SP-4
- C. SP-5
- D. SP-6

The Lou connecting point associated with the Spleen channel is SP-4, also known as Gongsun. This point plays a significant role in traditional Chinese veterinary medicine (TCVM) as it connects the Spleen channel to the Penetrating Vessel, which is important for regulating the flow of Qi and Blood in the body. The function of SP-4 includes harmonizing the Spleen, alleviating gastrointestinal issues, and facilitating communication between the Spleen and other organs. Understanding the specific functions of connecting points is crucial in TCVM practice as they are commonly used to treat a variety of conditions related to the corresponding organ channel. This connection helps practitioners utilize SP-4 effectively for clinical applications and enhances the overall treatment strategy by considering its interactions with other meridian systems. The other options represent points located on the Spleen channel but do not serve as Lou connecting points. Recognizing SP-4 as the point that connects to the Penetrating Vessel underscores its unique role in therapeutic approaches involving the Spleen in TCVM.

9. What does "Shen" represent in TCVM?

- A. The physical body and its strength
- B. The spirit or mind, significant for emotional stability**
- C. The flow of Qi through the meridians
- D. The connection between body and environment

In Traditional Chinese Veterinary Medicine (TCVM), "Shen" refers to the spirit or mind, and is considered crucial for emotional stability and overall psychological well-being. It is one of the key components of health, intertwined with the well-functioning of the organs. The concept of Shen encompasses emotional health and mental clarity, influencing behaviors, appetites, and interactions. A balanced and healthy Shen is often reflected in a pet's behavior, such as their ability to relate to their surroundings and express emotions. An imbalance or dysfunction of Shen can lead to behavioral issues, anxiety, and other emotional disturbances. Therefore, understanding the role of Shen in TCVM helps practitioners assess not just the physical condition of the animal but also its emotional state, guiding treatment approaches that promote holistic well-being.

10. LI-4 is known as the master point for which area?

- A. Head and neck
- B. Face and mouth, and general pain**
- C. Chest and cranial abdomen
- D. Back and hips

LI-4, also known as Hegu, is recognized as the master point for the face and mouth, as well as for general pain relief. This designation stems from its significant role in Traditional Chinese Veterinary Medicine (TCVM), where it is used to address various conditions related to the upper body, including issues affecting the head, face, and even dental problems. The efficacy of LI-4 in treating pain is attributed to its ability to facilitate the smooth flow of Qi and blood, offering relief for headaches, toothaches, and other discomforts in the facial region. Furthermore, LI-4 is considered a prominent point for harmonizing the relationship between the upper and lower parts of the body, enhancing overall well-being and comfort. While other points may influence different areas or conditions, LI-4's specific association with the face, mouth, and general pain makes it a central focus in treatments targeting these issues. This understanding enriches the practitioner's approach to managing various clinical cases, particularly those that involve pain or discomfort in the facial region or complications related to the mouth.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

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We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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