

OMVIC License Practice Test & Course - Prepare for the OMVIC Exam in Ontario (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. Which of the following types of vehicles is not mentioned as eligible for CAMVAP?**
 - A. Sport utility vehicle**
 - B. Motorcycle**
 - C. Passenger car**
 - D. Light duty truck**

- 2. Can a consumer waive their rights under the CPA?**
 - A. Yes, and it must be in writing**
 - B. Yes, but it does not have to be in writing**
 - C. No, they cannot waive their rights**
 - D. No, unless the dealer agrees**

- 3. There are three other disclosure requirements that, if not met, trigger a customer's rescission rights. Which of the following are they?**
 - A. Previous use as daily rental, Previous use as emergency services vehicle, Vehicle's make and model year**
 - B. Previous use as police/emergency services vehicle, Previous use as daily rental (unless subsequently owned by someone other than a dealer), Mileage/distance travelled**
 - C. Vehicle's make and model year, Mileage/distance travelled, Previous ownership by a non-dealer**
 - D. Previous use as emergency services vehicle, Previous use as daily rental, Make and model year**

- 4. What document must include the mandatory "Sales Final" statement in 14 pt. bold font?**
 - A. Deed of Sale**
 - B. Invoice**
 - C. Purchase Contract**
 - D. Warranty Agreement**

- 5. Who issues dealer plates?**
 - A. Ministry of Consumer Services**
 - B. Ministry of Transportation**
 - C. OADA**
 - D. OMVIC**

- 6. True or False: The Sale of Goods Act does not apply to vehicles sold "as is."**
- A. False**
 - B. True**
- 7. Which statement about dealer disclosure of vehicle history is correct?**
- A. Dealers must disclose if the vehicle was ever used as a test drive demo**
 - B. Dealers only need to provide information if requested by the customer**
 - C. Dealers must inform customers of any previous vehicle history regardless of repair status**
 - D. Dealers do not need to disclose flood damage if the vehicle has been repaired**
- 8. Which type of previous use requires disclosure even if the car has been owned by someone other than a dealer after the use?**
- A. Limo**
 - B. Taxi**
 - C. Police vehicle**
 - D. Daily rental**
- 9. When selling to another dealer, what must the selling dealer do if he/she cannot determine the distance the vehicle has been driven?**
- A. Provide a statement that "the total distance the vehicle has been driven is unknown and may be substantially higher than the reading shown on the odometer."**
 - B. Provide a statement of the distance and date, together with a statement that "the total distance the vehicle has been driven is believed to be higher."**
 - C. Provide both the actual distance and estimated higher distance the vehicle may have traveled.**
 - D. Report that distance cannot be determined, and no further action is required.**

10. Which organizations or agencies must contracts inform purchasers/lessees about regarding their rights and responsibilities?

- A. Better Business Bureau, Motor Vehicle Dealers Association, CAMVAP**
- B. Motor Vehicle Dealers Compensation Fund, CAMVAP, OMVIC**
- C. Consumer Protection Ontario, CAMVAP, Better Business Bureau**
- D. OMVIC, Better Business Bureau, Consumer Protection Ontario**

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Answers

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1. B
2. C
3. B
4. C
5. B
6. A
7. C
8. D
9. A
10. B

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Explanations

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1. Which of the following types of vehicles is not mentioned as eligible for CAMVAP?

- A. Sport utility vehicle**
- B. Motorcycle**
- C. Passenger car**
- D. Light duty truck**

The eligible vehicles mentioned for CAMVAP are sports utility vehicles, passenger cars, and light duty trucks, but motorcycles are not mentioned. CAMVAP is a program for resolving disputes between consumers and vehicle manufacturers, so it only pertains to vehicles commonly used for transportation purposes. Motorcycles, while certainly a form of transportation, are not typically included in these types of programs.

2. Can a consumer waive their rights under the CPA?

- A. Yes, and it must be in writing**
- B. Yes, but it does not have to be in writing**
- C. No, they cannot waive their rights**
- D. No, unless the dealer agrees**

The Consumer Protection Act (CPA) is a set of laws that protect consumers from fraudulent and deceptive business practices. These laws cannot be waived or given up by the consumer, as stated in option C. Options A and B, which suggest that a consumer can waive their rights under the CPA, are incorrect as this goes against the purpose of the act. Option D may seem like a possible answer, but it is not entirely accurate. A consumer does not need the agreement of the dealer to have their CPA rights protected. In summary, the correct answer is C as a consumer cannot waive their rights under the CPA.

3. There are three other disclosure requirements that, if not met, trigger a customer's rescission rights. Which of the following are they?

- A. Previous use as daily rental, Previous use as emergency services vehicle, Vehicle's make and model year**
- B. Previous use as police/emergency services vehicle, Previous use as daily rental (unless subsequently owned by someone other than a dealer), Mileage/distance travelled**
- C. Vehicle's make and model year, Mileage/distance travelled, Previous ownership by a non-dealer**
- D. Previous use as emergency services vehicle, Previous use as daily rental, Make and model year**

The correct choice identifies specific conditions that, if not disclosed by the dealer, grant the customer the right to rescind the vehicle purchase. These critical factors include previous uses of the vehicle, which can significantly impact its value and desirability to the buyer. Previous use as a police or emergency services vehicle can usually indicate that the vehicle has been subjected to more rigorous usage than typical vehicles, potentially affecting its performance and longevity. Similarly, if a vehicle has been used as a daily rental, it often has a history of possibly excessive wear or damage that may not be apparent at the time of sale. The stipulation about mileage or distance traveled is also crucial; high mileage can correlate with higher likelihoods of mechanical issues, thus influencing a buyer's decision. If dealers fail to disclose any of these factors, they do not provide the buyer with complete information about the vehicle's history and condition, leading to an imbalance of information that could disadvantage the buyer. This lack of transparency directly triggers the rescission rights, allowing the customer to walk away from the purchase under those circumstances. In contrast, the other options either include incomplete or less critical factors that do not directly influence the rescission rights as defined under OMVIC regulations. For example, while make and model year

4. What document must include the mandatory "Sales Final" statement in 14 pt. bold font?

- A. Deed of Sale**
- B. Invoice**
- C. Purchase Contract**
- D. Warranty Agreement**

A Deed of Sale is a legal document that transfers ownership of a property from one party to another. It does not typically include a "Sales Final" statement as it is used for real estate transactions. An Invoice is a document used to request payment for goods or services rendered. While it may include sales terms and conditions, it is not typically required to include a "Sales Final" statement. A Warranty Agreement is a document that outlines the terms and conditions of a guarantee for a product or service. While it may mention the finality of a sale, it is not typically used for all sales and would not require a 14 pt. bold font for the statement. A Purchase Contract is a legal document that outlines the terms and conditions of a purchase agreement. This would be the correct document to include a mandatory "Sales Final" statement in 14 pt. bold font as it confirms the finality of the sale and the agreed upon terms.

5. Who issues dealer plates?

- A. Ministry of Consumer Services
- B. Ministry of Transportation**
- C. OADA
- D. OMVIC

Dealer plates are issued by the Ministry of Transportation. This is because the Ministry of Transportation is responsible for regulating and overseeing the use of vehicles on roads in the province. The Ministry of Consumer Services (A) focuses more on protecting consumers and regulating certain industries. OADA (C) stands for the Ontario Automobile Dealers Association and is a trade association for car dealers in the province. OMVIC (D) is the Ontario Motor Vehicle Industry Council, which is responsible for regulating and licensing motor vehicle dealers and salespersons in the province. While these organizations may have some involvement with dealer plates, they do not have the authority to issue them. Therefore, the correct answer is Ministry of Transportation (B).

6. True or False: The Sale of Goods Act does not apply to vehicles sold "as is."

- A. False**
- B. True

The correct answer is A. False. This statement is incorrect because the Sale of Goods Act does apply to vehicles sold "as is." This Act states that all products sold in Canada must adhere to certain standards, including vehicles sold "as is." Although there may be exemptions for specific circumstances, this Act generally applies to all goods sold in Canada, including vehicles. Therefore, the sale of a vehicle "as is" does not exempt it from the Sale of Goods Act.

7. Which statement about dealer disclosure of vehicle history is correct?

- A. Dealers must disclose if the vehicle was ever used as a test drive demo
- B. Dealers only need to provide information if requested by the customer
- C. Dealers must inform customers of any previous vehicle history regardless of repair status**
- D. Dealers do not need to disclose flood damage if the vehicle has been repaired

Dealers are required to disclose any relevant vehicle history, regardless of repair status or whether it was requested by the customer. This includes previous accidents, flood damage, and if the vehicle was ever used as a test drive demo. Option A is incorrect because it states that dealers only need to disclose test drive demo information, but they must disclose all relevant vehicle history. Option B is incorrect because dealers are legally required to disclose relevant information, not just provide it upon request. Option D is incorrect because dealers must disclose flood damage regardless of whether it has been repaired.

8. Which type of previous use requires disclosure even if the car has been owned by someone other than a dealer after the use?

- A. Limo
- B. Taxi
- C. Police vehicle
- D. Daily rental**

Vehicles can carry history that affects their condition and value, so buyers deserve to know about certain past uses. Daily rental stands out because rental fleets see very high turnover and heavier use, which can lead to more wear, mileage accumulation, and maintenance patterns that aren't immediately obvious from a quick inspection. Because of that higher turnover and potential wear, Ontario rules require disclosure of this past use even if the car has later been owned by someone else, such as a private buyer or another dealer. The emphasis is on giving the buyer a clear picture of how the car has been used so they can assess its true condition and potential maintenance needs.

9. When selling to another dealer, what must the selling dealer do if he/she cannot determine the distance the vehicle has been driven?

- A. Provide a statement that "the total distance the vehicle has been driven is unknown and may be substantially higher than the reading shown on the odometer."**
- B. Provide a statement of the distance and date, together with a statement that "the total distance the vehicle has been driven is believed to be higher."
- C. Provide both the actual distance and estimated higher distance the vehicle may have traveled.
- D. Report that distance cannot be determined, and no further action is required.

The correct answer emphasizes the obligation of the selling dealer to be transparent about the vehicle's odometer reading when the actual distance driven is unknown. By stating that "the total distance the vehicle has been driven is unknown and may be substantially higher than the reading shown on the odometer," the dealer ensures that the potential buyer is fully informed of the uncertainty regarding the vehicle's usage. This approach aligns with ethical standards in the automotive industry, promoting honesty and protecting both parties involved in the transaction. This response is crucial because it helps prevent any misleading information that may arise from an unclear odometer reading. In situations where a dealer is uncertain about the mileage, it is essential to provide a clear statement to avoid any misrepresentation, which can lead to legal repercussions and damage to the dealer's reputation. The other options present varying degrees of detail and implication but do not correctly address the requirement for transparency when the odometer's reading is uncertain. They may suggest vague beliefs about the mileage or provide estimates that lack the clarity required when the actual distance driven is undetermined.

10. Which organizations or agencies must contracts inform purchasers/lessees about regarding their rights and responsibilities?

A. Better Business Bureau, Motor Vehicle Dealers Association, CAMVAP

B. Motor Vehicle Dealers Compensation Fund, CAMVAP, OMVIC

C. Consumer Protection Ontario, CAMVAP, Better Business Bureau

D. OMVIC, Better Business Bureau, Consumer Protection Ontario

CAMVAP is a must as it is a Canada-wide program which resolves disputes, through arbitration, between consumers and participating manufacturers. Motor Vehicle Dealers Compensation Fund (MVDCF) is a must for the protection of the consumers. The Fund only covers deposit monies and/or unapplied payments, dealer insurance claims, consumer state-funded deposit, and dealer reparation awards, when a dealer or an appointed regulated person goes out of business or becomes bankrupt. OMVIC is a must as it is the regulator of motor vehicle dealers in Ontario. It sets standards for the purchase and sale of vehicles (including new vehicle dealerships, used vehicle dealerships, private sellers and repair businesses) and protects consumers by enforcing the Motor Vehicle Dealers Act. Better Business Bureau is not a must as they are not a government agency and their purpose is to receive, investigate, and report on complaints against businesses and charities. They do not enforce any laws or regulations and do not have any power to take legal action against businesses.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://omvicpractice.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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