

Mississippi DMV Driving Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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SAMPLE

Questions

SAMPLE

- 1. What should you do if your vehicle starts to skid?**
 - A. Steer in the direction you want to go and avoid sudden braking**
 - B. Brake hard to stop the skid**
 - C. Turn the wheel sharply in the opposite direction**
 - D. Reduce speed gradually**
- 2. Why should you avoid following the same vehicle for an extended distance?**
 - A. It may lead to an accident**
 - B. You might miss your exit**
 - C. It can make you too relaxed and lose concentration**
 - D. It is against driving rules**
- 3. What is the purpose of a double solid white line in lane marking?**
 - A. To provide a safe crossing area for pedestrians**
 - B. To indicate where lane changes are permitted**
 - C. To separate traffic moving in the same direction without allowing crossing**
 - D. To mark emergency vehicle lanes**
- 4. What should you do before making a lane change?**
 - A. Signal and check mirrors and blind spots**
 - B. Only signal if there is another vehicle nearby**
 - C. Make sure your radio is off**
 - D. Only check the rearview mirror**
- 5. What strategies should drivers follow on long-distance trips?**
 - A. Stop every 50 miles for snacks**
 - B. Keep the car temperature high for comfort**
 - C. Take breaks every 100 miles and avoid following the same vehicle**
 - D. Stare straight ahead to maintain focus**

- 6. What are the penalties for driving without a valid license in Mississippi?**
- A. Only a warning**
 - B. Fines and possible jail time**
 - C. Community service only**
 - D. No penalties**
- 7. Which situation requires the use of low-beam headlights?**
- A. When driving in bright daylight**
 - B. When driving within 500 feet of an oncoming vehicle**
 - C. When driving through a construction zone**
 - D. When driving in foggy conditions**
- 8. What is recommended when you encounter a bright light from an oncoming vehicle at night?**
- A. Look straight ahead**
 - B. Dim your headlights and keep your eyes to the right**
 - C. Keep your high beams on**
 - D. Speed up to pass the vehicle quickly**
- 9. What is the basic rule regarding speed limits?**
- A. Exceed the posted limit during the day**
 - B. Do not exceed the posted limit and adjust for conditions**
 - C. Follow the speed of surrounding vehicles**
 - D. Drive as fast as possible**
- 10. How can you prevent distracted driving?**
- A. Avoid using your phone and other distractions while driving**
 - B. Always drive with the radio off**
 - C. Maintain a high speed to avoid distractions**
 - D. Keep your windows closed at all times**

Answers

SAMPLE

- 1. A**
- 2. C**
- 3. C**
- 4. A**
- 5. C**
- 6. B**
- 7. B**
- 8. B**
- 9. B**
- 10. A**

SAMPLE

Explanations

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1. What should you do if your vehicle starts to skid?

- A. Steer in the direction you want to go and avoid sudden braking**
- B. Brake hard to stop the skid**
- C. Turn the wheel sharply in the opposite direction**
- D. Reduce speed gradually**

If your vehicle starts to skid, the appropriate action is to steer in the direction you want to go and avoid sudden braking. This technique is known as "steering into the skid." When you find yourself skidding, your instinct might be to brake hard, but doing so can exacerbate the loss of control. Instead, by steering in the direction you wish to travel, you realign the vehicle with the road and help regain traction. It's also important to refrain from making sudden or sharp movements with the steering wheel, as that can lead to further loss of control. Maintaining calm and applying gentle pressure on the steering wheel is essential during this situation. Slower, more controlled adjustments help the vehicle respond more predictably, allowing you to navigate out of the skid safely.

2. Why should you avoid following the same vehicle for an extended distance?

- A. It may lead to an accident**
- B. You might miss your exit**
- C. It can make you too relaxed and lose concentration**
- D. It is against driving rules**

Following the same vehicle for an extended distance can indeed lead to complacency and a loss of concentration. When drivers fixate on the same vehicle ahead, they may become overly relaxed, thinking they can predict its actions. This mindset can detract from the awareness needed to react promptly to changing road conditions, traffic signals, or the behavior of other drivers. Instead of maintaining vigilance, drivers may stop actively scanning their surroundings for potential hazards or changes in traffic patterns, increasing the likelihood of an accident or a missed opportunity to make necessary maneuvers like turning or changing lanes. Staying engaged with the road and regularly scanning for various situations helps maintain focus and ensures safer driving practices.

3. What is the purpose of a double solid white line in lane marking?

- A. To provide a safe crossing area for pedestrians**
- B. To indicate where lane changes are permitted**
- C. To separate traffic moving in the same direction without allowing crossing**
- D. To mark emergency vehicle lanes**

The purpose of a double solid white line in lane marking is to separate traffic that is moving in the same direction while indicating that lane changes are not permitted. This kind of marking is often seen on busy roads or highways where it is crucial to maintain lane discipline and ensure safety. The double solid white line serves as a clear visual cue that drivers should remain in their lanes and not attempt to change lanes, helping to prevent potential collisions and maintain smooth traffic flow. This marking is particularly important in areas where lane changes could be hazardous due to traffic density or road conditions.

4. What should you do before making a lane change?

- A. Signal and check mirrors and blind spots**
- B. Only signal if there is another vehicle nearby**
- C. Make sure your radio is off**
- D. Only check the rearview mirror**

Before making a lane change, it is essential to signal your intentions and check both your mirrors and blind spots to ensure that it is safe to proceed. Signaling alerts other drivers of your intention to change lanes, allowing them to adjust their driving accordingly. Checking mirrors provides a view of vehicles currently alongside you, while checking blind spots helps identify any cars that may be in your immediate vicinity that are not visible in your mirrors. All these actions contribute to safer driving by minimizing the risk of collisions. Focusing solely on signaling if there is another vehicle nearby neglects the necessary precautions when changing lanes. Turning off the radio is not a requirement for safety in this context, and simply looking in the rearview mirror does not provide a comprehensive view of the surroundings, especially the blind spots where other cars may be positioned. Thus, taking a complete approach as represented in the correct answer helps ensure both your safety and that of other drivers on the road.

5. What strategies should drivers follow on long-distance trips?

- A. Stop every 50 miles for snacks**
- B. Keep the car temperature high for comfort**
- C. Take breaks every 100 miles and avoid following the same vehicle**
- D. Stare straight ahead to maintain focus**

Taking breaks every 100 miles is crucial for long-distance trips as it helps combat fatigue and maintain alertness, which is essential for safe driving. Regular breaks allow drivers to stretch, hydrate, and refresh themselves, making it easier to stay focused on the road. Additionally, avoiding closely following the same vehicle can enhance safety; it reduces the risk of becoming too dependent on that vehicle for pacing and helps maintain a safe distance, allowing for better reaction times if sudden stops or maneuvers are required. In long drives, maintaining comfort is important, and while a comfortable car temperature is beneficial, keeping it high may not always be conducive to alertness. Stopping every 50 miles might be excessive for many drivers and could disrupt the flow of the trip unnecessarily. Staying focused by staring straight ahead doesn't encompass the broader strategies needed for maintaining attention, which also includes taking breaks and being aware of surroundings. Thus, the approach of taking breaks consistently and managing distance from other vehicles aligns with safe driving practices on long journeys.

6. What are the penalties for driving without a valid license in Mississippi?

- A. Only a warning**
- B. Fines and possible jail time**
- C. Community service only**
- D. No penalties**

In Mississippi, the penalties for driving without a valid license can include fines and the possibility of jail time. This reflects the seriousness of driving without proper authorization, as it can pose risks to public safety. The fines serve to discourage individuals from taking the risk of driving unlicensed, while the potential jail time underscores the legal implications of such an offense. Driving without a valid license is considered a violation of traffic laws, and as such, it carries consequences meant to enforce compliance with legal requirements. The other options do not accurately represent the severity of the penalties associated with this violation, as driving without a license is not treated lightly within the state's legal framework.

7. Which situation requires the use of low-beam headlights?

- A. When driving in bright daylight**
- B. When driving within 500 feet of an oncoming vehicle**
- C. When driving through a construction zone**
- D. When driving in foggy conditions**

Low-beam headlights are specifically required when driving within 500 feet of an oncoming vehicle to avoid blinding the driver of that vehicle. High-beam headlights provide a greater range of illumination but can cause visibility issues for oncoming drivers. Therefore, switching to low beams ensures that you maintain a safe distance without compromising the vision of others. In addition, there are other contexts where low-beam headlights should be used to ensure safety and compliance with traffic regulations. However, the requirement to use low beams when within close proximity to oncoming traffic is a crucial rule designed to enhance safety for all road users.

8. What is recommended when you encounter a bright light from an oncoming vehicle at night?

- A. Look straight ahead**
- B. Dim your headlights and keep your eyes to the right**
- C. Keep your high beams on**
- D. Speed up to pass the vehicle quickly**

When you encounter a bright light from an oncoming vehicle at night, it is advisable to dim your headlights and keep your eyes to the right. This approach helps to prevent temporary blindness that can result from the glare of the bright lights. By dimming your headlights, you reduce the brightness that might distract or blind the oncoming driver, promoting safer conditions for both drivers. Keeping your gaze directed toward the right side of the road allows you to maintain awareness of your position and stay within your lane, minimizing the risk of accidents. It is important to avoid looking directly into the headlights of the oncoming vehicle, as this can cause a momentary loss of vision and impair your ability to react appropriately. Other options, such as keeping high beams on, can exacerbate the situation by increasing glare for the other driver and leading to a potentially dangerous encounter. Speeding up to pass quickly may also lead to loss of control, especially if visibility is compromised. Therefore, the recommended action focuses on ensuring safety for all road users by managing light exposure and maintaining control of your vehicle.

9. What is the basic rule regarding speed limits?

- A. Exceed the posted limit during the day**
- B. Do not exceed the posted limit and adjust for conditions**
- C. Follow the speed of surrounding vehicles**
- D. Drive as fast as possible**

The fundamental rule regarding speed limits is to not exceed the posted limit and to adjust your speed based on driving conditions. This principle is essential for maintaining safety on the roads. Speed limits are established to provide a guideline for safe driving speeds under normal conditions, but various factors such as weather, road conditions, traffic, and visibility can necessitate lower speeds to ensure safety. For instance, in inclement weather like rain, fog, or snow, or in situations involving heavy traffic or road work, it becomes critical to drive slower than the posted limit to accommodate for reduced visibility and longer stopping distances. Adjusting your speed appropriately in response to your environment helps protect not only you but also other road users. The other options suggest behaviors not aligned with safe driving practices, such as exceeding limits without considering safety or following the pace of surrounding traffic without due regard for posted speeds. It is important to prioritize adherence to speed laws while also being adaptable to the conditions on the road.

10. How can you prevent distracted driving?

A. Avoid using your phone and other distractions while driving

B. Always drive with the radio off

C. Maintain a high speed to avoid distractions

D. Keep your windows closed at all times

Avoiding the use of your phone and other distractions while driving is the most effective way to prevent distracted driving. Distractions can come from a variety of sources, including text messages, phone calls, social media notifications, and even conversations with passengers. When your attention is divided, your ability to respond to the road and any potential hazards diminishes significantly, increasing the risk of accidents. By focusing solely on driving, you enhance your situational awareness, allowing you to react promptly to changes in road conditions, the behavior of other drivers, and pedestrians. Making a conscious effort to keep all distractions at bay ensures that you remain attentive and engaged with the task of driving, ultimately contributing to safer roadways for everyone. While other options present potential considerations, they do not address the root causes of distraction in the same direct manner as refraining from the use of electronic devices and other diverting activities while behind the wheel.