

NAB DOMAIN 2 OPERATIONS PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

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THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. What type of care is designed for individuals recovering from acute medical events?**
 - A. Long-term Care
 - B. Subacute Care
 - C. Palliative Care
 - D. Primary Care

- 2. What is the grievance procedure designed for in an organization?**
 - A. To manage employee hiring
 - B. To handle employees' complaints about supervisors
 - C. To improve employee morale
 - D. To evaluate employee promotions

- 3. What is the acid-test ratio used to measure?**
 - A. The long-term profitability of a business
 - B. The ability to cover current liabilities quickly
 - C. The overall debt ratio of the company
 - D. The efficiency of asset utilization

- 4. How is working capital primarily affected?**
 - A. By changes in long-term assets
 - B. By increasing current liabilities
 - C. By managing current assets and liabilities
 - D. By altering fixed asset values

- 5. What type of budget is adjusted to reflect actual census changes?**
 - A. Operational Budget
 - B. Fixed Budget
 - C. Flexible Budget
 - D. Static Budget

- 6. Which process involves posting job openings on bulletin boards for internal recruitment?**
- A. Job Worth
 - B. Job Family
 - C. Job Posting
 - D. Job Specification
- 7. What does an increase in owner's equity from services rendered represent?**
- A. Net Profit
 - B. Income
 - C. Asset Appreciation
 - D. Revenue Generation
- 8. Which of the following best describes the discretion supervisors have in salary settings?**
- A. The assessment of employee job satisfaction
 - B. The decision on individual salary adjustments
 - C. The determination of employee bonus allocations
 - D. The evaluation of departmental budgets
- 9. What managerial behavior involves monitoring and correcting progress toward organizational goals?**
- A. Planning
 - B. Controlling
 - C. Budgeting
 - D. Coordinating
- 10. What type of interview is used to screen out unsuitable applicants for a position?**
- A. Preliminary Interview
 - B. Behavioral Interview
 - C. Competency-Based Interview
 - D. Formal Interview

Answers

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1. B
2. B
3. B
4. C
5. C
6. C
7. B
8. B
9. B
10. A

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Explanations

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1. What type of care is designed for individuals recovering from acute medical events?

- A. Long-term Care
- B. Subacute Care**
- C. Palliative Care
- D. Primary Care

Subacute care is specifically tailored for individuals who are transitioning from an acute medical setting, such as a hospital, and need continued medical attention and rehabilitation as they recover. This type of care often focuses on those who have experienced significant illnesses or surgeries and require more intensive support than what is typically provided in a standard outpatient or primary care environment, but who are not as severely ill as patients in acute care. Subacute care facilities provide various services, including physical therapy, nursing care, and other therapeutic treatments, strategically designed to facilitate a patient's recovery and help them regain independence. It bridges the gap between acute hospital care and the patient's return to daily living or long-term care, ensuring a smoother recovery process. Other types of care mentioned, such as long-term care, primarily serve individuals with chronic illnesses or disabilities who require ongoing assistance, while palliative care focuses on symptom relief and quality of life for patients with serious illnesses, without necessarily directing treatment toward recovery. Primary care typically involves routine health maintenance and preventive services rather than intensive recovery support following acute medical events.

2. What is the grievance procedure designed for in an organization?

- A. To manage employee hiring
- B. To handle employees' complaints about supervisors**
- C. To improve employee morale
- D. To evaluate employee promotions

The grievance procedure in an organization is specifically designed to handle employees' complaints about supervisors or other workplace issues. It provides a structured way for employees to voice their concerns, ensuring that they can address grievances such as unfair treatment, policy violations, or conflicts with management. This process not only allows employees to seek resolution but also helps maintain a fair and supportive work environment. The focus on managing complaints is crucial in maintaining a healthy workplace culture, as it fosters open communication and trust between employees and management. By addressing issues systematically, organizations can prevent small problems from escalating into larger conflicts. The procedure is a vital component of human resource management that emphasizes fairness and respect in the workplace, contributing to overall employee satisfaction.

3. What is the acid-test ratio used to measure?

- A. The long-term profitability of a business
- B. The ability to cover current liabilities quickly**
- C. The overall debt ratio of the company
- D. The efficiency of asset utilization

The acid-test ratio, also known as the quick ratio, is a financial metric used to assess a company's liquidity and its ability to meet short-term obligations without relying on the sale of inventory. This ratio specifically focuses on the most liquid assets, such as cash, cash equivalents, and accounts receivable, against current liabilities. By evaluating the acid-test ratio, stakeholders can quickly determine whether a company has enough liquid assets to cover its current liabilities—an important indicator of financial health and stability. A ratio of greater than one typically signifies that the company can easily pay off its short-term debts, reinforcing its viability in the short term. Other metrics listed, such as long-term profitability, overall debt ratio, or efficiency of asset utilization, do not focus on this immediate liquidity aspect, which is why they do not accurately describe the purpose of the acid-test ratio.

4. How is working capital primarily affected?

- A. By changes in long-term assets
- B. By increasing current liabilities
- C. By managing current assets and liabilities**
- D. By altering fixed asset values

Working capital is defined as the difference between current assets and current liabilities, and it is crucial for a business's short-term financial health and operational efficiency. Managing current assets, such as inventory, accounts receivable, and cash, alongside current liabilities, which include accounts payable and short-term debt, directly impacts working capital. When a company efficiently manages these components, it can optimize cash flow and ensure that it has sufficient resources to meet its short-term obligations. For example, by reducing the amount of inventory held or speeding up collections on accounts receivable, a business can increase its current assets, thereby improving its working capital. Conversely, if current liabilities are increased through additional short-term borrowing or delayed payments to suppliers, working capital can be adversely affected. Thus, the primary factor that influences working capital is the management of current assets and liabilities, allowing firms to maintain liquidity and operational capability. This focus on current items makes the correct choice clear, as long-term assets and fixed asset values do not directly impact working capital calculations in the same manner.

5. What type of budget is adjusted to reflect actual census changes?

- A. Operational Budget
- B. Fixed Budget
- C. Flexible Budget**
- D. Static Budget

A flexible budget is adjusted to reflect actual census changes, making it the appropriate choice in this context. This type of budget allows for variations in income and expenses depending on the level of activity or volume, such as patient census in a healthcare setting. Unlike a fixed budget, which remains the same regardless of changes in operation volume, the flexible budget can adjust the projections to align with actual data. This adaptability enables organizations to better manage financial resources and respond to fluctuating demands. The operational budget is a more comprehensive plan that covers day-to-day operations but does not inherently adjust for changes in census levels. Meanwhile, a static budget, similar to a fixed budget, does not accommodate any changes once it is set, which limits its effectiveness in dynamic environments. Thus, the flexible budget's ability to adapt to actual census changes makes it the correct answer.

6. Which process involves posting job openings on bulletin boards for internal recruitment?

- A. Job Worth
- B. Job Family
- C. Job Posting**
- D. Job Specification

The process that involves posting job openings on bulletin boards for internal recruitment is known as Job Posting. This practice is an essential part of internal recruitment strategies, as it allows current employees to be aware of available positions within the organization. By using bulletin boards or internal websites, companies can encourage their existing workforce to apply for new roles, fostering career development and retention. Job Posting promotes transparency within the organization and provides employees the opportunity to advance their careers without needing to seek employment externally. It can also enhance employee morale and loyalty, as it shows that the organization values the current workforce and prefers to promote from within when possible. Other terms such as Job Worth and Job Family refer more to categorization and evaluation of jobs rather than the act of communicating available positions. Job Specification relates to the detailed description of a job's responsibilities, requirements, and qualifications but does not inherently involve the process of informing employees about available positions. Therefore, Job Posting accurately represents the process of announcing job openings within an organization.

7. What does an increase in owner's equity from services rendered represent?

- A. Net Profit
- B. Income**
- C. Asset Appreciation
- D. Revenue Generation

An increase in owner's equity from services rendered signifies that the business has earned income. When services are provided, they generate revenue, which, after accounting for expenses, contributes to the overall profitability of the business. This profit, after dividends or withdrawals, increases the owner's equity, reflecting the owner's claim on the assets of the business. While net profit is a component of income, it specifically refers to the bottom line after all expenses have been deducted from revenues. Thus, income is the broader term that encompasses revenues generated from services, while net profit is a result of income after costs. Asset appreciation refers to an increase in the value of an asset over time, independent of services rendered, and is not directly related to the increase in owner's equity from business operations. Revenue generation refers specifically to the process of earning income, but the question asks for the impact on owner's equity which is encapsulated by the term income.

8. Which of the following best describes the discretion supervisors have in salary settings?

- A. The assessment of employee job satisfaction
- B. The decision on individual salary adjustments**
- C. The determination of employee bonus allocations
- D. The evaluation of departmental budgets

The correct choice focuses on the specific authority and discretion supervisors have in making decisions about individual salary adjustments. Supervisors are often involved in setting salaries based on an employee's performance, experience, and the organization's pay structure. They have the ability to assess how much to increase an employee's salary based on various factors, including merit and market positioning. This discretion is central to the supervisors' role in managing compensation effectively within their teams. It empowers them to recognize individual contributions and ensure that salaries are competitive and equitable. Other options, while relevant in a broader organizational context, do not directly pertain to the specific authority supervisors typically hold over salary adjustments. For instance, assessing job satisfaction or evaluating departmental budgets may inform salary discussions but do not reflect the direct decision-making power regarding salary changes. Similarly, determining bonus allocations, while related to performance, is often governed by different guidelines and policies that might not fall directly under a supervisor's discretionary powers.

9. What managerial behavior involves monitoring and correcting progress toward organizational goals?

- A. Planning
- B. Controlling**
- C. Budgeting
- D. Coordinating

The correct choice, controlling, refers to the managerial behavior that focuses on monitoring performance and taking corrective actions to ensure that the organization is moving toward its goals. This involves establishing performance standards, measuring actual performance against those standards, and identifying any discrepancies. If performance deviates from the standards, managers take necessary actions to rectify the situation. This process is critical because it helps organizations stay aligned with their strategic objectives and ensures that resources are used efficiently. Controlling encompasses various activities, such as performance reviews, financial audits, and quality checks, which are essential for maintaining oversight and accountability within the organization. This managerial function helps to ensure that plans are implemented effectively and that adjustments can be made promptly when issues arise. In contrast, planning is focused on setting objectives and determining how to achieve them, budgeting involves allocating financial resources to various departments or projects, and coordinating refers to aligning activities and ensuring that different parts of the organization work together effectively. While these functions are important, they do not specifically encompass the ongoing monitoring and corrective actions that define the controlling process.

10. What type of interview is used to screen out unsuitable applicants for a position?

A. Preliminary Interview

B. Behavioral Interview

C. Competency-Based Interview

D. Formal Interview

The preliminary interview serves as an initial screening tool in the hiring process, primarily aimed at filtering out unsuitable candidates before they move further along in the selection procedure. This type of interview typically focuses on determining whether a candidate meets the basic qualifications for the position, including education, experience, and sometimes cultural fit. By conducting preliminary interviews, employers streamline the recruitment process, making it more efficient. This step helps in reducing the pool of candidates to those who fit the essential criteria, allowing the hiring team to devote more time and resources to interviewing and evaluating more qualified individuals in subsequent rounds. This approach ensures that only candidates who have the potential to succeed in the role proceed to further, more in-depth evaluations, such as behavioral or competency-based interviews.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://nabdomain2operations.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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