

Rhode Island Peer Recovery Coach Practice Exam (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

- 1. What is the primary role of a Peer Recovery Coach?**
 - A. To provide medical treatment for substance use disorders**
 - B. To support individuals in recovery from substance use disorders**
 - C. To enforce rehabilitation programs**
 - D. To assess the effectiveness of recovery treatments**
- 2. What action would create a boundary violation in peer recovery support?**
 - A. Accepting minor gifts**
 - B. Accepting an expensive gift from a peer**
 - C. Offering help without consent**
 - D. Sharing personal stories with peers**
- 3. What core requirement is inherent in Trauma Informed Care?**
 - A. Immediate resolution of issues**
 - B. Avoidance of discussing trauma**
 - C. Recognition of trauma's role in behavior**
 - D. Strict adherence to treatment protocols**
- 4. What does effective peer support primarily require from a Peer Recovery Coach?**
 - A. Criticism of choices**
 - B. Empathy and understanding**
 - C. Disregard for personal circumstances**
 - D. Financial guidance only**
- 5. What is included in the "Stages of Change" model?**
 - A. A straightforward progression without any setbacks**
 - B. A cycle that includes pre-contemplation, contemplation, and maintenance**
 - C. A single phase of acknowledgment**
 - D. A focus solely on abstinence**

- 6. What is the primary focus of Trauma Informed Approaches?**
- A. To understand the medical needs of individuals**
 - B. To ensure trauma is recognized and treated**
 - C. To provide a strict set of guidelines for care**
 - D. To shift the focus solely to mental health**
- 7. What is the difference between person-centered and provider-centered approaches?**
- A. Person-centered focuses on provider expertise, while provider-centered prioritizes individual needs**
 - B. Person-centered approaches prioritize individuals' needs and preferences**
 - C. Provider-centered approaches are more flexible than person-centered approaches**
 - D. There is no significant difference between the two**
- 8. Describe the term "relational recovery."**
- A. Recovery achieved through solo efforts only**
 - B. A practice focusing exclusively on therapeutic techniques**
 - C. Recovery that emphasizes relationships and social interactions**
 - D. A method that disregards social contexts in recovery**
- 9. Why is individual empowerment significant in recovery?**
- A. It allows clients to avoid taking responsibility**
 - B. It enhances confidence and motivation for positive changes**
 - C. It decreases the likelihood of goal setting**
 - D. It focuses on external validation**
- 10. What is 'active engagement' in the context of coaching?**
- A. Waiting for the client to initiate conversation**
 - B. Involving the individual in recovery discussions**
 - C. Dictating the client's recovery plan**
 - D. Avoiding client interactions**

Answers

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1. B
2. B
3. C
4. B
5. B
6. B
7. B
8. C
9. B
10. B

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Explanations

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1. What is the primary role of a Peer Recovery Coach?

- A. To provide medical treatment for substance use disorders
- B. To support individuals in recovery from substance use disorders**
- C. To enforce rehabilitation programs
- D. To assess the effectiveness of recovery treatments

The primary role of a Peer Recovery Coach is to support individuals in recovery from substance use disorders. This position centers around fostering a supportive and understanding relationship that can help individuals navigate their recovery journey. A Peer Recovery Coach uses their own lived experience with recovery to connect with clients, providing encouragement, motivation, and practical advice based on shared experiences. This role is crucial because it emphasizes empathy and relatability, elements that can significantly enhance the recovery process. Peer Recovery Coaches often help clients build coping skills, set recovery goals, and connect with resources and support systems, thereby empowering them in their own recovery journey. By focusing on support rather than enforcement or medical treatment, Peer Recovery Coaches create a safe environment that promotes healing and personal growth.

2. What action would create a boundary violation in peer recovery support?

- A. Accepting minor gifts
- B. Accepting an expensive gift from a peer**
- C. Offering help without consent
- D. Sharing personal stories with peers

Accepting an expensive gift from a peer would create a boundary violation in peer recovery support because it can create an imbalanced power dynamic and potentially complicate the relationship between the peer recovery coach and the individual they are supporting. Such a gift might suggest an expectation of favoritism or special treatment, leading to a lack of neutrality and professionalism in the recovery relationship. It can blur the lines of the coach's role, which is to provide support and guidance rather than to engage in transactional interactions that may influence the peer's recovery process or the coach's objectivity. In peer recovery, maintaining clear boundaries is essential to support the peer's autonomy and integrity of the support relationship. Accepting minor gifts might be considered acceptable in some contexts as they may not imply significant power dynamics; offering help without consent can infringe upon the peer's autonomy; sharing personal stories with peers may not be inherently a violation unless it shifts the focus away from the peer's needs and experiences.

3. What core requirement is inherent in Trauma Informed Care?

- A. Immediate resolution of issues**
- B. Avoidance of discussing trauma**
- C. Recognition of trauma's role in behavior**
- D. Strict adherence to treatment protocols**

The core requirement that trauma-informed care emphasizes is the recognition of trauma's role in behavior. This approach is rooted in the understanding that many individuals seeking support may have experienced trauma that significantly influences their mental health, behaviors, and overall well-being. Recognizing how trauma can impact an individual's coping strategies and responses allows caregivers and support personnel to provide more compassionate, personalized, and effective responses that align with the individual's unique experiences. Understanding trauma helps practitioners create a safe environment, fostering trust and empowerment. By acknowledging the prevalence and effects of trauma, professionals can better support their clients in their recovery journey, allowing for healing and resilience to be at the forefront of care. The other choices do not align with the principles of trauma-informed care. Immediate resolution of issues does not prioritize the gradual and careful navigation of trauma's impact. Avoidance of discussing trauma contradicts the essential nature of trauma-informed practices that encourage open conversation about past experiences when clients feel ready. Strict adherence to treatment protocols can overlook the individual needs informed by their trauma history, thereby potentially hindering the healing process.

4. What does effective peer support primarily require from a Peer Recovery Coach?

- A. Criticism of choices**
- B. Empathy and understanding**
- C. Disregard for personal circumstances**
- D. Financial guidance only**

Effective peer support primarily requires empathy and understanding because these qualities are essential for building trust and rapport between a Peer Recovery Coach and those they are supporting. Empathy allows the coach to recognize and validate the feelings and experiences of the individuals they are working with, making them feel heard and accepted. This supportive relationship is crucial for fostering an environment where individuals feel safe to share their struggles and challenges related to recovery. When a Peer Recovery Coach demonstrates understanding, they can offer insights and encouragement that resonate with the person's unique situation. This approach helps individuals feel more empowered to make positive changes in their lives as they know they are supported by someone who truly cares and can relate to their experiences. The other options do not align with effective peer support. Criticism of choices can lead to feelings of shame and discourage individuals from opening up. Disregarding personal circumstances fails to recognize the complexities of recovery and undermines the relationship. Focusing solely on financial guidance overlooks the emotional and psychological aspects of recovery that are equally important for long-term success.

5. What is included in the "Stages of Change" model?

- A. A straightforward progression without any setbacks
- B. A cycle that includes pre-contemplation, contemplation, and maintenance**
- C. A single phase of acknowledgment
- D. A focus solely on abstinence

The "Stages of Change" model, often referred to as the Transtheoretical Model, identifies a series of stages that individuals generally progress through when changing a behavior, especially in the context of addiction recovery. This model emphasizes that change is not linear and acknowledges that individuals may cycle through different stages, which include pre-contemplation, contemplation, preparation, action, maintenance, and sometimes relapse. In this model, each stage represents a different level of readiness to change, with pre-contemplation being the lack of awareness of a problem and maintenance signifying the ongoing effort to sustain a change. This cyclical nature reflects the reality that setbacks or relapses can occur, and individuals might move back and forth between these stages, rather than experiencing a direct, straightforward path to recovery. This understanding is crucial for peer recovery coaches, as it allows them to tailor their support to where an individual is in their journey, recognizing that progress can involve revisiting earlier stages as part of the overarching process of change.

6. What is the primary focus of Trauma Informed Approaches?

- A. To understand the medical needs of individuals
- B. To ensure trauma is recognized and treated**
- C. To provide a strict set of guidelines for care
- D. To shift the focus solely to mental health

The primary focus of Trauma Informed Approaches is to ensure that trauma is recognized and treated. This approach prioritizes understanding the profound effects that trauma can have on an individual's mental, emotional, and physical well-being. By acknowledging the presence of trauma, healthcare and support professionals can create environments that promote healing and recovery, allowing those affected to feel safe, supported, and empowered. Trauma-informed care emphasizes the importance of understanding how past traumas influence current behaviors and interactions. It goes beyond merely acknowledging trauma; it involves adopting procedures and practices that prevent re-traumatization while promoting resilience and recovery. This focus helps foster a therapeutic environment where individuals feel respected and their experiences validated, ultimately leading to better outcomes in their recovery journey.

7. What is the difference between person-centered and provider-centered approaches?

- A. Person-centered focuses on provider expertise, while provider-centered prioritizes individual needs**
- B. Person-centered approaches prioritize individuals' needs and preferences**
- C. Provider-centered approaches are more flexible than person-centered approaches**
- D. There is no significant difference between the two**

The distinction between person-centered and provider-centered approaches is crucial in the field of peer recovery coaching. Person-centered approaches prioritize the needs, preferences, and values of the individual receiving care or support. This method encourages collaboration between the individual and the provider, ensuring that the individual's unique experiences and choices are at the forefront of the planning and delivery of services. By emphasizing the importance of the individual's voice and involvement in their recovery journey, person-centered approaches aim to foster empowerment and agency. In contrast, provider-centered approaches tend to rely more on the expertise and authority of the provider, often leading to decisions that may not fully align with the individual's desires or circumstances. This can result in a one-size-fits-all model that does not adequately address the unique needs of each person. Understanding this fundamental difference highlights the importance of adopting person-centered strategies to ensure that individuals feel supported and validated in their recovery process.

8. Describe the term "relational recovery."

- A. Recovery achieved through solo efforts only**
- B. A practice focusing exclusively on therapeutic techniques**
- C. Recovery that emphasizes relationships and social interactions**
- D. A method that disregards social contexts in recovery**

Relational recovery refers to the concept that recovery from substance use disorder or mental health issues is significantly enhanced through the development and maintenance of relationships and social interactions. This approach recognizes that individuals are not isolated in their recovery journey and that their connections with others, such as peers, family members, and support networks, play a vital role in fostering resilience and healing. By focusing on relationships, relational recovery promotes the idea that engaging with others can provide emotional support, motivation, and accountability, which are essential components for sustained recovery. Social interactions can help individuals feel understood, less alone, and more connected, all of which contribute positively to their recovery process. This perspective contrasts with approaches that prioritize individual efforts or therapeutic techniques in isolation, as well as those that ignore the social contexts that influence recovery. In relational recovery, the emphasis is on building and nurturing connections that reinforce a person's commitment to their recovery journey.

9. Why is individual empowerment significant in recovery?

- A. It allows clients to avoid taking responsibility
- B. It enhances confidence and motivation for positive changes**
- C. It decreases the likelihood of goal setting
- D. It focuses on external validation

Individual empowerment is significant in recovery because it enhances confidence and motivation for positive changes. When individuals feel empowered, they are more likely to take an active role in their own recovery process. This empowerment can manifest in various ways, such as setting personal goals, developing coping strategies, and making informed choices about their treatment and life. When people believe in their ability to effect change, they become more committed to their recovery journey, which leads to improved outcomes and a greater sense of autonomy. This concept is central to effective peer recovery coaching, as coaches often work to foster this sense of empowerment in their clients. By encouraging individuals to recognize their strengths and capabilities, recovery coaches help cultivate an environment where meaningful change can occur. Enhanced confidence translates into a willingness to face challenges, seek help when needed, and persist in their recovery efforts. Other options do not reflect the positive aspects of individual empowerment in the recovery process. Taking responsibility is essential for growth and development, and focusing solely on external validation detracts from the internal drive needed for sustainable recovery.

10. What is 'active engagement' in the context of coaching?

- A. Waiting for the client to initiate conversation
- B. Involving the individual in recovery discussions**
- C. Dictating the client's recovery plan
- D. Avoiding client interactions

Active engagement in the context of coaching refers to the process of involving the individual in meaningful discussions about their recovery journey. This approach emphasizes the importance of collaborative dialogue, where the coach actively participates in conversations with the client, facilitating their engagement and empowerment throughout the recovery process. By involving the individual in recovery discussions, the coach fosters a supportive environment that encourages the client to express their thoughts, feelings, and goals. This not only helps build rapport and trust but also enables clients to take ownership of their recovery, which is a crucial aspect in supporting their long-term success. In contrast, waiting for the client to initiate conversation or dictating their recovery plan limits the level of engagement and can hinder the client's progress. Avoiding client interactions entirely would be counterproductive to the coaching relationship and would significantly restrict the opportunities for growth and development.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://ripeerrecoverycoach.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!