

Oklahoma Funeral State Law Practice Exam (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

This is a sample study guide. To access the full version with hundreds of questions,

Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain from reliable sources accurate, complete, and timely information about this product.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	6
Answers	9
Explanations	11
Next Steps	17

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Don't worry about getting everything right, your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations, and take breaks to retain information better.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning.

7. Use Other Tools

Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly — adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

SAMPLE

Questions

- 1. What is the importance of obtaining consent for cremation in Oklahoma?**
 - A. It simplifies the cremation process**
 - B. It is legally required**
 - C. It is less expensive than traditional burial**
 - D. It provides emotional closure for families**
- 2. How long after death should the attending physician sign the death certificate?**
 - A. 24 hours after death**
 - B. 36 hours after death**
 - C. 48 hours after death**
 - D. 72 hours after death**
- 3. What must accompany a closed casket during a funeral service in Oklahoma?**
 - A. A signed authorization for viewing, if applicable**
 - B. A written statement of the deceased's wishes**
 - C. Approval from the cemetery**
 - D. The funeral director's consent**
- 4. A funeral director can be the FDIC for how many establishments under specific conditions?**
 - A. 1**
 - B. 2**
 - C. 3**
 - D. 4**
- 5. How long does the Oklahoma State Board maintain the records of a funeral director's licensure?**
 - A. Three years**
 - B. Five years**
 - C. Ten years**
 - D. Indefinitely**

- 6. What is the purpose of a "notification of death" form in Oklahoma funerals?**
- A. To provide personal details about the deceased**
 - B. To officially inform authorities and stakeholders about a death**
 - C. To apply for funeral insurance**
 - D. To schedule the funeral service**
- 7. If kin cannot agree on disposition, what action may be taken?**
- A. Contact a state senator**
 - B. File a petition with the district court**
 - C. Hire a mediator**
 - D. Proceed with the burial anyway**
- 8. What is required of funeral establishments concerning embalming documentation in Oklahoma?**
- A. They must present a sample log**
 - B. They must maintain an embalming log**
 - C. They must file monthly reports**
 - D. They must have a written policy**
- 9. What must a funeral home acquire before proceeding with cremation?**
- A. Written authorization from the next of kin**
 - B. Permission from the local health department**
 - C. A verbal agreement from family members**
 - D. A burial permit from the cemetery**
- 10. Which of the following must be licensed under the Funeral Service Licensing Act?**
- A. Anyone maintaining a cemetery**
 - B. Practicing funeral directing or embalming**
 - C. Only funeral directors**
 - D. Health professionals**

Answers

SAMPLE

- 1. B**
- 2. C**
- 3. A**
- 4. C**
- 5. B**
- 6. B**
- 7. B**
- 8. B**
- 9. A**
- 10. B**

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. What is the importance of obtaining consent for cremation in Oklahoma?

- A. It simplifies the cremation process**
- B. It is legally required**
- C. It is less expensive than traditional burial**
- D. It provides emotional closure for families**

Obtaining consent for cremation in Oklahoma is legally required. This is crucial as it protects the legal rights of the deceased and ensures that the wishes of the deceased or their authorized representatives are honored. Consent serves as documentation that an informed decision has been made regarding the method of disposition, thereby preventing potential disputes among family members and ensuring compliance with state regulations. Legally, the state mandates that a person with the appropriate authority must give permission before cremation can take place. This requirement reflects the important ethical considerations surrounding end-of-life decisions. If consent is not properly obtained, funeral service providers could face legal and ethical ramifications, as well as potential conflicts with the deceased's family members. While obtaining consent may influence the cremation process, aid in reducing costs, or provide emotional closure for families, these aspects are secondary to the necessity of complying with legal requirements. The focus on legal compliance underscores the significance of this practice in maintaining respect for the deceased and protecting the rights of all parties involved.

2. How long after death should the attending physician sign the death certificate?

- A. 24 hours after death**
- B. 36 hours after death**
- C. 48 hours after death**
- D. 72 hours after death**

The requirement for the attending physician to sign the death certificate within 48 hours after death aligns with Oklahoma state law, which emphasizes the need for timely completion of important documentation surrounding a death. Signing the death certificate promptly not only facilitates the legal and administrative processes that follow a death but also helps ensure that the information recorded is accurate and fresh in the minds of those responsible for it. Timeliness is crucial to correctly document the cause of death and ensure that relevant authorities and agencies have access to this vital information. This documentation is necessary for the deceased's family, as well as for public health data, vital statistics, and authorization for disposition of remains. Adhering to the 48-hour timeframe supports these interests and maintains the integrity of the documentation process. In contrast, the other timeframes mentioned are either too soon or too late for practical purposes. A 24-hour limit could be too stringent in instances where more information is needed to accurately determine the cause of death, while extending the time to 36, 72 hours, or longer could introduce complications in terms of record-keeping and necessitate further justification for any delays in signing the document.

3. What must accompany a closed casket during a funeral service in Oklahoma?

- A. A signed authorization for viewing, if applicable**
- B. A written statement of the deceased's wishes**
- C. Approval from the cemetery**
- D. The funeral director's consent**

In Oklahoma, when handling a closed casket during a funeral service, it's essential to ensure that all legal and procedural requirements are met properly. One of these is the need for a signed authorization for viewing, if applicable. This authorization serves as a critical document that confirms the family's decision regarding the closed casket and may also include consent for the funeral director to proceed with services without any objection for a viewing. This requirement is in place to protect the rights of both the family and the funeral service providers, as it ensures clarity and consent regarding how the deceased is presented. A signed authorization can prevent misunderstandings and potential disputes among family members or between the family and the funeral service provider. Other options, while they may have relevance in different contexts, do not specifically address what must accompany a closed casket during the service. The written statement of the deceased's wishes is more applicable in situations dealing with pre-arrangements or directives but is not directly required at the service itself. Approval from the cemetery pertains to burial or interment protocols rather than the specifics of casket handling at the funeral. The funeral director's consent is an important aspect of the overall process but does not suffice as the required document for a closed casket during the service. Thus,

4. A funeral director can be the FDIC for how many establishments under specific conditions?

- A. 1**
- B. 2**
- C. 3**
- D. 4**

In Oklahoma, under specific conditions, a funeral director can be the Funeral Director in Charge (FDIC) for up to three establishments. This provision recognizes the operational flexibility needed in the funeral service industry while ensuring that each establishment maintains a level of supervision and regulatory compliance. The rationale behind allowing a funeral director to oversee multiple establishments includes allowing for shared resources among smaller funeral homes, particularly in areas with fewer licensed professionals. However, it's essential that the funeral director can maintain the necessary oversight and management required to comply with state laws and professional standards at each location. Therefore, the three-establishment rule ensures that the quality of service and compliance with regulations are prioritized while also accommodating the practical realities of the profession. This regulatory framework helps to uphold standards in the industry while balancing operational efficiencies.

5. How long does the Oklahoma State Board maintain the records of a funeral director's licensure?

A. Three years

B. Five years

C. Ten years

D. Indefinitely

The Oklahoma State Board of Licensure for Funeral Directors maintains records of a funeral director's licensure for a period of five years. This duration aligns with regulatory practices that ensure these professional records remain accessible for a reasonable time frame for verification and compliance purposes. Maintaining records for this length of time allows the Board to effectively manage and oversee the licensure status, which includes renewal, compliance with continuing education requirements, and any disciplinary actions that may have occurred during that timeframe. Having this five-year retention policy strikes a balance between the need for oversight and the practicalities of recordkeeping, ensuring the Board can enforce standards and protect the public while not being burdened with an excessively large volume of outdated records. This practice is typical in various regulatory environments where licensure and professional conduct are evaluated.

6. What is the purpose of a "notification of death" form in Oklahoma funerals?

A. To provide personal details about the deceased

B. To officially inform authorities and stakeholders about a death

C. To apply for funeral insurance

D. To schedule the funeral service

The purpose of a "notification of death" form in Oklahoma funerals is to officially inform authorities and stakeholders about a death. This form serves a crucial role in the legal and administrative processes following a person's death. It ensures that the relevant government bodies, such as the state health department, are made aware of the death, which is essential for compliance with state laws and regulations regarding deceased individuals. This form may also notify necessary stakeholders, including the funeral home, that specific arrangements need to be initiated. This notification is a key step in managing the legal aspects related to the deceased, such as the issuance of a death certificate, handling any estate issues, and ensuring that the rights of the deceased and their family are upheld. It helps facilitate a smooth transition for the bereaved by initiating the necessary administrative actions tied to the death. The other choices do not capture the primary legal and procedural functions of the notification of death form. While personal details about the deceased are important for various processes, it is not the primary purpose of this form. Similarly, applying for funeral insurance or scheduling a funeral service are operational tasks that do not directly relate to the core function of legally notifying the appropriate entities about a death.

7. If kin cannot agree on disposition, what action may be taken?

A. Contact a state senator

B. File a petition with the district court

C. Hire a mediator

D. Proceed with the burial anyway

When kin cannot agree on the disposition of a deceased individual, the appropriate course of action is to file a petition with the district court. This legal process is designed to resolve disputes regarding the handling of a deceased person's remains, as the court has the authority to make a binding decision on the matter. In situations where family members or heirs cannot reach a consensus regarding how to proceed, especially regarding burial or cremation, the district court can step in to interpret state laws and family relationships to establish the rightful authority for making decisions. This process ensures that the wishes of the deceased, if they are known, are honored where possible and that the interests of the surviving relatives are fairly considered. This legal remedy avoids potential conflicts that may arise if individuals were to unilaterally decide to proceed with a burial or other disposition without consensus or court guidance, which could lead to further disputes or emotional distress among surviving family members.

8. What is required of funeral establishments concerning embalming documentation in Oklahoma?

A. They must present a sample log

B. They must maintain an embalming log

C. They must file monthly reports

D. They must have a written policy

In Oklahoma, funeral establishments are required to maintain an embalming log. This log serves as an official record of all embalming procedures performed at the establishment, including details like the names of the deceased, dates of embalming, and the names of the embalmers who performed the procedures. This requirement is in place to ensure accountability and provide a traceable history of embalming practices that can be reviewed if necessary, such as in the case of an investigation or compliance check. By keeping accurate and detailed records in an embalming log, funeral establishments ensure they meet state regulations, uphold professional standards, and provide transparency in their operations. This documentation is critical for both legal compliance and maintaining the trust of the community they serve.

9. What must a funeral home acquire before proceeding with cremation?

- A. Written authorization from the next of kin**
- B. Permission from the local health department**
- C. A verbal agreement from family members**
- D. A burial permit from the cemetery**

In Oklahoma, before a funeral home can proceed with cremation, it is essential to acquire written authorization from the next of kin. This requirement is in place to ensure that the wishes of the deceased and the legal rights of the next of kin are respected and legally acknowledged. The signed authorization serves as a formal document indicating that the next of kin has given their consent for the cremation process to take place. This not only protects the funeral home from potential legal issues but also confirms that all parties involved are informed and agreeable to the decision. While permissions from other entities, such as the health department, may be necessary for various aspects of handling deceased remains, the explicit requirement for written authorization from the next of kin is a legal and ethical obligation that directly pertains to the cremation process.

10. Which of the following must be licensed under the Funeral Service Licensing Act?

- A. Anyone maintaining a cemetery**
- B. Practicing funeral directing or embalming**
- C. Only funeral directors**
- D. Health professionals**

Under the Funeral Service Licensing Act, individuals who are engaged in the practice of funeral directing or embalming must be licensed to legally perform these services. The act regulates both professions to ensure that practitioners meet specific standards of education, training, and ethical conduct, which are essential for providing respectful and professional funeral services. By requiring licensing, the act aims to protect the public by ensuring that only qualified individuals handle the sensitive and important responsibilities related to funerals and embalming. This regulation assures grieving families that the services they receive meet established standards of care and professionalism. In contrast, maintaining a cemetery, being a funeral director, or health professionals may entail separate licensing or regulations but do not fall specifically under the auspices of the Funeral Service Licensing Act as defined by its focus on funeral directing and embalming. Therefore, the emphasis on the need for a license specifically applies to practitioners engaged in these direct activities related to funeral services.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://oklahomafuneralstatelaw.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!