

# MCI Marine Rifleman Combat Skills Practice Test (Sample)

## Study Guide



**Everything you need from our exam experts!**

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# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

**Remember:** successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

**This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:**

## **1. Start with a Diagnostic Review**

**Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.**

## **2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions**

**Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.**

## **3. Learn from the Explanations**

**After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.**

## **4. Track Your Progress**

**Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.**

## **5. Simulate the Real Exam**

**Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.**

## **6. Repeat and Review**

**Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.**

**There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!**

## Questions

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- 1. How many minutes should you acclimate your eyes to low levels of light before night operations?**
  - A. 10 minutes**
  - B. 20 minutes**
  - C. 30 minutes**
  - D. 40 minutes**
  
- 2. What function does a team leader serve during fire and maneuver operations?**
  - A. To ensure individual soldiers act independently**
  - B. To coordinate movement and fire among team members**
  - C. To handle all weapon maintenance**
  - D. To supervise only the use of grenades**
  
- 3. What are the two primary types of cover?**
  - A. Natural and artificial**
  - B. Static and dynamic**
  - C. Permanent and temporary**
  - D. Active and passive**
  
- 4. The AN/PRC-152 provides ground-to-ground and what other communication link?**
  - A. Ground-to-air communication**
  - B. Underwater communication**
  - C. Satellite phone link**
  - D. Wi-Fi connection**
  
- 5. What does accurate range estimation allow a rifleman to do?**
  - A. Refine their marksmanship skills**
  - B. Deploy sniper tactics more effectively**
  - C. Engage targets accurately**
  - D. Choose the appropriate weapons for engagement**

- 6. What is the first step when operating the AN/PRC-150?**
- A. Connect the antenna**
  - B. Turn on and test radio**
  - C. Set the frequency**
  - D. Inspect the equipment**
- 7. How often should a Marine check their surroundings in a combat situation?**
- A. Only at the start of the mission**
  - B. Every one to two hours**
  - C. Continuously to maintain situational awareness**
  - D. Only when changing positions**
- 8. To present the smallest possible target to the enemy when firing, you should:**
- A. Stand tall**
  - B. Remain as low as possible**
  - C. Stay in the open**
  - D. Move quickly**
- 9. Why is controlling breathing important while shooting?**
- A. To improve the speed of firing**
  - B. To reduce the recoil of the rifle**
  - C. To minimize body movement and maintain steadiness during the trigger pull**
  - D. To increase adrenaline and focus**
- 10. What action should you avoid to maintain concealment while observing?**
- A. Remaining in shaded areas**
  - B. Exposing reflective items**
  - C. Utilizing natural cover**
  - D. Moving in a cautious manner**

## **Answers**

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1. C
2. B
3. A
4. A
5. C
6. B
7. C
8. B
9. C
10. B

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## **Explanations**

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**1. How many minutes should you acclimate your eyes to low levels of light before night operations?**

- A. 10 minutes**
- B. 20 minutes**
- C. 30 minutes**
- D. 40 minutes**

Acclimating your eyes to low levels of light is crucial for effective night operations, as it significantly enhances your ability to see and identify targets in low-visibility environments. The process of dark adaptation can take time, and 30 minutes is widely recognized as an optimal duration for this adjustment. This allows the photoreceptor cells in your eyes, particularly the rods, to adjust adequately to the lower light levels, improving your night vision and overall situational awareness. During this period, the rods in your retina become more sensitive to light, allowing you to detect faint light sources and distinguish shapes and movements that would otherwise go unnoticed. This adjustment is essential for tasks such as navigating terrain, identifying potential threats, and maintaining operational security during night missions. While shorter durations, such as 10 or 20 minutes, may provide some benefit, they are generally insufficient for full adaptation, which could hinder performance in low-light conditions where full visual acuity is necessary. Acclimating for a full 30 minutes strikes a balance between time efficiency and optimal vision readiness, making it the recommended practice for night operations.

**2. What function does a team leader serve during fire and maneuver operations?**

- A. To ensure individual soldiers act independently**
- B. To coordinate movement and fire among team members**
- C. To handle all weapon maintenance**
- D. To supervise only the use of grenades**

The role of a team leader during fire and maneuver operations is crucial for maintaining effective communication and coordination among team members. The team leader is responsible for ensuring that the squad moves together in a coordinated manner while providing suppressive fire and maneuvering to engage the enemy effectively. This requires an understanding of timing, movement patterns, and covering sectors to maximize the team's combat effectiveness and safety. By coordinating movement and fire, the team leader ensures that all actions are synchronized, minimizing the risk of friendly fire and creating a comprehensive tactical approach to engaging the enemy. This role facilitates better situational awareness and allows for more agile responses to changing battlefield conditions, making coordinated efforts extremely effective. The other options, while they mention functions related to military operations, do not capture the primary responsibility of a team leader in fire and maneuver. Working independently can lead to disorganization, while handling weapon maintenance is typically assigned to certain individuals rather than the team leader specifically. Likewise, supervising only the use of grenades is too narrow a focus and does not encompass the comprehensive role of coordination during operations.

### 3. What are the two primary types of cover?

- A. Natural and artificial**
- B. Static and dynamic**
- C. Permanent and temporary**
- D. Active and passive**

The two primary types of cover are natural and artificial. Natural cover refers to any form of concealment or protection that is provided by the environment, such as trees, bushes, rocks, or hills. These elements are not man-made and can be utilized effectively by personnel in the field to shield themselves from enemy fire or surveillance. Artificial cover, on the other hand, involves structures or constructs created by humans, such as buildings, walls, sandbags, or other fortifications. This type of cover is often designed to provide protection in strategic locations and can be adapted or enhanced for combat scenarios. Understanding the distinction between natural and artificial cover is essential for tactical planning and situational awareness during combat operations, allowing personnel to make informed decisions about movement and engagement in a variety of environments.

### 4. The AN/PRC-152 provides ground-to-ground and what other communication link?

- A. Ground-to-air communication**
- B. Underwater communication**
- C. Satellite phone link**
- D. Wi-Fi connection**

The AN/PRC-152 is a versatile handheld radio that is widely used in military operations. It provides ground-to-ground communication, which allows soldiers on the ground to communicate effectively with each other. In addition to this, the radio also facilitates ground-to-air communication. This capability is crucial for coordinating with aerial support and receiving updates from air units, ensuring that ground troops are well-informed about the broader operational picture. Ground-to-air communication through the AN/PRC-152 is achieved using various frequency bands that allow clear voice transmission and data sharing between ground units and air assets. This link is vital for mission success, supporting tactics such as air support requests, close air support coordination, and situational awareness for both ground and air crews. Other options, such as underwater communication, satellite phone links, and Wi-Fi connections, do not align with the primary capabilities of the AN/PRC-152, which is focused on tactical radio communications in the field. The radio is not designed for underwater use, does not function primarily as a satellite phone, and does not support Wi-Fi connectivity, making ground-to-air communication the most appropriate and correct answer.

**5. What does accurate range estimation allow a rifleman to do?**

- A. Refine their marksmanship skills**
- B. Deploy sniper tactics more effectively**
- C. Engage targets accurately**
- D. Choose the appropriate weapons for engagement**

Accurate range estimation is crucial for a rifleman as it directly influences their ability to engage targets accurately. Understanding the distance to a target helps determine the necessary adjustments in aim and the trajectory of the bullet, allowing the rifleman to compensate for factors such as bullet drop and wind drift. When a rifleman can accurately gauge the range, they can ensure that their shots are on target, leading to greater effectiveness in a combat scenario. Enhanced accuracy also increases the rifleman's potential to hit vital areas of a target, making each shot count. This skill is foundational to proficient marksmanship and contributes significantly to overall mission success. While refining marksmanship skills, deploying sniper tactics, and selecting appropriate weapons are all important aspects of a rifleman's training and capabilities, the primary function of accurate range estimation is to ensure that engagements with targets are executed with precision.

**6. What is the first step when operating the AN/PRC-150?**

- A. Connect the antenna**
- B. Turn on and test radio**
- C. Set the frequency**
- D. Inspect the equipment**

Turning on and testing the radio is critical as the first step when operating the AN/PRC-150. This step ensures that the radio is functioning properly before any further actions are taken. Testing the equipment allows the operator to verify that the internal components, battery, and connections are operational. It also confirms that the user can send and receive communications, which is essential for mission success and safety. This preliminary check can help prevent issues later in the operation, allowing for adjustments or repairs if necessary. Inspecting the equipment, connecting the antenna, and setting the frequency are important tasks as well, but they are typically performed after confirming that the radio is powered and functioning. Therefore, ensuring the radio is operational is the logical starting point in its use.

**7. How often should a Marine check their surroundings in a combat situation?**

- A. Only at the start of the mission**
- B. Every one to two hours**
- C. Continuously to maintain situational awareness**
- D. Only when changing positions**

In a combat situation, continuously checking one's surroundings is crucial for maintaining situational awareness. This involves actively scanning the environment to identify potential threats, assess the location of friendly forces, and recognize changes in the battle landscape. By doing so, a Marine can better react to emerging threats, adjust tactics accordingly, and ensure personal and unit safety. Making these assessments frequently allows for timely decision-making, which can be the difference between success and failure in combat. Situational awareness is a dynamic process that requires constant vigilance rather than intermittent checks. This approach empowers Marines to remain prepared and respond effectively to any changes in the operational environment.

**8. To present the smallest possible target to the enemy when firing, you should:**

- A. Stand tall**
- B. Remain as low as possible**
- C. Stay in the open**
- D. Move quickly**

Remaining as low as possible when firing is the best way to present the smallest target to the enemy. This tactic reduces your visibility and makes it more challenging for the enemy to target you. By lowering your profile, you minimize the amount of your body that is exposed, which is crucial in combat situations where enemy fire is a concern. This position not only helps in avoiding detection but also allows for better use of cover, thereby increasing your chances of survival. Combat training emphasizes the importance of taking advantage of the landscape and available cover, and staying low is a fundamental aspect of that strategy. In contrast, standing tall, being in the open, or moving quickly can increase your visibility and make you an easier target for opponents, which is why those approaches are not advisable in firefighting tactics.

**9. Why is controlling breathing important while shooting?**

- A. To improve the speed of firing**
- B. To reduce the recoil of the rifle**
- C. To minimize body movement and maintain steadiness during the trigger pull**
- D. To increase adrenaline and focus**

Controlling breathing is crucial while shooting primarily because it helps to minimize body movement and maintain steadiness during the trigger pull. When a shooter breathes naturally, the body experiences slight movements that can affect aim and stability. By consciously controlling breath—specifically by inhaling and exhaling in a regulated manner—shooters can create moments of stillness, particularly at the end of an exhale before the next inhale. This helps ensure that the rifle remains steady and aligned on target at the most critical moment of taking a shot, which is during the trigger pull. Steadiness is essential for accuracy, and controlling breathing is a fundamental skill in achieving that steadiness in shooting scenarios.

**10. What action should you avoid to maintain concealment while observing?**

- A. Remaining in shaded areas**
- B. Exposing reflective items**
- C. Utilizing natural cover**
- D. Moving in a cautious manner**

To maintain concealment while observing, it is crucial to avoid any actions that can compromise your position. Exposing reflective items is significant as these objects can catch the light and create glare, making your presence noticeable to the enemy. This risk increases if you are in an environment where visibility is crucial for maintaining concealment, as even small reflections can alert an observer to your position. On the other hand, remaining in shaded areas can help blend you into the environment, utilizing natural cover allows you to shield yourself effectively, and moving in a cautious manner helps to minimize noise and disruption, all of which enhance your ability to stay concealed. Thus, avoiding reflective items is essential for effective observation and maintaining your covert status during reconnaissance activities.

## Next Steps

**Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.**

**As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.**

**If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).**

**Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:**

**<https://mcimarinriflemancombatsskills.examzify.com>**

**We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!**

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