

# Motor Vehicle Law Title 16 and Title 20 Practice Test (Sample)

## Study Guide



**Everything you need from our exam experts!**

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# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

**Remember:** successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

**This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:**

## **1. Start with a Diagnostic Review**

**Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.**

## **2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions**

**Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.**

## **3. Learn from the Explanations**

**After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.**

## **4. Track Your Progress**

**Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.**

## **5. Simulate the Real Exam**

**Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.**

## **6. Repeat and Review**

**Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.**

**There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!**

## Questions

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- 1. What happens if someone drives without a valid license?**
  - A. Traffic citation may be issued**
  - B. No consequences**
  - C. Only a warning will be given**
  - D. License will be automatically issued**
  
- 2. What restrictions exist regarding learner's permits under Title 16?**
  - A. Must be accompanied by a licensed adult driver**
  - B. Must drive only during daylight hours**
  - C. Can only be used for work-related travel**
  - D. Cannot carry any passengers**
  
- 3. What does it mean to display a license to a uniformed police officer?**
  - A. Showing the license through the car window**
  - B. Handing over the license for inspection**
  - C. Taking a picture of the license**
  - D. Verbal confirmation of licensing**
  
- 4. Can a driver legally refuse to take a breathalyzer test under Title 20?**
  - A. Yes, without any consequences**
  - B. Yes, but it can result in penalties**
  - C. No, it is mandatory**
  - D. Only if they are not intoxicated**
  
- 5. What are potential penalties for street racing under Title 16?**
  - A. Community service or educational programs**
  - B. Increased insurance premiums**
  - C. Fines, license suspension, and possible incarceration**
  - D. Vehicle impoundment only**

- 6. What does Title 20 state about the use of mobile devices while driving?**
- A. It encourages drivers to use mobile devices at all times**
  - B. It prohibits texting and using handheld devices without hands-free technology**
  - C. It allows for the use of mobile devices only when stopped**
  - D. It has no restrictions on mobile device usage**
- 7. What is required for a vehicle to pass safety inspections under Title 20?**
- A. Air conditioning check**
  - B. Established safety standards must be met**
  - C. Insurance policy evaluation**
  - D. Driver's license verification**
- 8. What should a driver do prior to embarking on a long road trip as stated in Title 20?**
- A. Check their GPS system**
  - B. Ensure their vehicle is in good working condition**
  - C. Obtain a new driving handbook**
  - D. Join a roadside assistance program**
- 9. What types of vehicles can be driven with a non-commercial class "C" license?**
- A. Any vehicle over 26,000 pounds**
  - B. Only motorcycles**
  - C. Vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating less than 26,001 pounds**
  - D. All commercial vehicles**
- 10. Who is responsible for preparing and supplying accident forms to all appropriate agencies?**
- A. The administration**
  - B. The police department**
  - C. Insurance companies**
  - D. Local government**

## **Answers**

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1. A
2. A
3. B
4. B
5. C
6. B
7. B
8. B
9. C
10. A

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## **Explanations**

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## 1. What happens if someone drives without a valid license?

- A. Traffic citation may be issued**
- B. No consequences**
- C. Only a warning will be given**
- D. License will be automatically issued**

Driving without a valid license carries significant legal implications. When a person operates a vehicle without a proper license, they are typically subject to receiving a traffic citation. This citation serves as a formal notice that the driver has violated motor vehicle laws, which can lead to fines, points on their driving record, or other penalties depending on the jurisdiction and circumstances. The law is designed to ensure that individuals on the road meet specific qualifications and have passed the necessary tests to ensure safety and compliance with driving regulations. Therefore, the absence of a valid license directly violates these laws, making the issuance of a traffic citation the appropriate response by law enforcement. This enforcement ultimately aims to protect all road users by encouraging responsible driving practices.

## 2. What restrictions exist regarding learner's permits under Title 16?

- A. Must be accompanied by a licensed adult driver**
- B. Must drive only during daylight hours**
- C. Can only be used for work-related travel**
- D. Cannot carry any passengers**

A learner's permit under Title 16 is designed to provide novice drivers with the opportunity to practice driving while ensuring their safety. One of the primary restrictions is that the permit holder must be accompanied by a licensed adult driver. This requirement is in place to ensure that inexperienced drivers have immediate access to guidance and support while learning the rules of the road and honing their driving skills. The presence of a licensed adult helps mitigate risks associated with novice driving, as this experienced driver can provide instruction, assist in making safe driving decisions, and intervene in case of any emergencies. This structured environment fosters a safer learning experience and helps the learner build confidence behind the wheel. While there may be other restrictions about driving times or passenger limits, the requirement for a licensed adult driver is a fundamental rule in many jurisdictions to ensure safety and responsible learning for new drivers.

**3. What does it mean to display a license to a uniformed police officer?**

- A. Showing the license through the car window**
- B. Handing over the license for inspection**
- C. Taking a picture of the license**
- D. Verbal confirmation of licensing**

Displaying a license to a uniformed police officer means handing over the license for inspection. This action provides the officer with the opportunity to directly verify the information presented on the license, such as the driver's identity, driving privileges, and any pertinent restrictions. By physically handing over the license, the driver ensures that the officer can quickly and efficiently conduct their checks without the potential hindrances of viewing the document through a window, interpreting a picture, or relying on verbal assertions. This also demonstrates compliance with traffic laws, enhancing safety and cooperation during the interaction between the driver and law enforcement.

**4. Can a driver legally refuse to take a breathalyzer test under Title 20?**

- A. Yes, without any consequences**
- B. Yes, but it can result in penalties**
- C. No, it is mandatory**
- D. Only if they are not intoxicated**

A driver can indeed refuse to take a breathalyzer test, but it's important to understand that doing so can lead to specific legal repercussions. Under Title 20, implied consent laws state that by operating a vehicle, drivers automatically consent to chemical tests to determine blood alcohol content if law enforcement suspects they are driving under the influence. If a driver refuses to take the test, they may face penalties such as the suspension of their driver's license, increased fines, or even criminal charges, depending on the jurisdiction. This consequence underlines the significant legal implications associated with the decision to refuse testing; therefore, this choice accurately reflects the reality of the situation for drivers confronted with such a request from law enforcement. In contrast, the other options do not recognize the ramifications associated with refusing to take the breathalyzer test properly. Some suggest that refusing can be done without any consequences or under specific conditions, which misrepresents the law and the understanding of legal obligations when operating a vehicle.

**5. What are potential penalties for street racing under Title 16?**

- A. Community service or educational programs**
- B. Increased insurance premiums**
- C. Fines, license suspension, and possible incarceration**
- D. Vehicle impoundment only**

The penalties for street racing under Title 16 can indeed include fines, license suspension, and possible incarceration. This reflects a serious approach to street racing, as it poses significant risks not just to the participants but also to the general public. The inclusion of fines serves as a financial deterrent against illegal racing activities. License suspension is an additional measure that emphasizes the consequences of engaging in such reckless behavior, impacting the individual's ability to legally operate a vehicle. The possibility of incarceration underscores the legal system's intent to penalize dangerous conduct that endangers lives and public safety. While community service or educational programs may be part of the response to certain offenses, they do not usually encompass the full scope of penalties associated with more severe violations like street racing. Increased insurance premiums can be a consequence of traffic violations but are not direct penalties enacted by law in response to street racing itself. Vehicle impoundment may occur, but it is not as comprehensive as the suite of penalties that includes fines, license suspension, and incarceration, which reflect the seriousness with which the law treats street racing.

**6. What does Title 20 state about the use of mobile devices while driving?**

- A. It encourages drivers to use mobile devices at all times**
- B. It prohibits texting and using handheld devices without hands-free technology**
- C. It allows for the use of mobile devices only when stopped**
- D. It has no restrictions on mobile device usage**

Title 20 specifically addresses the use of mobile devices while driving by outlining prohibitions against certain behaviors that can distract drivers. According to this regulation, texting and using handheld devices without hands-free technology are prohibited. This is grounded in the recognition of the increased risks associated with distracted driving, which can lead to accidents and endanger both the driver and others on the road. The intention behind this restriction is to promote safer driving practices and reduce the incidence of accidents linked to the use of mobile devices. Hands-free technology is often encouraged as a safer alternative, allowing drivers to stay connected without compromising their attention to driving. The regulation underscores the importance of maintaining focus while operating a vehicle, thereby prioritizing road safety.

**7. What is required for a vehicle to pass safety inspections under Title 20?**

- A. Air conditioning check**
- B. Established safety standards must be met**
- C. Insurance policy evaluation**
- D. Driver's license verification**

For a vehicle to pass safety inspections under Title 20, it must meet established safety standards. These standards encompass a wide range of factors to ensure that the vehicle operates safely on the road and does not pose a risk to the driver, passengers, or others. Meeting these criteria typically involves checks on brakes, lights, tires, and other essential vehicle systems to confirm they are functioning properly and in compliance with regulatory requirements. The other options do not directly pertain to the core requirements of safety inspections. Air conditioning checks, while important for comfort, are not a safety matter under the regulations of Title 20. Insurance policy evaluation and driver's license verification are related to legal operation of a vehicle, but they are separate processes from the vehicle's safety inspection itself. Therefore, the only accurate choice reflecting the requirements for passing safety inspections is that the vehicle must meet the established safety standards.

**8. What should a driver do prior to embarking on a long road trip as stated in Title 20?**

- A. Check their GPS system**
- B. Ensure their vehicle is in good working condition**
- C. Obtain a new driving handbook**
- D. Join a roadside assistance program**

Before embarking on a long road trip, ensuring that the vehicle is in good working condition is crucial for both safety and performance. A well-maintained vehicle can prevent breakdowns and mishaps that might occur during travel, thereby providing a safer driving experience. This includes checking the engine, brakes, tires, lights, fluid levels, and battery, among other essential components. While checking the GPS system, obtaining a new driving handbook, and joining a roadside assistance program can be helpful in certain contexts, they do not directly address the critical need to ensure that the vehicle itself is ready for the journey. Overall, prioritizing the vehicle's condition is fundamental to a successful and safe trip.

**9. What types of vehicles can be driven with a non-commercial class "C" license?**

**A. Any vehicle over 26,000 pounds**

**B. Only motorcycles**

**C. Vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating less than 26,001 pounds**

**D. All commercial vehicles**

A non-commercial class "C" license allows the holder to operate vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) of less than 26,001 pounds. This license is typically used for personal vehicles such as cars, SUVs, and small trucks that do not exceed this weight limit. This classification is designed to ensure that drivers are operating vehicles that are suitable for their skill level and experience, providing a balance between public safety and personal vehicle operation. In contrast to the correct answer, the other options pertain to vehicle types or weights that exceed the parameters of a class "C" license. Vehicles over 26,000 pounds require a commercial driver's license (CDL), and motorcycles do not fall under the non-commercial class "C" umbrella but typically require a motorcycle endorsement. Lastly, the term "all commercial vehicles" is too broad to be applicable to a non-commercial class "C" license, as driving such vehicles would necessitate a different licensing classification due to commercial driving regulations.

**10. Who is responsible for preparing and supplying accident forms to all appropriate agencies?**

**A. The administration**

**B. The police department**

**C. Insurance companies**

**D. Local government**

The administration is responsible for preparing and supplying accident forms to all appropriate agencies. This role typically falls under the purview of a governing body or administrative office, which creates templates and guidelines for reporting accidents in accordance with relevant laws and regulations. They ensure that all necessary information is captured on the forms and that these forms are available to agencies that need them, such as law enforcement, local government entities, and sometimes insurance companies. While other entities like the police department may utilize these forms during investigations, they do not typically create or supply them. Similarly, insurance companies need these forms to process claims but are not responsible for their preparation. Local governments may involve themselves in the management of accidents within their jurisdiction, but they generally rely on the administration for the official forms used in reports. Thus, the administration plays a vital role in standardizing and disseminating accident documentation.

## Next Steps

**Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.**

**As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.**

**If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).**

**Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:**

**<https://motorvehiclelawtitle16and20.examzify.com>**

**We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!**

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