

Professional Practical Experience Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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SAMPLE

Questions

SAMPLE

- 1. What clinical condition was indicated by a temperature of 101°F in a 2-year-old upon hospital admission?**
 - A. Viral infection**
 - B. Bacterial pneumonia**
 - C. Fever of unknown origin**
 - D. Flu**

- 2. How long ago did Yung Lee have the permanent cardiac pacemaker inserted?**
 - A. 6 months ago**
 - B. 1 year ago**
 - C. 2 years ago**
 - D. 3 months ago**

- 3. What is an indication of resilience in a practical learning environment?**
 - A. Giving up at the first sign of difficulty**
 - B. Consistently seeking assistance without effort**
 - C. Effectively managing stress and bouncing back from setbacks**
 - D. Avoiding challenging situations altogether**

- 4. In a case of a suspected myocardial infarction that was ruled out, what code should be reported?**
 - A. I21.3**
 - B. 99215**
 - C. 13121**
 - D. 15781**

- 5. What code is appropriate for an office consultation involving a postmenopausal woman with spotting and low complexity medical decision making?**
 - A. 99215**
 - B. 99243**
 - C. 15781**
 - D. I21.3**

- 6. What is the correct code for a complex repair of a 6 cm laceration on the forearm?**
- A. 99215**
 - B. 13121**
 - C. 15781**
 - D. I21.3**
- 7. How can technology enhance professional practical experience?**
- A. By providing distractions during the workday**
 - B. By providing tools for communication and project management**
 - C. By increasing in-person meetings**
 - D. By limiting access to information**
- 8. In the context of medical coding, what does the code 11055 represent?**
- A. Removal of a skin tag**
 - B. Partitioning of a callus**
 - C. Paring of a hyperkeratotic lesion**
 - D. Biopsy of a skin lesion**
- 9. For which type of care would a consultation code like 99255 be appropriate?**
- A. Routine check-ups**
 - B. Complex patient evaluations**
 - C. Annual assessments**
 - D. Preventative care visits**
- 10. What should one do if they feel their practical experience is not meeting their learning objectives?**
- A. Ignore the feelings and complete the experience**
 - B. Discuss concerns with their supervisor to seek adjustments or additional opportunities**
 - C. Request a transfer to a different organization**
 - D. Wait until the experience is over to reflect**

Answers

SAMPLE

1. B
2. B
3. C
4. A
5. B
6. B
7. B
8. C
9. B
10. B

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. What clinical condition was indicated by a temperature of 101°F in a 2-year-old upon hospital admission?

- A. Viral infection**
- B. Bacterial pneumonia**
- C. Fever of unknown origin**
- D. Flu**

A temperature of 101°F in a 2-year-old upon hospital admission suggests a potential infection, and among the options provided, bacterial pneumonia is particularly significant due to its severity and common presentation in this age group. When evaluating a child with a fever, it's essential to consider the context and associated symptoms. Bacterial pneumonia can often present with fever, cough, difficulty breathing, and lethargy. The presence of a moderate fever, such as 101°F, aligns with what is typically observed in cases of bacterial infection, which may also show rapid progression and require immediate medical intervention. This scenario emphasizes the need for healthcare professionals to recognize the signs of serious bacterial infections, especially in younger children who may not exhibit typical symptoms but still require prompt treatment to avoid complications. In this context, assessing for bacterial pneumonia becomes critical in differentiating it from other potential causes of fever.

2. How long ago did Yung Lee have the permanent cardiac pacemaker inserted?

- A. 6 months ago**
- B. 1 year ago**
- C. 2 years ago**
- D. 3 months ago**

The correct answer indicates that Yung Lee had the permanent cardiac pacemaker inserted one year ago, which implies a notable timeline in the context of cardiac health management. Understanding this timeframe is crucial because it allows healthcare professionals to assess the effectiveness and functionality of the pacemaker over a significant period. A year marks a reasonable interval during which the pacemaker's impact on Lee's heart rhythm, symptom management, and overall health status can be evaluated. Additionally, it aligns with the typical monitoring schedule following such a procedure, where follow-ups are generally scheduled at yearly intervals unless complications arise. This timeframe ensures that adjustments can be made if the patient experiences any changes in their heart condition or device performance. In contrast, the other options represent timeframes that either do not provide enough duration for comprehensive assessment of the device's efficacy or may suggest a lack of sufficient monitoring, which is critical in managing patients with cardiac conditions. Therefore, recognizing that one year has passed since the insertion is significant for ongoing care and adjustment in treatment plans, ensuring better health outcomes for Yung Lee.

3. What is an indication of resilience in a practical learning environment?

- A. Giving up at the first sign of difficulty**
- B. Consistently seeking assistance without effort**
- C. Effectively managing stress and bouncing back from setbacks**
- D. Avoiding challenging situations altogether**

Resilience in a practical learning environment is demonstrated by the ability to effectively manage stress and bounce back from setbacks. This characteristic is crucial in overcoming challenges and continuing to pursue goals despite difficulties. When faced with obstacles, resilient individuals remain focused, learn from their experiences, and adapt their strategies to enhance their understanding and skills. This attitude allows them to embrace challenges as opportunities for growth rather than deterrents. In contrast, giving up at the first sign of difficulty or avoiding challenging situations indicates a lack of resilience, as it reflects an unwillingness to engage with obstacles. Similarly, consistently seeking assistance without making an effort to resolve problems on one's own suggests dependence rather than the proactive problem-solving mindset that resilience embodies. Overall, resilience is about maintaining a positive and persistent approach when confronted with adversity, which is best captured by the ability to manage stress and recover from setbacks effectively.

4. In a case of a suspected myocardial infarction that was ruled out, what code should be reported?

- A. I21.3**
- B. 99215**
- C. 13121**
- D. 15781**

In cases of suspected myocardial infarction where the diagnosis is ultimately ruled out, the appropriate code to report is related to the specific guidelines for reporting suspected conditions. The coding system utilized (such as ICD-10) clearly requires the use of a code that reflects a diagnosis of myocardial infarction only when it is confirmed. In this situation, if the myocardial infarction is ruled out, it may be more appropriate to use a code that reflects the evaluation of the symptoms rather than a definitive diagnosis of a heart attack. Code I21.3 specifically corresponds to a type of myocardial infarction and should not be used when the condition has been ruled out. The correct choice is to use a different code that more accurately reflects the patient's condition without implying that a myocardial infarction has occurred. Therefore, if this code is indicated as the correct answer in this context, it suggests there has been a misunderstanding because it signifies an actual condition rather than a ruled-out scenario. In differentiating between the provided options, the correct code for a ruled-out case should be something that indicates evaluation or a non-specific symptom rather than a definitive diagnosis related to myocardial infarction.

5. What code is appropriate for an office consultation involving a postmenopausal woman with spotting and low complexity medical decision making?

- A. 99215
- B. 99243**
- C. 15781
- D. I21.3

In this scenario, the appropriate code for an office consultation involving a postmenopausal woman with spotting and low complexity medical decision making is a specific evaluation and management (E/M) code. For such consultations, the CPT code 99243 is suitable as it corresponds to a level of office or other outpatient visit that requires a moderate level of complexity in evaluation and management. This code is typically used for visits that require a detailed history, examination, and medical decision-making that is of low complexity. In this case, while the patient exhibits a concerning symptom (spotting), the complexity is considered low, aligning well with the criteria for 99243, which requires a medical assessment but does not necessitate extensive decision making or further complicated diagnostics. Understanding the coding is essential in clinical settings to ensure accurate billing and effective communication regarding the care provided. Codes such as 99215 represent a higher complexity of medical decision making, which would not be appropriate in this scenario, while code 15781 refers to a specific type of surgical procedure unrelated to the context of a general office consultation. Lastly, I21.3 pertains to a specific diagnosis related to ischemic heart disease, which does not apply here since the case focuses on a gynecological issue.

6. What is the correct code for a complex repair of a 6 cm laceration on the forearm?

- A. 99215
- B. 13121**
- C. 15781
- D. I21.3

The correct code for a complex repair of a 6 cm laceration on the forearm is 13121. This code specifically corresponds to the procedural coding for complex laceration repairs that measure between 6.0 cm and 7.5 cm. Complex repairs typically involve more extensive procedures than simple closures, requiring techniques such as layered closure, debridement, or placement of drains. Understanding the context of coding is crucial in medical billing and documentation. The proper selection of codes ensures that healthcare providers are accurately compensated for their services and that patient records reflect the complexity of the care provided. The other options do not apply to complex repairs of lacerations. For instance, some options relate to evaluation and management codes or conditions, which are not relevant for procedural coding necessary for the specified repair type.

7. How can technology enhance professional practical experience?

- A. By providing distractions during the workday**
- B. By providing tools for communication and project management**
- C. By increasing in-person meetings**
- D. By limiting access to information**

Technology enhances professional practical experience primarily by offering tools for communication and project management. These tools streamline workflows, facilitate collaboration, and improve efficiency in working environments. For instance, project management software allows teams to organize tasks, set deadlines, and track progress, ensuring that everyone stays aligned on goals and project timelines. Additionally, communication platforms enable real-time discussions and sharing of information, which fosters better teamwork, especially in remote settings or across different locations. This integration of technology leads to more effective coordination and allows professionals to focus on their tasks without being hindered by logistical issues. By leveraging these technological resources, individuals can enhance their skill sets, improve productivity, and gain valuable insights from data analytics tools, which can inform better decision-making and innovative problem-solving in their professional roles.

8. In the context of medical coding, what does the code 11055 represent?

- A. Removal of a skin tag**
- B. Partitioning of a callus**
- C. Paring of a hyperkeratotic lesion**
- D. Biopsy of a skin lesion**

The code 11055 is specifically used in medical coding to describe the procedure of paring or debridement of a hyperkeratotic lesion. Hyperkeratotic lesions are thickened areas of skin that can result from a variety of conditions, including psoriasis or calluses. The process of paring involves carefully reducing the thickened skin to promote healing and alleviate discomfort. This procedure is essential in managing conditions that lead to excessive skin buildup, helping to restore normal skin function and improve the patient's comfort. In medical coding, accurate identification of procedures like these helps ensure proper billing and insurance reimbursement, reflecting the specific services provided to patients. The other options pertain to different procedures and are coded under distinct numbers, highlighting the necessity for precision in coding practices.

9. For which type of care would a consultation code like 99255 be appropriate?

- A. Routine check-ups**
- B. Complex patient evaluations**
- C. Annual assessments**
- D. Preventative care visits**

Consultation code 99255 is specifically intended for complex patient evaluations. This code is used when a physician provides a detailed consultation, which usually involves a thorough assessment of a patient's medical history, a comprehensive examination, and the development of a detailed plan of care. The complexity of the evaluation necessitates a significant amount of time and expertise and typically involves multiple medical issues or a particularly challenging diagnosis. Complex patient evaluations may include situations where the patient's condition is complicated by comorbidities, requires input from multiple specialists, or needs significant decision-making and management. Utilizing this code ensures that the complexity and comprehensiveness of the care provided are appropriately captured for billing and clinical documentation purposes. In contrast, routine check-ups, annual assessments, or preventative care visits usually do not meet the criteria for this higher-level consultation code as they do not typically involve the same level of complexity or detailed evaluation.

10. What should one do if they feel their practical experience is not meeting their learning objectives?

- A. Ignore the feelings and complete the experience**
- B. Discuss concerns with their supervisor to seek adjustments or additional opportunities**
- C. Request a transfer to a different organization**
- D. Wait until the experience is over to reflect**

Engaging in an open dialogue with a supervisor about concerns regarding practical experience is key to ensuring that learning objectives are met effectively. This approach fosters a collaborative environment where feedback and constructive discussion can lead to adjustments or the introduction of additional opportunities that align better with learning goals. When individuals voice their concerns, they create the possibility for improvements, such as mentoring, project adjustments, or the incorporation of new tasks that can enhance their development. Taking proactive steps to address concerns rather than ignoring them can lead to a more fulfilling and educational experience. Transferring to a different organization or waiting until the experience is over could limit one's opportunity to gain valuable insights and growth from the current situation, while ignoring the issue entirely would prevent any chance of improvement or learning alignment. Thus, discussing concerns is the most constructive path to take in this scenario.