

Missouri Funeral Directors Law Practice Exam (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright 1

Table of Contents 2

Introduction 3

How to Use This Guide 4

Questions 5

Answers 8

Explanations 10

Next Steps 16

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

SAMPLE

- 1. What is the minimum age requirement to be qualified for a Funeral Director's license in Missouri?**
 - A. 16 years old**
 - B. 18 years old**
 - C. 21 years old**
 - D. 25 years old**

- 2. What happens to a contract if the purchaser fails to pay the seller?**
 - A. It remains a guaranteed contract**
 - B. It is canceled and the seller retains all payments**
 - C. It continues with full credit for payments made**
 - D. The seller must refund all payments made**

- 3. What must be done with cremains upon possession by a funeral establishment?**
 - A. They must be disposed of immediately**
 - B. They must be held until directed otherwise**
 - C. They can be scattered at the funeral home**
 - D. They must be given to the nearest relative**

- 4. Who can grant permission for cremation under the Rights of Sepulcher?**
 - A. A surviving spouse only**
 - B. The deceased's best friend**
 - C. An Attorney in Fact under Durable Power of Attorney**
 - D. Anyone related by marriage**

- 5. If a purchaser asks for an accounting, how soon must it be provided?**
 - A. Within 15 days**
 - B. Within 30 days**
 - C. Within 45 days**
 - D. Within 60 days**

- 6. Which of the following is NOT required in the qualification for an embalmer's license?**
- A. Must be a citizen of the United States**
 - B. Must have a high school diploma**
 - C. Must reside in Missouri**
 - D. Must have a valid driver's license**
- 7. Which of the following is included in the Annual Sellers Report for Trust-funded contracts?**
- A. Trust fund balance as reported in last year's report**
 - B. Names of all current preneed agents**
 - C. Details of the custodian of records**
 - D. Total face value of all preneed contracts**
- 8. What is the fee ceiling for daily compensation of board members during meetings?**
- A. \$25.00**
 - B. \$75.00**
 - C. \$50.00**
 - D. \$100.00**
- 9. How long can a license be reinstated without retaking the test?**
- A. 1 year**
 - B. 5 years**
 - C. 2 years**
 - D. 3 years**
- 10. What must an establishment do if there is a change in ownership, name, or location?**
- A. Reapply for a new license**
 - B. Notify the board within 30 days**
 - C. File a complaint with the state**
 - D. Conduct an internal review**

Answers

SAMPLE

1. B
2. C
3. B
4. C
5. B
6. D
7. A
8. C
9. C
10. B

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. What is the minimum age requirement to be qualified for a Funeral Director's license in Missouri?

- A. 16 years old
- B. 18 years old**
- C. 21 years old
- D. 25 years old

The minimum age requirement to qualify for a Funeral Director's license in Missouri is indeed 18 years old. This age requirement aligns with the necessity for individuals in the profession to possess a certain level of maturity and personal responsibility, which is critical given the sensitive nature of funeral service. At 18, individuals are legally considered adults in many aspects, including the ability to enter into contracts and make decisions independently. This is important because a Funeral Director typically needs to handle various legal responsibilities, make critical decisions in high-pressure situations, and communicate effectively with grieving families. In addition, licensure usually involves educational prerequisites and practical experience, which typically requires individuals to have completed high school and met other educational benchmarks. Thus, being at least 18 years old ensures that candidates have had the opportunity to complete the necessary schooling and training before pursuing licensure.

2. What happens to a contract if the purchaser fails to pay the seller?

- A. It remains a guaranteed contract
- B. It is canceled and the seller retains all payments
- C. It continues with full credit for payments made**
- D. The seller must refund all payments made

The correct interpretation regarding what happens when a purchaser fails to pay the seller is that the contract typically remains enforceable, but it does not automatically terminate. In this case, the seller can continue to pursue the remaining balance due under the terms of the contract. Even if a purchaser misses a payment, the contract does not just dissolve; there are rights and obligations that still exist for both parties. In situations like this, it's common for contracts to have provisions that outline the consequences of non-payment, which often include the ability for the seller to enforce the contract or seek collection on the unpaid amount. The seller is generally expected to provide notice of the missed payment before taking further action, which could include seeking to enforce the contract or, in some cases, terminating it. The option indicating that the contract continues with full credit for payments made aligns with standard practices in contract law, as it recognizes the efforts put forth by the purchaser prior to the default. It allows the seller to acknowledge the initial payment, maintain the contractual relationship, and demand performance (payment) according to the original agreement.

3. What must be done with cremains upon possession by a funeral establishment?

- A. They must be disposed of immediately**
- B. They must be held until directed otherwise**
- C. They can be scattered at the funeral home**
- D. They must be given to the nearest relative**

Upon receiving cremated remains, or cremains, a funeral establishment is required to hold them until directed otherwise by the individual or party responsible for making arrangements. This protocol is in place to ensure that the wishes of the deceased and their family are respected. Holding the cremains allows for proper decision-making regarding their final disposition, which could include options such as burial, scattering, or placement in a columbarium. This requirement also reflects legal and ethical standards within the funeral industry that prioritize the handling of remains with care and respect. In contrast, immediate disposal or scattering of cremains without prior consent would disregard the wishes of the family, and turning them over to a relative without a clear directive could create complications. Thus, the importance of holding the cremains until further instruction provides an opportunity for families to honor their loved one's memory according to their preferences.

4. Who can grant permission for cremation under the Rights of Sepulcher?

- A. A surviving spouse only**
- B. The deceased's best friend**
- C. An Attorney in Fact under Durable Power of Attorney**
- D. Anyone related by marriage**

The correct choice is that an Attorney in Fact under a Durable Power of Attorney can grant permission for cremation under the Rights of Sepulcher. In Missouri, the rights concerning the disposition of remains are legally defined, and the individual designated as the Attorney in Fact holds the authority to make decisions regarding the funeral arrangements, including cremation, on behalf of the deceased. This designation is significant because it allows for an individual who may be unable to personally handle these decisions—due to incapacity or other reasons—to efficiently direct how their remains should be treated after death. The Durable Power of Attorney is a legal document that confers this authority, ensuring that the wishes of the deceased as expressed when granting the power of attorney are honored, including their preferences regarding cremation. The other options do not hold the same legal weight. While a surviving spouse has some rights regarding disposition, the clear authority established by a Durable Power of Attorney takes precedence under the Rights of Sepulcher. A best friend and anyone related by marriage lack the formal legal standing necessary to make such decisions unless they are specifically designated as the Attorney in Fact. Thus, having an Attorney in Fact ensures that someone trusted and legally recognized is able to act in accordance with the wishes of the deceased.

5. If a purchaser asks for an accounting, how soon must it be provided?

- A. Within 15 days**
- B. Within 30 days**
- C. Within 45 days**
- D. Within 60 days**

Providing an accounting to a purchaser within 30 days is a crucial requirement in the funeral service industry, specifically under Missouri law. This timeline is set to ensure transparency and accountability in financial dealings. When a purchaser requests an accounting, it reflects the need for clarity regarding the costs and services rendered, which is vital for maintaining trust between the funeral director and the family. Delivering the accounting within 30 days allows the purchaser ample opportunity to review the financial aspects related to the services provided. This prompt response aligns with the ethical obligation of funeral service providers to uphold openness and avoid misunderstandings. A longer timeframe could delay the resolution of any questions or concerns the purchaser may have, potentially leading to dissatisfaction. Being responsive within the stipulated 30 days demonstrates professionalism and adherence to regulatory standards, reinforcing the importance of timely communication in the funeral profession.

6. Which of the following is NOT required in the qualification for an embalmer's license?

- A. Must be a citizen of the United States**
- B. Must have a high school diploma**
- C. Must reside in Missouri**
- D. Must have a valid driver's license**

To understand why having a valid driver's license is not a requirement for obtaining an embalmer's license in Missouri, it's important to consider the specific qualifications mandated by the state for licensure. The qualifications generally focus on educational background, residency, and citizenship status, which are directly related to the practice of embalming and ensuring professional standards. A high school diploma is essential as it demonstrates a minimum level of education required to understand the scientific and practical aspects of embalming. Citizenship and residency help ensure that individuals engaged in this profession are familiar with local laws and cultural sensitivities regarding death and funerary practices. In contrast, a valid driver's license, while potentially useful for practical reasons such as transportation, does not pertain to the professional qualifications or competencies required to perform the duties associated with embalming. Therefore, it is not a necessary criterion for licensure. This highlights the focus on educational qualifications and legal eligibility, which are fundamental in maintaining the standards and regulations of the funeral industry.

7. Which of the following is included in the Annual Sellers Report for Trust-funded contracts?

- A. Trust fund balance as reported in last year's report**
- B. Names of all current preneed agents**
- C. Details of the custodian of records**
- D. Total face value of all preneed contracts**

The Annual Sellers Report for Trust-funded contracts is designed to provide a comprehensive overview of the financial status and operational integrity of preneed funeral contracts held in trust. The inclusion of the trust fund balance as reported in the last year's report is crucial because it allows for a direct comparison of financial growth or decline over the specified reporting period. This information offers insight into how well the trust is being managed and whether it is sufficient to cover the future obligations of the funded contracts. Maintaining accurate records of the trust fund balance is vital for ensuring compliance with state regulations and providing accountability to consumers who have invested in these preneed contracts. Analyzing the changes in the trust fund balance over time can inform both sellers and regulators about the performance of the investments and the overall stability of the trust funds. This transparency is essential for fostering trust and confidence among consumers and stakeholders regarding the commitments made by funeral service providers.

8. What is the fee ceiling for daily compensation of board members during meetings?

- A. \$25.00**
- B. \$75.00**
- C. \$50.00**
- D. \$100.00**

The fee ceiling for daily compensation of board members during meetings is set at \$50.00. This amount is established by state regulations outlining the limits on compensation for members of various boards, including those pertinent to funeral services. This ceiling ensures that compensation remains reasonable and in line with public expectations for board service, allowing members to be reimbursed fairly for their time spent in meetings while also safeguarding against excessive spending of funds. Understanding this limit is crucial for those involved in funeral service administration, as it affects budgeting and financial planning within the industry.

9. How long can a license be reinstated without retaking the test?

- A. 1 year
- B. 5 years
- C. 2 years**
- D. 3 years

A license can be reinstated without retaking the test for up to two years in Missouri. This provision allows licensed funeral directors who may have allowed their licenses to lapse to have a manageable timeframe for reinstatement. After two years, individuals would typically be required to complete the necessary examinations again to ensure they are updated on current practices, laws, and standards in the field. This time limit balances the need for continuing competency in the profession with the understanding that life circumstances may temporarily affect someone's ability to maintain their licensure. Therefore, the two-year reinstatement period reflects a reasonable approach within the regulatory framework governing funeral directors in Missouri.

10. What must an establishment do if there is a change in ownership, name, or location?

- A. Reapply for a new license
- B. Notify the board within 30 days**
- C. File a complaint with the state
- D. Conduct an internal review

In the context of Missouri Funeral Directors Law, when there is a change in ownership, name, or location of a funeral establishment, it is essential for the establishment to notify the board within 30 days. This requirement ensures that the state's regulatory body is kept informed about any changes that could affect the operation of the funeral home. Keeping the board updated helps maintain accurate records and ensures compliance with state regulations, allowing for continued oversight and support for practitioners in the industry. Failing to notify the board may lead to administrative issues or penalties, as the board needs to ensure that all licensed establishments are operating under the correct name and location with appropriate ownership. This procedure safeguards public interest and ensures that clients receive services from duly licensed establishments.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://mofuneraldirectorslaw.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE