

OKLAHOMA ROOFING ENDORSEMENT PRACTICE EXAM (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



**SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE
WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS**

**VISIT US ONLINE FOR
THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE**

<https://okroofingendorsement.examzify.com>



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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. Gravel surfacing on roofs is typically set in what material?**
 - A. Cold Asphalt
 - B. Hot Asphalt
 - C. Epoxy
 - D. Concrete

- 2. What are the primary components of a typical Personal Fall Arrest System (PFAS)?**
 - A. Helmet, Harness, Lifeline
 - B. Anchor, Harness, Lifeline
 - C. Anchor, Ladder, Harness
 - D. Anchor, Safety Net, Harness

- 3. What should typically be installed on the ridge side of a chimney?**
 - A. A cricket or saddle
 - B. A flashing
 - C. A cap
 - D. A vent

- 4. Which standard addresses the requirements for fiberglass- or fiberglass-composite-reinforced underlayment products?**
 - A. ASTM D6757-02
 - B. ASTM D1234-01
 - C. ISO 9001
 - D. NFPA 101

- 5. Which roofing material may be laminated with an additional layer for enhanced properties?**
 - A. Rubber Roofing
 - B. Composite Shingles
 - C. EPDM Membrane
 - D. Perlite Roofing

- 6. Which chapter contains the majority of IBC's 2015 roofing-related requirements?**
- A. Chapter 10
 - B. Chapter 15
 - C. Chapter 5
 - D. Chapter 20
- 7. How many layers of No. 15 Asphalt-saturated underlayment should be used for roofs with slopes of 18 degrees or more?**
- A. One single layer
 - B. Two layers
 - C. Three layers
 - D. None, underlayment is not needed
- 8. In the context of roofing, what does "Class A" refer to?**
- A. The highest fire resistance rating
 - B. A type of roofing material
 - C. The lowest heat reflectivity
 - D. The most expensive roofing system
- 9. What is the recommended minimum clearance between pipes and curbs or walls?**
- A. 12 inches
 - B. 18 inches
 - C. 6 inches
 - D. 10 inches
- 10. What factors are known as replacement triggers for roof systems?**
- A. Conditions that necessitate roof replacement
 - B. Ways to enhance roof finishes
 - C. Techniques for maintaining roofs
 - D. Methods of preparing for a new roof layer

Answers

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1. B
2. B
3. A
4. A
5. A
6. B
7. A
8. A
9. A
10. A

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Explanations

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1. Gravel surfacing on roofs is typically set in what material?

- A. Cold Asphalt
- B. Hot Asphalt**
- C. Epoxy
- D. Concrete

Gravel surfacing on roofs is primarily set in hot asphalt because hot asphalt serves as an effective adhesive that can bond the gravel securely to the roofing material. When the asphalt is heated, it becomes more fluid, allowing it to effectively penetrate the gravel and provide a strong hold while also creating a durable barrier against weather elements. This method is especially popular in built-up roofing (BUR) systems where a layer of gravel helps provide protection from UV rays and physical damage, extending the lifespan of the roof. Other materials listed, such as cold asphalt, epoxy, and concrete, do not provide the same effectiveness or desirable characteristics in this specific application. Cold asphalt typically lacks the fluidity needed for proper adhesion and may not properly secure the gravel. Epoxy is not commonly used for roofing applications like gravel surfacing due to its different properties and curing process. Concrete, while strong, does not serve as an adhesive for gravel in roofing systems and is generally used in entirely different contexts within construction.

2. What are the primary components of a typical Personal Fall Arrest System (PFAS)?

- A. Helmet, Harness, Lifeline
- B. Anchor, Harness, Lifeline**
- C. Anchor, Ladder, Harness
- D. Anchor, Safety Net, Harness

The primary components of a typical Personal Fall Arrest System (PFAS) include an anchor, harness, and lifeline. The anchor is a secure point that can withstand the forces experienced during a fall and is vital for attaching the lifeline or lanyard. The harness is worn by the worker to distribute the forces of a fall across the body, ensuring safety and comfort while working at heights. The lifeline is the connecting device that facilitates the worker's movement while still providing protection from falls. Each component plays a critical role in ensuring the effectiveness of the fall arrest system, providing protection and enhancing safety for individuals working at heights. The combination of these elements is designed to prevent falls and minimize injuries in case a fall occurs.

3. What should typically be installed on the ridge side of a chimney?

- A. A cricket or saddle**
- B. A flashing
- C. A cap
- D. A vent

Installing a cricket or saddle on the ridge side of a chimney is essential for effective water diversion. The primary function of a cricket, which is a type of roof extension, is to redirect water away from the chimney and prevent it from pooling on the roof. This is crucial in areas with significant rainfall or snow, as standing water can lead to leaks and damage to the roofing materials and surrounding structures. Additionally, an appropriately designed cricket or saddle helps to promote proper drainage, preventing water from collecting around the base of the chimney where it could seep into the flashing, potentially causing deterioration and compromising the integrity of the roof. Therefore, including a cricket or saddle is a best practice in roofing design around chimneys to ensure longevity and proper maintenance of the roof structure.

4. Which standard addresses the requirements for fiberglass- or fiberglass-composite-reinforced underlayment products?

- A. ASTM D6757-02**
- B. ASTM D1234-01
- C. ISO 9001
- D. NFPA 101

The correct answer is that ASTM D6757-02 sets the standards for fiberglass- or fiberglass-composite-reinforced underlayment products. This standard provides guidelines concerning the physical properties and performance criteria that these specific types of underlayments must meet to ensure their durability and reliability in roofing applications. By defining these specifications, ASTM D6757-02 helps to ensure that underlayment products can effectively perform their intended functions, such as providing moisture protection and enhancing the overall integrity of the roofing system. The other standards listed do not relate specifically to fiberglass or fiberglass-composite-reinforced underlayment products. ASTM D1234-01 is focused on different materials and does not address underlayment products. ISO 9001 is a broad standard for quality management systems, applicable to any organization, without specific reference to roofing underlayment. NFPA 101 is related to life safety and building egress requirements rather than roofing materials. Each of these alternatives serves distinct purposes and is used in different contexts, further highlighting the appropriateness of ASTM D6757-02 for addressing the criteria associated with fiberglass-reinforced underlayment.

5. Which roofing material may be laminated with an additional layer for enhanced properties?

- A. Rubber Roofing**
- B. Composite Shingles
- C. EPDM Membrane
- D. Perlite Roofing

The correct choice is that composite shingles may be laminated with an additional layer for enhanced properties. Composite shingles are designed to provide greater durability, aesthetic appeal, and improved performance through the addition of a layer. This lamination can enhance the shingles' resistance to impacts, UV radiation, and provide a more visually appealing finish. Composite shingles often mimic the look of wood or slate while offering the benefits of modern materials, and the lamination process contributes significantly to their overall strength and longevity. Rubber roofing, for example, typically does not involve a lamination process to enhance its properties but is valued for its inherent durability and flexibility. EPDM membrane, while effective in waterproofing, is also not generally laminated with additional layers in the same way as composite shingles. Perlite roofing does not focus on laminating additional layers either, as it is primarily a lightweight insulating material rather than a functional roof covering.

6. Which chapter contains the majority of IBC's 2015 roofing-related requirements?

- A. Chapter 10
- B. Chapter 15**
- C. Chapter 5
- D. Chapter 20

The majority of the International Building Code (IBC) 2015 roofing-related requirements are detailed in Chapter 15. This chapter specifically addresses roofing systems, materials, and installation guidelines. It outlines the minimum standards for durability, structural integrity, and protection against environmental factors such as moisture and wind loads that roofing systems must meet to ensure safety and efficacy. Chapter 15 covers essential topics like roofing classifications, safety considerations, and specific performance criteria for different roofing materials. It serves as an important reference for architects, engineers, and contractors when designing and implementing roofing systems that comply with the building codes. Understanding the significance of Chapter 15 is vital for those involved in roofing projects, as it provides the necessary framework for compliant and safe roofing practices. This is why the correct answer highlights Chapter 15 as the key section for roofing requirements within the IBC.

7. How many layers of No.15 Asphalt-saturated underlayment should be used for roofs with slopes of 18 degrees or more?

- A. One single layer**
- B. Two layers
- C. Three layers
- D. None, underlayment is not needed

For roofs with slopes of 18 degrees or more, using a single layer of No.15 Asphalt-saturated underlayment is appropriate because it provides adequate protection against moisture intrusion while adhering to standard building codes and practices. The purpose of underlayment is to serve as a secondary water barrier, especially in instances where roofing materials may fail or in areas that experience heavy rain or snow. When the slope is steep, such as 18 degrees or more, the likelihood of water pooling is significantly reduced compared to flatter roofs, which typically require additional layers of underlayment for extra protection. Therefore, one layer is sufficient to repel water and perform effectively under such conditions. This approach balances performance with cost and installation efficiency, making it the preferred option in roofing practices for steeper slopes.

8. In the context of roofing, what does "Class A" refer to?

- A. The highest fire resistance rating**
- B. A type of roofing material
- C. The lowest heat reflectivity
- D. The most expensive roofing system

In the context of roofing, "Class A" specifically refers to the highest fire resistance rating assigned to roofing materials. This classification is established by the Underwriters Laboratories (UL) and other relevant testing organizations to measure how well a roofing material can withstand exposure to fire. A Class A rating indicates that the material offers excellent fire resistance and does not ignite easily, which is crucial for the safety of buildings, particularly in areas where fire hazards are a concern. Understanding the significance of a Class A rating is important for roofing professionals and homeowners alike, as it helps in the selection of safe roofing options that can protect property and lives. This information is vital, especially in the context of building codes and insurance requirements, where materials with higher fire resistance may be preferred or even mandated in certain locations. The other options, while relevant to roofing, do not accurately reflect what "Class A" signifies in this instance. It is a classification based on fire resistance rather than a specific type of material, heat reflectivity, or cost associated with roofing systems.

9. What is the recommended minimum clearance between pipes and curbs or walls?

- A. 12 inches**
- B. 18 inches
- C. 6 inches
- D. 10 inches

The recommended minimum clearance between pipes and curbs or walls is 12 inches. This guideline is important in roofing practices because adequate clearance helps to prevent potential issues such as water pooling around pipes, which could lead to leaks and structural damage over time. The distance also allows for proper installation and maintenance access, ensuring that any necessary repairs can be conducted without obstruction. Maintaining this minimum clearance supports the long-term durability and functionality of the roofing system.

10. What factors are known as replacement triggers for roof systems?

- A. Conditions that necessitate roof replacement**
- B. Ways to enhance roof finishes
- C. Techniques for maintaining roofs
- D. Methods of preparing for a new roof layer

The correct answer identifies replacement triggers for roof systems as conditions that necessitate roof replacement. Replacement triggers refer to specific factors or circumstances that indicate that a roof system can no longer effectively perform its function, thus necessitating a complete replacement. These conditions can include significant damage from severe weather events, extensive wear and tear, or the deterioration of materials to the point where repairs would not extend the roof's usable life effectively. Understanding these replacement triggers is crucial for roofing professionals, as it ensures that they can assess when a roof has reached the end of its serviceable life and needs to be replaced, thus helping to prevent further issues such as leaks or structural damage to the building. Other choices do not directly address the idea of replacement triggers; instead, they discuss aspects such as enhancements or maintenance techniques, which are important for roof care but do not pertain to the conditions that specifically indicate a need for roof replacement.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://okroofingendorsement.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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