

# Safeway Driving Reality Check Adult Class Practice Exam (Sample)

## Study Guide



**Everything you need from our exam experts!**

**Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.**

**ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.**

**No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.**

**Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.**

**SAMPLE**

# Table of Contents

<b>Copyright</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>Table of Contents</b> .....	<b>2</b>
<b>Introduction</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>How to Use This Guide</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>Questions</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>Answers</b> .....	<b>8</b>
<b>Explanations</b> .....	<b>10</b>
<b>Next Steps</b> .....	<b>15</b>

SAMPLE

# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

**Remember:** successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

**This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:**

## **1. Start with a Diagnostic Review**

**Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.**

## **2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions**

**Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.**

## **3. Learn from the Explanations**

**After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.**

## **4. Track Your Progress**

**Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.**

## **5. Simulate the Real Exam**

**Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.**

## **6. Repeat and Review**

**Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.**

**There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!**

## Questions

SAMPLE

- 1. In school zones during active hours, which practice is safest?**
  - A. Continue At Full Speed.**
  - B. Stop Regardless Of Conditions.**
  - C. Honk To Alert Children.**
  - D. Slow To Posted Speed Limit, Watch For Children, And Be Prepared To Stop For Crossing Guards.**
  
- 2. What is the correct order for executing a left or right turn?**
  - A. Observe, Signal, Turn, Complete**
  - B. Target, Turn, Hold, Correct**
  - C. Approach, Brake, Turn, Resume**
  - D. Signal, Turn, Check, Finish**
  
- 3. When you see a police car stopped on the side of the road with lights flashing, what should you do?**
  - A. Honk to alert.**
  - B. Slow down and move over if safe; give space.**
  - C. Maintain your speed.**
  - D. Stop immediately and pull over in the next lane.**
  
- 4. You may not park within how many feet of a fire hydrant?**
  - A. 10 feet**
  - B. 20 feet**
  - C. 25 feet**
  - D. 15 feet**
  
- 5. When overtaking and passing another vehicle on a two-lane road, when is it safe to get back into the right lane?**
  - A. When you can see the overtaken car in your rearview mirror**
  - B. After you pass the other vehicle by two car lengths**
  - C. When you are back to the same speed as traffic**
  - D. When you reach the opposite lane**

- 6. Which practice best maintains safety on night drives?**
- A. Close Your Eyes Periodically.**
  - B. Use Proper Illumination, Reduce Speed, Stay Alert, And Avoid Fatigue.**
  - C. Drive With High Beams In Fog.**
  - D. Run The Engine To Stay Warm.**
- 7. What can happen if you don't comply with the Texas safety responsibility law?**
- A. Fines**
  - B. Suspension of license and/or vehicle registration**
  - C. Your vehicle can be impounded**
  - D. ALL OF THE ABOVE**
- 8. What should you do when an emergency vehicle is approaching from behind with sirens on?**
- A. Speed up to clear the lane**
  - B. Move to the left lane and stop**
  - C. Yield by pulling to the right side of the road**
  - D. Stop where you are**
- 9. When may you turn right on a red light?**
- A. Only after a full stop and yielding to pedestrians and traffic, unless prohibited by sign**
  - B. Immediately after stopping**
  - C. Never**
  - D. Only when there is no cross traffic**
- 10. The penalty for a first MIP offense includes which of the following fines?**
- A. Up to \$500**
  - B. \$250**
  - C. \$750**
  - D. \$1,000**

## Answers

SAMPLE

1. D
2. B
3. B
4. D
5. A
6. B
7. D
8. C
9. A
10. A

SAMPLE

## **Explanations**

SAMPLE

**1. In school zones during active hours, which practice is safest?**

- A. Continue At Full Speed.**
- B. Stop Regardless Of Conditions.**
- C. Honk To Alert Children.**
- D. Slow To Posted Speed Limit, Watch For Children, And Be Prepared To Stop For Crossing Guards.**

In school zones during active hours, the priority is to slow down and be vigilant for children and crossing guards. The safest practice is to slow to the posted speed limit, watch for children, and be prepared to stop for crossing guards. Slowing down gives you more time to notice a child who may dart into the roadway and increases your ability to stop safely if a guard or a pedestrian crosses. Harming or startling children by honking is not a reliable safety tactic and can create confusion. Stopping every time regardless of conditions isn't practical or safe, and continuing at full speed ignores the heightened risk in zones where children are present.

**2. What is the correct order for executing a left or right turn?**

- A. Observe, Signal, Turn, Complete**
- B. Target, Turn, Hold, Correct**
- C. Approach, Brake, Turn, Resume**
- D. Signal, Turn, Check, Finish**

Focus on having a planned path before you start the turn. Start by picking a target—a specific point in the lane you want to end up in as you begin the turn. This gives your eyes, hands, and feet a clear direction. Next, execute the turn toward that target, letting your steering follow that intended path. Then hold the steering steady through the turn so you maintain a smooth arc rather than overcorrecting or drifting. As you finish the turn and begin in the new lane, make a small correction to straighten the wheels and settle into the lane position. This sequence—target, turn, hold, correct—helps you establish a predictable path and control, reducing late steering changes and keeping you in your lane. The other sequences skip one of these essential steps, such as not setting a target, not maintaining a steady hold during the turn, or finishing before aligning the vehicle, which can lead to poorer lane position or unsafe corrections.

**3. When you see a police car stopped on the side of the road with lights flashing, what should you do?**

- A. Honk to alert.**
- B. Slow down and move over if safe; give space.**
- C. Maintain your speed.**
- D. Stop immediately and pull over in the next lane.**

When you see a police car stopped with lights flashing on the roadside, the priority is to slow down and, if it's safe, move over to create space for the officer and anyone working there. This Move Over approach protects the responders and reduces your risk of being struck by passing traffic. If changing lanes isn't safe because of traffic or road conditions, slow to a safe speed and proceed with extra caution, staying in your lane and leaving plenty of room around the scene. Honking to alert others doesn't reliably improve safety and can startle drivers, while maintaining your speed or stopping abruptly keeps you in a higher-risk position and isn't the right way to handle the situation.

**4. You may not park within how many feet of a fire hydrant?**

- A. 10 feet**
- B. 20 feet**
- C. 25 feet**
- D. 15 feet**

Keep a clear space around a fire hydrant so firefighters can reach it and lay hoses quickly in an emergency. The minimum distance you must stay away is 15 feet. This gap prevents your car from getting in the way while crews connect equipment and work near the hydrant. Parking any closer could block access and slow response, which is why you should not park within that zone. If you're unsure where the hydrant is, choose a spot farther away and, in some places, parking within 15 feet can lead to fines or towing.

**5. When overtaking and passing another vehicle on a two-lane road, when is it safe to get back into the right lane?**

- A. When you can see the overtaken car in your rearview mirror**
- B. After you pass the other vehicle by two car lengths**
- C. When you are back to the same speed as traffic**
- D. When you reach the opposite lane**

When you overtake on a two-lane road, you should only move back into the right lane once you can see the vehicle you just passed in your rearview mirror. This cue confirms the overtaken car is fully behind you and there's a safe gap, so you're not cutting them off if they speed up or if your distance shrinks. Relying on a rough two-car-length rule isn't reliable because it depends on speed, road, and vehicle length. Returning when you're at the same speed as traffic doesn't guarantee a safe gap behind you, and waiting until you reach the opposite lane would put you in the oncoming lane, which is dangerous and not lawful on a two-lane road.

**6. Which practice best maintains safety on night drives?**

- A. Close Your Eyes Periodically.**
- B. Use Proper Illumination, Reduce Speed, Stay Alert, And Avoid Fatigue.**
- C. Drive With High Beams In Fog.**
- D. Run The Engine To Stay Warm.**

Night driving safety rests on keeping good visibility, controlling your speed, staying alert, and avoiding fatigue. Using proper illumination means more than just having lights on; it involves using them correctly to maximize what you can see and to avoid blinding other drivers. Turn on headlights at dusk or in poor weather, switch to low beams when there's oncoming traffic or you're close behind another vehicle to reduce glare, and keep your lenses clean so you're not dimmed by dirt. Reducing speed is essential because night visibility is limited. With less light, your ability to spot hazards early decreases, and your stopping distance grows. Slower speeds give you more time to react if an animal darts onto the road, a pedestrian steps out, or another car brakes suddenly. Staying alert means keeping your attention focused on the road and the driving task. Fatigue can creep in during long night drives, so plan for rest breaks, avoid driving when you're tired, and use strategies to stay engaged rather than letting your mind wander. Fatigue management is a big safety factor: get enough sleep before driving, take breaks, and if you feel drowsy, pull over and rest. In contrast, closing your eyes periodically is dangerous and would prevent any chance of noticing hazards. Driving with high beams in fog worsens visibility because the light reflects back into your eyes, making it harder to see. Running the engine to stay warm wastes fuel and can create carbon monoxide risks in enclosed spaces, and it doesn't address the safety needs of the road.

**7. What can happen if you don't comply with the Texas safety responsibility law?**

- A. Fines**
- B. Suspension of license and/or vehicle registration**
- C. Your vehicle can be impounded**
- D. ALL OF THE ABOVE**

Not complying with Texas safety responsibility requirements can trigger multiple penalties, not just one. If you don't meet the financial responsibility rules, you can be fined. You can also have your driver's license and your vehicle registration suspended, which stops you from legally driving or keeping the vehicle properly registered. In some cases, an uninsured vehicle or a suspended registration can lead to the vehicle being towed or impounded. Because these penalties can occur separately or together, all of them are possible, so the best answer reflects that combination. To avoid this, keep active liability insurance and promptly address any notices about reinstating your license or registration.

**8. What should you do when an emergency vehicle is approaching from behind with sirens on?**

- A. Speed up to clear the lane**
- B. Move to the left lane and stop**
- C. Yield by pulling to the right side of the road**
- D. Stop where you are**

When an emergency vehicle is behind you with sirens on, your goal is to give it a clear path as quickly and safely as possible. The best action is to move to the right side of the road and pull over to stop if needed. This creates an open lane for the emergency responders to pass, which helps them reach their destination faster and reduces the chance of a collision with your vehicle. Do this calmly: signal your intention, check for other traffic or pedestrians, and guide your car smoothly toward the right edge. If you're on a multi-lane road, stay in or move to the rightmost lane and come to a stop out of the travel lane. If you're on a one-way street, pull over toward the curb on the right. Avoid speeding up or attempting to race ahead by switching lanes to the left; those actions only delay the emergency vehicle and can create hazards. After the vehicle passes, proceed with caution.

**9. When may you turn right on a red light?**

- A. Only after a full stop and yielding to pedestrians and traffic, unless prohibited by sign**
- B. Immediately after stopping**
- C. Never**
- D. Only when there is no cross traffic**

You may turn right on red after you come to a full stop and yield to pedestrians and cross traffic, unless a sign or signal bars the turn. The key is stopping completely, looking for people in the crosswalk and other vehicles, and only proceeding when it's safe and there's no prohibition. If you see a "No Turn on Red" sign or a red arrow, you must not turn. In short: stop, yield, and then turn right if the way is clear and allowed.

**10. The penalty for a first MIP offense includes which of the following fines?**

- A. Up to \$500**
- B. \$250**
- C. \$750**
- D. \$1,000**

For a first minor in possession offense, the fine is capped at five hundred dollars. That upper limit is why the correct choice is "up to \$500"—the actual amount could be less, but it cannot exceed \$500 for a first offense. In addition to the fine, there may also be other penalties like license suspension or mandatory alcohol education depending on the state, but the question is about the maximum fine for a first offense. The larger dollar amounts listed don't apply as the maximum for a first offense.

## Next Steps

**Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.**

**As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.**

**If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).**

**Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:**

**<https://safewayrealitycheckadultclass.examzify.com>**

**We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!**

SAMPLE