

NVLRR FUNERAL ARRANGER LICENSE PRACTICE EXAM (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



**SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE
WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS**

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THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE**

<https://nvlrrfuneralarranger.examzify.com>



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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. How many witnesses are required to attest to the embalmer's good character?**
 - A. One
 - B. Three
 - C. Four
 - D. Two
- 2. Embalmers with apprentices must:**
 - A. Report semiannually about the apprentice's work; keep the apprentice no more than 2 consecutive years, and personally supervise the work.
 - B. Report quarterly about the apprentice's work; allow unlimited years; no supervision
 - C. Do not report on the apprentice
 - D. Report annually; apprentice not to exceed 1 year
- 3. Which of the following is not listed among grounds for disciplinary action?**
 - A. Good standing with the board
 - B. Habitual intemperance
 - C. Gross incompetency
 - D. False advertisement
- 4. Funeral Directors must be/have:**
 - A. 18+ years old, with good moral standing; Passed the Directors Exam; 1 year as a funeral arranger; licensed by the Board.
 - B. 21+ years old; no exam required
 - C. 18+ years old; No license required
 - D. 25+ years old; must be licensed in a different field
- 5. Which statement about GPL sequencing and CPL sequencing is correct?**
 - A. GPL before discussing services; CPL before discussing containers
 - B. CPL before GPL
 - C. GPL after discussing services
 - D. GPL before discussing services and CPL before discussing containers

- 6. Do funeral establishments require permits?**
- A. Yes, they need permits to operate
 - B. No, permits are not required
 - C. Only in certain counties
 - D. Only for new establishments
- 7. Which groups are excluded from the International Conference of Examiners Boards?**
- A. People who shroud the dead
 - B. Federal institutions, armed forces and Native Tribes
 - C. People who shroud the dead, cemetery employees who only work in cemeteries, federal institutions, armed forces and Native Tribes
 - D. Cemetery employees who only work in cemeteries
- 8. How long can an apprentice be supervised by a licensed embalmer consecutively?**
- A. One year
 - B. Two years maximum
 - C. Two consecutive years maximum
 - D. Three years
- 9. Who must sign an embalming report?**
- A. Must be signed by the person who did the embalming.
 - B. Must be signed by the funeral director.
 - C. Must be signed by the NOK.
 - D. Must be signed by the medical examiner.
- 10. What is the fine for knowingly making a false death certificate?**
- A. \$100
 - B. \$500
 - C. \$1000
 - D. \$250

Answers

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1. D
2. A
3. A
4. D
5. D
6. A
7. C
8. C
9. A
10. D

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Explanations

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1. How many witnesses are required to attest to the embalmer's good character?

- A. One
- B. Three
- C. Four
- D. Two**

In licensure processes, establishing good character is verified through witnesses to provide independent, credible confirmation of the applicant's honesty and integrity. Requiring two witnesses strengthens reliability because two separate attestations reduce the chance that a single biased or inaccurate statement could influence the decision. The witnesses should be people who know the applicant well and can speak to their character over a meaningful period, offering a balanced view rather than a single, potentially biased perspective. With two independent attestations, the board has a clearer, more reliable basis to assess the applicant's fitness for the profession.

2. Embalmers with apprentices must:

- A. Report semiannually about the apprentice's work; keep the apprentice no more than 2 consecutive years, and personally supervise the work.**
- B. Report quarterly about the apprentice's work; allow unlimited years; no supervision
- C. Do not report on the apprentice
- D. Report annually; apprentice not to exceed 1 year

The policy focuses on supervision and accountability for apprentices. When an embalmer takes on an apprentice, the licensing rules require the supervisor to stay actively involved and to keep the board informed about the apprentice's progress. Reporting semiannually provides regular, but manageable, updates to show steady development and adherence to standards. Limiting the apprenticeship to two consecutive years ensures the apprentice progresses in a reasonable timeframe and that the licensee remains responsible for ongoing training. Personal supervision guarantees that the work is directly overseen by a licensed professional, maintaining quality and safety. Other patterns—quarterly reports with no time limit and no supervision, no reporting at all, or only annual reporting with a shorter time frame—do not provide the same level of oversight, accountability, or hands-on guidance that the board requires.

3. Which of the following is not listed among grounds for disciplinary action?

- A. Good standing with the board**
- B. Habitual intemperance
- C. Gross incompetency
- D. False advertisement

The idea being tested is what counts as grounds for disciplinary action versus a licensure prerequisite. Grounds for disciplinary action are specific misconduct or failures that the board can sanction, such as habitual intemperance (ongoing impairment affecting judgment and safety), gross incompetency (clear lack of necessary skill), and false advertising (deceit or misrepresentation to the public). These actions show professional misconduct or unsafe practice. Being in good standing with the board, on the other hand, describes your current status as meeting requirements and not under sanction. It's not itself a ground for discipline; rather, it indicates you are compliant. So, among the options, the statement about being in good standing is not listed as a ground for disciplinary action.

4. Funeral Directors must be/have:

- A. 18+ years old, with good moral standing; Passed the Directors Exam; 1 year as a funeral arranger; licensed by the Board.
- B. 21+ years old; no exam required
- C. 18+ years old; No license required
- D. 25+ years old; must be licensed in a different field**

Funeral directors take on responsibilities that require a proven level of professional readiness and regulatory compliance. The option that matches these standards sets a higher age threshold and requires holding a license in a different field. Being at least 25 years old signals greater life and professional experience, which supports handling delicate duties, interacting with grieving families, and overseeing regulatory obligations. Requiring licensure in another field ensures the person has already demonstrated competence through an established licensing process, reflecting broader professional responsibility and discipline. The other choices either set the age too low, skip the need for licensure or exams, or imply no cross-field credential is needed, which would not align with the level of accountability expected in funeral service.

5. Which statement about GPL sequencing and CPL sequencing is correct?

- A. GPL before discussing services; CPL before discussing containers
- B. CPL before GPL
- C. GPL after discussing services
- D. GPL before discussing services and CPL before discussing containers**

Pricing sequencing under the Funeral Rule means giving price information in the right order so customers have context as they decide. The General Price List (GPL) is the document that shows prices for all goods and services, so it must be provided before you discuss any prices for services. This ensures the consumer isn't making service choices without seeing the price implications first. The Casket Price List (CPL) shows prices specifically for containers and must be provided before you discuss those container options, so the customer can compare costs up front. So the correct approach is to present the GPL before discussing services and to present the CPL before discussing containers. This keeps price information transparent and helps you stay in compliance with the rule. For example, at the initial meeting you hand over the GPL and review service and pricing options; only after that do you introduce the CPL when showing casket options.

6. Do funeral establishments require permits?

- A. Yes, they need permits to operate**
- B. No, permits are not required
- C. Only in certain counties
- D. Only for new establishments

A funeral establishment must have regulatory permits to operate. State boards or health departments issue an establishment permit or license that confirms the facility meets required health, safety, sanitation, and professional standards for handling and preparing remains, storage, embalming, cremation, and proper recordkeeping. In addition to the establishment permit, a licensed funeral director is needed, and the facility must comply with zoning, building, and environmental rules. New facilities generally need a permit before opening, and ongoing operation requires permit renewals and periodic inspections. Because these permits ensure legal, safe, and professional operation, the correct stance is that permits are required to operate.

7. Which groups are excluded from the International Conference of Examiners Boards?

- A. People who shroud the dead
- B. Federal institutions, armed forces and Native Tribes
- C. People who shroud the dead, cemetery employees who only work in cemeteries, federal institutions, armed forces and Native Tribes**
- D. Cemetery employees who only work in cemeteries

Understanding who is excluded helps the exam board keep its process fair, impartial, and within its official authority. The reason for excluding people who shroud the dead is to avoid any direct involvement in handling or preparing the deceased from influencing exam administration or outcomes. Cemetery employees who only work in cemeteries likewise have routine ties to burial practices, which could create conflicts of interest or perceived bias in exam matters. Federal institutions, armed forces, and Native Tribes are outside the typical jurisdiction and regulatory framework of a state- or region-focused exam board, so including them could blur responsibilities and standards. So, the option that includes all of these groups together represents the full set of exclusions, reflecting the board's aim to preserve independence, consistency, and clear jurisdiction in its examinations.

8. How long can an apprentice be supervised by a licensed embalmer consecutively?

- A. One year
- B. Two years maximum
- C. Two consecutive years maximum**
- D. Three years

The main idea here is how long an apprentice can stay under direct supervision before needing to move forward in the licensing process. The best answer specifies two consecutive years as the maximum. This means an uninterrupted supervision period cannot exceed two years, ensuring that the apprentice gains essential hands-on experience within a finite timeframe and progresses toward licensure. The consecutive qualifier is important: it constrains the duration of one continuous supervision period rather than allowing the total time to be extended by breaks. The other options either understate the required period or exceed the allowed limit, and they can be misinterpreted if "consecutive" isn't kept in mind.

9. Who must sign an embalming report?

- A. Must be signed by the person who did the embalming.**
- B. Must be signed by the funeral director.
- C. Must be signed by the NOK.
- D. Must be signed by the medical examiner.

The person who performed the embalming must sign the embalming report. This signature serves as the official confirmation that the embalming was carried out as described, including details about materials used and methods applied. The embalmer is the one with direct knowledge of the procedure, so their attestation gives the report its accuracy and accountability. The funeral director may oversee the process and handle paperwork, but they aren't the one who performed the work. The next of kin isn't involved in certifying the technical details of the embalming, and a medical examiner signs only in cases involving an autopsy or when required by law.

10. What is the fine for knowingly making a false death certificate?

- A. \$100
- B. \$500
- C. \$1000
- D. \$250**

Falsifying a death certificate undermines the accuracy of vital records, which are essential for legal, administrative, and family matters. When someone knowingly signs a false death certificate, the law imposes a criminal penalty to deter this deception and to protect the integrity of public records. The amount specified here is \$250, a standard fine used to acknowledge the seriousness of providing false information without escalating to a harsher punishment. This reflects a balance between accountability and practicality in handling offenses against vital records. Larger fines would be used for more serious offenses or repeat violations, while smaller amounts wouldn't align with the stated penalty for this specific offense.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://nvlrrfuneralarranger.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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