

STAN MUCINICS PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. What does SMDA stand for?**
 - A. Safe Medical Devices Act
 - B. Safe Medical Device Act
 - C. Safe Medical Data Act
 - D. Secure Medical Devices Act
- 2. NLRB stands for which organization?**
 - A. National Labor Rights Board
 - B. National Law and Rights Board
 - C. National Labor Relations Board
 - D. National League for Rights and Bylaws
- 3. What percentage weight loss over 3 months is considered significant?**
 - A. 7.5 %
 - B. 5 %
 - C. 10 %
 - D. 3 %
- 4. What is the turnover rate for a 100-bed facility with the given data?**
 - A. 3%
 - B. 10.1%
 - C. 4.9%
 - D. 7.9%
- 5. Depreciation in asset accounting most directly serves to:**
 - A. Allocate the cost of a tangible asset over its useful life
 - B. Record cash inflows from asset sales
 - C. Increase asset value
 - D. Reduce operating expenses
- 6. An individual approved to self-administer medications must be assessed as oriented to which designation?**
 - A. X1
 - B. X2
 - C. X3
 - D. X4

7. Cost reports are due after how many months at the end of the fiscal year?

- A. 6 months
- B. 1 month
- C. 3 months or 90 days
- D. 12 months

8. What is PBJ?

- A. Payment Based Journal
- B. Provider Based Journal
- C. Payroll Based Journal
- D. Personnel Based Journal

9. How many groups are protected by the Civil Rights Act?

- A. Four
- B. Six
- C. Five
- D. Three

10. Which statement about the Wagner Act is supported by the material?

- A. It requires management to sign a collective bargaining agreement
- B. It guarantees job security for all employees
- C. It mandates equal pay for equal work across all industries
- D. It is enforced by the National Labor Relations Board

Answers

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1. A
2. C
3. B
4. B
5. A
6. C
7. C
8. C
9. C
10. D

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Explanations

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1. What does SMDA stand for?

- A. Safe Medical Devices Act**
- B. Safe Medical Device Act
- C. Safe Medical Data Act
- D. Secure Medical Devices Act

The key idea is to recognize regulatory acronyms and what they stand for. SMDA stands for Safe Medical Devices Act, the U.S. law enacted in 1990 to strengthen the FDA's oversight of medical devices after they reach the market. It expands postmarket surveillance by requiring reporting of adverse device-related deaths and serious injuries and gives the FDA authority to mandate recalls when necessary. The other options change a word (Data vs Devices) or use a different term (Secure) and do not reflect the actual title of the legislation.

2. NLRB stands for which organization?

- A. National Labor Rights Board
- B. National Law and Rights Board
- C. National Labor Relations Board**
- D. National League for Rights and Bylaws

This question tests your knowledge of what NLRB stands for. NLRB stands for National Labor Relations Board. It's an independent federal agency in the United States that enforces the National Labor Relations Act, protecting employees' right to form and join unions and bargain collectively, and preventing unfair labor practices by employers and unions. The agency also conducts elections to determine employee representation and provides remedies for violations. It originated with the Wagner Act of 1935 and remains independent from the Department of Labor to preserve impartiality. The other options don't match the official name.

3. What percentage weight loss over 3 months is considered significant?

- A. 7.5 %
- B. 5 %**
- C. 10 %
- D. 3 %

A weight loss of about 5% over three months is considered significant because even moderate losses can signal underlying issues such as reduced intake, chronic disease, inflammation, or other catabolic processes. This level of loss is enough to impact energy, immune function, and overall function, especially in adults who are older or frail, and it typically prompts a clinical evaluation for causes and an intervention plan. Smaller losses, like around 3%, can occur with normal variation or measurement error and may not by themselves indicate a problem unless accompanied by other signs. Larger losses, such as 7.5% or 10%, reflect more severe malnutrition and higher risk, but the threshold commonly used to flag concern is 5% over three months.

4. What is the turnover rate for a 100-bed facility with the given data?

- A. 3%
- B. 10.1%**
- C. 4.9%
- D. 7.9%

Turnover rate shows how many employees left relative to how many were on the payroll, during a period. The standard way to measure it is to take the number of separations (employees who left) and divide by the average number of employees on the payroll during that period, then multiply by 100 to express it as a percent. This approach accounts for staffing that changes month to month, rather than just looking at a single snapshot. With the data given for the 100-bed facility, those two numbers combine to a ratio of about 0.101, which is 10.1% when expressed as a percentage. That's why this option matches the conventional turnover calculation using the period's separations and average staffing. If you used the total beds as a denominator, or used the end-of-period headcount or the number of hires instead of separations, you'd get a different figure, not the turnover rate defined above.

5. Depreciation in asset accounting most directly serves to:

- A. Allocate the cost of a tangible asset over its useful life**
- B. Record cash inflows from asset sales
- C. Increase asset value
- D. Reduce operating expenses

Depreciation is about spreading the cost of a tangible asset over the periods that benefit from its use. This aligns the expense with the time during which the asset helps generate revenue, which is the essence of the matching principle in accounting. Since depreciation is a non-cash expense, it reduces reported net income without requiring a current outlay of cash. Over time, the asset's book value on the balance sheet declines as depreciation accumulates, reflecting that the asset is being used up. This is why the option that describes depreciation as a way to allocate the asset's cost over its useful life is the best choice. It's not about generating cash inflows from asset sales—that's handled by proceeds and any gains or losses on disposal. It doesn't increase asset value; it steadily reduces the asset's carrying amount on the books. And while depreciation is an expense, it does not "reduce operating expenses" in the sense of increasing profitability; it is an expense that lowers net income, and in cash flow terms it is added back when calculating cash from operations because it doesn't involve an actual cash outflow.

6. An individual approved to self-administer medications must be assessed as oriented to which designation?

- A. X1
- B. X2
- C. X3**
- D. X4

The key idea is that safe self-administration of medications depends on a person being fully aware of themselves and their immediate surroundings. Being oriented to person, place, and time means they know who they are, where they are, and what time it is. This level of awareness is essential for taking the right medication at the right dose and on the correct schedule, and it helps prevent mix-ups or mistakes about when to take a dose. If someone isn't oriented to these basics, they can't reliably manage their meds themselves. Orientation to situation (the broader context) goes beyond what's needed for basic self-administration, and lesser levels of orientation don't provide enough awareness to ensure safe dosing. So the designation that best fits the requirement for self-administration is the one that confirms awareness of person, place, and time.

7. Cost reports are due after how many months at the end of the fiscal year?

- A. 6 months
- B. 1 month
- C. 3 months or 90 days**
- D. 12 months

Cost reports are expected within a defined window after the fiscal year ends. The standard deadline is 90 days, about three months, after year-end. This period gives enough time to gather all cost data, allocate shared costs, reconcile accounts, and perform any necessary internal checks before submitting the report. Submitting sooner (like one month) is usually not feasible because data collection and validation take time, while waiting longer (six or twelve months) would delay reimbursements and audits and slow the close process. So, three months (90 days) after year-end is the appropriate, timely deadline.

8. What is PBJ?

- A. Payment Based Journal
- B. Provider Based Journal
- C. Payroll Based Journal**
- D. Personnel Based Journal

Payroll-Based Journal is a CMS data collection system that requires facilities to report payroll data for staff who provide or supervise direct patient care. The data come from payroll records, not schedules or invoices, and CMS uses it to verify staffing levels and support oversight of Medicare/Medicaid payments and quality programs. This is why it matches the term Payroll-Based Journal—the emphasis is on payroll data—unlike the other options, which don't reflect the source or purpose of this reporting system.

9. How many groups are protected by the Civil Rights Act?

- A. Four
- B. Six
- C. Five**
- D. Three

Five groups are protected under the Civil Rights Act: race, color, religion, sex, and national origin. The law lists these bases of discrimination and prohibits treating people differently in areas like employment and public accommodations. That explicit five-part list is why the correct count is five. Other protections, such as age or disability, come from different laws and aren't part of this act, so they don't change how many groups are counted here.

10. Which statement about the Wagner Act is supported by the material?

- A. It requires management to sign a collective bargaining agreement
- B. It guarantees job security for all employees
- C. It mandates equal pay for equal work across all industries
- D. It is enforced by the National Labor Relations Board**

The main idea tested is how the Wagner Act is put into effect and who enforces its provisions. The act protects workers' right to organize and bargain collectively and creates the National Labor Relations Board to oversee these rights in practice. The NLRB runs elections to determine union representation, investigates and remedies unfair labor practices by employers and unions, and enforces the act's requirements, including bargaining in good faith after a union is chosen. This makes the statement that it is enforced by the National Labor Relations Board the best fit. The other points go beyond what the Wagner Act establishes: it does not require management to sign a collective bargaining agreement, it does not guarantee job security for all employees, and it does not mandate equal pay across all industries.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://stanmucinics.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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