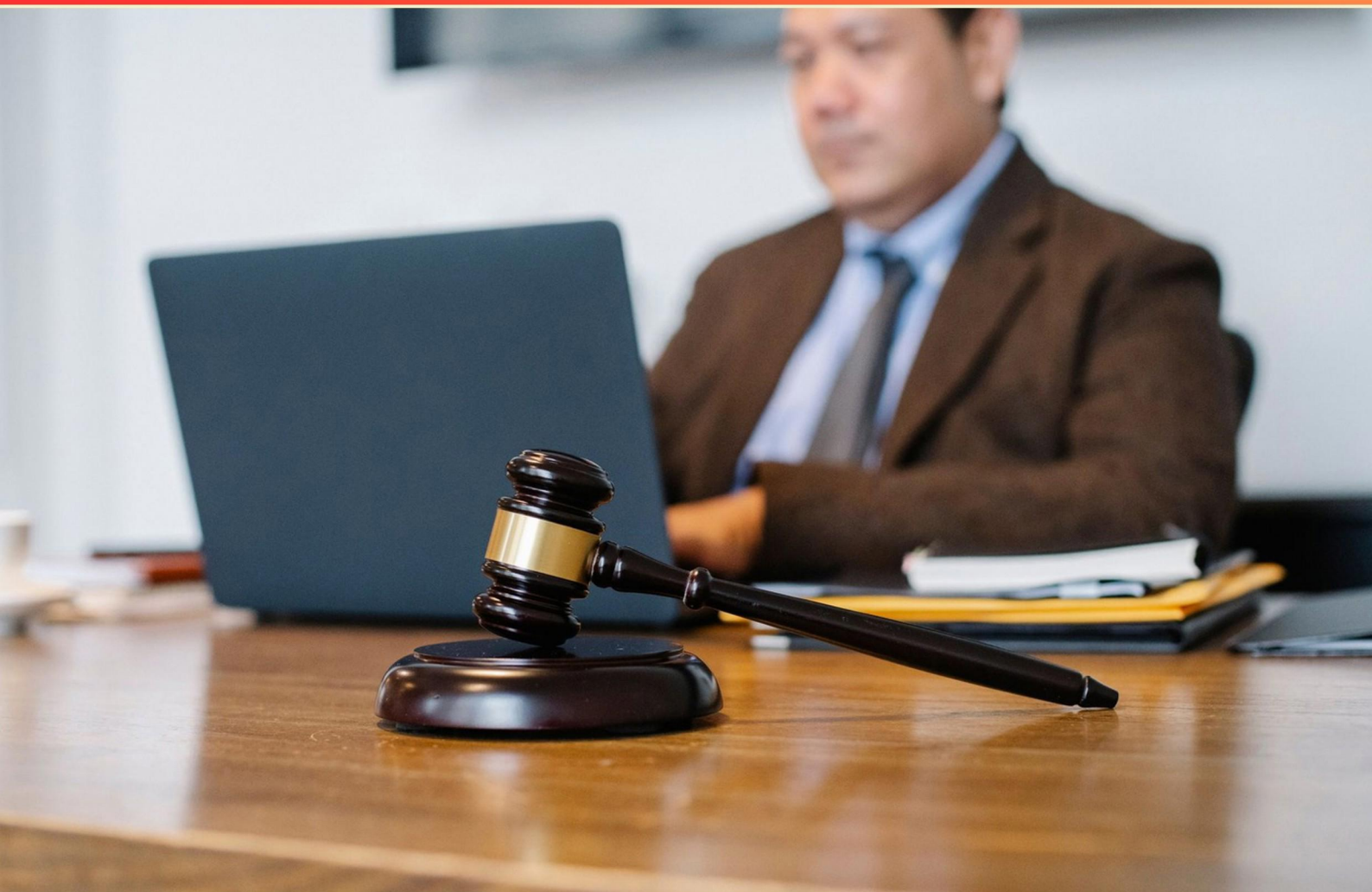


PENAL CODE 30-72 PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



**SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE
WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS**

**VISIT US ONLINE FOR
THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE**

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. Which feature makes a sales contest deceptive?**
 - A. It offers multiple prizes
 - B. It misrepresents chances of winning
 - C. It is restricted to store employees
 - D. It requires a high entry fee
- 2. Burglary of Vehicles offense occurs when, without the owner's effective consent, a person breaks into or enters a vehicle or any part of a vehicle with intent to commit any felony or theft. Which is correct?**
 - A. Breaking into or entering a vehicle without the owner's effective consent with intent to commit any felony or theft
 - B. Breaking into or entering a vehicle with the owner's effective consent with intent to commit any felony or theft
 - C. Entering a vehicle for lawful inspection
 - D. Damaging a vehicle without entering their premises
- 3. What is the age threshold for the Child Passenger in Driving/Boating with Child Passenger offenses?**
 - A. Younger than 12
 - B. Under 15
 - C. 15 or older
 - D. Younger than 15
- 4. A person commits an offense if knowingly offers or agrees to receive a fee from another to engage in sexual conduct. Which offense is described?**
 - A. Solicitation of Prostitution
 - B. Prostitution
 - C. Obscene
 - D. Wholesale promote

- 5. Theft of Service: which of the following is NOT a listed method for securing service without paying?**
- A. Intentionally or knowingly secures performance of the service by deception, threat, or false token.
 - B. Having control over the disposition of services of another to which the actor is not entitled, the actor intentionally or knowingly diverts the other's services to the actor's own benefit or to the benefit of another not entitled to the services.
 - C. The actor intentionally or knowingly secures the performance of the service by agreeing to provide compensation and, after the service is rendered, fails to make full payment after receiving notice demanding payment.
 - D. Using a service without authorization because no contract exists.
- 6. Which offense involves using the name or persona of another person to create a web page on a commercial site or to post or send messages through social networks or online messaging?**
- A. Online Impersonation
 - B. Online Solicitation of a Minor
 - C. Counterfeit Telecommunications Access Device
 - D. Breach of Computer Security
- 7. A Driving/Boating while Intoxicated offense becomes a Felony of the 3rd Degree if the offender has previously been convicted one time under Section 49.08 or substantially similar, or two times of any other related offense.**
- A. One time under Section 49.08 or substantially similar offense
 - B. Two times of any other related offense
 - C. One time under Section 49.08 or substantially similar offense, or two times of any other related offense
 - D. Three times of any other related offense
- 8. Failure to Report Felony occurs when a person who observes a felony fails to report immediately under conditions where a reasonable person would believe the offense had not been reported and it could be reported without danger.**
- A. Misuse
 - B. Interference with Public Duties
 - C. Failure to Report Felony
 - D. Failure to Stop or Report Aggravated Sexual Assault of Child

9. Sexual Performance by a Child means any performance or part thereof that includes sexual conduct by a child younger than how many years?
- A. 17
 - B. 18
 - C. 21
 - D. 16
10. What term means withholding property from the owner permanently or for so extended a period that a major portion of the value or enjoyment of the property is lost to the owner?
- A. Expropriate
 - B. Deprive
 - C. Withhold
 - D. Acquire

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Answers

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1. B
2. A
3. D
4. A
5. B
6. A
7. C
8. C
9. B
10. B

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Explanations

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1. Which feature makes a sales contest deceptive?

- A. It offers multiple prizes
- B. It misrepresents chances of winning**
- C. It is restricted to store employees
- D. It requires a high entry fee

Deception in a sales contest comes from misrepresenting a material fact that influences a consumer's decision. If a promoter claims you have a real chance to win, but the odds are false or distorted, participants are misled about how likely they are to succeed. That kind of false or misleading information about the probability of winning is what makes the contest deceptive and is typically illegal under consumer protection laws. Offering multiple prizes isn't inherently deceptive; it's just part of how a contest is structured. Restricting participation to store employees isn't deception by itself, though it limits who can enter. Requiring a high entry fee could raise fairness concerns, but it doesn't by itself mislead about one key fact: the actual chances of winning. So the core deceptive feature is the misrepresentation of winning odds, because it directly misleads participants about their real likelihood of success.

2. Burglary of Vehicles offense occurs when, without the owner's effective consent, a person breaks into or enters a vehicle or any part of a vehicle with intent to commit any felony or theft. Which is correct?

- A. Breaking into or entering a vehicle without the owner's effective consent with intent to commit any felony or theft**
- B. Breaking into or entering a vehicle with the owner's effective consent with intent to commit any felony or theft
- C. Entering a vehicle for lawful inspection
- D. Damaging a vehicle without entering their premises

Burglary of Vehicles hinges on three elements: unlawful entry into a vehicle (or any part of it), without the owner's effective consent, and with the specific intent to commit any felony or theft at the time of entry. The key is that the entry is unauthorized and the offender already plans to commit a crime once inside. The correct choice reflects all of these elements: breaking into or entering a vehicle without the owner's effective consent, with the intent to commit any felony or theft. If there is consent from the owner, the entry is not burglary. If the action is a lawful inspection, there's no unlawful intent. And damaging a vehicle without entering it does not involve unlawful entry into the vehicle itself.

3. What is the age threshold for the Child Passenger in Driving/Boating with Child Passenger offenses?

- A. Younger than 12
- B. Under 15
- C. 15 or older
- D. Younger than 15**

The rule focuses on how old a passenger must be to fall under this specific offense. The statute defines a "child passenger" as someone younger than 15. So the offense applies when you drive or boat with a passenger who is under 15. If the passenger is 15 or older, this particular offense wouldn't apply (though other laws or safety requirements might still apply). That's why the correct threshold is "younger than 15"—it targets the safety protections needed for the younger age group.

4. A person commits an offense if knowingly offers or agrees to receive a fee from another to engage in sexual conduct. Which offense is described?

A. Solicitation of Prostitution

B. Prostitution

C. Obscene

D. Wholesale promote

This item tests understanding of how solicitation of prostitution is defined and how it differs from related offenses. The scenario describes someone knowingly offering or agreeing to receive money from another person in exchange for sexual conduct. That fits the offense of solicitation of prostitution: the person is actively seeking to cause prostitution by arranging payment for sex, even before any sexual act occurs. It's different from prostitution itself, which requires that the sexual conduct actually take place in exchange for a fee. It's also not an obscene offense, which concerns obscene material or acts rather than paying someone to have sex. And it isn't promotion of prostitution, which would involve encouraging or facilitating prostitution rather than merely offering to pay for sexual acts. So the correct understanding is that the described conduct is solicitation of prostitution.

5. Theft of Service: which of the following is NOT a listed method for securing service without paying?

A. Intentionally or knowingly secures performance of the service by deception, threat, or false token.

B. Having control over the disposition of services of another to which the actor is not entitled, the actor intentionally or knowingly diverts the other's services to the actor's own benefit or to the benefit of another not entitled to the services.

C. The actor intentionally or knowingly secures the performance of the service by agreeing to provide compensation and, after the service is rendered, fails to make full payment after receiving notice demanding payment.

D. Using a service without authorization because no contract exists.

The key idea is what counts as theft of services: a person must obtain services without paying through specific means that the statute covers—by deception or threats, by diverting someone else's services, or by promising to pay and then failing to do so after the service is provided. Using a service without authorization simply because no contract exists does not fit those listed methods. It doesn't show the service was obtained through deception, threat, or false token, nor does it show control over another's services being diverted, nor a post-service nonpayment after an agreed payment. Therefore, the method that is not listed is using a service without authorization because no contract exists. The other scenarios describe the recognized ways to secure a service without paying.

6. Which offense involves using the name or persona of another person to create a web page on a commercial site or to post or send messages through social networks or online messaging?

A. Online Impersonation

B. Online Solicitation of a Minor

C. Counterfeit Telecommunications Access Device

D. Breach of Computer Security

Online Impersonation covers using someone else's name or persona online to create a web page or to post or send messages through social networks or online messaging. This fits the scenario because it involves adopting another person's identity on the internet to operate a page or send messages, often with the intent to harm, defraud, or threaten. The other options describe different crimes: soliciting a minor online targets sexual solicitation of a minor; counterfeit telecommunications access device involves fake devices to gain access; breach of computer security concerns unauthorized access or compromising a computer system. So the best match is Online Impersonation.

7. A Driving/Boating while Intoxicated offense becomes a Felony of the 3rd Degree if the offender has previously been convicted one time under Section 49.08 or substantially similar, or two times of any other related offense.

A. One time under Section 49.08 or substantially similar offense

B. Two times of any other related offense

C. One time under Section 49.08 or substantially similar offense, or two times of any other related offense

D. Three times of any other related offense

Enhancement rules for Driving/Boating while intoxicated use two routes to reach a third-degree felony: one prior conviction under Section 49.08 (or a substantially similar offense), or two prior convictions of any other related offense. Because the statute is written with an OR between these two pathways, meeting either condition upgrades the offense to a third-degree felony. The correct understanding is that one prior 49.08 conviction or two prior convictions of other related offenses both qualify. The other options miss one of the routes or set an incorrect threshold.

8. Failure to Report Felony occurs when a person who observes a felony fails to report immediately under conditions where a reasonable person would believe the offense had not been reported and it could be reported without danger.

A. Misuse

B. Interference with Public Duties

C. Failure to Report Felony

D. Failure to Stop or Report Aggravated Sexual Assault of Child

The main concept is the duty to report felonies you witness. If you observe a felony and there's no danger in reporting it, you must report it promptly. The test adds two important conditions: you'd reasonably believe the offense hasn't already been reported, and reporting could be done without putting anyone in danger. When those conditions are met and you fail to report, that constitutes the offense of Failure to Report Felony. Think of it as a safeguard to ensure serious crimes are brought to authorities quickly and safely. It's not about interfering with officers or about reporting every crime in general; it specifically targets the failure to report a felony you witnessed under safe and timely circumstances.

9. Sexual Performance by a Child means any performance or part thereof that includes sexual conduct by a child younger than how many years?

A. 17

B. 18

C. 21

D. 16

The defining idea here is the age cutoff used to determine who counts as a child for this offense. In this statute, a child is someone younger than 18 years. That means any performance or part of a performance that includes sexual conduct by someone under 18 qualifies as sexual performance by a child. If the performer is 18 or older, the specific offense does not apply, though other laws could still be relevant. This is why 18 is the correct threshold: it aligns with the typical age of adulthood used in criminal law to protect minors from exploitation. The other ages would not fit the standard practice of treating anyone under 18 as a child for this offense.

10. What term means withholding property from the owner permanently or for so extended a period that a major portion of the value or enjoyment of the property is lost to the owner?

A. Expropriate

B. Deprive

C. Withhold

D. Acquire

Deprive describes withholding property from the owner in a way that, for a long period or permanently, causes the owner to lose a major portion of the value or enjoyment of the property. This captures the idea of taking away or keeping possession so the owner cannot use or benefit from it for a substantial time. The other terms don't fit: expropriate involves a government taking for public use with compensation, which is a different scenario; withhold is too generic and doesn't necessarily imply the long-term loss of value or use; acquire means to gain property, the opposite of taking it away.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://penalcode30to72.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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