

Ontario Automobile Supplement (OAS) Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

- 1. What is the waiting period to claim under theft coverage?**
 - A. 24 hours**
 - B. 48 hours**
 - C. 72 hours**
 - D. One week**
- 2. What does Direct Compensation-Property Damage (DCPD) cover?**
 - A. Only the insured's vehicle damages**
 - B. Damages caused by the insured's negligence only**
 - C. Damage to the insured's vehicle when another driver is at fault**
 - D. Medical costs for the insured driver involved in an accident**
- 3. What type of coverage protects against damage to your vehicle from an uninsured driver?**
 - A. Collision coverage**
 - B. Liability coverage**
 - C. Comprehensive coverage**
 - D. Uninsured motorist coverage**
- 4. What consequence can occur if you fail to report a car accident within the specified timeframe?**
 - A. You may receive a fine**
 - B. You may lose your right to claim benefits**
 - C. Your insurance premium will increase**
 - D. You could be charged with a crime**
- 5. Why might a driver choose to increase their deductible?**
 - A. To reduce potential liability claims**
 - B. To lower their periodic premium payments**
 - C. To enhance their coverage options**
 - D. To fulfill legal requirements**

- 6. What does OPCF 6A endorsement allow?**
- A. Catering for food deliveries**
 - B. Carrying paying passengers**
 - C. Offering free rides**
 - D. Driving under a learner's permit**
- 7. What is "Contributory Negligence"?**
- A. A type of accident**
 - B. Failure to act responsibly that contributes to one's own injury**
 - C. Legal liability for damages to others**
 - D. Insurance coverage for accidents**
- 8. What does OPCF 44R provide coverage for?**
- A. Injury claims for non-family members**
 - B. Protection against uninsured motorists**
 - C. Coverage related to property damage**
 - D. Compensation for loss of wages**
- 9. What does "gaps in coverage" refer to in an auto insurance policy?**
- A. Periods when a vehicle is uninsured, often leading to potential legal and financial consequences**
 - B. The time taken to process claims**
 - C. Exclusions in the policy for certain damages**
 - D. The minimum coverage required for all vehicles**
- 10. Which endorsement involves recreational vehicles and unlicensed operators?**
- A. OPCF 40 - fire deductible**
 - B. OPCF 32 - Use of recreational vehicles by unlicensed operators**
 - C. OPCF 25A - Alteration**
 - D. OPCF 47 - Agreement not to rely on SABS priority of payments**

Answers

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1. C
2. C
3. D
4. B
5. B
6. B
7. B
8. B
9. A
10. B

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Explanations

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1. What is the waiting period to claim under theft coverage?

- A. 24 hours
- B. 48 hours
- C. 72 hours**
- D. One week

The correct answer is 72 hours. In the context of theft coverage under an automobile insurance policy, insurers often require a waiting period before a claim can be filed. This waiting period is designed to allow for investigations to determine whether the vehicle is indeed stolen rather than simply misplaced. Having a 72-hour waiting period ensures that there is enough time for the vehicle owner to conduct a thorough search and report the vehicle stolen to the authorities. Additionally, it provides a timeframe during which the insurance company can gather necessary information and assess the situation before processing the claim. This policy is common in many insurance plans, setting a standardized time frame that balances the needs of the insured and the insurer's need to manage risks and prevent fraudulent claims. Understanding this timeframe is crucial for policyholders as it affects their ability to receive benefits promptly in the unfortunate event of theft. Remembering the specifics of the waiting period can also help policyholders avoid potential frustrations when filing a claim.

2. What does Direct Compensation-Property Damage (DCPD) cover?

- A. Only the insured's vehicle damages
- B. Damages caused by the insured's negligence only
- C. Damage to the insured's vehicle when another driver is at fault**
- D. Medical costs for the insured driver involved in an accident

Direct Compensation-Property Damage (DCPD) is a part of automobile insurance in Ontario that specifically covers damage to the insured's vehicle when the other driver is at fault. This means that if an accident occurs and another driver is determined to be responsible for causing the damage, the insured can claim coverage under DCPD for repairs or replacement of their vehicle. DCPD ensures that the insured does not have to deal with the other driver's insurance company directly, streamlining the claims process. Instead, the insured's own insurance company will handle the claim and recover costs from the at-fault party's insurer. This system promotes fairness in situations where damages occur, as it recognizes that the insured should not suffer financially for something that was not their fault. In contrast to the other options, which focus on specific limitations or types of coverage that DCPD does not provide, this choice accurately reflects the specific scenario in which DCPD is applicable, thereby validating its importance in the context of automobile insurance claims in Ontario.

3. What type of coverage protects against damage to your vehicle from an uninsured driver?

- A. Collision coverage**
- B. Liability coverage**
- C. Comprehensive coverage**
- D. Uninsured motorist coverage**

Uninsured motorist coverage is specifically designed to protect you against damages to your vehicle that result from being in an accident with a driver who does not have insurance. This type of coverage ensures that if you're involved in a collision caused by an uninsured motorist, the costs incurred for repairs to your vehicle or medical expenses arising from the accident can be covered. This coverage serves a crucial role in situations where you're not at fault but find yourself dealing with the financial repercussions of another driver's lack of insurance. By having uninsured motorist coverage, you gain peace of mind knowing that you have protection in scenarios where your options may otherwise be limited. Other types of coverage, such as collision and comprehensive coverage, handle different aspects of vehicle damage. Collision coverage focuses on damages to your vehicle resulting from your own fault or a single vehicle incident, while comprehensive coverage addresses non-collision events like theft or natural disasters. Liability coverage, on the other hand, is intended to protect against claims made by others if you are found at fault in an accident, rather than protecting your own vehicle in the event of an accident with an uninsured driver.

4. What consequence can occur if you fail to report a car accident within the specified timeframe?

- A. You may receive a fine**
- B. You may lose your right to claim benefits**
- C. Your insurance premium will increase**
- D. You could be charged with a crime**

Failing to report a car accident within the specified timeframe can lead to the loss of your right to claim benefits. Insurance policies typically include conditions that require policyholders to report an accident promptly. When these conditions are not met, insurers may deny claims for damages or medical expenses that arise from the accident, leaving the driver without coverage for potentially significant costs. Timely reporting allows insurance companies to assess the situation accurately, investigate the claims, and provide coverage for damages in a fair manner. If an accident is not reported within the specified period, insurers may question the validity of the claim, suspect fraud, or be unable to gather necessary evidence, ultimately impacting the claimant's ability to receive benefits. Properly adhering to reporting guidelines is crucial for ensuring that one's rights to benefits remain intact after an accident.

5. Why might a driver choose to increase their deductible?

- A. To reduce potential liability claims
- B. To lower their periodic premium payments**
- C. To enhance their coverage options
- D. To fulfill legal requirements

Choosing to increase a deductible is often a strategy pursued by drivers looking to lower their periodic premium payments. When a driver opts for a higher deductible, they take on more financial responsibility in the event of a claim. As a result, insurance companies typically offer lower premiums for policies that have higher deductibles because there is less risk for the insurer—fewer small claims are likely to be made. This approach can be particularly beneficial for drivers who feel confident in their driving abilities and anticipate that they may not need to file frequent claims. By paying less in premiums, drivers can save money on their overall insurance costs while still having coverage for larger claims when necessary. The other options presented do not directly pertain to the act of increasing a deductible. Potential liability claims are influenced by policy limits rather than deductible levels, enhancing coverage options generally implies adjustments to the policy rather than just the deductible, and fulfilling legal requirements relates to having insurance at all, rather than influencing the deductible amount.

6. What does OPCF 6A endorsement allow?

- A. Catering for food deliveries
- B. Carrying paying passengers**
- C. Offering free rides
- D. Driving under a learner's permit

The OPCF 6A endorsement specifically allows a driver to use their personal vehicle to carry paying passengers, which is often associated with services such as ride-sharing or taxi operations. This endorsement is crucial for drivers who wish to engage in commercial activities related to transporting passengers, ensuring that their insurance coverage is appropriately adjusted to account for the increased risks involved in such activities. While the other options might seem plausible, they do not align with the specific provisions of the OPCF 6A endorsement. Catering for food deliveries typically falls under different coverage or needs, as does offering free rides, which does not involve any financial transaction and may not require an endorsement. Driving under a learner's permit involves separate regulations and requirements specific to new drivers rather than passenger transport endorsements. Thus, the correct choice highlights the fundamental purpose of the OPCF 6A endorsement within the framework of auto insurance in Ontario.

7. What is "Contributory Negligence"?

- A. A type of accident
- B. Failure to act responsibly that contributes to one's own injury**
- C. Legal liability for damages to others
- D. Insurance coverage for accidents

Contributory negligence refers to a legal doctrine that describes a situation where an individual's own failure to act responsibly contributes to their injury. In the context of personal injury claims, if a person is partially at fault for the accident that caused their injuries, their compensation may be reduced by their percentage of fault. This concept highlights that individuals have a duty to take reasonable care of their own safety, and when they fail to uphold that duty, it can impact their claims for damages. For example, if a pedestrian is struck by a vehicle while jaywalking, their actions can be considered contributory negligence because they did not follow the rules of the road, thus contributing to the circumstances of the accident. Understanding this term is essential in personal injury law, especially in jurisdictions that recognize contributory negligence as a factor in determining liability and compensation. The other options do not accurately define contributory negligence. Describing it as a type of accident does not capture the personal responsibility aspect involved. Legal liability for damages to others pertains to a party being responsible for harm caused to another, which does not encompass the self-inflicted nature of contributory negligence. Lastly, insurance coverage for accidents does not relate directly to the principles of personal accountability described in contributory negligence.

8. What does OPCF 44R provide coverage for?

- A. Injury claims for non-family members
- B. Protection against uninsured motorists**
- C. Coverage related to property damage
- D. Compensation for loss of wages

The OPCF 44R endorsement, also known as the Family Protection Coverage endorsement, specifically provides coverage for situations where an insured individual is involved in an accident with an uninsured motorist. This means that if a driver is injured due to the negligence of another party who does not have insurance, the OPCF 44R offers a safety net by providing compensation for damages that would otherwise be uncollectible due to the lack of insurance coverage from the at-fault driver. This type of protection is particularly important as it helps ensure that victims are not left without recourse in situations where the other driver cannot cover the damages incurred, effectively ensuring a layer of financial protection for those who may otherwise suffer from insufficient coverage in the event of an accident. The other options focus on areas such as injury claims for non-family members, property damage, and compensation for loss of wages, which are not covered specifically by the OPCF 44R endorsement. Rather, this endorsement is targeted at enhancing the protection of the insured against uninsured motorists, specifically aimed at unforeseen circumstances that could lead to significant financial difficulties following an accident involving an uninsured or inadequately insured driver.

9. What does "gaps in coverage" refer to in an auto insurance policy?

- A. Periods when a vehicle is uninsured, often leading to potential legal and financial consequences**
- B. The time taken to process claims**
- C. Exclusions in the policy for certain damages**
- D. The minimum coverage required for all vehicles**

"Gaps in coverage" in an auto insurance policy specifically refers to periods when a vehicle is uninsured, which can lead to significant legal and financial consequences. When a vehicle is not covered by insurance, the owner is exposed to liabilities such as fines, penalties, and potential loss of a vehicle if accidents were to occur during that time. Moreover, operating a vehicle without valid insurance is against the law in Ontario, which can result in legal repercussions. This concept is crucial for policyholders to understand because maintaining continuous coverage ensures that they are protected against unforeseen incidents and helps avoid the complications that arise from having periods without insurance. It highlights the importance of consistent and reliable insurance to safeguard one's financial interests and comply with legal requirements.

10. Which endorsement involves recreational vehicles and unlicensed operators?

- A. OPCF 40 - fire deductible**
- B. OPCF 32 - Use of recreational vehicles by unlicensed operators**
- C. OPCF 25A - Alteration**
- D. OPCF 47 - Agreement not to rely on SABS priority of payments**

The endorsement that specifically addresses recreational vehicles and unlicensed operators is OPCF 32 - Use of recreational vehicles by unlicensed operators. This endorsement is designed to provide coverage for situations where individuals who do not possess a valid driver's license operate recreational vehicles such as all-terrain vehicles (ATVs), snowmobiles, or motorcycles. The importance of this endorsement lies in the fact that it acknowledges the unique circumstances surrounding recreational vehicle use, where licensing laws can differ from those relating to standard motor vehicles. By explicitly allowing coverage for unlicensed operators under specific conditions, the endorsement ensures clarity and provides necessary protection in situations that might otherwise be ambiguous or excluded from standard auto insurance policies. The other endorsements listed do not specifically pertain to this issue; for example, OPCF 40 relates to fire deductibles and is focused on property damage aspects rather than operator licensing. OPCF 25A involves alterations to the vehicle and is not relevant to recreational vehicle use or licensing. OPCF 47 is about agreements related to payments and does not address the operator's licensing status. Thus, OPCF 32 stands out as the specific endorsement related to the question's focus on recreational vehicles and unlicensed operators.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://ontautosupplement.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!