

SAP Intercompany Matching and Reconciliation (ICMR) Advance Configuration Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



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SAMPLE

Questions

- 1. What task does the app FINS_ICMR_ASSIGN perform?**
 - A. Manage Assignments**
 - B. Setup Data Sources**
 - C. Run Matching Tasks**
 - D. Maintain Matching Rules**
- 2. What is an example of an ICMR vital control measure?**
 - A. Non-standardized reporting**
 - B. Regular inter-company meetings**
 - C. Infrequent audits**
 - D. Haphazard record management**
- 3. What report is utilized for audit extraction in the Intercompany Matching and Reconciliation process?**
 - A. Run Matching - Export Audit Extract**
 - B. Audit Overview Report**
 - C. Transactions Summary Report**
 - D. Intercompany Error Analysis Report**
- 4. What T-Code is used for FI postings triggered from reconciliation adjustments?**
 - A. FB01**
 - B. FB50**
 - C. F-02**
 - D. F-03**
- 5. Which Fiori app is used to view the results of the matching process?**
 - A. FINS_ICMR_RESULT**
 - B. FINS_ICMR_OUTCOME**
 - C. FINS_ICMR_ANALYSIS**
 - D. FINS_ICMR_DASH**

- 6. What component handles event-based posting that triggers ICMR?**
- A. Event-Based Processing (EBDP)**
 - B. ICMR Dashboard**
 - C. Manage Assignments**
 - D. Reconciliation Analyzer**
- 7. What is the app used to create workflow exceptions?**
- A. Manage Activities**
 - B. Manage Workflow**
 - C. Manage Assignments**
 - D. Manage Exceptions**
- 8. Which BADI enhances data before ICMR matching?**
- A. BADI: FINS_ICR_ENRICHMENT**
 - B. BADI: ICMR_DATA_ENHANCEMENT**
 - C. BADI: FIN_MATCH_ENRICHMENT**
 - D. BADI: RECON_DATA_MODIFICATION**
- 9. What IMG activity controls trading partner settings in SAP?**
- A. SPRO → Cross-Company Code Settings**
 - B. FS00 (GL Master)**
 - C. FB02 (Change FI Document)**
 - D. FINS_C_ICR_01**
- 10. What is the application used to analyze match failures and root causes?**
- A. ICMR Dashboard (FINS_ICMR_DASH)**
 - B. Workflow Management Tool**
 - C. Reconciliation Analyzer**
 - D. Assignment Monitor**

Answers

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1. A
2. B
3. A
4. B
5. D
6. A
7. C
8. A
9. A
10. A

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Explanations

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1. What task does the app FINS_ICMR_ASSIGN perform?

- A. Manage Assignments**
- B. Setup Data Sources**
- C. Run Matching Tasks**
- D. Maintain Matching Rules**

The app FINS_ICMR_ASSIGN is designed to handle the management of assignments within the context of intercompany matching and reconciliation. This application allows users to effectively manage the relationships between different entities involved in intercompany transactions. By using this app, businesses can ensure that the necessary assignments for their transactions are appropriately defined, which facilitates correct matching and reconciliation processes. Managing assignments is pivotal as it helps in organizing and clarifying how intercompany transactions relate to each other, enabling accurate tracking and reporting. This task is essential for maintaining compliance and accuracy in financial records across different entities within a company. The other options involve distinct functionalities that, while important in their own right, are not the primary focus of the FINS_ICMR_ASSIGN app. For example, setting up data sources pertains to configuring the origin of the data used in the matching process, running matching tasks is focused on executing the actual comparison of transactions, and maintaining matching rules is about defining how transactions will be evaluated for matches. Each of these tasks is crucial for an effective intercompany reconciliation process, but they fall under the broader framework that the FINS_ICMR_ASSIGN app supports by managing the underlying assignments.

2. What is an example of an ICMR vital control measure?

- A. Non-standardized reporting**
- B. Regular inter-company meetings**
- C. Infrequent audits**
- D. Haphazard record management**

Regular inter-company meetings are a vital control measure in the context of ICMR (Intercompany Matching and Reconciliation). Such meetings facilitate open communication between involved parties, ensuring that each entity is informed about their obligations, discrepancies, and processes related to intercompany transactions. Through regular discussions, organizations can enhance collaboration, clarify expectations, and address any issues promptly. This consistency in communication helps in reinforcing accountability and aligns expectations across different business units, ultimately improving the accuracy of financial reporting and reconciliation processes. In contrast, non-standardized reporting can lead to inconsistencies and difficulties in consolidating financial data. Infrequent audits may result in undetected errors or discrepancies that could have been identified earlier through frequent checks. Haphazard record management might create challenges in retrieving essential documents or data needed for reconciliation, further complicating the process. Therefore, the proactive step of conducting regular inter-company meetings stands out as an effective measure to maintain oversight and promote best practices in ICMR.

3. What report is utilized for audit extraction in the Intercompany Matching and Reconciliation process?

A. Run Matching - Export Audit Extract

B. Audit Overview Report

C. Transactions Summary Report

D. Intercompany Error Analysis Report

The report utilized for audit extraction in the Intercompany Matching and Reconciliation process is the "Run Matching - Export Audit Extract." This report is specifically designed to extract detailed information regarding the matching process, making it essential for audit purposes. It provides transparency by allowing auditors and stakeholders to review and validate the matched transactions, ensuring that all intercompany transactions are accounted for effectively and consistently. In the context of intercompany accounting, maintaining accurate records and providing clear visibility of the transactions is crucial for compliance and financial accuracy. The audit extract generated by this report contains the necessary data that auditors require to assess the validity and integrity of the matching process within the ICMR framework. Therefore, it serves as an essential tool in demonstrating that intercompany balances have been accurately reconciled and are in line with the accounting principles. Other reports, while useful for various aspects of the intercompany process, do not directly focus on the extraction of audit-related data from the matching process.

4. What T-Code is used for FI postings triggered from reconciliation adjustments?

A. FB01

B. FB50

C. F-02

D. F-03

The option that refers to the transaction code specifically for financial postings related to reconciliation adjustments is accurate because FB50 is designed for making general journal entries. This transaction allows users to post multiple line items with flexibility in transaction types, which is particularly useful when dealing with adjustments that arise during the reconciliation process. In the context of intercompany reconciliations, adjustments often involve multiple entities and accounts, which can be effectively managed through the capabilities provided by FB50. This transaction is configured to support various postings, making it ideal for entries that may need to correct or adjust balances after intercompany transactions have been matched and reconciled. For users looking to perform such postings simply and efficiently, utilizing FB50 aligns with the requirement for handling reconciliation adjustments not just in a general sense but also in a way that accommodates the complexities that sometimes arise in intercompany scenarios.

5. Which Fiori app is used to view the results of the matching process?

- A. FINS_ICMR_RESULT**
- B. FINS_ICMR_OUTCOME**
- C. FINS_ICMR_ANALYSIS**
- D. FINS_ICMR_DASH**

The Fiori app FINS_ICMR_DASH is specifically designed to provide an overview and visualize the results of the intercompany matching process. It serves as a dashboard that aggregates and presents data related to the reconciliation efforts in a user-friendly format. Users can easily view the matching status, discrepancies, and other key performance indicators essential for effective management of intercompany transactions. This dashboard capability is crucial for stakeholders to quickly assess the reconciliation outcomes and take necessary actions based on the information displayed. The other options, while related to intercompany processes, likely serve different functions such as detailed analysis, reporting outcomes, or managing specific elements of the matching process rather than simply providing an overview of results. FINS_ICMR_DASH stands out by focusing on delivering a comprehensive snapshot of the entire matching process outcomes in a single interface.

6. What component handles event-based posting that triggers ICMR?

- A. Event-Based Processing (EBDP)**
- B. ICMR Dashboard**
- C. Manage Assignments**
- D. Reconciliation Analyzer**

The component responsible for handling event-based posting that triggers Intercompany Matching and Reconciliation (ICMR) is Event-Based Processing (EBDP). EBDP plays a crucial role in monitoring and responding to specific business events, such as transactions between different entities within an organization. When these events occur, EBDP automatically initiates the relevant processes required for matching and reconciling intercompany transactions. This automation is essential for ensuring timely and efficient reconciliation, minimizing discrepancies and enhancing overall financial accuracy. In the context of SAP ICMR, EBDP enables organizations to maintain synchronization between corresponding entries in different company codes, thus streamlining the reconciliation process and facilitating better financial oversight. This functionality ensures that intercompany balances are properly tracked and reconciled as soon as transactions are recorded, which is critical for maintaining the integrity of financial data. Other components mentioned, such as the ICMR Dashboard, primarily focus on providing insights and monitoring reconciliation statuses rather than directly triggering event-based postings. Manage Assignments deals more with the operational aspect of linking transactions to the right accounts, while the Reconciliation Analyzer is generally used for analyzing and reviewing reconciliation results rather than for executing the processes. EBDP distinctly fulfills the need for event-driven actions within the ICMR.

7. What is the app used to create workflow exceptions?

- A. Manage Activities
- B. Manage Workflow
- C. Manage Assignments**
- D. Manage Exceptions

The app used to create workflow exceptions in SAP is appropriately identified as "Manage Workflow." This application provides the necessary functionality to establish and control various workflow processes, including the creation, monitoring, and management of exceptions that arise during the workflow execution. When utilizing the "Manage Workflow" app, users can define exception scenarios, set triggers for exceptions, and implement corrective measures to ensure that intercompany transactions are appropriately reconciled. This capability is essential for maintaining compliance and ensuring seamless operations among intercompany processes. In contrast, the other app options, while related to workflow and activities, do not specifically serve the purpose of creating exceptions in workflows. "Manage Activities" typically focuses on tracking and managing various tasks and activities within the system. "Manage Assignments" deals with allocating tasks or resources to users. "Manage Exceptions" may imply handling exceptions, but it does not specifically encompass the creation of workflow exceptions, which is the critical functionality provided by the "Manage Workflow" application.

8. Which BADI enhances data before ICMR matching?

- A. BADI: FINS_ICR_ENRICHMENT**
- B. BADI: ICMR_DATA_ENHANCEMENT
- C. BADI: FIN_MATCH_ENRICHMENT
- D. BADI: RECON_DATA_MODIFICATION

The Business Add-In (BADI) that enhances data before the Intercompany Matching and Reconciliation (ICMR) process is identified as FINS_ICR_ENRICHMENT. This particular enhancement allows users to modify or enrich the data being analyzed for intercompany transactions, thus ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the data prior to matching. In the context of ICMR, the need for data enrichment arises because organizations often deal with complex intercompany transactions involving multiple entities, currencies, and accounting standards. By using FINS_ICR_ENRICHMENT, users can add relevant fields or modify existing data attributes that are crucial for a successful reconciliation process. This step is vital to minimize discrepancies and ensure that the matching criteria provided by the system align with the actual business processes and reporting requirements. The other BADIs listed serve different purposes, which means they do not specifically cater to enhancing data directly for the ICMR matching process. Each has its unique focus, but FINS_ICR_ENRICHMENT is specifically designed to enrich the data crucial for accurate matching, making it the appropriate choice in this scenario.

9. What IMG activity controls trading partner settings in SAP?

- A. SPRO → Cross-Company Code Settings**
- B. FS00 (GL Master)**
- C. FB02 (Change FI Document)**
- D. FINS_C_ICR_01**

The answer is rooted in the configuration structure of SAP, specifically within the Implementation Guide (IMG). The IMG activity related to cross-company code settings plays a crucial role in defining how trading partner relationships are managed within the system. This activity allows organizations to configure the necessary parameters for intercompany transactions, including the establishment of trading partners and settings that govern the behavior of these transactions. Using the IMG path, users can navigate through various options to set up things like default settings for intercompany pricing, allocation methods, and integration with other modules, directly influencing how trading partners operate within the financial accounting processes. This foundational setup is vital as it ensures the accuracy and consistency of intercompany transactions, which can help organizations to streamline their financial reporting and reconciliation activities. The other options, while they play important roles in different contexts, do not specifically address the configuration of trading partner settings. The GL Master (referred to in one of the choices) pertains to the chart of accounts and general ledger accounts rather than intercompany trading partner configurations. The maintenance of FI documents and changes to transactions is important for accounting accuracy but does not set the foundational rules governing trading partner relationships within SAP's intercompany framework. Thus, the cross-company code settings provide the essential architecture necessary for managing these

10. What is the application used to analyze match failures and root causes?

- A. ICMR Dashboard (FINS_ICMR_DASH)**
- B. Workflow Management Tool**
- C. Reconciliation Analyzer**
- D. Assignment Monitor**

The ICMR Dashboard (FINS_ICMR_DASH) serves as the primary application for analyzing match failures and identifying their root causes within the SAP Intercompany Matching and Reconciliation framework. This dashboard provides an intuitive interface that consolidates essential data, allowing users to monitor and analyze discrepancies between intercompany transactions. One of the key features of the ICMR Dashboard is its ability to provide detailed insights into the nature of match failures, including specific reasons behind discrepancies. By utilizing various data visualization tools and interactive reporting capabilities, users can drill down into transaction details, which aids in efficiently pinpointing the underlying issues causing the mismatches. Moreover, the dashboard facilitates proactive management by allowing organizations to track performance metrics and identify recurring patterns in match failures, leading to enhanced reconciliation processes. Overall, the ICMR Dashboard is integral for providing actionable insights and improving the efficiency of intercompany reconciliations.