

Pathfinder Bible Experience (PBE) - Isaiah 1-33 Practice Exam (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	8
Explanations	10
Next Steps	16

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

- 1. What does chapter 39 reveal about Hezekiah's character?**
 - A. His humility and wisdom in leadership**
 - B. His strict governance and fairness**
 - C. His pride and naivety when he shows off his wealth to Babylon envoys**
 - D. His commitment to God's service**
- 2. How does the book of Isaiah address the concept of sin?**
 - A. By downplaying its seriousness**
 - B. By calling for repentance and promising forgiveness**
 - C. By suggesting that it is inevitable and unchangeable**
 - D. By encouraging rebellion against authority**
- 3. What will Egypt become like according to Isaiah 19:16?**
 - A. Like warriors**
 - B. Like women, afraid and fearful**
 - C. Like lions, fearless**
 - D. Like merchants, proud**
- 4. According to Isaiah 9:20, what action shall a man take on the right hand and what will be the outcome?**
 - A. Devour, he will not be satisfied**
 - B. Snatch, he will be hungry**
 - C. Seek, he will find food**
 - D. Hide, he will remain content**
- 5. According to Isaiah 9:10, what do people proclaim they will do with fallen bricks?**
 - A. Rebuild with hewn stones**
 - B. Scrap them entirely**
 - C. Leave them as they are**
 - D. Throw them into the river**

- 6. What elements will be present during the day and night above Mount Zion according to Isaiah 4:5?**
- A. Light and darkness**
 - B. Cloud and smoke, flaming fire**
 - C. Sunshine and rain**
 - D. Wind and storm**
- 7. What three actions had God's people taken according to Isaiah?**
- A. Forsaken the Lord, returned to Him, and sought His guidance**
 - B. Forsaken the Lord, provoked the Holy One, and turned away backward**
 - C. Rebelled against the kings, rejected the prophets, and abandoned worship**
 - D. Praised the idols, mocked the faithful, and pursued sin**
- 8. How does Isaiah portray judgment against the nations in chapter 13?**
- A. He celebrates their achievements**
 - B. He prophesies the destruction of Babylon**
 - C. He calls for their repentance**
 - D. He encourages alliances with them**
- 9. According to Isaiah, what will happen to the papyrus reeds by the river?**
- A. They will thrive abundantly**
 - B. They will be sown and flourish**
 - C. They will wither and be no more**
 - D. They will grow taller than ever**
- 10. According to Isaiah 4:2, how is the fruit of the earth described?**
- A. Fertile and bountiful**
 - B. Excellent and appealing**
 - C. Rich and nourishing**
 - D. Sweet and succulent**

Answers

SAMPLE

1. C
2. B
3. B
4. B
5. A
6. B
7. B
8. B
9. C
10. B

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. What does chapter 39 reveal about Hezekiah's character?

- A. His humility and wisdom in leadership**
- B. His strict governance and fairness**
- C. His pride and naivety when he shows off his wealth to Babylon envoys**
- D. His commitment to God's service**

Chapter 39 of Isaiah reveals Hezekiah's character through the lens of his interaction with the Babylonian envoys. When Hezekiah shows them all of his treasures and the wealth of his kingdom, it reflects a significant level of pride and naivety. He seems unaware of the implications of displaying such wealth to a foreign power that could potentially use this information to threaten his kingdom. This moment highlights not only his misplaced sense of security but also an impulsiveness that contrasts with the wisdom and humility expected of a leader. The passage serves as a critical point in Hezekiah's narrative, indicating that despite his earlier acts of faithfulness to God, he is susceptible to prideful behavior when it comes to his achievements and possessions. This pride ultimately leads to a prophetic warning about the future of his kingdom, as Isaiah predicts that these very treasures will be taken away. Thus, this chapter serves to illustrate the duality of Hezekiah's character, focusing on the dangers of pride and the need for vigilance in leadership.

2. How does the book of Isaiah address the concept of sin?

- A. By downplaying its seriousness**
- B. By calling for repentance and promising forgiveness**
- C. By suggesting that it is inevitable and unchangeable**
- D. By encouraging rebellion against authority**

The book of Isaiah emphasizes the concept of sin by calling for repentance and promising forgiveness. Throughout the text, Isaiah presents a clear understanding that sin separates humanity from God and leads to dire consequences, but he also highlights God's desire for restoration and reconciliation. The overarching theme is that despite the gravity of sin, God's grace and mercy offer a path back to Him through genuine repentance. This dual message serves to motivate the people to turn away from their wrongdoing, assuring them that if they do repent, they will find forgiveness and a renewed relationship with God. This promise of redemption is a central element of the prophetic messages conveyed by Isaiah, encouraging a transformative response rather than despair over the state of sin.

3. What will Egypt become like according to Isaiah 19:16?

- A. Like warriors
- B. Like women, afraid and fearful**
- C. Like lions, fearless
- D. Like merchants, proud

In Isaiah 19:16, the imagery used to describe Egypt indicates a transformation from strength and power to vulnerability and fear. The verse states that "in that day, Egypt will become like women," signaling a shift in their demeanor from that of a warrior or powerful nation to one characterized by fearfulness and trepidation. This metaphor highlights a loss of confidence and security, suggesting that Egypt, traditionally known for its might and military prowess, will instead encounter a state of weakness and anxiety. This passage serves as a profound reflection on the consequences of Egypt's actions and relationship with God, emphasizing themes of judgment and the reversal of fortunes. The concept of "like women" does not imply an inherent weakness but rather evokes a specific cultural context, in which women were seen as vulnerable in times of war. In this way, the scripture poignantly conveys the impact of divine judgment on a nation that once boasted strength and might.

4. According to Isaiah 9:20, what action shall a man take on the right hand and what will be the outcome?

- A. Devour, he will not be satisfied
- B. Snatch, he will be hungry**
- C. Seek, he will find food
- D. Hide, he will remain content

In Isaiah 9:20, the passage describes a situation where a man is driven by consumption — specifically the act of devouring food. The scripture illustrates a sense of overwhelming need and dissatisfaction, indicating that despite the action of snatching for food, it will not lead to fulfillment or satisfaction. The verse reflects a broader message about the consequences of misguided priorities and the futility of attempts to satisfy one's needs through unwise choices. This context highlights the man's relentless pursuit for sustenance (snatching), yet ultimately reveals his ongoing hunger, emphasizing a deeper truth about spiritual and physical yearning in the face of adversity. It serves as a poignant metaphor for trying to find satisfaction in the wrong places, which results in continued dissatisfaction.

5. According to Isaiah 9:10, what do people proclaim they will do with fallen bricks?

- A. Rebuild with hewn stones**
- B. Scrap them entirely**
- C. Leave them as they are**
- D. Throw them into the river**

In Isaiah 9:10, the people proclaim their intent to "rebuild with hewn stones," which reflects their determination to restore what has been damaged or fallen. This statement signifies a resilience and a commitment to renewal despite experiencing destruction. The choice to rebuild with hewn stones highlights a desire for improvement, as hewn stones are carefully shaped and structured, suggesting that they want to create something more substantial and enduring than what was there before. This response embodies a theme of hope and rebuilding within the context of adversity, consistent with the broader messages of restoration found throughout the book of Isaiah. The other options represent attitudes or actions that do not align with the resolve to rebuild. For instance, scrapping the fallen bricks entirely would imply a complete abandonment of the past, which contrasts with the character of renewal emphasized in this passage. Leaving the fallen bricks as they are suggests a resignation to defeat rather than an active response to rebuild. Throwing them into the river would denote an act of disposal with no intention of recovery or renewal, which does not reflect the proactive spirit evident in the original proclamation. Thus, the intention to use hewn stones to rebuild showcases a hopeful and restorative approach in the face of calamity.

6. What elements will be present during the day and night above Mount Zion according to Isaiah 4:5?

- A. Light and darkness**
- B. Cloud and smoke, flaming fire**
- C. Sunshine and rain**
- D. Wind and storm**

In Isaiah 4:5, the prophet describes a profound scene that emphasizes God's protective presence over Mount Zion. The elements mentioned—cloud and smoke, along with flaming fire—symbolize both guidance and divine glory. The use of cloud and smoke indicates the presence of God, reminiscent of how He led the Israelites in the wilderness, where a cloud guided them by day and a pillar of fire by night. This imagery highlights God's constant, watchful eye over His people, ensuring their safety and leading them through challenges. Flaming fire represents God's holiness and purifying nature. It conveys strong imagery of His power, suggesting that His presence is both a source of protection and a force that refines His followers, cleansing them from impurities. Thus, the elements of cloud, smoke, and fire encapsulate the themes of divine guidance, protection, and purity that resonate throughout Isaiah's messages. This understanding provides a rich context for how God relates to His people and underlines the significance of His presence above Mount Zion, making the choice of these elements the most fitting in the context of Isaiah 4:5.

7. What three actions had God's people taken according to Isaiah?

- A. Forsaken the Lord, returned to Him, and sought His guidance**
- B. Forsaken the Lord, provoked the Holy One, and turned away backward**
- C. Rebelled against the kings, rejected the prophets, and abandoned worship**
- D. Praised the idols, mocked the faithful, and pursued sin**

The correct answer highlights the specific transgressions of God's people as described in the book of Isaiah. The actions of forsaking the Lord, provoking the Holy One, and turning away backward illustrate the people's abandonment of their covenant relationship with God. Forsaking the Lord indicates a conscious decision to distance themselves from His guidance and laws, a theme that resonates throughout Isaiah as he addresses the spiritual decline of Israel. The phrase "provoked the Holy One" emphasizes the seriousness of their rebellion; provoking suggests an ongoing, deliberate act against the character and holiness of God, portraying the people's defiance. Finally, "turned away backward" signifies a regression, indicating not just a physical turning away but a spiritual decline, moving away from the truth and the righteousness that God expects of His people. In Isaiah, these actions serve as a warning and a call to repentance, making this answer particularly significant in understanding the broader messages of the book concerning sin, judgment, and the need for restoration with God.

8. How does Isaiah portray judgment against the nations in chapter 13?

- A. He celebrates their achievements**
- B. He prophesies the destruction of Babylon**
- C. He calls for their repentance**
- D. He encourages alliances with them**

In chapter 13 of Isaiah, the prophet delivers a powerful foretelling of the judgment that awaits Babylon, which is depicted as a prominent nation of that time. This passage specifically emphasizes the impending destruction of Babylon as an act of divine judgment. Isaiah describes the fall of Babylon with vivid imagery, illustrating the severity and thoroughness of this judgment against the nation that had committed acts of arrogance and idolatry. The prophecy indicates that God will use various means, including foreign armies, to execute this judgment, thereby affirming Isaiah's role as a mouthpiece for God's declaration of impending doom. The other options do not align with the text's focus; there is no celebration of Babylon's achievements, nor is there a call for their repentance or encouragement of alliances. Instead, the chapter distinctly centers on the consequences of Babylon's actions and the certainty of their downfall, demonstrating Isaiah's role as a prophet who warns of the serious repercussions that nations face for their disobedience to God.

9. According to Isaiah, what will happen to the papyrus reeds by the river?

- A. They will thrive abundantly**
- B. They will be sown and flourish**
- C. They will wither and be no more**
- D. They will grow taller than ever**

In Isaiah, the imagery of the papyrus reeds by the river symbolizes vulnerability and the consequences of judgment. The statement that they will wither and be no more reflects the broader themes of destruction and desolation that encompass certain prophetic messages throughout the book. This imagery serves to illustrate the fate that awaits those who turn away from God, emphasizing the decay and peril that follows societal and spiritual decline. The other options present contrasting scenarios that do not align with the context of impending judgment that Isaiah describes. Instead of flourishing or thriving, the correct depiction aligns with the theme of withering under divine retribution, reinforcing the idea of loss when in opposition to divine will. This understanding of the fate of the papyrus reeds solidifies the prophetic tone of warning that characterizes much of Isaiah's message.

10. According to Isaiah 4:2, how is the fruit of the earth described?

- A. Fertile and bountiful**
- B. Excellent and appealing**
- C. Rich and nourishing**
- D. Sweet and succulent**

In Isaiah 4:2, the fruit of the earth is described as "excellent and appealing." This portrayal signifies a time of restoration and abundance, suggesting that after a period of desolation and judgment, there will be a flourishing of agricultural productivity and a revival of the earth's bounty. The term "excellent" indicates something that stands out in quality, while "appealing" suggests that this fruit will not only be abundant but also desirable and attractive. This imagery aligns with the broader themes in Isaiah, where the prophet often speaks of a future hope for God's people, emphasizing renewal and prosperity following trials. The other phrases, while positive, do not encapsulate the same level of quality and attractiveness conveyed in "excellent and appealing," which reflects the nature of restoration depicted in the text.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://pbeisiah1to33.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!