

# Nursing Jurisprudence and Ethics for Texas Nurses Practice Exam (Sample)

## Study Guide



**Everything you need from our exam experts!**

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# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

**Remember:** successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

**This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:**

## **1. Start with a Diagnostic Review**

**Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.**

## **2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions**

**Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.**

## **3. Learn from the Explanations**

**After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.**

## **4. Track Your Progress**

**Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.**

## **5. Simulate the Real Exam**

**Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.**

## **6. Repeat and Review**

**Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.**

**There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!**

## **Questions**

- 1. How do Texas laws protect whistleblowers in nursing?**
  - A. By promoting unethical behavior**
  - B. By providing protection from retaliation**
  - C. By encouraging silence on unsafe practices**
  - D. By minimizing the importance of ethics in nursing**
  
- 2. When an applicant for a nursing license receives a final conviction for first-degree murder, the NPA mandates that the applicant**
  - A. must provide three letters of reference from law enforcement or parole officers and successfully retake the NCLEX exam.**
  - B. will be required to complete an ethics and jurisprudence course annually.**
  - C. will have to pay \$1000 as part of the initial license application process.**
  - D. will not be eligible to apply for an initial nursing license until five years after being released from community supervision or parole.**
  
- 3. Which of the following is a violation of professional boundaries?**
  - A. A nurse accepts a box of candy from the patient and shares it with other staff**
  - B. A nurse borrows money from a patient to repair the nurse's car**
  - C. A nurse reports a patient's communicable disease to the health department**
  - D. The patient shares a history of substance abuse that the nurse reports during shift change**
  
- 4. What may the BON determine if a nurse is reported by two different employers for multiple practice errors?**
  - A. Complies with the standard to provide nursing services without discrimination of the client served.**
  - B. Indicates the nurse's continued practice poses a risk of harm and may endanger a client's life, health, or safety.**
  - C. Results in immediate disciplinary action because the second complaint validates the first.**
  - D. Violates professional boundary regulations because the nurse has two employers.**

- 5. Which of the following best defines patient advocacy?**
- A. Advocating for better hospital policies**
  - B. Promoting the interests of healthcare providers**
  - C. Protecting and promoting patients' rights**
  - D. Ensuring healthcare access for all**
- 6. In Texas, advanced practice registered nurse (APRNs) may delegate which of the following to unlicensed assistive personnel?**
- A. Activities of daily living, health maintenance activities, and nursing tasks in compliance with BON Rules 224 and 225 on RN Delegation**
  - B. Advanced practice skills that the APRN learned in his or her advanced practice nursing program of study**
  - C. APRNs can delegate anything a physician would delegate, as APRNs are educated to engage in some aspects of medical and medical management**
  - D. Medical diagnosis and nursing assessment in compliance with BON Rules 224 and 225 on RN delegation**
- 7. What is the importance of cultural competence in nursing?**
- A. It focuses solely on patient compliance**
  - B. It enhances communication and improves health outcomes**
  - C. It is solely for the benefit of the healthcare provider**
  - D. It is optional based on the nurse's discretion**
- 8. What is the role of ethics committees in healthcare settings?**
- A. To enforce legal standards of practice in nursing**
  - B. To provide guidance on ethical dilemmas and discuss complex patient care issues**
  - C. To conduct disciplinary hearings for nurses**
  - D. To oversee the financial decisions in patient care**



- 9. A nurse quits his job and submits a written notice at the end of his shift, telling his supervisor that he will not be back at work the following morning. The supervisor tells the nurse he has to complete the entire month's schedule or he will be committing "patient abandonment," and will be reported to the BON. This is:**
- A. false. Quitting a job at the end of a shift is not considered "patient abandonment" by the BON and is not grounds for reporting to, or action by, the BON.**
  - B. false. The nurse only has to work for two more weeks of the schedule before he can quit.**
  - C. true. It would be "patient abandonment" if the nurse does not complete the current schedule. The nurse could be reported to the BON.**
  - D. true. The nurse must work the entire currently posted work schedule before he can quit his present job.**
- 10. What is an essential requirement for a nurse considering delegation?**
- A. The task must be a routine procedure**
  - B. The delegatee must be competent to perform the task**
  - C. The task must be supervised by a physician**
  - D. The nurse must feel comfortable with the task**

## **Answers**

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- 1. B**
- 2. A**
- 3. A**
- 4. A**
- 5. C**
- 6. A**
- 7. B**
- 8. B**
- 9. A**
- 10. B**

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## **Explanations**

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**1. How do Texas laws protect whistleblowers in nursing?**

- A. By promoting unethical behavior
- B. By providing protection from retaliation**
- C. By encouraging silence on unsafe practices
- D. By minimizing the importance of ethics in nursing

The correct response highlights that Texas laws offer protection from retaliation for whistleblowers in nursing. This is crucial because it encourages nurses to report unsafe practices, violations of patient safety, or unethical behavior without fear of losing their jobs or facing other forms of retribution. Such protections are implemented to foster a culture of transparency and accountability in healthcare, ensuring that patient care standards are upheld. Laws like the Texas Whistleblower Act specifically safeguard employees who report wrongdoing, reinforcing the principle that advocating for patient safety and ethical standards is paramount in nursing practice. This legal protection is vital for encouraging professionals to speak up about issues that could endanger patients or violate ethical standards, as it creates a safe environment for addressing concerns.

**2. When an applicant for a nursing license receives a final conviction for first-degree murder, the NPA mandates that the applicant**

- A. must provide three letters of reference from law enforcement or parole officers and successfully retake the NCLEX exam.**
- B. will be required to complete an ethics and jurisprudence course annually.
- C. will have to pay \$1000 as part of the initial license application process.
- D. will not be eligible to apply for an initial nursing license until five years after being released from community supervision or parole.

It is important to note that committing first-degree murder is a serious crime and can result in severe consequences, including being barred from obtaining a nursing license. Option B is incorrect because an ethics and jurisprudence course would not be sufficient punishment for such an offense. Option C is incorrect because the \$1000 fee does not address the severity of the crime committed. Option D is incorrect because the NPA mandates that an applicant must wait a minimum of five years after being released from community supervision or parole before applying for a nursing license, but it does not mention the requirement for letters of reference and retaking the NCLEX exam. Therefore, option A is the correct answer as it provides a more comprehensive solution to address the seriousness of the offense and ensure the competence of the applicant before granting a nursing license.

**3. Which of the following is a violation of professional boundaries?**

- A. A nurse accepts a box of candy from the patient and shares it with other staff**
- B. A nurse borrows money from a patient to repair the nurse's car**
- C. A nurse reports a patient's communicable disease to the health department**
- D. The patient shares a history of substance abuse that the nurse reports during shift change**

Description A violation of professional boundaries occurs when a nurse behaves in a way that blurs the lines between their professional and personal relationship with a patient. In this case, the nurse accepting a box of candy from the patient and sharing it with other staff can be seen as a violation of professional boundaries because it may create a feeling of indebtedness or special treatment towards the nurse. It can also create a blurred boundary between the nurse's role as a caregiver and their personal relationship with the patient. Option B is incorrect because a nurse should never borrow money from a patient, as it creates a power imbalance and can compromise the patient's trust in the nurse's financial responsibility and professionalism. Option C is incorrect because it is the nurse's duty to report any communicable diseases to the health department for the safety of the patient and the community. This action is within the nurse's professional boundaries. Option D is incorrect because reporting a patient's history of substance abuse during a shift change is a necessary and ethically responsible action for the patient's well-being and proper care. It does not violate professional boundaries.

**4. What may the BON determine if a nurse is reported by two different employers for multiple practice errors?**

- A. Complies with the standard to provide nursing services without discrimination of the client served.**
- B. Indicates the nurse's continued practice poses a risk of harm and may endanger a client's life, health, or safety.**
- C. Results in immediate disciplinary action because the second complaint validates the first.**
- D. Violates professional boundary regulations because the nurse has two employers.**

The correct answer is A because the Board of Nursing may determine if a nurse complies with the standard to provide nursing services without discrimination of the client served when reported by two different employers for multiple practice errors. This means that the BON will evaluate whether the nurse is providing care to clients without discrimination and according to the standard of practice. Option B is incorrect as the focus of the question is not on the risk of harm or endangering a client's life. Option C is incorrect because the second complaint does not automatically validate the first one. Option D is incorrect because having two employers does not necessarily relate to violating professional boundary regulations.

**5. Which of the following best defines patient advocacy?**

- A. Advocating for better hospital policies**
- B. Promoting the interests of healthcare providers**
- C. Protecting and promoting patients' rights**
- D. Ensuring healthcare access for all**

Patient advocacy is fundamentally about protecting and promoting patients' rights. This involves standing up for the needs and preferences of patients in the healthcare system and ensuring that they receive appropriate care that respects their values and wishes. Advocacy encompasses a commitment to ensuring that patients have access to necessary information about their treatment options, are involved in their care decisions, and that their rights to privacy and autonomy are upheld. This role includes supporting patients in navigating complex healthcare systems and making informed choices regarding their health. While promoting better hospital policies, advocating for healthcare providers, and ensuring healthcare access for all are important areas of focus within the healthcare system, they do not capture the essence of patient advocacy as clearly as protecting and promoting patients' rights does. Patient advocacy is specifically centered on the individual needs and rights of patients, making it a crucial aspect of nursing practice.

**6. In Texas, advanced practice registered nurse (APRNs) may delegate which of the following to unlicensed assistive personnel?**

- A. Activities of daily living, health maintenance activities, and nursing tasks in compliance with BON Rules 224 and 225 on RN Delegation**
- B. Advanced practice skills that the APRN learned in his or her advanced practice nursing program of study**
- C. APRNs can delegate anything a physician would delegate, as APRNs are educated to engage in some aspects of medical and medical management**
- D. Medical diagnosis and nursing assessment in compliance with BON Rules 224 and 225 on RN delegation**

The option stating that APRNs may delegate activities of daily living, health maintenance activities, and nursing tasks aligns perfectly with the guidelines set forth by the Texas Board of Nursing (BON) regarding delegation. According to BON Rules 224 and 225, registered nurses (RNs) and advanced practice registered nurses (APRNs) have the authority to delegate certain tasks to unlicensed assistive personnel (UAP). Delegation in nursing involves transferring the responsibility of task completion while maintaining accountability for the outcome. In Texas, APRNs can delegate routine and familiar tasks that do not require nursing judgment or specialized skills. Activities of daily living, such as bathing, feeding, and basic hygienic tasks, are considered appropriate for delegation as they are within the purview of UAP's capabilities. In contrast, the other options refer to areas not permissible for delegation. Advanced practice skills are specifically learned for the APRN's role and require specialized training and education. Allowing unlicensed personnel to perform such skills would not meet safety and competency standards. Similarly, medical diagnosis and comprehensive nursing assessments are complex tasks that require the professional judgment and expertise of licensed nurses. Lastly, while APRNs have considerable authority, they cannot delegate any task simply because it could be performed by a

## 7. What is the importance of cultural competence in nursing?

- A. It focuses solely on patient compliance
- B. It enhances communication and improves health outcomes**
- C. It is solely for the benefit of the healthcare provider
- D. It is optional based on the nurse's discretion

Cultural competence in nursing is essential because it directly enhances communication and improves health outcomes. When nurses are culturally competent, they are better equipped to understand and respect patients' diverse backgrounds, beliefs, and values. This understanding fosters an environment where patients feel heard, valued, and more willing to engage in their care. Effective communication stemming from cultural competence helps in accurately assessing patients' needs and tailoring interventions accordingly. For instance, understanding cultural differences in health beliefs, values related to family dynamics, and attitudes towards healthcare can significantly affect how a patient responds to treatment. By bridging cultural gaps, nurses can reduce misunderstandings that may lead to errors in care or noncompliance with treatment plans. Moreover, improved health outcomes result from the ability to build trust and rapport with patients, which encourages them to participate more actively in their health management. Nurses who engage in culturally competent practices contribute to reducing health disparities and promote equitable care for all community members. Hence, embracing cultural competence is critical for delivering high-quality nursing care.

## 8. What is the role of ethics committees in healthcare settings?

- A. To enforce legal standards of practice in nursing
- B. To provide guidance on ethical dilemmas and discuss complex patient care issues**
- C. To conduct disciplinary hearings for nurses
- D. To oversee the financial decisions in patient care

The role of ethics committees in healthcare settings centers on providing guidance on ethical dilemmas and facilitating discussions about complex patient care issues. These committees are essential resources comprised of multidisciplinary members who assess ethical concerns that arise in clinical practice. They promote ethical decision-making by bringing together various perspectives from healthcare professionals, ethicists, patient advocates, and sometimes legal advisors, allowing for a comprehensive dialogue about challenging cases. By addressing ethical dilemmas, ethics committees help ensure that patient care aligns with ethical principles such as autonomy, beneficence, and justice. They offer support to healthcare providers grappling with difficult choices and assist in ensuring that patient rights and values are respected in care plans. This role is crucial for fostering an environment that prioritizes ethical considerations in patient care, which can ultimately influence policy and enhance the quality of care. The other choices focus on functions that fall outside the primary mission of ethics committees in healthcare. For instance, enforcing legal standards pertains to regulatory bodies, conducting disciplinary hearings is typically within the jurisdiction of nursing boards or administrative departments, and overseeing financial decisions relates more to the business side of healthcare management rather than ethical guidance.



9. A nurse quits his job and submits a written notice at the end of his shift, telling his supervisor that he will not be back at work the following morning. The supervisor tells the nurse he has to complete the entire month's schedule or he will be committing "patient abandonment," and will be reported to the BON. This is:

- A. false. Quitting a job at the end of a shift is not considered "patient abandonment" by the BON and is not grounds for reporting to, or action by, the BON.**
- B. false. The nurse only has to work for two more weeks of the schedule before he can quit.
- C. true. It would be "patient abandonment" if the nurse does not complete the current schedule. The nurse could be reported to the BON.
- D. true. The nurse must work the entire currently posted work schedule before he can quit his present job.

The correct answer indicates that quitting a job at the end of a shift does not constitute "patient abandonment" according to the Board of Nursing (BON) guidelines. Patient abandonment occurs when a nurse leaves a patient without proper transition of care, especially in situations where the nurse still has a duty to care for the patient. By formally resigning and providing a written notice at the end of the shift, the nurse has fulfilled his professional obligation to inform his employer of his intent to leave, thereby protecting himself from allegations of abandonment. The BON does not impose a requirement that a nurse must work an entire month's schedule after giving notice unless a specific employment contract or policy states otherwise. This means that the statement about being reported for "patient abandonment" due to not completing the schedule is unfounded. In essence, as long as patient care is appropriately transferred and there are no immediate duties remaining, a nurse can leave their position safely without being guilty of patient abandonment.

10. What is an essential requirement for a nurse considering delegation?

- A. The task must be a routine procedure
- B. The delegatee must be competent to perform the task**
- C. The task must be supervised by a physician
- D. The nurse must feel comfortable with the task

For a nurse considering delegation, the requirement that the delegatee must be competent to perform the task is crucial. Competence ensures that the individual being delegated the task possesses the necessary skills, knowledge, and ability to complete it safely and effectively. This not only protects patient safety but also upholds the standards of care that nurses are obligated to maintain. When a task is delegated, the responsibility for ensuring that the task is completed correctly still falls to the nurse. Therefore, understanding the capabilities of the delegatee is essential. This knowledge allows the nurse to make informed decisions about what tasks can be safely assigned and who can handle them. While routine procedures and physician supervision may have their importance, the primary focus should always be on the competencies of the individual performing the task. Comfort levels of the nurse may play a role in decision-making, but they are secondary to ensuring proper skills and competence are in place for delegation to be effective.

## Next Steps

**Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.**

**As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.**

**If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).**

**Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:**

**<https://texasnursejurisprudence.examzify.com>**

**We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!**