

OHIO FUNERAL SERVICE LAWS RULES & REGULATIONS (LRR) PRACTICE EXAM (SAMPLE) STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

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THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE**

<https://ohiofuneralservice.lrr.examzify.com>



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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. Under Ohio law, who is responsible for signing the death certificate?**
 - A. The dentist
 - B. The funeral director or a physician
 - C. The mortuary intern
 - D. The state coroner
- 2. What must funeral homes disclose to consumers before providing services?**
 - A. Payment plans
 - B. Embalming fees
 - C. Funeral director licenses
 - D. Merchandise quality
- 3. In Ohio, what must funeral homes post regarding funeral service prices?**
 - A. Prices must be verbally communicated to clients
 - B. Prices must be accessible and clearly detailed to consumers
 - C. Prices are set by each individual funeral director
 - D. Prices can be provided upon request only
- 4. Who has the authority to call public board meetings?**
 - A. The president or vice president, or a majority quorum of members present
 - B. Any board member at any time
 - C. The funeral home owner in the district
 - D. The general public through a written request
- 5. When must cash advance charges be disclosed to families?**
 - A. At the time of service
 - B. On the final statement
 - C. They are not required to be disclosed
 - D. When asked by the family
- 6. What is a governmental use only certificate?**
 - A. A certificate for personal legal matters
 - B. A vital record for private use only
 - C. A vital record issued to government agencies
 - D. A certificate that cannot be used for legal identification

- 7. How often must a funeral director in Ohio renew their license?**
- A. Every year
 - B. Every two years
 - C. Every three years
 - D. Every five years
- 8. What elements must be included in the statement of goods and services in Ohio?**
- A. A description, quantity, and price for each item offered
 - B. A list of all staff members at the funeral home
 - C. Only the description of services without pricing
 - D. Verification of payment methods accepted
- 9. During which period does the third quarter preneed reporting occur?**
- A. January 1 - March 31
 - B. April 1 - June 30
 - C. July 1 - September 30
 - D. October 1 - December 31
- 10. What is the role of a Deputy Registrar?**
- A. A person appointed to approve local registrations
 - B. A person authorized to act on behalf of the local registrar
 - C. A local government official responsible for all registrations
 - D. A director overseeing the state registrar's activities

Answers

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1. B
2. B
3. B
4. A
5. B
6. C
7. B
8. A
9. C
10. B

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Explanations

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1. Under Ohio law, who is responsible for signing the death certificate?

- A. The dentist
- B. The funeral director or a physician**
- C. The mortuary intern
- D. The state coroner

Under Ohio law, the responsibility for signing the death certificate primarily rests with the funeral director or a physician. This provision is grounded in the legal requirements governing the proper documentation of death, ensuring that accurate and official records are maintained. Physicians are typically in a position to determine the cause of death due to their medical training and ability to assess the health history of the deceased. In cases where a physician is not available, funeral directors may have the authority to sign the death certificate, especially when they have obtained the necessary information to do so. The other options, while they may involve certain responsibilities in the death care process, do not have the legal authority to sign the death certificate as established by Ohio law. For instance, dentists generally do not have jurisdiction over death certificates unless they are also licensed as a physician; mortuary interns operate under the supervision of licensed funeral directors and cannot sign independently; and state coroners are involved primarily when there are investigative circumstances surrounding a death, such as suspicious or unexplained causes, but they do not routinely sign death certificates outside of those contexts.

2. What must funeral homes disclose to consumers before providing services?

- A. Payment plans
- B. Embalming fees**
- C. Funeral director licenses
- D. Merchandise quality

Funeral homes are required to disclose embalming fees to consumers before providing services, as this practice aligns with the Federal Trade Commission's Funeral Rule. This regulation mandates transparency in pricing to ensure consumers are fully informed about the costs associated with funeral services. Embalming is a significant service that may incur costs, and consumers have the right to know this information upfront. Providing this disclosure allows families to make informed decisions regarding the handling and preparation of the deceased, as it can impact their overall service selections and budget. While payment plans, funeral director licenses, and merchandise quality are also important factors that can influence consumers' decisions, they are not specifically mandated disclosures under the Funeral Rule in the same way that embalming fees are.

3. In Ohio, what must funeral homes post regarding funeral service prices?

- A. Prices must be verbally communicated to clients
- B. Prices must be accessible and clearly detailed to consumers**
- C. Prices are set by each individual funeral director
- D. Prices can be provided upon request only

In Ohio, funeral homes are required to ensure that prices for funeral services are accessible and clearly detailed to consumers. This is an essential practice established by the Federal Trade Commission's Funeral Rule, which mandates transparency in pricing to protect consumers. By making prices readily available, funeral homes allow consumers to make informed decisions without pressure and compare prices among different providers. This approach fosters trust and allows families to understand the costs associated with various services and products offered. Access to detailed pricing information empowers individuals to plan accordingly and honor their loved ones within their financial means. Thus, having prices posted in a clear and visible manner aligns with the legal standards and ethical considerations that guide funeral practices in Ohio.

4. Who has the authority to call public board meetings?

- A. The president or vice president, or a majority quorum of members present
- B. Any board member at any time
- C. The funeral home owner in the district
- D. The general public through a written request

The authority to call public board meetings is typically vested in the president or vice president of the board, or alternatively, a majority quorum of members present. This structure ensures that meetings are organized and managed by individuals who hold leadership roles within the board, which can facilitate order and adherence to regulations during discussions and decisions. The rationale behind this choice is rooted in the principles of governance and efficiency. It allows for a defined leadership structure, ensuring that all members are coordinated and that meetings occur under established protocols. This designation helps in maintaining accountability and upholding the integrity of the board's functions. Additionally, having a majority quorum enables decision-making that reflects the collective will of board members rather than individual actions, which might lead to disorganization or lack of representation. The other options, while they suggest different forms of authority, may lead to conflicts or an ineffective process for convening meetings. For example, any board member calling a meeting at any time could lead to disarray and potential non-compliance with formal procedures. Similarly, allowing the funeral home owner in the district or the general public to call for meetings could undermine the established governance framework intended to maintain order and focus within the board's activities.

5. When must cash advance charges be disclosed to families?

- A. At the time of service
- B. On the final statement
- C. They are not required to be disclosed
- D. When asked by the family

The requirement to disclose cash advance charges on the final statement is important for transparency and ensuring that families are fully informed about the costs associated with the services provided. Cash advance charges refer to expenses that the funeral provider pays on behalf of the family and includes things like cemetery fees, flowers, or obituary notices. By disclosing these charges on the final statement, the funeral provider reinforces the commitment to open communication, allowing families to see a complete picture of the financial obligation incurred. This practice also helps families understand what they are being charged for and ensures that there are no surprises after the arrangements have been made. Providing this information only at the time of service or upon request would not fulfill the legal obligations that protect consumers and could lead to confusion or mistrust. Therefore, including cash advance charges in the final statement is both a regulatory requirement and a best practice in the industry.

6. What is a governmental use only certificate?

- A. A certificate for personal legal matters
- B. A vital record for private use only
- C. A vital record issued to government agencies**
- D. A certificate that cannot be used for legal identification

The correct answer is that a governmental use only certificate is a vital record issued to government agencies. This type of certificate specifically signifies that it is intended for use by governmental bodies in the performance of their official duties and functions. Such certificates typically are not issued for private individuals or personal legal matters, emphasizing their restricted nature. In contexts where vital records are involved, certain documents are designated primarily for administrative use by governmental entities, which is crucial for maintaining compliance, tracking public health data, or managing demographic statistics. This separation of use helps to protect sensitive information and ensures that vital records are utilized appropriately within governmental frameworks. The other options do not accurately describe a governmental use only certificate; personal legal matters and private use do not align with the purpose of such certificates, nor do they reflect the constraints placed on them regarding legal identification. Thus, understanding the specific context and intended use of these certificates is essential for anyone involved in or studying funeral service laws and regulations in Ohio.

7. How often must a funeral director in Ohio renew their license?

- A. Every year
- B. Every two years**
- C. Every three years
- D. Every five years

In Ohio, funeral directors are required to renew their licenses every two years. This ensures that professionals in the field remain updated on the latest practices, laws, and regulations related to funeral service. The biennial renewal process serves as a way to maintain high standards within the industry, reinforcing the importance of continuing education and ethical practices. Licensing boards often implement these renewal periods to promote ongoing professional development and adherence to new legislative changes that may affect the profession. This practice is not unique to Ohio and can be found in various states, emphasizing the need for licensed professionals to stay informed and competent in their field.

8. What elements must be included in the statement of goods and services in Ohio?

A. A description, quantity, and price for each item offered

B. A list of all staff members at the funeral home

C. Only the description of services without pricing

D. Verification of payment methods accepted

The correct answer is that the statement of goods and services in Ohio must include a description, quantity, and price for each item offered. This requirement is rooted in the Ohio Funeral Service Laws, which emphasize transparency and clarity in the funeral service industry. By providing each item's description along with its quantity and price, consumers are better informed about their choices, allowing them to make educated decisions regarding the services and products they wish to utilize. This level of detail is crucial because it not only helps ensure compliance with state regulations, but it also enhances consumer trust. When families can see exactly what they are being charged for and understand what they are receiving, it minimizes the potential for misunderstandings or disputes regarding service delivery and pricing. In contrast, listing all staff members at the funeral home, only including descriptions of services without pricing, or providing verification of accepted payment methods does not meet the regulatory requirements for the statement of goods and services. Those elements might be relevant in other contexts, such as operational transparency or customer service practices, but they do not fulfill the specific obligations set forth by Ohio law regarding the itemization of funeral services and merchandise.

9. During which period does the third quarter preneed reporting occur?

A. January 1 - March 31

B. April 1 - June 30

C. July 1 - September 30

D. October 1 - December 31

The third quarter preneed reporting occurs from July 1 to September 30. This timeframe aligns with how quarterly periods are typically structured in financial and regulatory contexts, where the year is divided into four quarters, each lasting three months. In a year, the first quarter runs from January to March, the second from April to June, the third from July to September, and the final quarter from October to December. Therefore, the selection of July 1 to September 30 is accurate as it represents the midpoint of the year and is crucial for regulatory compliance and reporting obligations for funeral service providers in Ohio. Understanding these timeframes is essential for accurate record-keeping and adherence to state regulations regarding state preneed contracts and their associated reporting requirements.

10. What is the role of a Deputy Registrar?

- A. A person appointed to approve local registrations
- B. A person authorized to act on behalf of the local registrar**
- C. A local government official responsible for all registrations
- D. A director overseeing the state registrar's activities

The role of a Deputy Registrar involves acting on behalf of the local registrar, meaning they help facilitate the registration process at a local level, ensuring compliance with state laws and regulations. This position is critical because it allows the registrar's office to effectively manage workloads, provide necessary services to the public, and ensure that vital records, such as births and deaths, are processed accurately and efficiently. This function is essential in maintaining the integrity and accessibility of vital records, as the Deputy Registrar steps in when the local registrar may not be available or requires assistance. This role requires knowledge of relevant laws and regulations to adhere to the standards set forth by the state, thus supporting the overall operation of the vital records system within Ohio. In this context, the other options do not accurately capture the scope of responsibilities of a Deputy Registrar. For example, while the Deputy Registrar may approve registrations, that task primarily falls under the local registrar's purview. Similarly, while the Deputy Registrar is involved in local registrations, they are not the local government official responsible for all registrations nor do they hold the overarching role of a director overseeing state activities, which are distinct responsibilities.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://ohiofuneralserviceclrr.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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