

# **NRTC NAVEDTRA Naval Safety Supervisor (14167F) ASN 1 Practice Exam (Sample)**

## **Study Guide**



**Everything you need from our exam experts!**

**This is a sample study guide. To access the full version with hundreds of questions,**

**Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.**

**ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.**

**No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.**

**Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain from reliable sources accurate, complete, and timely information about this product.**

**SAMPLE**

# Table of Contents

<b>Copyright</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>Table of Contents</b> .....	<b>2</b>
<b>Introduction</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>How to Use This Guide</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>Questions</b> .....	<b>6</b>
<b>Answers</b> .....	<b>9</b>
<b>Explanations</b> .....	<b>11</b>
<b>Next Steps</b> .....	<b>17</b>

SAMPLE

# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

**This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:**

## 1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

**Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Don't worry about getting everything right, your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.**

## 2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

**Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations, and take breaks to retain information better.**

## 3. Learn from the Explanations

**After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.**

## 4. Track Your Progress

**Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.**

## 5. Simulate the Real Exam

**Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.**

## 6. Repeat and Review

**Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning.**

## 7. Use Other Tools

**Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.**

**There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly — adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!**

**SAMPLE**

## **Questions**

SAMPLE

- 1. Why is meaningful mishap prevention orientation important in safety programs?**
  - A. It increases workplace morale**
  - B. It engages employees in safety culture**
  - C. It reduces potential job injuries**
  - D. It satisfies regulatory compliance**
  
- 2. How often should safety inspections be conducted?**
  - A. Annually, as required by law**
  - B. Regularly, as mandated by applicable safety instructions and policies**
  - C. Only after a mishap occurs**
  - D. Every two years, according to recommendations**
  
- 3. Define "risk."**
  - A. The potential for positive outcomes**
  - B. The probability of loss or injury from a hazard**
  - C. The financial cost of safety measures**
  - D. The likelihood of a job getting done**
  
- 4. What is the primary goal of mishap reporting?**
  - A. To identify and mitigate risks to prevent future incidents**
  - B. To improve emergency response times**
  - C. To provide detailed incident reports to external agencies**
  - D. To ensure all personnel are trained in safety protocols**
  
- 5. Name a common type of workplace hazard.**
  - A. Workplace policies**
  - B. Office supplies**
  - C. Slips, trips, and falls**
  - D. Employee training sessions**

**6. What is the main focus of the Navy's Mishap Reporting System?**

- A. To provide recreational opportunities for personnel**
- B. To offer a systematic approach for reporting and analyzing mishaps**
- C. To manage the supply of safety equipment**
- D. To develop new training programs**

**7. What is a common outcome of neglecting safety protocols?**

- A. Increased employee satisfaction**
- B. Decreased likelihood of accidents**
- C. Injuries and potential fatalities**
- D. Greater efficiency in operations**

**8. Afloat, the safety organization extends down to which level?**

- A. Department Heads**
- B. Division Officers**
- C. Most junior sailor**
- D. Safety Manager**

**9. What is a common psychological barrier to safety?**

- A. Overconfidence in abilities**
- B. Frequent training sessions**
- C. Cautious decision-making**
- D. Understanding of regulations**

**10. What does ORM stand for in a naval safety context?**

- A. Operational Risk Management**
- B. Operational Resource Management**
- C. Operational Readiness Measurement**
- D. Operational Response Management**

## **Answers**

SAMPLE

1. C
2. B
3. B
4. A
5. C
6. B
7. C
8. C
9. A
10. A

SAMPLE

## **Explanations**

SAMPLE

## 1. Why is meaningful mishap prevention orientation important in safety programs?

- A. It increases workplace morale**
- B. It engages employees in safety culture**
- C. It reduces potential job injuries**
- D. It satisfies regulatory compliance**

Meaningful mishap prevention orientation plays a critical role in safety programs as it directly contributes to reducing potential job injuries. When employees understand the concepts, procedures, and importance of mishap prevention, they are better equipped to recognize hazards and mitigate risks in their environment. This comprehensive orientation ensures that personnel are informed about safe practices and the importance of adhering to safety protocols, which helps foster a safer workplace. Ultimately, by lowering the likelihood of accidents and injuries, organizations can create a more secure working environment for everyone involved. While enhancing workplace morale, engaging employees in the safety culture, and meeting regulatory compliance are all valuable aspects of a strong safety program, the primary focus of meaningful mishap prevention orientation is to actively decrease the occurrences of injuries on the job.

## 2. How often should safety inspections be conducted?

- A. Annually, as required by law**
- B. Regularly, as mandated by applicable safety instructions and policies**
- C. Only after a mishap occurs**
- D. Every two years, according to recommendations**

Safety inspections should be conducted regularly, as mandated by applicable safety instructions and policies. This frequency is important to ensure that safety measures are consistently in place and that any potential hazards are identified and addressed in a timely manner. Regular inspections help create a proactive safety culture, where risks are managed before they lead to incidents or accidents. They also ensure compliance with regulations and guidelines that outline specific frequencies for inspections based on the type of operation or equipment involved. This approach emphasizes the need for ongoing diligence in safety practices rather than waiting for a specific occurrence or time frame. It allows organizations to adapt to any changes in operations or regulations and enhances overall safety performance within the environment.

### 3. Define "risk."

- A. The potential for positive outcomes**
- B. The probability of loss or injury from a hazard**
- C. The financial cost of safety measures**
- D. The likelihood of a job getting done**

Risk is defined as the probability of loss or injury from a hazard. This definition emphasizes the connection between potential dangers and the likelihood of their occurrence, which is central to understanding risk management in safety contexts. In a safety supervisor role, recognizing that risk involves assessing the chances of adverse effects—such as accidents or health issues—due to specific hazards is crucial. This definition incorporates both the concept of probability and the nature of the consequence (loss or injury), highlighting that risk is inherently linked to the hazards present in a given situation. Effective risk management involves identifying these hazards, analyzing the potential for associated losses, and implementing strategies to mitigate those risks. Other options provided do not align with this comprehensive understanding of risk.

### 4. What is the primary goal of mishap reporting?

- A. To identify and mitigate risks to prevent future incidents**
- B. To improve emergency response times**
- C. To provide detailed incident reports to external agencies**
- D. To ensure all personnel are trained in safety protocols**

The primary goal of mishap reporting is to identify and mitigate risks to prevent future incidents. This process involves thorough investigation and analysis of incidents to uncover the root causes and contributing factors. By analyzing data collected from mishaps, organizations can implement corrective actions and improve safety measures, ultimately working towards minimizing the likelihood of similar incidents occurring in the future. This proactive approach to safety not only protects personnel and assets but also fosters a culture of continuous improvement within the organization. Improving emergency response times, providing detailed incident reports to external agencies, and ensuring personnel are trained in safety protocols are important aspects of overall safety management but do not capture the primary objective of mishap reporting, which centers on risk identification and mitigation. These other elements support the overarching goal of enhancing safety and preventing incidents but are not the main focus of the mishap reporting process itself.

## 5. Name a common type of workplace hazard.

- A. Workplace policies
- B. Office supplies
- C. Slips, trips, and falls**
- D. Employee training sessions

Slips, trips, and falls are a widely recognized type of workplace hazard due to their prevalence in various environments, including office spaces, warehouses, and construction sites. These incidents can occur when surfaces are uneven, wet, or obstructed, leading to potential injuries among employees. Addressing this type of hazard often involves implementing safety measures such as ensuring that walkways are clear, using non-slip mats in potential wet areas, and conducting regular inspections of the workplace to identify and mitigate risks. Effective training and awareness programs can also play a crucial role in minimizing the incidence of slips, trips, and falls by educating employees about safe practices and encouraging them to report hazards proactively. While workplace policies, office supplies, and employee training sessions are important aspects of workplace safety and functioning, they do not directly represent common physical hazards that can lead to accidents and injuries in the same way that slips, trips, and falls do.

## 6. What is the main focus of the Navy's Mishap Reporting System?

- A. To provide recreational opportunities for personnel
- B. To offer a systematic approach for reporting and analyzing mishaps**
- C. To manage the supply of safety equipment
- D. To develop new training programs

The primary focus of the Navy's Mishap Reporting System is to offer a systematic approach for reporting and analyzing mishaps. This system is crucial in ensuring that incidents are documented, investigated, and analyzed effectively, allowing the Navy to identify trends, root causes, and potential solutions to prevent future occurrences. By utilizing a structured process, the Navy can enhance safety standards, minimize risks, and improve overall operational effectiveness. This systematic approach not only aids in immediate response but also contributes to long-term safety strategies by fostering a culture of accountability and continuous improvement within the Navy's operations. Through comprehensive analysis of reports, the Navy can implement lessons learned and make informed decisions to enhance safety protocols and reduce the probability of mishaps in the future.

## 7. What is a common outcome of neglecting safety protocols?

- A. Increased employee satisfaction**
- B. Decreased likelihood of accidents**
- C. Injuries and potential fatalities**
- D. Greater efficiency in operations**

Neglecting safety protocols can directly lead to injuries and potential fatalities. Safety protocols are designed to minimize risks and create a safe working environment. When these protocols are disregarded, the likelihood of accidents significantly increases, leading to harm not only to individuals directly involved but also potentially impacting others in the vicinity. In industries where safety is paramount, such as the military or other high-risk environments, the consequences of ignoring safety measures can be severe, resulting in injuries that could have been easily prevented with proper adherence to established safety guidelines. Hence, the correct understanding of how safety protocols play a crucial role in protecting personnel and preventing accidents reinforces the importance of maintaining these standards.

## 8. Afloat, the safety organization extends down to which level?

- A. Department Heads**
- B. Division Officers**
- C. Most junior sailor**
- D. Safety Manager**

The safety organization afloat extends down to the most junior sailor, emphasizing that safety is a collective responsibility shared at all levels within the organization. This principle ensures that every individual, regardless of rank or position, is aware of safety protocols, can recognize hazards, and feels empowered to take action to mitigate risks. By involving the most junior sailors in safety practices, the organization fosters a culture of safety that is inclusive and comprehensive, where everyone contributes to maintaining a safe work environment. This grassroots approach helps enhance awareness and accountability across the entire crew, making safety a priority that is ingrained in the operational ethos of the naval unit.

## 9. What is a common psychological barrier to safety?

- A. Overconfidence in abilities**
- B. Frequent training sessions**
- C. Cautious decision-making**
- D. Understanding of regulations**

Overconfidence in abilities is a common psychological barrier to safety because it can lead individuals to underestimate risks and overestimate their capacity to handle hazardous situations. When individuals are overly confident, they may engage in risky behaviors, disregard safety protocols, or feel invulnerable in the face of potential dangers. This mindset can result in negligence towards safety measures and a lack of thoroughness in assessing hazards. In contrast, frequent training sessions, cautious decision-making, and a solid understanding of regulations generally promote safety awareness and encourage individuals to adhere to safety protocols. These factors empower personnel to recognize dangers and maintain a proactive approach to safety, reducing the likelihood of accidents and injuries.

## 10. What does ORM stand for in a naval safety context?

- A. Operational Risk Management**
- B. Operational Resource Management**
- C. Operational Readiness Measurement**
- D. Operational Response Management**

In a naval safety context, ORM stands for Operational Risk Management. This concept is vital because it involves a systematic process for identifying, assessing, and controlling risks to enhance operational effectiveness while minimizing potential hazards to personnel, equipment, and the environment. ORM is designed to support decision-making at all levels of command by providing a structured approach to risk assessment and mitigation. Operational Risk Management focuses not only on identifying risks but also on assessing their impact and likelihood to inform appropriate control measures. This process is integral to the Navy's safety culture, ensuring that operations are conducted as safely as possible, which is crucial for mission success and safeguarding the well-being of personnel. The other options, while they contain similar wording, do not accurately represent the focus and intent of the ORM framework within naval operations. Operational Resource Management, Operational Readiness Measurement, and Operational Response Management refer to different aspects of operational efficiency and readiness but do not encompass the comprehensive risk management approach that ORM provides.

SAMPLE

# Next Steps

**Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.**

**As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.**

**If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).**

**Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:**

**<https://nrtcnavedtra14167fasn1.examzify.com>**

**We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!**

**SAMPLE**