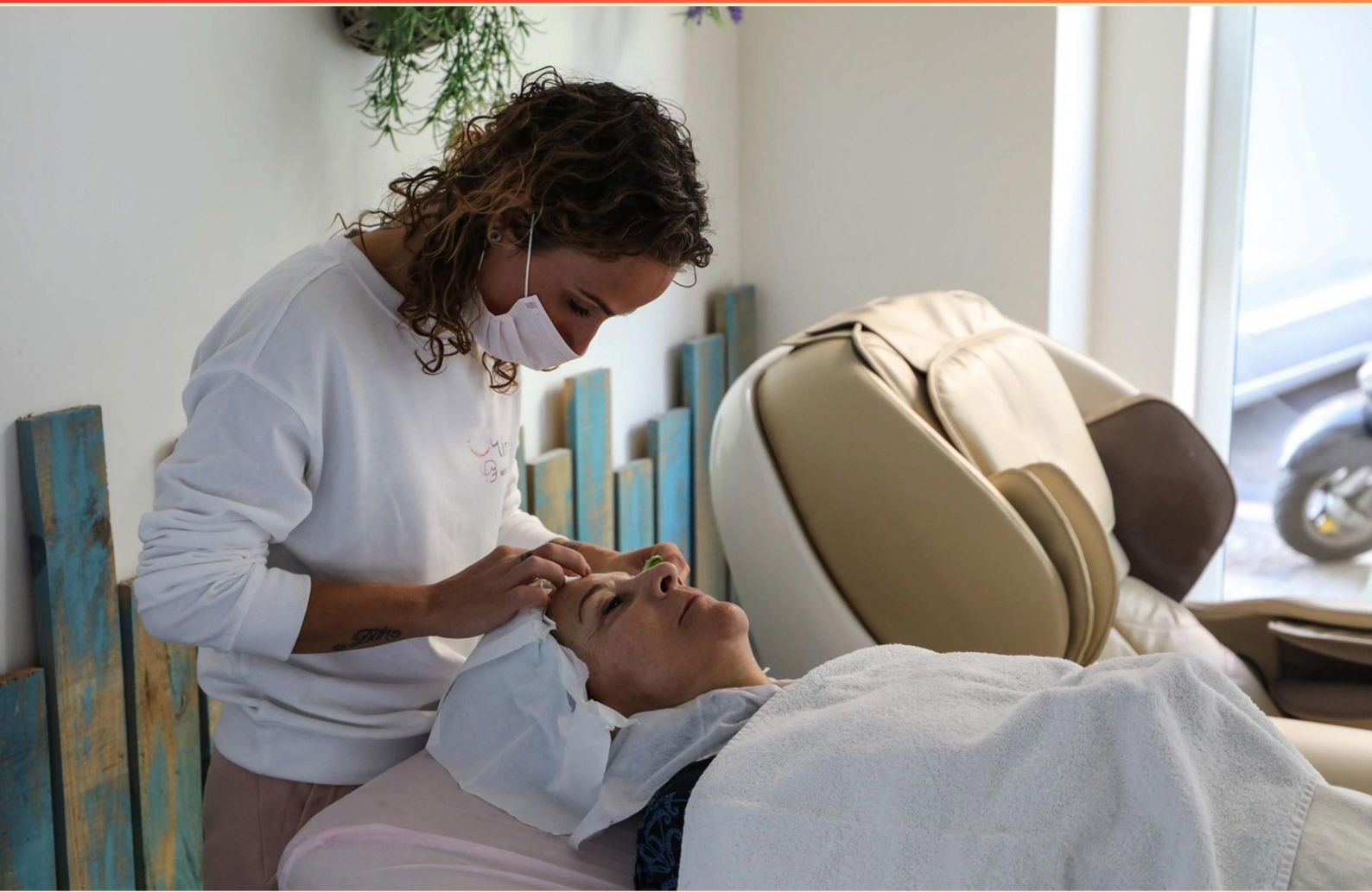


PIVOT POINT HAIR REMOVAL 109 PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



Prepare with structure. Pass with confidence



Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	8
Explanations	10
Next Steps	15

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

SAMPLE

- 1. How often should an eyebrow pencil be sharpened?**
 - A. Only monthly
 - B. Before and after each use
 - C. Once a year
 - D. When packaging expires
- 2. When a cancerous growth is present, what should you do during waxing?**
 - A. Wax around the growth
 - B. Avoid treatment on the area of cancerous growth
 - C. Treat normally
 - D. Discontinue service altogether
- 3. Sugaring uses a paste made primarily of which ingredients?**
 - A. It uses a paste primarily made of sugar and lemon juice.
 - B. It uses wax resin.
 - C. It uses a metal paste.
 - D. It uses alcohol-based solution.
- 4. Eyebrow pencil or powder is used to which function?**
 - A. Enhances the eyebrow by adding definition and volume, used to mark the skin prior to service
 - B. Removes oil from the eyebrow area
 - C. Dries the skin to prevent sweating
 - D. Cleanses the eyebrow area before waxing
- 5. Positioning the wax pot close to the work area primarily benefits which aspect of the service?**
 - A. Aesthetic appearance
 - B. Accessibility of products and efficiency
 - C. Temperature control
 - D. Client comfort level

- 6. Which product is used after waxing to reduce redness and calm the skin?**
- A. Soothing Toner, Gel or Lotion
 - B. Hair growth retardant
 - C. Powder
 - D. Eyebrow wax/gel/powder
- 7. Which item covers and allows the client to remove clothing?**
- A. Client Gown
 - B. Towel
 - C. Apron
 - D. Sheets
- 8. To prevent a chemical depilatory from seeping into unwanted areas, what product should be applied?**
- A. Barrier cream
 - B. Sunscreen
 - C. Moisturizer
 - D. Talcum powder
- 9. What is the bolster used for in a treatment setup?**
- A. Supports the client
 - B. Holds towels in place
 - C. Adds weight to stabilize the table
 - D. Cools the skin before waxing
- 10. For first-time clients requiring underarm wax, what is the recommended draping action?**
- A. Ask client to change into a gown, removing only the top
 - B. Have client remove all clothing
 - C. Drape with a towel only
 - D. Skip draping

Answers

SAMPLE

1. B
2. B
3. A
4. A
5. B
6. A
7. A
8. A
9. A
10. A

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. How often should an eyebrow pencil be sharpened?

- A. Only monthly
- B. Before and after each use**
- C. Once a year
- D. When packaging expires

Sharpening frequency is about maintaining both hygiene and precision for the tool you use to shape and define brows. Sharpening before use ensures the tip is clean and very pointy, giving you precise control to create fine, hair-like strokes without dragging or skipping. A sharp edge also helps you place product exactly where you want it, which is crucial for natural-looking brows. Shaving off any buildup after you're done is just as important. After-use sharpening removes residual product and any bacteria that may have gathered on the tip, helping keep the pencil sanitary for the next person and the next application. This two-step approach—before and after each use—supports clean, accurate, and safe brow makeup. The other options miss these practical considerations: waiting monthly or yearly doesn't address the need for a clean, sharp point and hygiene, and using only when packaging expires ignores daily use and sanitary best practices.

2. When a cancerous growth is present, what should you do during waxing?

- A. Wax around the growth
- B. Avoid treatment on the area of cancerous growth**
- C. Treat normally
- D. Discontinue service altogether

Safety comes first: a cancerous growth is a contraindication to waxing. The skin over a lesion can be fragile and may react strongly to heat and the pulling action of wax, risking irritation, tearing, infection, or delayed healing. Because of these risks and to avoid interfering with any medical treatment, you should not treat that area at all. You can continue waxing other areas if there are no other concerns, but defer the growth area and advise the client to seek medical clearance before any future service on or around that lesion. Discontinuing service entirely isn't necessary unless there are no safe areas left to wax.

3. Sugaring uses a paste made primarily of which ingredients?

- A. It uses a paste primarily made of sugar and lemon juice.**
- B. It uses wax resin.
- C. It uses a metal paste.
- D. It uses alcohol-based solution.

Sugaring relies on a natural, sugar-based paste. The key base is sugar, with water and lemon juice added to create a thick, pliable consistency. The lemon juice provides acidity to help prevent crystallization, while water helps dissolve the sugar so the paste can be heated and worked into the right texture. This combination makes the paste easy to rinse off with water and gentle on the skin. It's distinct from wax resin, metal pastes, or alcohol-based solutions, which are not used in traditional sugaring. So the paste is primarily made of sugar and lemon juice (with water as part of the mix).

4. Eyebrow pencil or powder is used to which function?

- A. Enhances the eyebrow by adding definition and volume, used to mark the skin prior to service
- B. Removes oil from the eyebrow area
- C. Dries the skin to prevent sweating
- D. Cleanses the eyebrow area before waxing

Defining and adding volume to the brows. Eyebrow pencil or powder lets you outline the shape, fill in sparse areas, and create a fuller, more defined look. It also serves as a mapping tool on the skin to preview or guide the shaping before waxing or other services, helping ensure symmetry and the desired arch. It's not used for oil removal, drying the skin, or cleansing—those tasks use different products.

5. Positioning the wax pot close to the work area primarily benefits which aspect of the service?

- A. Aesthetic appearance
- B. Accessibility of products and efficiency
- C. Temperature control
- D. Client comfort level

Positioning the wax pot close to the work area supports a smooth workflow by keeping the tools and supplies you use most often within easy reach. When you can quickly access wax, spatulas, strips, powders, and wipes without stepping away, the service moves more quickly and with fewer interruptions, making the overall process more efficient. This direct access to materials translates into faster applications, fewer delays, and a more seamless experience for the client. Aesthetic appearance isn't affected by where the pot sits, temperature control is determined by the warming unit itself, and client comfort comes from technique and environment rather than the pot's location.

6. Which product is used after waxing to reduce redness and calm the skin?

- A. Soothing Toner, Gel or Lotion
- B. Hair growth retardant
- C. Powder
- D. Eyebrow wax/gel/powder

After waxing, the skin often feels red and sensitive, so the goal is to calm irritation and restore moisture. A soothing product in toner, gel, or lotion form is best because it's specifically designed for post-wax care, providing cooling, hydration, and anti-inflammatory effects to soothe the skin and reduce redness. Hair growth retardants are meant to slow future hair growth, not provide immediate calming after waxing. Powder may help with appearance or oil absorption, but it doesn't actively soothe or moisturize. Brow products are for shaping and finishing the area and aren't used to calm freshly waxed skin. So the soothing toner, gel, or lotion is the most appropriate choice.

7. Which item covers and allows the client to remove clothing?

A. Client Gown

B. Towel

C. Apron

D. Sheets

Maintaining proper draping and client modesty during hair removal is about having a covering that lets the client disrobe and the practitioner access the treatment area without exposing more than necessary. A client gown is designed for this purpose: it keeps the body covered, can be easily removed or adjusted as you reach different areas, and helps maintain hygiene and privacy throughout the service. Towels are useful as temporary covers or barriers but can shift and aren't as convenient for quick changes in coverage. An apron is worn by the practitioner and doesn't cover the client. Sheets can drape, but they're less practical for frequent adjustments and exposing specific areas. So, the best choice is the client gown.

8. To prevent a chemical depilatory from seeping into unwanted areas, what product should be applied?

A. Barrier cream

B. Sunscreen

C. Moisturizer

D. Talcum powder

The main idea is to protect non-treated skin from the chemical depilatory by creating a barrier around the area being treated. A barrier cream forms a protective layer on surrounding skin, so if any depilatory material spreads beyond the target area, it's less likely to irritate or burn the skin. This keeps the edges clean and reduces the risk of unwanted seepage. Sunscreen doesn't stop chemical penetration, and moisturizers or talcum powder don't provide a true barrier against caustic ingredients. Barrier cream is specifically used to shield nearby skin from the depilatory, making it the correct choice.

9. What is the bolster used for in a treatment setup?

A. Supports the client

B. Holds towels in place

C. Adds weight to stabilize the table

D. Cools the skin before waxing

A bolster is used to support the client and keep them comfortable and properly aligned during the treatment. By providing a soft cushion under the knees or neck, it helps maintain a neutral spine, reduces lower back strain, and makes it easier for the technician to access the treatment area without the client shifting or tensing up. This stability and comfort are important for a smooth, efficient waxing session. It isn't used to hold towels in place, add weight to the table, or cool the skin—those tasks come from other tools and steps in the setup.

10. For first-time clients requiring underarm wax, what is the recommended draping action?

A. Ask client to change into a gown, removing only the top

B. Have client remove all clothing

C. Drape with a towel only

D. Skip draping

Draping for underarm waxing centers on maintaining modesty, warmth, and proper access to the area. For a first-time client, the recommended approach is to have them change into a clean gown and remove only the top layer to expose the underarm. This provides easy access to the waxing area while keeping the rest of the body covered, respecting privacy and comfort. Using only a towel or skipping draping compromises modesty and warmth, and asking the client to remove all clothing goes against professional standards for privacy and hygiene. Keeping the client appropriately draped with a gown ensures a professional and comfortable experience while allowing safe, focused access to the underarm.

SAMPLE

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://pivotpointhairremoval109.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE