

TCOLE Fitness and Wellness Practice Exam (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

- 1. Non-fuel nutrients include all of the following except:**
 - A. Vitamins**
 - B. Proteins**
 - C. Minerals**
 - D. Water**
- 2. What describes wellness in its broadest sense?**
 - A. Absence of disease**
 - B. Negative health behavior**
 - C. State of positive well-being**
 - D. Maximal physical fitness**
- 3. What is one of the psychological effects of hypervigilance when officers are off duty?**
 - A. Increased social connections**
 - B. Emotional withdrawal**
 - C. Enhanced alertness**
 - D. Greater professional engagement**
- 4. How frequently should flexibility training be done for optimal results?**
 - A. Once a month**
 - B. Every day**
 - C. At least 2-3 times per week**
 - D. Only when experiencing stiffness**
- 5. Which of the following is a common physical effect of steroid use?**
 - A. Decreased muscle mass**
 - B. Increased muscle mass**
 - C. Stable muscle mass**
 - D. Muscle mass reduction**

- 6. What is an important aspect of hand-eye coordination for law enforcement officers?**
- A. Improved strength**
 - B. Enhanced shooting accuracy**
 - C. Greater flexibility**
 - D. Better endurance**
- 7. What factors can influence the severity of the depression phase after a traumatic event?**
- A. The officer's previous experiences**
 - B. The reaction of peers**
 - C. The officer's support system and community response**
 - D. The nature of the traumatic event alone**
- 8. How do you calculate daily fat calories?**
- A. Multiply total calories by % fat calories**
 - B. Divide total calories by % fat calories**
 - C. Add total calories and % fat calories**
 - D. Subtract % fat calories from total calories**
- 9. What is the primary cause of death for law enforcement professionals?**
- A. Accidents**
 - B. Cardiovascular disease**
 - C. Gun-related incidents**
 - D. Suicide**
- 10. What is the foundation of the Wellness Pyramid?**
- A. Self Responsibility**
 - B. Weight Control**
 - C. Regular Exercise and Proper Nutrition**
 - D. Tobacco Cessation**

Answers

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1. B
2. C
3. B
4. C
5. B
6. B
7. C
8. B
9. B
10. C

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Explanations

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1. Non-fuel nutrients include all of the following except:

- A. Vitamins**
- B. Proteins**
- C. Minerals**
- D. Water**

The correct answer is proteins, as they are classified as macronutrients, which are essential for providing energy to the body. Non-fuel nutrients, on the other hand, are those that do not primarily provide energy but are still crucial for maintaining health and supporting metabolic processes. Vitamins, minerals, and water are all considered non-fuel nutrients. They play vital roles in various bodily functions, including enzyme activity, immune function, and hydration, without serving as a direct source of calories or energy. In contrast, proteins are broken down into amino acids and can be used for energy if needed, along with their primary roles in building and repairing tissues. Understanding the difference between energy-providing nutrients and those that support overall health is essential for both nutrition knowledge and wellness practices.

2. What describes wellness in its broadest sense?

- A. Absence of disease**
- B. Negative health behavior**
- C. State of positive well-being**
- D. Maximal physical fitness**

Wellness, in its broadest sense, encompasses not only the absence of disease but also the overall state of positive well-being. This concept includes multiple dimensions of health, such as physical, mental, emotional, and social well-being. It emphasizes a holistic approach where individuals are encouraged to thrive and achieve their full potential, rather than simply avoiding illness. When considering wellness from this perspective, it becomes clear that it involves active participation in one's health through lifestyle choices that promote balance and fulfillment in life. This includes practices that enhance mental health, foster emotional stability, and promote social connections, all contributing to a sense of overall happiness and life satisfaction. Therefore, the emphasis on a state of positive well-being captures the comprehensive nature of wellness far better than other narrower definitions that focus primarily on the absence of illness or physical fitness alone.

3. What is one of the psychological effects of hypervigilance when officers are off duty?

- A. Increased social connections**
- B. Emotional withdrawal**
- C. Enhanced alertness**
- D. Greater professional engagement**

Hypervigilance, often experienced by law enforcement officers due to the nature of their work, can lead to significant psychological effects, especially when they are off duty. One notable effect is emotional withdrawal. This occurs because the constant state of heightened awareness and alertness required on the job can carry over into personal life, making it difficult for officers to relax and engage socially. When hypervigilance is present, an officer may find themselves overly focused on their environment, leading to feelings of anxiety and restlessness. Consequently, they may withdraw emotionally from family and friends, making connections seem burdensome rather than enjoyable. This withdrawal can stem from a need to remain on guard, a tendency to feel detached from relationships, or an inability to enjoy leisure time without the weight of job-related stress influencing their moods and interactions. This response highlights the impact of an officer's professional demands on their mental health and social relationships, emphasizing the importance of mental health resources and coping strategies for those in law enforcement.

4. How frequently should flexibility training be done for optimal results?

- A. Once a month**
- B. Every day**
- C. At least 2-3 times per week**
- D. Only when experiencing stiffness**

Flexibility training is essential for improving the range of motion in the joints and can enhance overall physical performance, prevent injuries, and aid in recovery. For optimal results, it is recommended to engage in flexibility training at least 2-3 times per week. This frequency allows the muscles to adapt and lengthen effectively, contributing to better flexibility over time. Training more frequently, such as every day, might not be necessary for everyone and could lead to overexertion or fatigue, especially if the body does not have adequate time to recover. Flexibility work does not always need to occur daily; rather, a consistent schedule of 2-3 sessions per week can be sufficient to see improvements. Additionally, performing flexibility training only when experiencing stiffness fails to create a proactive approach to maintaining and improving flexibility. Regular practice, independent of discomfort, ensures that flexibility becomes a maintained attribute rather than a reactive one. This means that incorporating flexibility training consistently into one's regimen can lead to better long-term results.

5. Which of the following is a common physical effect of steroid use?

- A. Decreased muscle mass**
- B. Increased muscle mass**
- C. Stable muscle mass**
- D. Muscle mass reduction**

Increased muscle mass is a well-documented effect of steroid use, particularly anabolic steroids. These substances promote protein synthesis within cells, leading to an increase in muscle size and strength. Steroids enhance the body's ability to recover from workouts, allowing for more intense training and faster gains in muscle mass. This interaction with the body's hormonal systems primarily targets the testosterone pathways, which are critical for muscle development. In contrast, options related to decreased or stable muscle mass are not characteristic outcomes of steroid use. Steroid users typically seek to enhance their physical performance and appearance, and the primary effect is indeed the increase in muscle mass, making this choice accurate in the context of anabolic steroids' effects.

6. What is an important aspect of hand-eye coordination for law enforcement officers?

- A. Improved strength**
- B. Enhanced shooting accuracy**
- C. Greater flexibility**
- D. Better endurance**

Enhanced shooting accuracy is crucial for law enforcement officers as it directly impacts their ability to effectively and safely carry out their duties, particularly in situations that require the use of firearms. Hand-eye coordination plays a vital role in aiming and firing weapons accurately. It involves the integration of visual input with motor output, ensuring that what a law enforcement officer sees through their sights aligns precisely with the movement of their hands when pulling the trigger. This skill not only contributes to better target acquisition and shooting precision but also enhances overall operational effectiveness and safety for the officer and those around them. While improved strength, greater flexibility, and better endurance are all beneficial physical attributes for officers, they do not specifically address the critical need for coordination between visual perception and physical response that is integral to shooting accuracy in potentially life-threatening situations. Thus, the focus on enhanced shooting accuracy as a product of hand-eye coordination is particularly relevant in the context of law enforcement responsibilities.

7. What factors can influence the severity of the depression phase after a traumatic event?

- A. The officer's previous experiences**
- B. The reaction of peers**
- C. The officer's support system and community response**
- D. The nature of the traumatic event alone**

The severity of the depression phase following a traumatic event can be heavily influenced by the officer's support system and the response of the community. Strong social support from family, friends, and colleagues can provide emotional comfort, help mitigate feelings of isolation, and encourage healthy coping strategies. A supportive environment can play a crucial role in the recovery process, making it easier for individuals to process their trauma and reducing the likelihood of prolonged or severe depressive episodes. In contrast, a lack of support or negative community responses can exacerbate feelings of despair and helplessness. This highlights the importance of community and social networks in mental health recovery after trauma, indicating that external factors significantly shape the internal experience of depression.

8. How do you calculate daily fat calories?

- A. Multiply total calories by % fat calories**
- B. Divide total calories by % fat calories**
- C. Add total calories and % fat calories**
- D. Subtract % fat calories from total calories**

To calculate daily fat calories accurately, you need to multiply the total daily calorie intake by the percentage of calories that come from fats. This is because fat is a macronutrient that provides a specific amount of calories per gram, and understanding the proportion that fats represent in your diet is essential for nutritional planning. When calculating, you first express the percentage as a decimal. For example, if 20% of your total calories come from fat, you would convert that to 0.20. Then, you multiply this decimal by your total calorie intake. If your total daily caloric intake is, say, 2000 calories, you would calculate: $2000 \text{ calories} \times 0.20 = 400 \text{ calories from fat}$. This calculation allows you to determine how many calories should come from fat based on your dietary preferences or nutritional goals. Thus, using this method will give you the correct amount of calories from fat, ensuring that your overall diet aligns with your fitness needs. The other methods listed do not accurately reflect how to find the calorie contribution from fat. For instance, dividing total calories by the percentage of fat does not yield the correct amount of fat calories, nor do adding or subtracting percentages provide a valid method for determining fat calorie intake.

9. What is the primary cause of death for law enforcement professionals?

- A. Accidents**
- B. Cardiovascular disease**
- C. Gun-related incidents**
- D. Suicide**

Cardiovascular disease is recognized as the primary cause of death for law enforcement professionals due to several related factors within the profession. Law enforcement officers often experience high levels of stress, which can contribute significantly to cardiovascular issues. The demanding nature of their work, combined with irregular hours, can lead to unhealthy lifestyle choices, such as poor diet and insufficient exercise, further increasing the risk of heart disease. In addition, the physical demands of the job can place additional strain on the cardiovascular system. High-stress situations, such as responding to emergencies or engaging in high-pressure scenarios, may elevate adrenaline levels, leading to acute cardiovascular events. These factors make it essential for law enforcement agencies to emphasize wellness programs that include fitness and health education to mitigate risks related to cardiovascular disease. While other causes of death, such as accidents, gun-related incidents, and suicide, are significant concerns for law enforcement professionals, statistical data consistently shows that cardiovascular disease remains the leading cause of fatality in this field, highlighting the need for ongoing health management and preventive measures.

10. What is the foundation of the Wellness Pyramid?

- A. Self Responsibility**
- B. Weight Control**
- C. Regular Exercise and Proper Nutrition**
- D. Tobacco Cessation**

The foundation of the Wellness Pyramid is centered around regular exercise and proper nutrition because these elements form the basis of a healthy lifestyle. Engaging in regular physical activity provides numerous benefits, including improved cardiovascular health, increased strength and flexibility, and mental well-being. Proper nutrition complements this by supplying the body with essential vitamins, minerals, and energy needed to function optimally. Together, these two components support overall health, help maintain an appropriate weight, and reduce the risk of chronic diseases, making them fundamental pillars of wellness. While other aspects like self-responsibility, weight control, and tobacco cessation are indeed important to overall wellness, they are typically built upon the foundational practices of exercise and nutrition. Self-responsibility involves making informed decisions about one's health and wellness, which naturally encompasses engaging in regular exercise and maintaining a balanced diet. Weight control relies heavily on these foundational elements since achieving and maintaining a healthy weight is much more manageable with consistent physical activity and appropriate nutrition. Tobacco cessation is an important health goal, but it does not serve as the underlying foundation of the Wellness Pyramid.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://tcolegitnesswellness.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!