New South Wales Driver Knowledge Test (DKT) Practice (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Questions



1. What is a safe driving practice regarding speed?

- A. Drive as fast as possible
- B. Always follow the posted speed limits
- C. Slow down only when it rains
- D. Speed up to merge into traffic quickly

2. What is a common cause of accidents at intersections?

- A. Exceeding the speed limit
- B. Failing to yield the right of way
- C. Not using turn signals
- D. Driving while distracted

3. What is a common hazard when driving in wet conditions?

- A. Better traction than dry conditions
- B. Reduced visibility and increased stopping distances
- C. More predictable vehicle handling
- D. No hazards, it's just rain

4. What does a "Do Not Enter" sign indicate?

- A. You are prohibited from entering that area
- B. You must yield to oncoming traffic
- C. You are allowed to make a U-turn
- D. You can park in that area

5. What is the function of a 'no entry' sign?

- A. You must yield to oncoming traffic
- B. You must not enter the area beyond the sign
- C. You may turn left at the intersection
- D. You are allowed to stop briefly

6. What should you do if you experience a tire blowout while driving?

- A. Gradually reduce your speed and steer to a safe area
- B. Immediately pull over and stop
- C. Grip the steering wheel tightly, maintain speed, and steer straight ahead
- D. Turn on your hazard lights and continue driving

- 7. What is a common consequence of driving without a valid license?
 - A. You may receive a public service announcement
 - B. You could face fines or other legal action
 - C. You might be required to attend a workshop
 - D. You will get a warning from police
- 8. What can happen if you fail to check your mirrors and blind spots?
 - A. You may miss seeing important traffic
 - B. It won't matter if you signal
 - C. You might drive faster
 - D. The vehicle maintains its course
- 9. When approaching a roundabout, who has the right of way?
 - A. Vehicles entering the roundabout
 - B. Vehicles already on the roundabout
 - C. Pedestrians crossing the roundabout
 - D. Bicycles on the road
- 10. What does a 'no entry' sign indicate?
 - A. You can enter if the road is clear
 - B. Only certain types of vehicles are allowed
 - C. Do not enter this road from your current direction
 - D. You can only enter if you are reversing

Answers



- 1. B 2. B
- 3. B

- 3. B 4. A 5. B 6. C 7. B 8. A 9. B 10. C



Explanations



1. What is a safe driving practice regarding speed?

- A. Drive as fast as possible
- B. Always follow the posted speed limits
- C. Slow down only when it rains
- D. Speed up to merge into traffic quickly

Following the posted speed limits is a fundamental safe driving practice for several reasons. Speed limits are established based on a variety of factors, including road conditions, traffic density, and safety considerations for all road users. Adhering to these limits helps to ensure that drivers have adequate reaction time to respond to sudden changes in traffic flow, pedestrians, or other potential hazards. Driving at a controlled speed also contributes to a smoother traffic flow, reducing the likelihood of collisions caused by speeding or erratic driving behaviors. Furthermore, maintaining the appropriate speed enhances safety for vulnerable road users, such as pedestrians and cyclists, providing them with a higher degree of protection. In contrast, driving as fast as possible or speeding up to merge into traffic can significantly increase the risk of accidents. Slowing down only when it rains is insufficient because road conditions can vary greatly due to other factors, such as night driving or poor weather conditions unrelated to rain. Therefore, always adhering to posted speed limits is essential for maintaining safety on the roads.

2. What is a common cause of accidents at intersections?

- A. Exceeding the speed limit
- B. Failing to yield the right of way
- C. Not using turn signals
- D. Driving while distracted

Failing to yield the right of way is a common cause of accidents at intersections because such situations often lead to conflicts between vehicles or between vehicles and pedestrians. At intersections, various traffic rules determine which vehicle should proceed first, and not adhering to those rules can lead to dangerous situations, potentially resulting in collisions. When a driver fails to yield the right of way, they may enter the intersection when another vehicle is already present, leading to a high-risk situation where accidents can easily occur. While exceeding the speed limit, not using turn signals, and driving while distracted can certainly contribute to accidents, they are generally more related to reckless driving or lack of attention rather than the specific traffic etiquette required at intersections. Thus, failing to yield stands out as a frequent and direct cause of collisions in these high-traffic areas.

3. What is a common hazard when driving in wet conditions?

- A. Better traction than dry conditions
- B. Reduced visibility and increased stopping distances
- C. More predictable vehicle handling
- D. No hazards, it's just rain

Driving in wet conditions presents significant challenges primarily due to reduced visibility and increased stopping distances. Rain can create a film of water on the road, which can lead to hydroplaning or loss of traction, making it harder for a driver to maintain control of the vehicle. The visibility issues arise from the reflection of light on wet roads and raindrops on the windshield, which can obscure a driver's view. This combination of factors means that drivers need to adapt their speed and following distances, as it takes longer to stop on wet surfaces. Recognizing these hazards is crucial for safety while driving in adverse weather conditions.

4. What does a "Do Not Enter" sign indicate?

- A. You are prohibited from entering that area
- B. You must yield to oncoming traffic
- C. You are allowed to make a U-turn
- D. You can park in that area

A "Do Not Enter" sign clearly indicates that you are prohibited from entering that area. This traffic sign is typically placed at the entrance to one-way streets or areas where entry is restricted for safety reasons. The purpose of the sign is to prevent drivers from inadvertently going into a location where it could be dangerous, such as against the flow of traffic. This prohibition is crucial for maintaining order and safety on the road. When drivers comply with this sign, it helps to reduce potential accidents and enhances overall traffic management. Recognizing and obeying "Do Not Enter" signs is an essential part of safe driving.

5. What is the function of a 'no entry' sign?

- A. You must yield to oncoming traffic
- B. You must not enter the area beyond the sign
- C. You may turn left at the intersection
- D. You are allowed to stop briefly

The function of a 'no entry' sign is to indicate that vehicles are prohibited from entering a specific road or area beyond the sign. This is critical for maintaining order on the roads and ensuring safety, especially in places where entering could lead to hazardous situations, such as one-way streets or areas under construction. When drivers see a 'no entry' sign, they must understand that it is a directive meant to prevent them from proceeding into areas designated as off-limits, either for safety reasons or to manage traffic flow. Observing this sign helps reduce accidents and confusion on the road by clearly marking zones where vehicles are not allowed. This clarification helps reinforce the importance of following road signs to maintain safety and proper traffic management.

- 6. What should you do if you experience a tire blowout while driving?
 - A. Gradually reduce your speed and steer to a safe area
 - B. Immediately pull over and stop
 - C. Grip the steering wheel tightly, maintain speed, and steer straight ahead
 - D. Turn on your hazard lights and continue driving

When experiencing a tire blowout, the safest course of action is to grip the steering wheel tightly, maintain speed, and steer straight ahead. This response allows you to maintain control of the vehicle. A sudden loss of pressure in a tire can cause the car to pull to one side, and by keeping a firm grip and steering straight, you are less likely to swerve or lose control. Maintaining speed briefly can also help stabilize the vehicle and allows for better handling as you navigate through the situation. Gradually reducing speed and steering to a safe area is an important part of managing a blowout, but doing so requires careful execution. Immediately pulling over and stopping might lead to risky maneuvering, particularly if you're going at higher speeds or in heavy traffic. Turning on your hazard lights while continuing to drive could create hazards for yourself and other road users, as it does not properly address the critical need for control and gradual deceleration needed in the event of a blowout. Understanding the necessary actions in this situation can significantly enhance safety on the road.

- 7. What is a common consequence of driving without a valid license?
 - A. You may receive a public service announcement
 - B. You could face fines or other legal action
 - C. You might be required to attend a workshop
 - D. You will get a warning from police

Driving without a valid license often leads to significant legal repercussions, including fines or other legal actions. Authorities take the act of operating a vehicle without proper licensing seriously, as it poses a risk to the driver and others on the road. Fines can vary based on the severity of the offense and local regulations. In many cases, individuals may also face additional penalties, which could include points on their driving record, mandatory court appearances, or even arrest in certain circumstances. This understanding reinforces the importance of maintaining valid driving credentials to ensure safety and compliance with the law.

8. What can happen if you fail to check your mirrors and blind spots?

- A. You may miss seeing important traffic
- B. It won't matter if you signal
- C. You might drive faster
- D. The vehicle maintains its course

Failing to check your mirrors and blind spots can lead to missing critical information regarding other vehicles, pedestrians, or obstacles around you. This oversight increases the risk of collisions, particularly during maneuvers such as changing lanes or merging where awareness of surrounding traffic is essential for safety. Regularly checking these areas helps ensure that you are aware of your environment, allowing you to make informed and safe driving decisions. The other choices do not address the significant safety implications of neglecting mirror and blind spot checks. Signaling alone is not sufficient when you're unaware of your surroundings, driving faster does not correlate with missing vital traffic information, and the vehicle's course stability is irrelevant if there's a risk of an accident due to lack of awareness.

9. When approaching a roundabout, who has the right of way?

- A. Vehicles entering the roundabout
- B. Vehicles already on the roundabout
- C. Pedestrians crossing the roundabout
- D. Bicycles on the road

When approaching a roundabout, vehicles already on the roundabout have the right of way. This traffic control principle is designed to maintain smooth traffic flow and minimize accidents. Vehicles that are already within the roundabout are considered to be on the main traffic route, while those entering must yield to them. This right-of-way rule helps prevent confusion and potential collisions, as it establishes a clear guideline for drivers entering the roundabout. Following this rule ensures that traffic moves efficiently, as vehicles can merge without needing to halt or disrupt others already navigating the roundabout. In addition to vehicles, it is important to give due consideration to pedestrians and cyclists in the vicinity, although they do not have the right of way over vehicles in this context.

10. What does a 'no entry' sign indicate?

- A. You can enter if the road is clear
- B. Only certain types of vehicles are allowed
- C. Do not enter this road from your current direction
- D. You can only enter if you are reversing

A 'no entry' sign is a clear and direct signal to drivers that they must not enter a particular road from their current direction. This is often implemented to prevent traffic from going the wrong way on one-way streets or to restrict access to certain areas for safety reasons. Understanding the implications of ignoring this sign is critical, as it can lead to dangerous situations, including head-on collisions. The 'no entry' sign ensures that all drivers maintain safe travel patterns by directing them to use alternate routes or follow street directions appropriately. Recognizing and adhering to this sign enhances road safety for all users.