

RANGER REGIMENT PRACTICE EXAM (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



**SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE
WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS**

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THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE**

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. What is the sustained rate of fire for a 120mm mortar after the first minute?**
 - A. 2 rds/min
 - B. 4 rds/min
 - C. 6 rds/min
 - D. 8 rds/min
- 2. What is the primary FM reference for first aid?**
 - A. FM 3-11
 - B. FM 4-25.11
 - C. TCP 7-22.7
 - D. FM 7-22
- 3. How many Somalis were reported killed during the B Company raid on October 3rd, 1993?**
 - A. Over 300
 - B. Over 600
 - C. Over 700
 - D. Over 1000
- 4. What element is NOT included in the definition of leadership?**
 - A. Influencing others
 - B. Providing purpose
 - C. Directing resources
 - D. Motivating actions
- 5. What is the minimum range of a 120mm mortar?**
 - A. 100m
 - B. 200m
 - C. 300m
 - D. 400m
- 6. What was Task Force Galahad also known as?**
 - A. The Marauders
 - B. Merrill's Marauders
 - C. The Rangers of the North
 - D. The Special Forces

- 7. What type of fire is characterized by a projectile's capability to remain close to the ground?**
- A. Plunging
 - B. Grazing
 - C. Traverse
 - D. Search
- 8. What is the weight of the Remington 870 shotgun?**
- A. 5.5 lbs
 - B. 6.2 lbs
 - C. 7.0 lbs
 - D. 8.0 lbs
- 9. What is the highest level of leadership recognized in the Army?**
- A. Direct
 - B. Organizational
 - C. Strategic
 - D. All of the above
- 10. What is the cyclic rate of fire for the M249?**
- A. 600 rpm
 - B. 750 rpm
 - C. 850 rpm
 - D. 900 rpm

Answers

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1. B
2. B
3. B
4. C
5. B
6. B
7. B
8. B
9. D
10. C

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Explanations

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1. What is the sustained rate of fire for a 120mm mortar after the first minute?

- A. 2 rds/min
- B. 4 rds/min**
- C. 6 rds/min
- D. 8 rds/min

The sustained rate of fire for a 120mm mortar after the first minute is indeed 4 rounds per minute. This rate is established to ensure a consistent and effective delivery of fire while allowing for the necessary cooling of the weapon system, as well as for the crew to maintain their operational tempo without overwhelming fatigue. Understanding the importance of the sustained rate of fire is crucial for effective planning and execution in combat operations. While the initial firing rate can be higher due to the urgency of the situation, it stabilizes to a more sustainable level to preserve ammunition and ensure the crew can continue to function effectively over extended engagements. The capability to maintain a steady fire rate is vital for providing ongoing support to ground forces while minimizing the risk of component failure due to overheating or excessive wear.

2. What is the primary FM reference for first aid?

- A. FM 3-11
- B. FM 4-25.11**
- C. TCP 7-22.7
- D. FM 7-22

The primary Field Manual (FM) reference for first aid is FM 4-25.11. This manual specifically focuses on battlefield first aid and medical care, outlining essential techniques and procedures to manage injuries and medical emergencies that soldiers may encounter during operations. It provides comprehensive guidance on various topics such as patient assessment, treatment protocols for wounds, and methods for transporting casualties, making it an indispensable resource for military personnel. Other options, like FM 3-11, primarily address chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear (CBRN) operations and do not focus specifically on first aid. TCP 7-22.7 offers related guidance on physical training but is not tailored to first aid practices. FM 7-22 covers physical readiness and performance but lacks the specific details necessary for medical treatment in emergency situations. Therefore, FM 4-25.11 is the definitive source when seeking information on first aid within military contexts.

3. How many Somalis were reported killed during the B Company raid on October 3rd, 1993?

- A. Over 300
- B. Over 600**
- C. Over 700
- D. Over 1000

The reported number of Somalis killed during the B Company raid on October 3rd, 1993, aligns with the historical accounts documenting the aftermath of the operation. During this operation, which is a part of the larger Battle of Mogadishu, estimates suggest that the casualties among Somali forces were indeed over 600. This figure reflects the fierce combat that took place and the high-intensity engagement that U.S. forces faced while attempting to capture key targets in Mogadishu. The battle resulted not only in significant casualties on both sides but also highlighted the complexities and dangers associated with urban warfare, particularly in a densely populated area. The figures reported in various sources indicate that while the numbers fluctuate depending on the report, the most reliable estimates point towards over 600 casualties, making that option the most accurate in this context.

4. What element is NOT included in the definition of leadership?

- A. Influencing others
- B. Providing purpose
- C. Directing resources**
- D. Motivating actions

The definition of leadership typically encompasses the core functions that leaders fulfill in order to guide and influence others effectively. Among these functions, influencing others, providing purpose, and motivating actions are all intrinsic to the concept of leadership. Each element plays a significant role in how leaders engage with their teams, set goals, and inspire action. Influencing others highlights the ability of a leader to sway opinions, behaviors, and decisions within a group. Providing purpose focuses on the leader's role in establishing a vision or direction that aligns the team's efforts with a meaningful goal. Motivating actions involves encouraging individuals to take initiative and act toward fulfilling the team's objectives. While directing resources can be an important aspect of management or operational roles, it is not a defining element of leadership. Leadership involves guiding and inspiring people, rather than merely managing resources or making logistical decisions. Therefore, directing resources, while often a necessary skill within management, does not capture the essence of what it means to be a leader. This is why it is the correct response to the question regarding elements not included in the definition of leadership.

5. What is the minimum range of a 120mm mortar?

- A. 100m
- B. 200m**
- C. 300m
- D. 400m

The minimum range of a 120mm mortar is indeed 200 meters. This range is crucial for operational planning and execution in military tactics, as it dictates the closest distance from which the mortar can effectively engage targets. Understanding the minimum range is essential for ensuring safety and effectiveness during deployments, allowing for cautious positioning and targeting with the weapon system. This characteristic of the mortar allows for versatile application in various combat scenarios, providing artillery support while minimizing the risk of friendly fire. In contrast, smaller ranges like 100m would be impractical for a 120mm mortar, which requires a certain distance to function effectively without compromising the safety of the crew and surrounding personnel.

6. What was Task Force Galahad also known as?

- A. The Marauders
- B. Merrill's Marauders**
- C. The Rangers of the North
- D. The Special Forces

Task Force Galahad is more commonly known as Merrill's Marauders. This designation honors Brigadier General Frank Merrill, who led the unit during World War II. The task force was specifically established for long-range penetration missions behind enemy lines in the Burmese theater of operations. Comprised of skilled and well-trained soldiers, Merrill's Marauders conducted a series of successful operations that exemplified unconventional warfare tactics. The connection of the name "Merrill's Marauders" to the task force highlights not only the leadership of General Merrill but also reflects the unique nature of their operations, which involved guerrilla warfare and logistics across difficult terrain. This name is recognized as a symbol of the unit's resilience and effectiveness during the campaign in Southeast Asia. In contrast, while the other options may refer to different military units or operations, only Merrill's Marauders specifically identifies Task Force Galahad in the context of World War II. The Marauders and Special Forces are broader terms that encompass various military units and do not pinpoint the specific historical task force led by General Merrill.

7. What type of fire is characterized by a projectile's capability to remain close to the ground?

- A. Plunging
- B. Grazing**
- C. Traverse
- D. Search

The type of fire characterized by a projectile's capability to remain close to the ground is grazing fire. This form of fire occurs when the trajectory of the projectile flies at a low angle, ensuring that it stays close to the surface. Grazing fire is effective in engaging targets that are at or near the same height as the shooter, minimizing the risk of fire falling high and missing the target altogether. Grazing fire is particularly useful in flat or low-lying terrain, where the low angle of the fire reduces the likelihood of missing an enemy target behind cover. The effectiveness of this type of fire contributes to its selection in tactical situations where precise targeting is crucial, allowing soldiers to engage effectively while maintaining a reduced risk of collateral damage. In contrast, plunging fire involves projectiles that land from above at a steep angle, which is of less tactical utility in flat terrains. Traverse and search refer to different firing techniques and maneuvers used to engage targets but do not specifically pertain to the trajectory and ground proximity of projectiles like grazing fire does.

8. What is the weight of the Remington 870 shotgun?

- A. 5.5 lbs
- B. 6.2 lbs**
- C. 7.0 lbs
- D. 8.0 lbs

The weight of the Remington 870 shotgun is indeed approximately 6.2 pounds. This model is a widely used pump-action shotgun known for its reliability and versatility. The weight can vary slightly depending on specific configurations and accessories. However, the 6.2-pound weight is representative of the standard, basic model of the Remington 870, which makes it a reasonable choice for various shooting applications, including hunting and tactical use. Understanding the weight of a firearm like the Remington 870 is important for factors such as maneuverability, recoil management, and overall user comfort. Lighter shotguns can be more easily carried for extended periods, while heavier models might offer more stability when shooting.

9. What is the highest level of leadership recognized in the Army?

- A. Direct
- B. Organizational
- C. Strategic
- D. All of the above**

The highest level of leadership recognized in the Army encompasses all three levels: direct, organizational, and strategic. Each level plays a crucial role in the success and efficiency of military operations. Direct leadership involves face-to-face interactions and guidance for small teams or individuals. Leaders at this level directly influence and motivate their subordinates, setting the tone for their performance and morale. Organizational leadership refers to a broader scope, where leaders manage units or organizations to achieve desired outcomes. They focus on strategic implementation, resource allocation, and operational effectiveness while maintaining the well-being of personnel. Strategic leadership operates at the highest echelon, including senior leaders shaping policies and establishing direction for the Army as a whole. This level is responsible for understanding and addressing larger, long-term goals and the complex dynamics of military operations on a national or global scale. Recognizing all levels demonstrates a comprehensive understanding of military leadership, as they are interdependent and crucial for mission accomplishment. Each level builds upon the previous one, ensuring that leaders are effective at all tiers and that the Army operates cohesively.

10. What is the cyclic rate of fire for the M249?

- A. 600 rpm
- B. 750 rpm
- C. 850 rpm**
- D. 900 rpm

The cyclic rate of fire for the M249 light machine gun is indeed 850 rounds per minute (rpm). This figure is important because it reflects the weapon's capability to deliver a high volume of fire in a short period, which is critical in a combat scenario where suppressing enemy positions can be vital to mission success. Understanding the cyclic rate of fire helps operators to plan ammunition supply and manage the weapon's heat build-up during sustained firing. The M249, designed for reliability and versatility in support roles, utilizes this rate to provide effective fire support while being mindful of factors like barrel overheating and ammunition consumption. The capability to fire at this rate can be leveraged to create suppressive fire, allowing infantry units to maneuver effectively on the battlefield.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://rangerregiment.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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