

# State Truck Driving Championship Practice Test (Sample)

## Study Guide



**Everything you need from our exam experts!**

**This is a sample study guide. To access the full version with hundreds of questions,**

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# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

**This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:**

## 1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

**Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Don't worry about getting everything right, your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.**

## 2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

**Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations, and take breaks to retain information better.**

## 3. Learn from the Explanations

**After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.**

## 4. Track Your Progress

**Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.**

## 5. Simulate the Real Exam

**Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.**

## 6. Repeat and Review

**Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning.**

## 7. Use Other Tools

**Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.**

**There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly — adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!**

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## **Questions**

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- 1. In what year did Dwight D. Eisenhower sign the Federal Highway-Aid Act?**
  - A. 1956**
  - B. 1966**
  - C. 1976**
  - D. 1986**
  
- 2. Why do truck drivers carry reflective triangles?**
  - A. To mark their driving time**
  - B. For safety in roadside emergencies**
  - C. To enhance vehicle aesthetics**
  - D. To signal to other drivers to go around**
  
- 3. What is the benefit of catching issues during regular maintenance checks?**
  - A. To increase repair costs**
  - B. To delay vehicle performance**
  - C. To resolve issues before they escalate**
  - D. To avoid unnecessary repairs**
  
- 4. On what date did President George W. Bush sign the U.S. Patriot Act into law?**
  - A. September 11, 2001**
  - B. October 26, 2001**
  - C. December 12, 2001**
  - D. March 5, 2002**
  
- 5. Who is responsible for the accuracy of the driver's daily log?**
  - A. Only the driver**
  - B. Only the carrier**
  - C. Both the driver and his carrier**
  - D. Government authorities**

**6. What does the term "bill of lading" refer to?**

- A. A document that details the cargo being transported**
- B. A receipt for payment**
- C. A safety inspection report**
- D. A driver's logbook entry**

**7. Which of the following is NOT a consequence of neglecting regular maintenance?**

- A. Increased chance of accidents**
- B. Higher likelihood of vehicle breakdowns**
- C. Improved engine longevity**
- D. Greater repair costs**

**8. What is the purpose of speed limit signs for trucks?**

- A. To ensure safe travel speeds considering truck size and weight characteristics**
- B. To encourage drivers to race each other**
- C. To increase fuel efficiency**
- D. To control engine temperature**

**9. What should a driver NOT do to hold a parked unit?**

- A. Set the parking brake**
- B. Set trailer hand valve in applied position**
- C. Utilize wheel chocks**
- D. Engage the drive axle brakes**

**10. Who is responsible for properly classifying hazardous materials?**

- A. The shipper only**
- B. The driver only**
- C. The carrier only**
- D. The regulatory agency**

## **Answers**

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1. A
2. B
3. C
4. B
5. C
6. A
7. C
8. A
9. B
10. A

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## **Explanations**

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**1. In what year did Dwight D. Eisenhower sign the Federal Highway-Aid Act?**

- A. 1956**
- B. 1966**
- C. 1976**
- D. 1986**

The Federal Highway-Aid Act was signed by President Dwight D. Eisenhower in 1956. This significant piece of legislation was pivotal in the development of the Interstate Highway System in the United States, facilitating improved transportation infrastructure that would benefit commerce and defense. Eisenhower recognized the need for a robust highway system as a means to enhance mobility and safety for the American public and to support military logistics. The Act authorized the construction of an extensive network of highways, which has had lasting impacts on commerce, travel, and the economy over the decades. The year 1956 is often referred to as a landmark moment in American transportation history due to this pivotal act.

**2. Why do truck drivers carry reflective triangles?**

- A. To mark their driving time**
- B. For safety in roadside emergencies**
- C. To enhance vehicle aesthetics**
- D. To signal to other drivers to go around**

Truck drivers carry reflective triangles primarily for safety in roadside emergencies. These triangles serve as a warning signal to other drivers when a truck is stationary or disabled on the side of the road. By placing the reflective triangles at appropriate distances behind the vehicle, drivers can alert oncoming vehicles of a potential hazard, significantly reducing the risk of accidents. The reflective nature of these triangles helps ensure they are visible in low-light conditions, making them an essential safety tool for drivers. In the context of roadside emergencies, having this equipment readily accessible can mean the difference between a safe situation and a dangerous one for both the stopped driver and other motorists.

**3. What is the benefit of catching issues during regular maintenance checks?**

- A. To increase repair costs**
- B. To delay vehicle performance**
- C. To resolve issues before they escalate**
- D. To avoid unnecessary repairs**

Catching issues during regular maintenance checks is crucial for resolving problems before they escalate. Regular maintenance allows drivers and operators to identify minor issues before they develop into major, more costly repairs or even result in vehicle breakdowns. Early detection can significantly enhance vehicle safety, reliability, and overall performance. This proactive approach helps ensure that the vehicle remains in optimal condition, supporting efficient operation and extending its lifespan, which ultimately contributes to lower long-term costs for the trucking company. In contrast, increasing repair costs, delaying vehicle performance, and avoiding unnecessary repairs do not capture the proactive nature of maintenance checks. While maintenance does help to manage and reduce costs and maintain performance, the primary benefit is the early resolution of issues, which prevents more significant problems down the line.

**4. On what date did President George W. Bush sign the U.S. Patriot Act into law?**

- A. September 11, 2001**
- B. October 26, 2001**
- C. December 12, 2001**
- D. March 5, 2002**

The U.S. Patriot Act was signed into law by President George W. Bush on October 26, 2001. This legislation was enacted in response to the September 11 terrorist attacks, and it aimed to enhance law enforcement's ability to prevent terrorism. The timing of the signing is crucial in understanding the legislative context - it came shortly after the attacks, reflecting the urgent national security concerns at the time. This law significantly expanded the powers of law enforcement agencies for surveillance, intelligence gathering, and the sharing of information, marking a pivotal moment in U.S. policy regarding civil liberties and security measures. The context of the act and its immediate aftermath highlight why this specific date is historically significant.

## 5. Who is responsible for the accuracy of the driver's daily log?

- A. Only the driver**
- B. Only the carrier**
- C. Both the driver and his carrier**
- D. Government authorities**

The driver's daily log is a critical document for ensuring compliance with federal regulations regarding hours of service, and it holds significant importance for safety, accountability, and regulatory compliance. Both the driver and the carrier have fundamental roles in ensuring the accuracy of this log. The driver is responsible for accurately recording their hours of service, including driving time, off-duty hours, and rest breaks. This personal accountability ensures that the driver adheres to the regulations and avoids fatigue, which is crucial for safety on the road. On the other hand, the carrier, or trucking company, has a vested interest in monitoring the drivers' logs. They must ensure that their drivers are compliant with the hours of service regulations to operate safely and efficiently. The carrier is responsible for training drivers on proper logging procedures and may also review logs for compliance and accuracy. Together, the collaboration between the driver and the carrier in maintaining the accuracy of daily logs promotes a culture of safety and responsibility, aligning with federal regulations and industry standards. This shared responsibility is essential for the safe operation of commercial vehicles.

## 6. What does the term "bill of lading" refer to?

- A. A document that details the cargo being transported**
- B. A receipt for payment**
- C. A safety inspection report**
- D. A driver's logbook entry**

The term "bill of lading" refers specifically to a document that details the cargo being transported. This document serves multiple essential functions in the logistics and transportation industry. Firstly, it acts as a receipt issued by the carrier once the goods have been loaded onto the transport vehicle, confirming that the cargo is in their possession. Secondly, it describes the specifics of the shipment, including the type of goods, quantity, and destination, which is crucial for both the shipper and the carrier. Additionally, the bill of lading can also serve as a legal document that outlines the terms and conditions of the transportation agreement. By documenting these details, the bill of lading plays a vital role in ensuring accountability and transparency during the shipping process. It helps facilitate claims in cases of loss or damage and assists customs and border authorities in their inspections and processing. Understanding the function of a bill of lading is fundamental for those involved in freight transportation and logistics.

**7. Which of the following is NOT a consequence of neglecting regular maintenance?**

- A. Increased chance of accidents**
- B. Higher likelihood of vehicle breakdowns**
- C. Improved engine longevity**
- D. Greater repair costs**

Regular maintenance is crucial for ensuring a vehicle operates safely and efficiently. Neglecting it can lead to several negative outcomes. Improved engine longevity is not a consequence of ignoring regular maintenance. In fact, appropriate maintenance, which includes oil changes, filter replacements, and regular inspections, plays a significant role in extending engine life. Routine servicing helps prevent wear and tear, diminishes the chances of significant failures, and promotes overall engine health. On the other hand, failing to maintain a vehicle typically increases the likelihood of accidents, because issues like poor brake performance or malfunctioning lights can arise. It can also lead to a higher risk of breakdowns while driving, as essential components may wear out or fail without timely service. Lastly, neglecting regular care generally results in greater repair costs down the line due to minor issues developing into major problems that require expensive fixes. Therefore, the option indicating an improvement in engine longevity contrasts sharply with the consequences of neglecting maintenance.

**8. What is the purpose of speed limit signs for trucks?**

- A. To ensure safe travel speeds considering truck size and weight characteristics**
- B. To encourage drivers to race each other**
- C. To increase fuel efficiency**
- D. To control engine temperature**

The primary purpose of speed limit signs for trucks is to ensure safe travel speeds, taking into account the unique size and weight characteristics of these vehicles. Trucks are typically larger and heavier than standard passenger vehicles, which affects their handling, braking distance, and overall dynamics on the road. By establishing specific speed limits for trucks, traffic regulations aim to enhance safety for both truck drivers and other road users by reducing the risk of accidents that may occur when trucks travel at inappropriate speeds for their design. Additionally, these speed limits help to promote more predictable traffic flow and mitigate the wear and tear on road infrastructure that can be caused by heavier vehicles traveling too fast. This consideration for safety and practicality is fundamental in designating speed limits for larger vehicles. While managing fuel efficiency and engine temperature may be byproducts of adhering to recommended speed limits, the primary intent of such regulations is safety in relation to the specific characteristics of trucks. Speed limits are not in place to encourage competitive driving but rather to maintain orderly and safe conduct on the roads.

## 9. What should a driver NOT do to hold a parked unit?

- A. Set the parking brake**
- B. Set trailer hand valve in applied position**
- C. Utilize wheel chocks**
- D. Engage the drive axle brakes**

To hold a parked unit securely, a driver must utilize effective methods to prevent any unintentional movement. Setting the parking brake is standard practice as it engages the brakes of the vehicle, providing a primary means of securing it in place. Utilizing wheel chocks adds an additional layer of safety by physically blocking the wheels from rolling, which is especially important on inclines or uneven surfaces. Engaging the drive axle brakes is a technique applicable in certain scenarios; however, using them as a standalone method can be less reliable when the vehicle is parked and not running. In contrast, setting the trailer hand valve in an applied position is not a safe or standard way to secure a parked unit. The hand valve primarily controls the trailer brakes but does not serve as the primary method of securing the vehicle. It can be ineffective if the trailer is disconnected from a power source or if there is a failure in the valve system itself. Therefore, it is not recommended as the sole method for holding a parked unit.

## 10. Who is responsible for properly classifying hazardous materials?

- A. The shipper only**
- B. The driver only**
- C. The carrier only**
- D. The regulatory agency**

The shipper is responsible for properly classifying hazardous materials because they are the ones who have the knowledge of the materials being transported and their inherent risks. Accurate classification is essential to ensure that the materials are handled, packaged, and labeled according to regulatory requirements, which is crucial for safety during transportation. The shipper must comply with guidelines set by entities such as the Department of Transportation (DOT) and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). This responsibility includes determining the proper hazard classification, ensuring proper documentation, and using the correct labeling and marking on packages. While the driver, carrier, and regulatory agency each play important roles in the safe transportation of hazardous materials, their responsibilities do not include classifying and labeling these materials. The driver's main role is to transport the materials safely and adhere to safety protocols and regulations set forth. The carrier ensures compliance with laws and regulations but ultimately relies on correct classification provided by the shipper. The regulatory agency sets the guidelines but does not get involved in the individual classification done by the shippers.

# Next Steps

**Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.**

**As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.**

**If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).**

**Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:**

**<https://statetruckdrivingchampionship.examzify.com>**

**We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!**

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