

Senior Professional in Human Resources (SPHR) Certification Practice Exam (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

This is a sample study guide. To access the full version with hundreds of questions,

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Don't worry about getting everything right, your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations, and take breaks to retain information better.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning.

7. Use Other Tools

Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly — adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

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Questions

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- 1. Engineers, nurses, and physicians are most likely to belong to which type of union?**
 - A. Nongovernmental**
 - B. Professional**
 - C. Industrial**
 - D. Services**
- 2. If a controller misrepresents financial transactions to pay herself unauthorized vacation time, this is an example of?**
 - A. Fraudulent activity**
 - B. Deception**
 - C. Forgery**
 - D. Misrepresentation of financial statements**
- 3. Which of the following is an example of a business operating expense?**
 - A. Salaries**
 - B. Rent**
 - C. Software licenses**
 - D. All of the above**
- 4. What can discourteous behavior escalate into if left unaddressed?**
 - A. Unlawful harassment**
 - B. Violation of a company's code of conduct**
 - C. Workplace violence**
 - D. All of the above**
- 5. Which common practice is used to recognize and reward employee performance on a team-based level?**
 - A. Individual bonuses**
 - B. Team-based incentives**
 - C. Mandatory training sessions**
 - D. Workplace assessments**

6. What is the primary distinction between andragogy and pedagogy?

- A. Adults learn using visual, auditory, and tactile skills; children are mostly tactile**
- B. Adults collect information for immediate use; children acquire general knowledge for future use**
- C. Adults are dependent on others for useful knowledge; children are more independent and explorative**
- D. There are no real differences between the two**

7. If management reports an employee downloading sensitive information, what is the recommended course of action?

- A. Confront the employee and immediately search them and their belongings**
- B. Call the police**
- C. Confront the employee and show the proof of the theft**
- D. Nothing; employee surveillance is unlawful**

8. What does the concept of emotional labor refer to in emotional intelligence?

- A. The management of one's own emotions**
- B. The effort to understand others' emotions**
- C. The adaptation of emotions for social situations**
- D. The ability to influence others' feelings**

9. What do employee handbooks usually contain regarding workplace conduct?

- A. Policies only**
- B. Procedures only**
- C. Rules and Regulations**
- D. All types of guidelines**

10. Which intervention strategy is recommended to improve creativity and innovation in the workplace?

- A. Create a bonus program.**
- B. Increase diversity.**
- C. Improve the quality of tools and equipment.**
- D. Allow employees to adjust their schedules.**

Answers

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1. B
2. A
3. D
4. D
5. B
6. B
7. C
8. C
9. D
10. B

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Explanations

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1. Engineers, nurses, and physicians are most likely to belong to which type of union?

- A. Nongovernmental**
- B. Professional**
- C. Industrial**
- D. Services**

The correct response highlights the unique nature of professional unions, which usually encompass occupations that require specialized education and training, such as engineering, nursing, and medicine. These professionals often seek to address issues specific to their fields, including standards of practice, continuing education, ethical guidelines, and advocacy for their profession. Professional unions typically work towards the advancement and regulation of the profession itself, seeking to enhance the skills and competencies of their members while providing a collective voice on pertinent issues that affect their work environment and professional development. These unions also support legislative initiatives that impact their professions, emphasizing the importance of quality standards and ethical practice in specialized fields. In contrast, nongovernmental unions may represent a broader range of employees without the specific professional focus. Industrial unions are typically centered around workers in manufacturing and other industries. Services unions often encompass a wide variety of roles that focus on service-oriented occupations but do not specifically cater to the unique needs and considerations of high-skilled professionals like engineers, nurses, and physicians. Thus, professional unions are the most appropriate categorization for these professions due to their specialized nature and the collective objectives they achieve.

2. If a controller misrepresents financial transactions to pay herself unauthorized vacation time, this is an example of?

- A. Fraudulent activity**
- B. Deception**
- C. Forgery**
- D. Misrepresentation of financial statements**

This situation exemplifies fraudulent activity because it involves intentional deception aimed at personal gain, specifically through the manipulation of financial records to secure unauthorized benefits. The controller's actions constitute a clear breach of ethical standards and represent a deliberate effort to mislead the organization for self-serving purposes. Fraudulent activity encompasses a broader range of dishonest actions that result in unlawful or unethical outcomes, which, in this case, is the unauthorized payment for vacation time. The act not only undermines the integrity of financial reporting but also potentially exposes the organization to legal consequences and reputational harm. While deception is a component of how the fraudulent activity is carried out, it does not alone encompass the full scope of the act. Forgery typically involves altering documents or signatures, which may not be directly applicable unless there was physical falsification of documentation. Misrepresentation of financial statements is a concept that could relate to the broader context, but it does not specifically address the personal gain aspect inherent in this scenario. Thus, fraudulent activity is the most fitting classification for this misconduct.

3. Which of the following is an example of a business operating expense?

- A. A. Salaries**
- B. B. Rent**
- C. C. Software licenses**
- D. D. All of the above**

The option indicating that all choices represent business operating expenses accurately reflects the various types of costs incurred by a business during its regular functioning. Operating expenses are ongoing costs that a company needs to run its operations, excluding capital expenditures. Salaries are a significant operating expense as they represent the remuneration paid to employees for their labor, which is essential for maintaining daily operations and delivering services or products. Rent is another critical operating expense, representing the cost of leasing physical space necessary for business activities. Software licenses also qualify as operating expenses since they involve payments for the use of software tools that facilitate business processes and operations. Every listed item directly contributes to the functioning of the business and is considered an essential element of operational costs, hence justifying the conclusion that all of the options qualify as business operating expenses.

4. What can discourteous behavior escalate into if left unaddressed?

- A. Unlawful harassment**
- B. Violation of a company's code of conduct**
- C. Workplace violence**
- D. All of the above**

Discourteous behavior, if not addressed, can deteriorate into a range of serious issues, making "all of the above" the most comprehensive answer. When individuals engage in discourteous conduct, it sets a precedent that may embolden them to continue and escalate their behavior. Unlawful harassment can arise when inappropriate comments or actions are directed towards individuals based on protected characteristics, such as gender, race, or disability. If discourteous behavior includes offensive remarks, it can lead to an environment where harassment becomes more common and accepted. Similarly, violations of a company's code of conduct can occur if discourteous behavior breaches established workplace policies. Organizations typically have guidelines that promote respect and professionalism, and failing to address discourteous actions can signal that such policies are not enforced, allowing further misbehavior. Additionally, the situation can intensify into workplace violence. Discourteous behavior often undermines team cohesion and trust, which can create tensions. If left unchecked, these stresses can manifest in aggressive or violent actions. Hence, given the potential for all these serious repercussions, addressing discourteous behavior is vital in maintaining a healthy and safe workplace environment.

5. Which common practice is used to recognize and reward employee performance on a team-based level?

- A. Individual bonuses**
- B. Team-based incentives**
- C. Mandatory training sessions**
- D. Workplace assessments**

Team-based incentives are effective in recognizing and rewarding employee performance within a collective environment. This practice encourages collaboration and enhances the overall productivity of the team by directly linking the rewards to the team's performance outcomes. When employees understand that their contributions to the team's success will be acknowledged through shared rewards, they are more likely to engage actively with their colleagues. This can foster a sense of unity and motivate individuals to work together towards common goals, ultimately improving team dynamics and results. In contrast, individual bonuses typically focus on personal performance rather than team success, which might not promote teamwork. Mandatory training sessions are aimed at skill enhancement rather than performance recognition and do not provide immediate reward incentives. Workplace assessments generally serve to evaluate employee performance but do not intrinsically offer recognition or rewards based on team performance. Therefore, team-based incentives are specifically designed to address the collective efforts of a group, making them the most suitable choice for recognizing and rewarding performance on a team level.

6. What is the primary distinction between andragogy and pedagogy?

- A. Adults learn using visual, auditory, and tactile skills; children are mostly tactile**
- B. Adults collect information for immediate use; children acquire general knowledge for future use**
- C. Adults are dependent on others for useful knowledge; children are more independent and explorative**
- D. There are no real differences between the two**

The primary distinction between andragogy, which refers to the methods and principles used in adult education, and pedagogy, which focuses on teaching children, lies in the ways in which adults and children approach learning. Adults typically engage in learning with a purpose, often seeking knowledge for immediate application in their lives, careers, or personal development. In contrast, children's learning tends to be more generalized and exploratory, with an emphasis on building a foundational knowledge base that may not have immediate application. This highlights that adults are usually motivated to learn by their current needs and the desire to solve specific problems or improve their skills, while children focus on understanding concepts that will be built upon in the future. This key difference reflects the unique experiences and life contexts of adults compared to children, influencing their learning styles, motivations, and the outcomes they expect from the educational process. The other options do not accurately capture the core distinction between andragogy and pedagogy. The focus on learning styles or the degree of dependence on others does not fundamentally delineate adult versus child learning in the same meaningful way that the immediacy and application of knowledge does.

7. If management reports an employee downloading sensitive information, what is the recommended course of action?

- A. Confront the employee and immediately search them and their belongings**
- B. Call the police**
- C. Confront the employee and show the proof of the theft**
- D. Nothing; employee surveillance is unlawful**

The recommended course of action involves confronting the employee and showing the proof of the theft. This approach is appropriate as it ensures that the situation is addressed directly and transparently while also allowing the employee the opportunity to explain their actions. By presenting the evidence of the alleged download of sensitive information, the management can engage in a discussion that may reveal context, intent, or any misunderstandings regarding the incident. This method supports a fair and consistent application of company policies regarding data security and protect itself legally. It demonstrates a commitment to due process and provides a chance for the employee to be heard before any further actions are taken. It also helps in maintaining a level of professional conduct within the organization by not escalating the situation unnecessarily or making accusations without a proper dialogue. This responsiveness can also contribute to understanding and preventing similar incidents in the future.

8. What does the concept of emotional labor refer to in emotional intelligence?

- A. The management of one's own emotions**
- B. The effort to understand others' emotions**
- C. The adaptation of emotions for social situations**
- D. The ability to influence others' feelings**

The concept of emotional labor refers to the adaptation of emotions for social situations, which is pivotal in various professional environments. It involves consciously managing and sometimes altering one's emotional expressions to align with organizational expectations or to facilitate social interactions. This process is especially relevant in service-oriented roles where employees must maintain a certain emotional tone during interactions with customers or colleagues, regardless of their actual feelings. In emotional intelligence, the ability to perform emotional labor effectively indicates a high level of self-awareness and social skills. Individuals engaging in emotional labor are often skilled at regulating their emotions to create a positive atmosphere or to meet the demands of their job, highlighting the importance of emotional adaptability in maintaining workplace relationships and functioning effectively within a team or organization.

9. What do employee handbooks usually contain regarding workplace conduct?

- A. Policies only**
- B. Procedures only**
- C. Rules and Regulations**
- D. All types of guidelines**

Employee handbooks are comprehensive documents that serve as a reference for employees about the company's expectations and standards within the workplace. They typically encompass a variety of elements that guide employee behavior, including policies, procedures, rules, and regulations. The inclusion of policies allows the handbook to outline the company's stance on various issues, such as equal opportunity employment, harassment, and attendance. Procedures provide guidance on how to handle specific situations, including reporting misconduct or addressing grievances, thus ensuring employees understand the steps to take in various circumstances. Furthermore, rules and regulations detail the specific dos and don'ts that employees are expected to adhere to, making clear what is acceptable behavior within the organization. By including all these elements, the handbook ensures that employees have a well-rounded understanding of workplace conduct, enhancing clarity and compliance across the organization. This holistic approach helps to foster a positive workplace culture and can significantly reduce misunderstandings and conflict.

10. Which intervention strategy is recommended to improve creativity and innovation in the workplace?

- A. Create a bonus program.**
- B. Increase diversity.**
- C. Improve the quality of tools and equipment.**
- D. Allow employees to adjust their schedules.**

Increasing diversity in the workplace is recognized as a key intervention strategy to foster creativity and innovation. Diverse teams bring a variety of perspectives, experiences, and ideas, which can lead to more innovative solutions and out-of-the-box thinking. When employees from different backgrounds collaborate, they can challenge each other's assumptions and push creative boundaries, ultimately enhancing the innovation process within the organization. Additionally, diverse teams are more likely to consider a wider range of solutions to problems, as individuals draw from their unique experiences and cultural contexts. This variety can improve overall problem-solving capabilities and lead to breakthrough ideas that may not have emerged in a more homogenous group. While other strategies, such as creating bonus programs, improving tools and equipment, and allowing flexible schedules, can contribute to a positive work environment and potentially drive performance, they do not inherently enhance creativity to the same extent as fostering diversity. Focused initiatives that emphasize diverse hiring, inclusive policies, and team-building activities that celebrate varying perspectives can significantly help cultivate an innovative workplace culture.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://sphr.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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