

ODMHSAS Behavioral Health Case Management Practice Exam (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. How do case managers determine eligibility for services?**
 - A. By utilizing a one-size-fits-all approach**
 - B. By assessing client needs, eligibility criteria, and available resources**
 - C. By only considering client preferences**
 - D. By relying on random selection**

- 2. What are the associated features of Bipolar Disorder?**
 - A. Diminished need for sleep**
 - B. Inflated self-esteem**
 - C. Increased state of excitement**
 - D. All of the above**

- 3. What is case management primarily concerned with?**
 - A. Physical health monitoring**
 - B. Locating and linking clients with needed services**
 - C. Job placement services**
 - D. Academic support**

- 4. What is a mental health treatment plan?**
 - A. A detailed report for funding purposes**
 - B. A structured approach outlining goals, interventions, and expected outcomes for a client**
 - C. A generic list of mental health diagnoses**
 - D. A therapeutic approach used only in crisis situations**

- 5. Which strategy can case managers use to engage reluctant clients?**
 - A. Providing rigid directives without discussion**
 - B. Using motivational interviewing techniques**
 - C. Minimizing client involvement in goal setting**
 - D. Focusing on punishment for non-compliance**

6. What term describes the feeling where individuals believe they cannot succeed or do anything correctly?

- A. Learned Helplessness**
- B. Mental Resilience**
- C. Self-Actualization**
- D. Emotional Stability**

7. In the context of case management, which assessment is crucial for developing a care plan?

- A. Physical health assessment**
- B. Psychosocial assessment**
- C. Cultural competency assessment**
- D. Financial need assessment**

8. What is a key feature of the negative impacts of self-stigma?

- A. Increased social interactions**
- B. Positive self-image**
- C. Diminished self-efficacy**
- D. Improved access to healthcare**

9. How does the strengths model view the role of community in individual growth?

- A. As an optional element**
- B. As essential for integration and support**
- C. As a barrier to independence**
- D. As unnecessary for success**

10. Which of the following is an example of a life domain?

- A. Daily living activities**
- B. Cooking skills**
- C. Financial habits**
- D. All of the above**

Answers

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1. B
2. D
3. B
4. B
5. B
6. A
7. B
8. C
9. B
10. A

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Explanations

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1. How do case managers determine eligibility for services?

- A. By utilizing a one-size-fits-all approach
- B. By assessing client needs, eligibility criteria, and available resources**
- C. By only considering client preferences
- D. By relying on random selection

Determining eligibility for services is a nuanced process that requires a comprehensive understanding of each client's unique circumstances. The correct answer emphasizes the importance of assessing client needs, eligibility criteria, and available resources. This multifaceted approach allows case managers to gather relevant information about the individual, including their specific challenges, goals, and the level of support necessary to assist them effectively. By carefully evaluating client needs, case managers can identify the most appropriate services and interventions that align with those needs. Additionally, understanding eligibility criteria ensures that the services offered comply with organizational policies and state or federal regulations, making it essential for ensuring that clients access the appropriate level of care. Considering available resources allows case managers to make informed decisions about what services are feasible and most beneficial based on the current system's limitations and capacities. A one-size-fits-all approach would fail to take into account the diverse needs of clients and could lead to inadequate support for individuals requiring more tailored interventions. Focusing solely on client preferences overlooks the necessity of aligning these preferences with the realities of available services and eligibility. Lastly, relying on random selection would undermine the integrity and effectiveness of service delivery, as it would not consider the essential factors needed to determine who genuinely requires support. Therefore, a thorough assessment incorporating client needs, eligibility

2. What are the associated features of Bipolar Disorder?

- A. Diminished need for sleep
- B. Inflated self-esteem
- C. Increased state of excitement
- D. All of the above**

Bipolar Disorder is characterized by distinct shifts in mood, energy levels, and activity levels, which can lead to significant impairment in personal, social, and occupational functioning. Each of the features listed is commonly associated with the manic or hypomanic episodes that define bipolar disorder. Diminished need for sleep is a hallmark symptom during manic episodes, where individuals may feel rested after only a few hours of sleep. This can be attributed to heightened energy levels and increased activity. Inflated self-esteem or grandiosity is another common feature of mania. Individuals experiencing this may have an exaggerated sense of self-worth, capabilities, or importance, often leading them to take on unrealistic projects or challenges. Increased state of excitement is also typical during manic episodes. This can manifest as heightened mood, irritability, or an intense drive to engage in multiple activities simultaneously. Individuals may also exhibit talkativeness and distractibility during these periods, reflecting their elevated state of excitement. Given that all these elements are integral to the manic or hypomanic phases of bipolar disorder, the answer encompassing all these features accurately reflects the condition's complexity and multifaceted nature. It underscores the importance of recognizing these symptoms for effective diagnosis and management of bipolar disorder.

3. What is case management primarily concerned with?

- A. Physical health monitoring
- B. Locating and linking clients with needed services**
- C. Job placement services
- D. Academic support

Case management is primarily focused on locating and linking clients with the necessary services to meet their individual needs. This role involves assessing a client's situation, identifying their required resources, and facilitating access to those resources, which may include mental health services, housing, substance abuse treatment, and support groups. By connecting clients to appropriate services, case managers help ensure that individuals receive comprehensive support tailored to their specific circumstances. While physical health monitoring, job placement services, and academic support can be elements of a holistic approach to client care, they are not the primary focus of case management itself. Case management is a broader strategy aimed at coordinating various types of services, making sure that clients have the resources they need to achieve stability and improve their overall quality of life. Hence, linking clients to the right services is central to the role of a case manager.

4. What is a mental health treatment plan?

- A. A detailed report for funding purposes
- B. A structured approach outlining goals, interventions, and expected outcomes for a client**
- C. A generic list of mental health diagnoses
- D. A therapeutic approach used only in crisis situations

A mental health treatment plan is fundamentally a structured document that outlines specific goals, interventions, and expected outcomes tailored to an individual client's needs. This plan serves as a roadmap for both the client and the mental health professional, guiding the therapeutic process and ensuring that treatment aligns with the client's unique circumstances and goals. Creating a treatment plan involves assessing the client's mental health status, understanding their challenges, and considering their strengths and preferences. The goals established in the plan are specific, measurable, achievable, relevant, and time-bound (SMART), which allows for tracking progress and making necessary adjustments as treatment evolves. Interventions included in the plan may range from therapy sessions to medication management, coping strategies, or community resources, all aimed at facilitating the client's journey toward improved mental health. This approach ensures that treatment is not just a series of sessions but a cohesive strategy to enhance the client's overall well-being and quality of life. The collaborative nature of this planning process also fosters client engagement, which is crucial for successful outcomes in mental health treatment.

5. Which strategy can case managers use to engage reluctant clients?

- A. Providing rigid directives without discussion**
- B. Using motivational interviewing techniques**
- C. Minimizing client involvement in goal setting**
- D. Focusing on punishment for non-compliance**

Using motivational interviewing techniques is an effective strategy for case managers to engage reluctant clients. This approach is rooted in collaboration and empathy, allowing the client to feel understood and supported rather than judged or coerced. Motivational interviewing focuses on exploring and resolving ambivalence, which is particularly important when working with clients who may be resistant to change or hesitant to participate. Through open-ended questions, reflective listening, and affirmations, case managers can empower clients to articulate their own motivations and goals. This method fosters a sense of autonomy and encourages clients to take ownership of their treatment process, leading to increased engagement and commitment to change. It shifts the focus from directive approaches to a more client-centered conversation, creating a safe space for exploration of thoughts and feelings related to their behavior and circumstances. In contrast, providing rigid directives without discussion could alienate clients and lead to further resistance. Minimizing client involvement in goal setting can diminish their investment in the process, and emphasizing punishment for non-compliance generally fosters fear and defensiveness rather than cooperation and motivation to engage.

6. What term describes the feeling where individuals believe they cannot succeed or do anything correctly?

- A. Learned Helplessness**
- B. Mental Resilience**
- C. Self-Actualization**
- D. Emotional Stability**

The term "Learned Helplessness" refers to a psychological condition in which individuals develop a sense of powerlessness and believe that they have no control over the outcomes of their actions. This often occurs after repeated exposure to stressful situations in which the person feels unable to change or influence their circumstances, leading them to conclude that they will fail regardless of their efforts. The concept was initially discovered through experiments involving animals but has since been widely applied to understanding human behavior, especially in the context of mental health and motivation. This feeling can significantly impact an individual's self-esteem and motivation, making it difficult for them to take initiative or pursue goals. In contrast, mental resilience refers to the ability to bounce back from adversity, self-actualization involves realizing one's potential and pursuing personal growth, and emotional stability is about maintaining a balanced emotional state. Understanding learned helplessness is crucial in behavioral health, as it can guide interventions aimed at helping individuals regain a sense of control and confidence in their abilities.

7. In the context of case management, which assessment is crucial for developing a care plan?

- A. Physical health assessment**
- B. Psychosocial assessment**
- C. Cultural competency assessment**
- D. Financial need assessment**

In the context of case management, a psychosocial assessment is essential for developing a care plan because it provides a comprehensive understanding of an individual's psychological and social functioning. This assessment examines various factors such as mental health status, social support systems, family dynamics, housing situation, and community resources. By evaluating these areas, a case manager can identify specific needs and challenges the individual faces, which is crucial for tailoring interventions effectively. The psychosocial assessment informs the care plan by highlighting not just the medical needs of the client but also how psychological factors and social environments impact their overall well-being. This holistic approach ensures that the care plan addresses both the immediate symptoms and the underlying issues contributing to the client's situation. It promotes a collaborative and person-centered care strategy, which is fundamental to effective case management.

8. What is a key feature of the negative impacts of self-stigma?

- A. Increased social interactions**
- B. Positive self-image**
- C. Diminished self-efficacy**
- D. Improved access to healthcare**

A key feature of the negative impacts of self-stigma is diminished self-efficacy. When individuals internalize negative beliefs about themselves due to stigma, it can lead to feelings of inadequacy or incompetence. This can significantly lower their confidence in their ability to handle tasks, make decisions, and pursue goals, which is what self-efficacy encompasses. Self-efficacy is crucial in behavioral health as it influences how individuals approach challenges and seek support. Those experiencing self-stigma may withdraw from social situations, avoid seeking help, or feel powerless in advocating for their needs, which further exacerbates their mental health issues and can hinder their recovery process. Thus, diminished self-efficacy is a profound barrier that can affect various aspects of a person's life, including their ability to engage in treatment and improve their well-being.

9. How does the strengths model view the role of community in individual growth?

- A. As an optional element**
- B. As essential for integration and support**
- C. As a barrier to independence**
- D. As unnecessary for success**

The strengths model emphasizes the importance of community as a crucial element in individual growth. This model posits that individuals thrive when they are supported by their communities, which provide essential resources, relationships, and opportunities for integration into society. Community involvement can foster a sense of belonging, offer social support, and create an environment where individuals can utilize their strengths and skills to achieve personal growth and recovery. In this context, the community acts as a foundation that enables individuals to leverage their capabilities, build social networks, and access necessary services. It plays a vital role in empowering individuals to navigate challenges and pursue their goals, emphasizing collaboration between individuals and their communities as a key to success. The other options, such as viewing community as optional, a barrier, or unnecessary, do not align with the strengths model's perspective, which firmly positions community engagement as an indispensable aspect of fostering individual resilience and development.

10. Which of the following is an example of a life domain?

- A. Daily living activities**
- B. Cooking skills**
- C. Financial habits**
- D. All of the above**

A life domain refers to a specific area of functioning or aspect of a person's life that can impact their overall well-being and quality of life. In this context, "Daily living activities" represents a broad category that encompasses various tasks and responsibilities a person manages in their everyday life. This domain includes essential activities such as self-care, household chores, and community engagement, which are crucial for maintaining personal independence and health. While "Cooking skills" and "Financial habits" are indeed important skills and behaviors that contribute to an individual's functioning, they are more specialized examples within the broader life domain of daily living activities. Daily living activities cover a wider range of functions and responsibilities, making it the most encompassing answer when identifying an example of a life domain. Therefore, recognizing daily living activities as a life domain reflects an understanding of the comprehensive nature of behavioral health and case management.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://odmhsasbehavioralhealthcasemgmt.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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