

Nevada Traffic School Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. What should you do first if you experience a tire blowout while driving?**
 - A. Hit the brakes hard**
 - B. Turn on your hazard lights**
 - C. Ease off the gas**
 - D. Steer aggressively**

- 2. What is the first thing you should do if you are involved in a collision?**
 - A. Exchange information with the other driver**
 - B. Check for injuries and ensure safety**
 - C. Contact the insurance company**
 - D. File a police report**

- 3. How should you handle an intersection with non-functioning traffic signals?**
 - A. Ignore the signals and continue driving**
 - B. Treat the intersection as a four-way stop**
 - C. Proceed without stopping if there is no traffic**
 - D. Only stop if you see oncoming traffic**

- 4. How should you react to a sudden stop from the vehicle in front of you?**
 - A. Accelerate to refocus**
 - B. Maintain your speed**
 - C. Apply your brakes smoothly and progressively**
 - D. Change lanes immediately**

- 5. How far should you park from a fire hydrant in Nevada?**
 - A. 10 feet**
 - B. 15 feet**
 - C. 20 feet**
 - D. 25 feet**

- 6. What does a yield sign mean?**
- A. Come to a complete stop**
 - B. Speed up to cross the intersection**
 - C. Slow down and give right-of-way to other vehicles and pedestrians**
 - D. Merge without stopping**
- 7. What does the term "velocitation" refer to in driving?**
- A. The act of driving with distractions**
 - B. Unconsciously driving too fast**
 - C. A method of aggressive driving**
 - D. The practice of changing lanes frequently**
- 8. What indicates that a pedestrian may be blind?**
- A. They are wearing sunglasses**
 - B. They are using a white cane**
 - C. They have a companion**
 - D. They are walking quickly**
- 9. When are drivers required to use headlights in Nevada?**
- A. Only during the day**
 - B. Only in fog**
 - C. From sunset to sunrise and during adverse weather conditions**
 - D. When driving on highways only**
- 10. Is it safe to assume that you can drive at a higher speed than the posted limit in an emergency?**
- A. Yes, always**
 - B. No, you must adhere to the speed limit**
 - C. Only during medical emergencies**
 - D. Yes, but only for a short time**

Answers

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1. C
2. B
3. B
4. C
5. B
6. C
7. B
8. B
9. C
10. B

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Explanations

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1. What should you do first if you experience a tire blowout while driving?

- A. Hit the brakes hard**
- B. Turn on your hazard lights**
- C. Ease off the gas**
- D. Steer aggressively**

The correct procedure when experiencing a tire blowout is to ease off the gas gradually. This action allows you to maintain better control of the vehicle instead of abrupt maneuvers that can lead to losing control. By gently releasing the accelerator, the vehicle will slow down on its own, which helps prevent skidding or further destabilizing the vehicle during a very stressful situation. While other options might seem relevant, they can lead to dangerous outcomes. For instance, hitting the brakes hard can cause your vehicle to skid, especially if the blowout occurs on a front tire. Turning on your hazard lights is useful for alerting other drivers, but it does not address the immediate need to maintain vehicle control. Steering aggressively could also result in a loss of control, which is particularly risky when dealing with a tire blowout. Thus, easing off the gas is the safest and most effective first step to take in such a scenario.

2. What is the first thing you should do if you are involved in a collision?

- A. Exchange information with the other driver**
- B. Check for injuries and ensure safety**
- C. Contact the insurance company**
- D. File a police report**

In the event of a collision, the very first action you should take is to check for injuries and ensure safety. This step is crucial because the safety of all individuals involved is the top priority. Checking for injuries allows you to assess any immediate medical needs, not only for yourself but also for others in the vehicle or involved in the collision. If anyone is injured, it is important to call emergency services without delay. Ensuring safety also involves moving to a secure location if it's safe to do so. Avoiding further danger, such as staying in an active traffic lane, is vital to prevent additional accidents. Once you have confirmed that safety is assured and any necessary medical attention is sought, you can then proceed with the other actions, such as exchanging information, contacting insurance companies, and filing police reports. These steps, while important, should follow after the immediate assessment for injuries and safety.

3. How should you handle an intersection with non-functioning traffic signals?

- A. Ignore the signals and continue driving
- B. Treat the intersection as a four-way stop**
- C. Proceed without stopping if there is no traffic
- D. Only stop if you see oncoming traffic

When approaching an intersection with non-functioning traffic signals, it is essential to treat the situation as a four-way stop. This means that all vehicles must come to a complete stop, assess the traffic conditions, and then proceed accordingly. Treating the intersection this way helps promote safety and clarity in right-of-way rules among drivers, especially when signals are not operational. Most drivers are accustomed to traffic signals indicating when to stop or go, so a non-functioning signal can create confusion. By treating it as a four-way stop, drivers can ensure that they yield to vehicles that arrive first and communicate intentions more effectively through stopping. This approach significantly reduces the risk of collisions and enhances overall road safety. In other scenarios, proceeding without adhering to the rules of the road could lead to dangerous misunderstandings among drivers, possibly resulting in accidents. Hence, adopting the four-way stop protocol is a prudent and universally understood practice for navigating such intersections safely.

4. How should you react to a sudden stop from the vehicle in front of you?

- A. Accelerate to refocus
- B. Maintain your speed
- C. Apply your brakes smoothly and progressively**
- D. Change lanes immediately

When a vehicle in front of you suddenly stops, the safest and most appropriate reaction is to apply your brakes smoothly and progressively. This response allows you to reduce your speed without causing a loss of control or causing a rear-end collision. Smooth and progressive braking helps you maintain better control of your vehicle while adjusting to the unexpected stopping of the vehicle ahead. This method minimizes the chances of skidding and allows for a better reaction time in case further adjustments are needed. Furthermore, it ensures that the vehicle behind you is also given the chance to notice your braking and react accordingly, promoting overall road safety. Maintaining your speed or accelerating could lead to a collision, and changing lanes immediately may not be safe if other vehicles are nearby, which could result in a dangerous situation. Thus, progressive braking is the most effective and secure response when faced with a sudden stop from another vehicle.

5. How far should you park from a fire hydrant in Nevada?

- A. 10 feet**
- B. 15 feet**
- C. 20 feet**
- D. 25 feet**

In Nevada, it is required to park at least 15 feet away from a fire hydrant. This regulation is in place to ensure that firefighters can access the hydrant quickly and effectively in case of an emergency. When vehicles are parked too close to a fire hydrant, it can impede fire-fighting efforts, potentially putting lives and property at risk during a fire. Understanding and adhering to this distance helps maintain safety and supports emergency response protocols. Respecting this parking rule can also help drivers avoid fines and penalties associated with parking violations near fire hydrants.

6. What does a yield sign mean?

- A. Come to a complete stop**
- B. Speed up to cross the intersection**
- C. Slow down and give right-of-way to other vehicles and pedestrians**
- D. Merge without stopping**

A yield sign is an important road sign that indicates a driver must slow down and give the right-of-way to other vehicles and pedestrians approaching from other directions. This means that when you see a yield sign, you are required to check for oncoming traffic and ensure it is safe before proceeding. The key aspect of a yield sign is that it does not require a complete stop unless necessary for safety. Instead, the primary action is to be aware of your surroundings and yield to those who have the right of way, which may include other drivers, cyclists, or pedestrians. This is different from a stop sign, where a complete stop is mandatory. Likewise, speeding up to cross an intersection is dangerous and not in line with the rules associated with a yield sign. Merging without stopping may sometimes apply in certain contexts (like when merging onto a highway), but it does not capture the essential meaning of a yield sign, which is fundamentally about allowing others to proceed first.

7. What does the term "velocitation" refer to in driving?

- A. The act of driving with distractions**
- B. Unconsciously driving too fast**
- C. A method of aggressive driving**
- D. The practice of changing lanes frequently**

The term "velocitation" refers specifically to the phenomenon where a driver becomes unaware of how fast they are actually going, often as a result of prolonged driving at high speeds. This unintentional speeding can occur because the driver's senses become accustomed to the speed, leading them to misjudge their current velocity. Recognizing this term is vital for safe driving, as it serves as a reminder to stay alert and check speed regularly, regardless of the driving environment. The other choices pertain to different aspects of driving behavior that may contribute to unsafe practices, but they do not encapsulate the essence of velocitation as it relates to speed perception and awareness on the road.

8. What indicates that a pedestrian may be blind?

- A. They are wearing sunglasses
- B. They are using a white cane**
- C. They have a companion
- D. They are walking quickly

A person using a white cane is universally recognized as a signal that they may be blind or have significant visual impairment. The white cane serves multiple purposes: it helps individuals navigate their surroundings, it provides information about the environment by detecting obstacles, and it also alerts others to their visual impairment. This tool is not only a practical device but also a symbol of increased awareness about blind and visually impaired individuals, reinforcing the need for drivers and pedestrians to exercise caution and understanding in their interactions. While sunglasses may sometimes be worn by individuals with visual impairments, they are not a definitive indicator of blindness since many people wear sunglasses for various reasons unrelated to sight. Having a companion might provide assistance, but it doesn't specifically denote blindness, as anyone could have a friend or family member with them regardless of their sight ability. Rapid walking could suggest urgency or confidence but doesn't relate to visual impairment. Therefore, the use of a white cane is the most reliable indicator that a pedestrian may be blind.

9. When are drivers required to use headlights in Nevada?

- A. Only during the day
- B. Only in fog
- C. From sunset to sunrise and during adverse weather conditions**
- D. When driving on highways only

In Nevada, drivers are required to use headlights from sunset to sunrise and during adverse weather conditions such as rain, snow, or fog. This regulation is in place to ensure visibility for both the driver and other road users, enhancing safety on the roads when natural light is insufficient or when weather conditions reduce visibility. Using headlights during these times allows drivers to see the road clearly and be seen by others, significantly lowering the risk of accidents. Drive safely at night, as well as during poor weather conditions, is vital, and this law helps reinforce the practice of making sure that both the vehicle and surrounding obstacles are visible. It is important to note that there are specific circumstances where headlights must be used, rather than limiting their use to just certain times of the day or types of roads.

10. Is it safe to assume that you can drive at a higher speed than the posted limit in an emergency?

A. Yes, always

B. No, you must adhere to the speed limit

C. Only during medical emergencies

D. Yes, but only for a short time

The posted speed limit is designed to ensure safe driving conditions for all road users, and it reflects the maximum speed considered safe under ideal conditions. Adhering to the speed limit is crucial, even in emergencies. Speeding can increase the likelihood of losing control of the vehicle or being unable to react appropriately to unexpected situations, thus endangering not only the driver but also passengers and other road users. While it may be tempting to exceed the speed limit in emergency situations, doing so poses significant risks and can lead to severe consequences, including accidents and legal penalties. It's important to prioritize safe driving practices and to seek help or use emergency response services rather than attempting to drive faster than posted limits.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://nvtrafficschool.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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