

# New Jersey Mortuary Science Practice Exam (Sample)

## Study Guide



**Everything you need from our exam experts!**

**This is a sample study guide. To access the full version with hundreds of questions,**

**Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.**

**ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.**

**No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.**

**Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain from reliable sources accurate, complete, and timely information about this product.**

**SAMPLE**

# Table of Contents

<b>Copyright</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>Table of Contents</b> .....	<b>2</b>
<b>Introduction</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>How to Use This Guide</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>Questions</b> .....	<b>6</b>
<b>Answers</b> .....	<b>9</b>
<b>Explanations</b> .....	<b>11</b>
<b>Next Steps</b> .....	<b>17</b>

# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

**This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:**

## **1. Start with a Diagnostic Review**

**Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Don't worry about getting everything right, your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.**

## **2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions**

**Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations, and take breaks to retain information better.**

## **3. Learn from the Explanations**

**After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.**

## **4. Track Your Progress**

**Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.**

## **5. Simulate the Real Exam**

**Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.**

## **6. Repeat and Review**

**Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning.**

## **7. Use Other Tools**

**Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.**

**There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly — adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!**

SAMPLE

## **Questions**

- 1. If a candidate wishes to take the practical examination more than 90 days after completing their internship, what must they do?**
  - A. Request an extension**
  - B. Reapply for internship**
  - C. Both a and b**
  - D. No action needed**
- 2. Which of the following statements about charges in the Statement of Funeral Goods and Services Selected is true?**
  - A. Charges should be lumped into one total**
  - B. Charges must specifically reflect chosen items**
  - C. Charges are optional and can be vague**
  - D. Charges should not mention applicable state laws**
- 3. How often shall regular meetings be held according to the established regulations?**
  - A. Weekly**
  - B. Monthly**
  - C. Quarterly**
  - D. Yearly**
- 4. What is the reinstatement fee for a license in New Jersey?**
  - A. \$100**
  - B. \$150**
  - C. \$250**
  - D. \$500**
- 5. Under what condition is it permissible to embalm for a fee?**
  - A. When state law requires it**
  - B. With prior approval obtained**
  - C. If there has been no contact with the next of kin after due diligence**
  - D. All of the above**



- 6. A licensee can embalm or direct the embalming for what types of operations?**
- A. Only for in-state mortuaries**
  - B. For both in-state and out-of-state mortuaries**
  - C. Only for out-of-state mortuaries**
  - D. For any mortuary, only with special permissions**
- 7. Who must the owner of the mortuary notify in case of a management change?**
- A. The local community board.**
  - B. The state licensing authority or Board.**
  - C. The Department of Health.**
  - D. The funeral service practice association.**
- 8. What constitutes an advertisement in the context of mortuary services?**
- A. Only flyers and signs**
  - B. Any effort to promote funeral services**
  - C. Direct mailers only**
  - D. Online posts only**
- 9. What is one possible form of compliance action taken by the board?**
- A. Letter of commendation**
  - B. Fine suspension**
  - C. Immediate revocation of license**
  - D. Mandatory loss of income**
- 10. True or False: The term "mortician" is entirely different from "funeral director."**
- A. True**
  - B. False**

## **Answers**

SAMPLE

1. A
2. B
3. B
4. B
5. D
6. B
7. B
8. B
9. B
10. B

SAMPLE

## **Explanations**

**1. If a candidate wishes to take the practical examination more than 90 days after completing their internship, what must they do?**

- A. Request an extension**
- B. Reapply for internship**
- C. Both a and b**
- D. No action needed**

When a candidate wishes to take the practical examination more than 90 days after completing their internship, the requirement to request an extension is crucial. This procedure ensures that the regulatory body acknowledges the candidate's intent to take the exam after the standard timeframe. By submitting this request, the candidate is demonstrating their commitment to remain compliant with the guidelines set forth for the examination process. The requirement to potentially reapply for the internship is not necessary unless the candidate's qualifications have significantly changed or have expired, which is not typically the case for those only needing to extend their examination period. Therefore, simply seeking an extension is the primary action necessary for the candidate to maintain their eligibility for the exam. The additional option of performing no action is not valid in this situation, as it could jeopardize the candidate's chance to sit for the exam.

**2. Which of the following statements about charges in the Statement of Funeral Goods and Services Selected is true?**

- A. Charges should be lumped into one total**
- B. Charges must specifically reflect chosen items**
- C. Charges are optional and can be vague**
- D. Charges should not mention applicable state laws**

The principle behind having charges in the Statement of Funeral Goods and Services Selected reflect specifically chosen items is rooted in the requirement for transparency and accuracy in funeral service transactions. Funeral providers are mandated to outline the specific services and goods selected by the consumer, which allows for clear communication regarding costs and helps the family understand exactly what they are paying for. This detailed breakdown helps to foster trust and ensures that consumers can make informed decisions based on their needs and budget. Moreover, regulations often guide funeral service providers to provide itemized pricing to prevent potential misunderstandings or disputes related to charges. This practice is fundamental in promoting ethical standards within the profession and protecting consumer rights. In contrast, vague charges or lumping items together may lead to confusion and a lack of clarity, which goes against consumer protection principles.

**3. How often shall regular meetings be held according to the established regulations?**

- A. Weekly**
- B. Monthly**
- C. Quarterly**
- D. Yearly**

Regular meetings are typically held monthly according to established regulations in many organizations, including those pertaining to mortuary science. Monthly meetings help ensure that team members remain informed about ongoing procedures, regulations, and any changes necessary for compliance with industry standards. This frequency allows for timely updates and discussions, facilitating efficient operations and enhancing communication within the organization. Other options like weekly meetings might lead to redundancy, while quarterly and yearly meetings could result in significant delays in addressing issues or implementing changes. Thus, monthly meetings strike an effective balance, allowing for regular interaction while avoiding the pitfalls of both too frequent and too infrequent gatherings.

**4. What is the reinstatement fee for a license in New Jersey?**

- A. \$100**
- B. \$150**
- C. \$250**
- D. \$500**

In New Jersey, the reinstatement fee for a license is set at \$150. This fee is typically required when a professional wishes to regain their licensure after it has lapsed or been suspended. The fee serves as an administrative charge that helps cover the costs associated with processing the reinstatement application and verifying that the individual meets any necessary requirements to return to practice. Understanding the financial aspects of maintaining licensure is important for professionals in the field of mortuary science, as it impacts their ability to operate legally within the state.

**5. Under what condition is it permissible to embalm for a fee?**

- A. When state law requires it**
- B. With prior approval obtained**
- C. If there has been no contact with the next of kin after due diligence**
- D. All of the above**

Embalming for a fee is permissible under several specific conditions that are outlined by both ethical practice standards and legal statutes. When considering the correct answer, it is essential to acknowledge that each of the specified conditions contributes to a comprehensive understanding of when embalming can appropriately occur. First, when state law requires it, this establishes a legal framework guiding funeral practices, ensuring that certain regulations are adhered to. In many jurisdictions, particularly when dealing with communicable diseases or preservation needs, mandatory embalming may be stipulated, ensuring public health and safety. Second, obtaining prior approval before embalming is a fundamental ethical consideration. This ensures that the wishes of the deceased and their family are respected, maintaining professionalism within mortuary practice. Consent is crucial in any health-related procedure, including embalming, to uphold ethical standards and foster trust. Finally, in circumstances where there has been no contact with the next of kin after due diligence has been exercised, this allows funeral service professionals to proceed with necessary preparations without delay, especially when time-sensitive considerations arise—such as the deterioration of the body or the need to prepare for burial or cremation. All these scenarios encompass the guidelines within which embalming for a fee is permissible. Therefore, understanding these nuances is vital for mortuary science.

**6. A licensee can embalm or direct the embalming for what types of operations?**

- A. Only for in-state mortuaries**
- B. For both in-state and out-of-state mortuaries**
- C. Only for out-of-state mortuaries**
- D. For any mortuary, only with special permissions**

A licensee is authorized to embalm or direct the embalming for both in-state and out-of-state mortuaries because the license granted conveys the ability to practice in a professional capacity that is recognized across state lines. This means that licensed embalmers are not limited to conducting their services only within the confines of their home state but can also provide their expertise wherever it is needed, contingent upon the regulations of the state in which they are operating. The practice of mortuary science is regulated at the state level, but many states have reciprocal agreements or generally recognize the licenses of each other, allowing professionals to operate flexibly across state borders. This flexibility is crucial in situations where deceased individuals may need to be transported for various reasons. Understanding the broader implications of this practice helps to ensure compliance with various legal and ethical standards in such operations, thereby enhancing the overall quality and professionalism of the mortuary service industry.

**7. Who must the owner of the mortuary notify in case of a management change?**

- A. The local community board.**
- B. The state licensing authority or Board.**
- C. The Department of Health.**
- D. The funeral service practice association.**

The requirement for notifying the state licensing authority or board in the event of a management change is anchored in the regulatory framework governing mortuary practices. Mortuaries operate under licenses that are issued by state authorities, which are responsible for ensuring compliance with relevant laws and standards in the profession. When there is a change in management, this can affect the operation of the mortuary and the services being provided. The state licensing authority needs to be informed to update records, verify that the new management meets the necessary qualifications, and ensure that the facility continues to operate within the legal regulations established for mortuary services. This process helps maintain the integrity of the profession and protects the public by ensuring that all personnel in decision-making roles are appropriately licensed and qualified. While other entities, such as the local community board or the funeral service practice association, may have interest in the mortuary's operations, and the Department of Health may have overlapping interests in terms of health regulations, the state licensing authority specifically requires notification to maintain the legal operational status of the business.

**8. What constitutes an advertisement in the context of mortuary services?**

- A. Only flyers and signs**
- B. Any effort to promote funeral services**
- C. Direct mailers only**
- D. Online posts only**

In the context of mortuary services, an advertisement encompasses any effort to promote funeral services. This broad definition allows for various forms of communication that aim to inform the public about the services offered by a funeral home or mortuary. This can include traditional methods like flyers and signs, as well as modern approaches such as digital marketing, social media posts, direct mailers, and personal outreach. By considering all methods that promote services, the definition captures the diverse ways in which funeral professionals can reach and engage their communities, which is essential for informing potential clients about their options during challenging times. The other options are too restrictive; they limit the definition of advertising to specific mediums rather than embracing the comprehensive nature of marketing efforts in the mortuary field.



**9. What is one possible form of compliance action taken by the board?**

- A. Letter of commendation**
- B. Fine suspension**
- C. Immediate revocation of license**
- D. Mandatory loss of income**

A fine suspension is a compliance action typically taken by a regulatory board to address violations of professional standards or regulations. This form of action serves as a corrective measure, allowing the individual or entity to rectify their practices while still maintaining their license, albeit under restricted circumstances. By imposing a fine or suspension, the board aims to enforce compliance and encourage adherence to the ethical and professional guidelines of the field. In this context, the other options do not represent typical compliance actions taken by regulatory boards. A letter of commendation is more of a recognition of good practice rather than a compliance action. Immediate revocation of a license is an extreme measure reserved for severe breaches and would not generally be labeled as a compliance action because it ends the individual's ability to practice completely. Mandatory loss of income does not align with common compliance measures as it relates more to financial penalties or damages rather than a formal board action geared towards reformation. Thus, fine suspension aligns with the goal of maintaining professional standards while providing an opportunity for improvement.

**10. True or False: The term "mortician" is entirely different from "funeral director."**

- A. True**
- B. False**

The statement is false because "mortician" and "funeral director" refer to similar roles within the field of mortuary science and are often used interchangeably. Both terms describe professionals who are licensed to perform funeral services, which include the care and preparation of the deceased, the arrangement of services, and the support of bereaved families. The term "mortician" traditionally emphasizes the preparation and embalming aspects of the profession, while "funeral director" encompasses a broader range of responsibilities, including administrative tasks and conducting funeral services. However, in contemporary usage, the distinction between the two terms is minimal, and they largely overlap in meaning within the profession. This equivalence in function and licensing makes the assertion that they are entirely different terms inaccurate.

## Next Steps

**Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.**

**As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.**

**If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).**

**Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:**

**<https://mortuaryscience-newjersey.examzify.com>**

**We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!**