

# SAC Law Enforcement Academy (LEA) Phase 4 Practice Exam (Sample)

## Study Guide



**Everything you need from our exam experts!**

**Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.**

**ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.**

**No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.**

**Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.**

**SAMPLE**

# Table of Contents

<b>Copyright</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>Table of Contents</b> .....	<b>2</b>
<b>Introduction</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>How to Use This Guide</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>Questions</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>Answers</b> .....	<b>8</b>
<b>Explanations</b> .....	<b>10</b>
<b>Next Steps</b> .....	<b>16</b>

SAMPLE

# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

**Remember:** successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

**This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:**

## **1. Start with a Diagnostic Review**

**Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.**

## **2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions**

**Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.**

## **3. Learn from the Explanations**

**After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.**

## **4. Track Your Progress**

**Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.**

## **5. Simulate the Real Exam**

**Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.**

## **6. Repeat and Review**

**Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.**

**There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!**

## Questions

SAMPLE

- 1. What is the Spanish translation of the English phrase 'What is your name'?**
  - A. Como se llama**
  - B. Cual es su nombre**
  - C. Cual es tu nombre**
  - D. Quien eres**
  
- 2. When documenting a dog death in a deadly force encounter, what should be included in the detail report?**
  - A. Description of the dog and breed**
  - B. Description of the dog (do not specify breed)**
  - C. No description of the dog**
  - D. Only photos**
  
- 3. Which of the following is NOT a reason for Case Management?**
  - A. To have an organized, easily understood, factual, and thorough account of the investigation**
  - B. To identify serious weaknesses in case**
  - C. To help assure failure to prosecute is not due to lack of preparation or mistakes on officer's behalf**
  - D. To improve efficiency on the part of the department**
  
- 4. Which listed pattern name suggests a combination of arch and loop elements?**
  - A. Arch Loop**
  - B. Plain Tented**
  - C. Central Pocket**
  - D. Accidental Double**
  
- 5. The National Safety Council recommends that a following interval be allowed between passenger-type vehicles under normal conditions. How many seconds is this interval?**
  - A. 1 second**
  - B. 3 seconds**
  - C. 2 seconds**
  - D. 4 seconds**

- 6. Which organization is associated with the 2-second following interval?**
- A. National Safety Council**
  - B. American Medical Association**
  - C. National Transportation Safety Board**
  - D. Department of Transportation**
- 7. Which term describes driving at maximum throttle with the risk of losing traction?**
- A. Maximum usable throttle**
  - B. Full throttle**
  - C. Idle**
  - D. Cruise control**
- 8. What is the English translation of the Spanish word 'Comida'?**
- A. Meal**
  - B. Cuisine**
  - C. Dish**
  - D. Food**
- 9. \_\_\_\_ means a domesticated living creature, including any stray or feral cat or dog, and a wild living creature previously captured.**
- A. Creature**
  - B. Animal**
  - C. Being**
  - D. Pet**
- 10. \_\_\_\_ includes responsibility for the health, safety, and welfare of an animal subject to the person's care and control, regardless of ownership of the animal.**
- A. Care**
  - B. Possession**
  - C. Custody**
  - D. Ownership**

## Answers

SAMPLE

1. B
2. B
3. D
4. A
5. C
6. A
7. B
8. D
9. B
10. C

SAMPLE

## **Explanations**

SAMPLE

**1. What is the Spanish translation of the English phrase 'What is your name'?**

- A. Como se llama
- B. Cual es su nombre**
- C. Cual es tu nombre
- D. Quien eres

Quando pides el nombre de alguien en español, el detalle clave es elegir el registro de cortesía adecuado. ¿Cuál es su nombre? usa su para dirigirse a esa persona de forma formal (usted) y encaja naturalmente en contextos formales. Además, lleva la puntuación correcta: un signo de pregunta de apertura y un acento en cuál. Otras formas no encajan tan bien. Usar tu en lugar de su cambia a un registro informal; Quien eres pregunta literalmente “quién eres” y no el nombre; y aunque una opción similar podría ser ¿Cómo te llamas?, esa forma informal no corresponde al uso formal buscado. Por eso, en un contexto formal, la traducción adecuada es ¿Cuál es su nombre?

**2. When documenting a dog death in a deadly force encounter, what should be included in the detail report?**

- A. Description of the dog and breed
- B. Description of the dog (do not specify breed)**
- C. No description of the dog
- D. Only photos

Describing the dog in the detail report is essential for a clear, identifiable record of the encounter. Provide observable features the animal can be identified by, such as color, size or build, distinctive markings, any visible scars or injuries, sex, and approximate age, plus identifying items like a collar, leash, tags, or a microchip if known. Do not state a breed unless it has been reliably confirmed, because field identification of breed is often inaccurate and can mislead the record. Photos are valuable, but a written description ensures the dog's identity is documented even if the image isn't clear or available later. Including a description is better than having no description or relying solely on photos.

**3. Which of the following is NOT a reason for Case Management?**

- A. To have an organized, easily understood, factual, and thorough account of the investigation**
- B. To identify serious weaknesses in case**
- C. To help assure failure to prosecute is not due to lack of preparation or mistakes on officer's behalf**
- D. To improve efficiency on the part of the department**

Case Management focuses on creating a complete, accurate, and well-documented account of the investigation, so that decisions are clear and the record supports accountability. It also serves to uncover any serious weaknesses in the case so they can be addressed before proceeding, reducing the risk of errors. It aims to ensure that failures to prosecute aren't due to poor preparation or officer mistakes, reinforcing responsibility for the quality of the investigation. While increased efficiency can be a side benefit of better organization, it is not the primary purpose of Case Management. The emphasis is on thoroughness, accuracy, and prosecutorial readiness, making the option about improving efficiency not a core reason for Case Management.

**4. Which listed pattern name suggests a combination of arch and loop elements?**

- A. Arch Loop**
- B. Plain Tented**
- C. Central Pocket**
- D. Accidental Double**

In fingerprint pattern naming, a term that blends two pattern ideas signals a mix of features. The phrase Arch Loop explicitly combines arch and loop elements, so it points to a print that shows characteristics of both forms rather than a pure arch or pure loop. That makes it the best fit for a pattern with combined arch and loop elements. The other options describe more specific single-pattern concepts a plain/tented arch is still an arch variant, a central pocket is a kind of whorl feature, and an accidental double indicates multiple patterns but not the literal combination of arch and loop in the name.

**5. The National Safety Council recommends that a following interval be allowed between passenger-type vehicles under normal conditions. How many seconds is this interval?**

- A. 1 second**
- B. 3 seconds**
- C. 2 seconds**
- D. 4 seconds**

Maintaining a safe following distance gives you time to notice a hazard, react, and stop if the vehicle in front suddenly brakes. Under normal conditions, the National Safety Council recommends about a two-second gap between passenger vehicles. You can check it by picking a fixed object on the road; as the lead vehicle passes it, start counting seconds. If you reach that object after roughly two seconds, you're at the recommended interval. This works because it aligns with typical human reaction time and braking capability, providing a comfortable buffer to slow down or stop if needed. In less favorable conditions—rain, snow, night, or slick surfaces—increase this interval to three seconds or more to maintain safety.

**6. Which organization is associated with the 2-second following interval?**

- A. National Safety Council**
- B. American Medical Association**
- C. National Transportation Safety Board**
- D. Department of Transportation**

Guidelines for maintaining a safe following distance, such as the two-second rule, come from safety organizations that actively promote defensive driving practices. The National Safety Council is a prominent safety advocacy group that publishes and promotes practical driving safety rules, including the two-second rule for keeping a safe gap behind the vehicle in front. The other organizations have different primary roles: the American Medical Association focuses on medical practice and public health in general, the National Transportation Safety Board investigates transportation accidents rather than standard driving guidelines, and the Department of Transportation sets policies and regulations rather than teaching specific driving habits. That combination makes the two-second following interval most closely associated with the National Safety Council.

7. Which term describes driving at maximum throttle with the risk of losing traction?

- A. Maximum usable throttle
- B. Full throttle**
- C. Idle
- D. Cruise control

The concept here is throttle position during intense acceleration and how it relates to tire grip. When you push the accelerator all the way down, you're at full throttle, delivering the maximum torque to the wheels. If the tires can't maintain enough friction with the road—due to wet or icy surfaces, loose gravel, or rapid acceleration—the tires can spin and you lose traction. That direct link between pushing the pedal to the floor and the potential for slipping is why the term full throttle best fits the scenario. Idle means no throttle and no acceleration, cruise control keeps a steady speed with moderated throttle to maintain control, and maximum usable throttle isn't the standard way drivers describe this situation.

8. What is the English translation of the Spanish word 'Comida'?

- A. Meal
- B. Cuisine
- C. Dish
- D. Food**

Comida se usa en español para referirse a lo que comemos en general, es decir, los alimentos en su conjunto. En inglés, la traducción más amplia y natural es food. Es la palabra que abarca todo lo que comemos, no un elemento específico ni una forma de cocina. En contextos concretos, podría significar una comida particular, como "the meal," pero esa es una situación específica; la opción que captura el sentido general es food. Dish se refiere a un plato individual, es decir, un ítem concreto de comida; cuisine describe estilos o tradiciones culinarias; así que ninguno de esos captura la idea general como lo hace food.

9. \_\_\_\_ means a domesticated living creature, including any stray or feral cat or dog, and a wild living creature previously captured.

- A. Creature
- B. Animal**
- C. Being
- D. Pet

In law enforcement terminology, the term used to cover domesticated living creatures plus stray or feral animals and wild creatures that have been captured is animal. This definition includes pets as well as wildlife that has been tamed or taken into custody, ensuring broad regulatory applicability. The other words don't fit as well: creature is too broad and vague, being is too abstract for legal definitions, and pet refers only to domesticated companions and excludes feral or wild animals that have been captured.

**10. \_\_\_\_ includes responsibility for the health, safety, and welfare of an animal subject to the person's care and control, regardless of ownership of the animal.**

**A. Care**

**B. Possession**

**C. Custody**

**D. Ownership**

**Custody is the responsibility for an animal's health, safety, and welfare when the animal is under your care and control, even if you don't own it. This distinction matters because ownership is about who holds legal title, and possession is about physical control, but custody links the duty to the actual situation of caring for the animal. When you have custody, you're responsible for its well-being during that time, regardless of who owns the animal. The other terms don't fit as precisely: care describes the duty in general, but custody specifies the formal responsibility that comes with having the animal in your care and control.**

SAMPLE

## Next Steps

**Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.**

**As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.**

**If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).**

**Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:**

**<https://sacleaphase4.examzify.com>**

**We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!**

SAMPLE