

New Brunswick Driver's Beginner Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. What types of emergency situations require you to call 911?**
 - A. Minor car breakdowns**
 - B. Serious accidents, medical emergencies, or criminal activity**
 - C. Lost keys or a flat tire**
 - D. Barking dogs or noise complaints**

- 2. What should you do if you see an animal on the road?**
 - A. Speed up to go past quickly**
 - B. Slow down and prepare to stop if necessary**
 - C. Honk your horn to scare it away**
 - D. Change lanes to avoid it**

- 3. Which of the following is a legal consequence of driving without insurance?**
 - A. Warning ticket**
 - B. Confiscation of the vehicle**
 - C. Suspension of driving privileges**
 - D. None; it's not illegal**

- 4. How far must you signal before turning?**
 - A. At least 50 meters**
 - B. At least 75 meters**
 - C. At least 100 meters**
 - D. At least 150 meters**

- 5. What should you do if you encounter a school bus with its lights flashing?**
 - A. Continue driving at the same speed**
 - B. Stop unless you are on the opposite side of a divided road**
 - C. Only stop if children are crossing**
 - D. Speed past the bus quickly**

- 6. What does a green traffic light signify?**
- A. You may proceed through the intersection if safe to do so**
 - B. You must stop and wait until it turns red**
 - C. You should slow down and prepare to stop**
 - D. You can make a U-turn with caution**
- 7. When do road test failures commonly occur?**
- A. For making unexpected lane changes**
 - B. For difficulty obeying traffic laws and lack of skill**
 - C. During night driving only**
 - D. At intersections only**
- 8. When you hear the siren of an emergency vehicle on streets designed for two-way traffic, what are you required to do?**
- A. Accelerate to get ahead**
 - B. Pull to the right and stop**
 - C. Ignore and continue driving**
 - D. Stop in the middle of the road**
- 9. When must you yield to pedestrians?**
- A. Whenever they are on the road**
 - B. When they are in a crosswalk or approaching one**
 - C. Only at traffic lights**
 - D. When directed by police officers**
- 10. What does a flashing red beacon above an intersection mean?**
- A. You should proceed without stopping**
 - B. Slow down and proceed with caution**
 - C. You must come to a complete stop**
 - D. It is a warning indicating road work ahead**

Answers

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1. B
2. B
3. C
4. C
5. B
6. A
7. B
8. B
9. B
10. C

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Explanations

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1. What types of emergency situations require you to call 911?

- A. Minor car breakdowns**
- B. Serious accidents, medical emergencies, or criminal activity**
- C. Lost keys or a flat tire**
- D. Barking dogs or noise complaints**

The requirement to call 911 is critical in serious situations that pose an immediate risk to life, safety, or property. In scenarios involving serious accidents, medical emergencies, or criminal activities, swift intervention by emergency services is essential to address the situation efficiently. For instance, in the case of a serious accident, calling 911 ensures that paramedics and police can promptly arrive to provide necessary medical assistance and manage traffic safety. Similarly, medical emergencies, such as a heart attack or severe injury, necessitate immediate specialist care that 911 can facilitate. Additionally, incidents of criminal activity, like theft or assault, require police response to protect individuals and prevent further crimes. Other options, such as minor car breakdowns, lost keys, flat tires, or noise complaints, do not generally warrant a 911 call. These situations typically do not involve immediate danger to life or require urgent law enforcement or medical response, and can instead be handled through other channels, such as roadside assistance or local authorities.

2. What should you do if you see an animal on the road?

- A. Speed up to go past quickly**
- B. Slow down and prepare to stop if necessary**
- C. Honk your horn to scare it away**
- D. Change lanes to avoid it**

When you see an animal on the road, the most appropriate action is to slow down and prepare to stop if necessary. This approach is critical for several reasons. First, animals can be unpredictable; they may suddenly dart across the road or change direction, which means that slowing down gives you more time to react effectively. Additionally, reducing your speed makes it easier to stop if the animal does enter your path, thus minimizing the risk of a collision that could injure both the animal and yourself. Moreover, in many jurisdictions, including New Brunswick, there are laws and guidelines that prioritize road safety for both drivers and wildlife. Slowing down not only helps ensure your own safety but also reflects responsible driving behavior that considers the wellbeing of animals that may be in the area. While other actions like changing lanes might seem reasonable, they can lead to unexpected hazards or provoke other drivers. Honking your horn may startle the animal, which could make the situation more dangerous. Spritting past at a higher speed poses a greater risk of a collision. Hence, slowing down and being prepared to stop is the safest and most responsible choice when encountering an animal on the road.

3. Which of the following is a legal consequence of driving without insurance?

- A. Warning ticket**
- B. Confiscation of the vehicle**
- C. Suspension of driving privileges**
- D. None; it's not illegal**

Driving without insurance is a serious offense and can result in significant legal consequences. One of the primary consequences is the suspension of driving privileges. In many jurisdictions, including New Brunswick, it is illegal to operate a vehicle without valid insurance coverage. The law mandates that all drivers must have a minimum level of insurance to protect themselves and others on the road. When a driver is caught driving without insurance, authorities typically suspend their license as a penalty. This suspension may last for a specific period, and the driver may need to fulfill certain conditions, such as paying fines or providing proof of insurance, before regaining their driving privileges. In contrast, options such as a warning ticket or confiscation of the vehicle may vary based on the circumstances but are not standard legal consequences specifically tied to the absence of insurance. Additionally, the assertion that driving without insurance is not illegal is inaccurate, as it is indeed unlawful in most regions.

4. How far must you signal before turning?

- A. At least 50 meters**
- B. At least 75 meters**
- C. At least 100 meters**
- D. At least 150 meters**

You must signal at least 100 meters before turning to give other drivers adequate notice of your intentions. This distance allows for better traffic flow and safety, as it provides enough time for both you and surrounding drivers to react appropriately. Signaling early helps prevent accidents and misunderstandings on the road, allowing other drivers to anticipate your movement. Being aware of signaling distances is essential for safe driving practices, as it ensures that everyone is informed about upcoming maneuvers. The specified distance of 100 meters is mandated to create a more predictable driving environment, which enhances overall road safety.

5. What should you do if you encounter a school bus with its lights flashing?

- A. Continue driving at the same speed**
- B. Stop unless you are on the opposite side of a divided road**
- C. Only stop if children are crossing**
- D. Speed past the bus quickly**

When you encounter a school bus with its lights flashing, the correct action to take is to stop unless you are on the opposite side of a divided road. This rule is in place to ensure the safety of children as they enter or exit the bus. The flashing lights indicate that children may be nearby and could be crossing the road, hence stopping is critical to prevent accidents. Stopping is not just about obeying traffic laws but is a necessary precaution to protect vulnerable children who may not be fully aware of their surroundings. On a divided road, where there is a physical barrier separating lanes, the rules change slightly since vehicles traveling in the opposite direction are not facing the same potential danger. In most cases, however, if you see a school bus with its lights on, your responsibility is to slow down and stop to allow students the chance to cross safely.

6. What does a green traffic light signify?

- A. You may proceed through the intersection if safe to do so**
- B. You must stop and wait until it turns red**
- C. You should slow down and prepare to stop**
- D. You can make a U-turn with caution**

A green traffic light indicates that you may proceed through the intersection if it is safe to do so. This means that drivers are granted the right of way to continue moving forward, allowing for the flow of traffic when conditions permit. However, it is essential to always check for pedestrians and other vehicles before entering the intersection, ensuring that it is indeed safe. The other choices reflect behaviors that do not align with the meaning of a green light. Stopping or preparing to stop would contradict the directive signaled by a green light, which explicitly allows for movement, provided it is safe. Making a U-turn, while it can sometimes be legal, isn't a general rule associated with green lights; rather, it depends on the specific road signage and conditions. Thus, recognizing a green light as a signal to proceed safely is crucial for effective driving and traffic management.

7. When do road test failures commonly occur?

- A. For making unexpected lane changes
- B. For difficulty obeying traffic laws and lack of skill**
- C. During night driving only
- D. At intersections only

Road test failures commonly occur due to difficulties in obeying traffic laws and a lack of skill. This encompasses a range of critical driving behaviors, such as not obeying speed limits, running stop signs or red lights, and not yielding to pedestrians or other vehicles. A solid understanding of the rules of the road is essential for any driver, particularly for beginners who are still developing their skill set. Demonstrating not just knowledge but also the ability to apply these rules under varied driving conditions is crucial during a road test. While unexpected lane changes can indeed lead to a failure, they are often a symptom of a broader issue related to traffic law comprehension and driving proficiency. Similarly, night driving and intersections are specific scenarios that can contribute to failure but are not the primary factors across the board. Overall, mastering the fundamentals of traffic laws and demonstrating practical driving skills is the key focus during road tests, making option B the most comprehensive answer.

8. When you hear the siren of an emergency vehicle on streets designed for two-way traffic, what are you required to do?

- A. Accelerate to get ahead
- B. Pull to the right and stop**
- C. Ignore and continue driving
- D. Stop in the middle of the road

When you hear the siren of an emergency vehicle while driving on two-way streets, the correct action is to pull to the right and stop. This maneuver is crucial as it allows emergency vehicles, such as ambulances, police cars, or fire trucks, to navigate through traffic swiftly in order to respond to emergencies. By moving to the right and stopping, you create a clear path for the emergency vehicle to pass safely, which not only facilitates a quicker response but also enhances safety for all road users. It is also important to note that ignoring the siren or continuing to drive can impede the progress of the emergency vehicle, potentially putting lives at risk. Accelerating to get ahead may create further hazards, as this action can lead to reckless driving and is likely to cause confusion on the road. Stopping in the middle of the road would obstruct traffic flow entirely, which can also lead to dangerous situations. Therefore, pulling to the right and stopping is the most responsible and safest response when an emergency vehicle approaches.

9. When must you yield to pedestrians?

- A. Whenever they are on the road**
- B. When they are in a crosswalk or approaching one**
- C. Only at traffic lights**
- D. When directed by police officers**

Yielding to pedestrians is essential for ensuring their safety and smooth movement, particularly when they are in a crosswalk or approaching one. Crosswalks are designated areas where pedestrians are expected to cross the roadway, and the law typically requires drivers to yield to individuals in these spaces to prevent accidents. This rule helps maintain a safe environment for both drivers and pedestrians, reflecting the priority that should be given to foot traffic in shared spaces. While there are instances when yielding is also applicable, such as when directed by police officers or at traffic lights, the most critical and common scenario is when pedestrians are in or about to enter a crosswalk. Understanding this rule helps reinforce safe driving practices and the importance of being vigilant around pedestrian zones.

10. What does a flashing red beacon above an intersection mean?

- A. You should proceed without stopping**
- B. Slow down and proceed with caution**
- C. You must come to a complete stop**
- D. It is a warning indicating road work ahead**

A flashing red beacon above an intersection indicates that drivers must come to a complete stop. This signal functions similarly to a stop sign, requiring all vehicles to halt before proceeding. It's essential for ensuring safety at intersections where visibility may be limited or where there may be a higher risk of accidents. When you encounter a flashing red light, it is crucial to observe the intersection and any cross traffic or pedestrians before continuing. This regulation aims to facilitate safe navigation through intersections and minimize the chances of collisions. Understanding this can help drivers make informed decisions in real-world driving situations.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://newbrunswickdriversbeginner.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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