

Super Hornet Plane Captain Board Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. How often must a qualified plane captain perform a monitor proficiency?**
 - A. Every three months**
 - B. Semi-annually**
 - C. Annually**
 - D. Quarterly**

- 2. What should you do with the safety pins when soloing a dual-seat aircraft?**
 - A. Leave them in**
 - B. Remove them**
 - C. Leave them in only for external checks**
 - D. Check each pin before flight**

- 3. What is the maximum percentage of missing fasteners allowed in the aircraft's fastener rules?**
 - A. 5%**
 - B. 10%**
 - C. 15%**
 - D. 20%**

- 4. What should you check before closing the aircraft canopy?**
 - A. Fuel levels**
 - B. Clearance of personnel and objects**
 - C. Flight instruments**
 - D. Weather conditions**

- 5. How long is a turnaround valid for?**
 - A. 12 hours**
 - B. 24 hours**
 - C. 48 hours**
 - D. 72 hours**

- 6. What size drive tool is used to open the canopy of the Super Hornet?**
- A. 1/4 inch drive tool**
 - B. 3/8 inch drive tool**
 - C. 1/2 inch drive tool**
 - D. 5/8 inch drive tool**
- 7. What should be done if an aircraft has a bulls-eye?**
- A. Call for a maintenance crew**
 - B. Taxi the aircraft 300ft clear on both sides of personnel and equipment**
 - C. Shut down the engines immediately**
 - D. Flight operations should continue as normal**
- 8. What should you do if an aircraft experiences brake failure?**
- A. Continue taxiing until reaching the destination**
 - B. Call for assistance immediately**
 - C. Taxi the aircraft in a circle and place chocks under the tires when slowed**
 - D. Attempt to brake using the emergency system**
- 9. What position should all switches be in for the pre-inspection checklist?**
- A. Manual, Override, Auto, Safety**
 - B. Normal, Off, Auto, Safety**
 - C. Standby, Normal, Manual, Off**
 - D. Off, Safety, Auto, Normal**
- 10. Where is one of the Delta-P indicators located on the jet?**
- A. In the tail section**
 - B. In door 54 L/R**
 - C. Under the cockpit**
 - D. On the main wings**

Answers

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1. B
2. B
3. B
4. B
5. B
6. B
7. B
8. C
9. B
10. B

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Explanations

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1. How often must a qualified plane captain perform a monitor proficiency?

- A. Every three months
- B. Semi-annually**
- C. Annually
- D. Quarterly

A qualified plane captain must perform a monitor proficiency semi-annually to ensure they maintain the necessary skills and knowledge required for the position. This frequency is designed to keep plane captains updated on any procedural changes, safety protocols, and technical knowledge required for the Super Hornet aircraft, ensuring optimal performance and safety during operations. By revisiting essential training every six months, plane captains can effectively reinforce their competencies and remain current with evolving aviation standards and practices. This frequency strikes a balance between regular assessment and the time required for refreshing skills without overwhelming the individuals in training or operational commitments.

2. What should you do with the safety pins when soloing a dual-seat aircraft?

- A. Leave them in
- B. Remove them**
- C. Leave them in only for external checks
- D. Check each pin before flight

When soloing a dual-seat aircraft, removing the safety pins is the correct practice. The safety pins are important safety mechanisms designed to prevent accidental deployment of various systems, such as ejection seats or other critical aircraft systems. When a pilot is operating the aircraft alone, it is essential that these pins are removed to ensure full functionality and readiness for flight. By removing the pins, you are preparing the aircraft for solo operation, ensuring that all systems, including ejection seats if applicable, function correctly without the hindrance of safety mechanisms typically needed when there is a second crew member in the aircraft. This removal is a crucial part of the pre-flight checks to confirm that the aircraft is fully operational and safe for the intended flight execution. In summary, removing the safety pins is essential for allowing full access to aircraft systems and ensuring that everything is functioning as necessary during solo operation.

3. What is the maximum percentage of missing fasteners allowed in the aircraft's fastener rules?

- A. 5%
- B. 10%**
- C. 15%
- D. 20%

The correct answer is based on the guidelines established for aircraft maintenance concerning fasteners. In aviation maintenance, particularly for military aircraft such as the Super Hornet, strict standards are enforced to ensure safety and operational integrity. The maximum allowable percentage of missing fasteners is set at 10%. This threshold is crucial because fasteners play a vital role in securing various structural components of the aircraft. Allowing a maximum of 10% acknowledges the critical nature of these components while still permitting a small margin for oversight in rigorous maintenance environments. Exceeding this percentage could compromise the structural integrity of the aircraft, potentially leading to safety hazards during flight. Consequently, understanding and adhering to this standard is essential for all personnel involved in aircraft maintenance and operations.

4. What should you check before closing the aircraft canopy?

- A. Fuel levels
- B. Clearance of personnel and objects**
- C. Flight instruments
- D. Weather conditions

Before closing the aircraft canopy, the primary focus should be on ensuring that personnel and any objects are clear of the canopy area. This is essential for safety; closing the canopy while someone is still within reach can lead to serious injuries. Additionally, ensuring that no tools or equipment are left in the vicinity of the canopy is vital to prevent damage to the aircraft and its systems. The safety checks before canopy closure center around minimizing the risk of accidents. This practice emphasizes the importance of communication and awareness in the aircraft environment, ensuring that everyone involved is informed and accounted for before the canopy is secured. By prioritizing personnel and object clearance, you contribute to a safer operational procedure.

5. How long is a turnaround valid for?

- A. 12 hours
- B. 24 hours**
- C. 48 hours
- D. 72 hours

The duration for which a turnaround is valid is 24 hours. This timeframe is crucial in the context of aviation operations, as it ensures that the aircraft has been thoroughly checked and is fit for further flights within a specified period. This 24-hour window allows for necessary inspections, maintenance actions, and any operational checks that may be required before the next flight. It provides a balance between safety and efficiency, allowing for timely operations without compromising the integrity of the aircraft. Understanding this timeframe is essential for those involved in aircraft maintenance and operational readiness, as it dictates the frequency of checks and certifications needed to keep the aircraft safe and operational.

6. What size drive tool is used to open the canopy of the Super Hornet?

- A. 1/4 inch drive tool**
- B. 3/8 inch drive tool**
- C. 1/2 inch drive tool**
- D. 5/8 inch drive tool**

The correct answer is the 3/8 inch drive tool, which is used for opening the canopy of the Super Hornet. This size of drive tool is specifically designed to fit the necessary fasteners that secure the canopy, allowing for safe and efficient operation. Utilizing the proper drive tool ensures that the canopy can be opened without causing damage to the mechanism or the aircraft structure itself. A tool that is either too large or too small may not provide the necessary leverage or fit, potentially leading to stripped fasteners or unsafe handling during operations.

7. What should be done if an aircraft has a bulls-eye?

- A. Call for a maintenance crew**
- B. Taxi the aircraft 300ft clear on both sides of personnel and equipment**
- C. Shut down the engines immediately**
- D. Flight operations should continue as normal**

When an aircraft has a bulls-eye, which typically indicates an emergency situation or a potential hazard that needs immediate attention, the most appropriate action is to ensure safety by taxiing the aircraft 300 feet clear of personnel and equipment. This maneuver is crucial to create a safe distance from the aircraft, protecting those on the ground from any potential risks associated with the identified issue. By maintaining this safe distance, the risk of injury to personnel and damage to equipment is significantly minimized. It allows for a clear area where maintenance crews can assess the situation without endangering anyone. This prioritization of safety in aviation operations is critical, especially in situations where there may be a risk of fire or other hazardous conditions. The other choices focus on shutting down the engines or continuing normal operations, which would either not adequately address the hazard or could exacerbate the situation. Calling for maintenance is a component of the overall response but does not directly address the immediate need to secure the area around the aircraft.

8. What should you do if an aircraft experiences brake failure?

- A. Continue taxiing until reaching the destination**
- B. Call for assistance immediately**
- C. Taxi the aircraft in a circle and place chocks under the tires when slowed**
- D. Attempt to brake using the emergency system**

In the scenario of brake failure, the best course of action is to taxi the aircraft in a circle and place chocks under the tires when it has slowed down. This approach allows the aircraft to be controlled in a limited area, reducing the risk of accidents or further complications. By creating a circular path, the plane captain can manage the aircraft's speed and direction while preparing to secure it safely. Once the aircraft has slowed down sufficiently, placing chocks under the tires is critical to preventing any unintended movement, which could potentially lead to dangerous situations. This maneuver is particularly advantageous if immediate assistance is not available, as it allows the crew to stabilize the aircraft until further actions can be taken. Using the emergency braking system is also a consideration, but it may not always be effective depending on the nature of the brake failure, which is why a backup plan that stabilizes the aircraft is essential. Continuing to taxi to the destination without corrective measures could lead to a loss of control, and calling for assistance should ideally be a part of a broader safety protocol rather than the immediate first step.

9. What position should all switches be in for the pre-inspection checklist?

- A. Manual, Override, Auto, Safety**
- B. Normal, Off, Auto, Safety**
- C. Standby, Normal, Manual, Off**
- D. Off, Safety, Auto, Normal**

The correct choice specifies that before beginning the pre-inspection checklist for the Super Hornet, switches should be in the Normal, Off, Auto, and Safety positions. This position configuration is essential for ensuring the safety and functionality of the aircraft. Setting switches to "Normal" ensures that systems are operating as expected under standard conditions. "Off" for certain systems, particularly those that are not required for the pre-inspection or could pose safety risks if left on, is crucial. The "Auto" position allows systems to automatically adjust as needed, which is important during initial checks. Lastly, having systems in the "Safety" position is critical to prevent unintended operation, providing an additional layer of safety during the inspection process. This systematic arrangement is designed to maintain operational safety and ensure that all systems are correctly set prior to inspection, preventing potential hazards and ensuring a smooth operational process.

10. Where is one of the Delta-P indicators located on the jet?

A. In the tail section

B. In door 54 L/R

C. Under the cockpit

D. On the main wings

The Delta-P indicator is specifically positioned in area door 54 L/R of the Super Hornet, which is crucial for monitoring differential pressure in various systems. This location allows easy access for maintenance personnel and provides an effective way to monitor critical system parameters during flight operations. Understanding the placement of the Delta-P indicator is important for both preflight checks and during flight, as it aids in ensuring that the aircraft systems are operating within safe and optimal parameters. The other locations mentioned do not house the Delta-P indicator; thus, recognizing its specific location is key for those working in aircraft maintenance and operations.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://superhornetplanecaptain.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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