

# Malta Driving Theory Practice Test (Sample)

## Study Guide



**Everything you need from our exam experts!**

**This is a sample study guide. To access the full version with hundreds of questions,**

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# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

**This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:**

## 1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

**Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Don't worry about getting everything right, your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.**

## 2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

**Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations, and take breaks to retain information better.**

## 3. Learn from the Explanations

**After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.**

## 4. Track Your Progress

**Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.**

## 5. Simulate the Real Exam

**Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.**

## 6. Repeat and Review

**Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning.**

## 7. Use Other Tools

**Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.**

**There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly — adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!**

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## **Questions**

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- 1. If you are following a learner driver who stalls at a junction, what is the best course of action?**
  - A. Be patient as you expect them to make mistakes**
  - B. Immediately overtake them**
  - C. Honk your horn to encourage them**
  - D. Get angry and show your frustration**
- 2. When you join a dual carriageway, what is the usual course of action?**
  - A. Keep in the right lane**
  - B. Keep in the left lane**
  - C. Accelerate rapidly**
  - D. Stop before merging**
- 3. What is the primary concern for a casualty who is suffering from shock?**
  - A. Maintaining their consciousness**
  - B. Preventing further injury**
  - C. Keeping them comfortable**
  - D. Ensuring they are warm**
- 4. What should you do when approaching a bus that is about to move off from a bus stop?**
  - A. Allow it to pull away if safe**
  - B. Sound your horn**
  - C. Speed up to pass the bus**
  - D. Ignore it and keep driving**
- 5. You are to turn right in busy traffic. How would you confirm your intention safely?**
  - A. Only use your indicator signal**
  - B. Give an arm signal as well as an indicator signal**
  - C. Honk your horn to alert others**
  - D. Make eye contact with drivers behind**

**6. What does a triangular sign with a symbol of a T-junction indicate?**

- A. End of dual carriageway**
- B. Sharp bend ahead**
- C. Approaching a T-junction**
- D. Road closed ahead**

**7. What must you ensure when overtaking a car at night?**

- A. You do not dazzle other road users**
- B. You have enough space to complete the maneuver**
- C. The road is clear of oncoming traffic**
- D. You are traveling at a speed limit**

**8. You are approaching traffic lights. Red and amber are showing. This means:**

- A. Stop as the light is about to change**
- B. Proceed with caution once clear**
- C. Wait for the green light before you pass the lights**
- D. Prepare to turn left**

**9. As you approach a roundabout with horses just ahead of you, what is the safest action to take?**

- A. Speed up to get ahead of them**
- B. Give them plenty of room and be prepared to stop**
- C. Sound your horn**
- D. Maintain your speed**

**10. If a horse rider is in the left-hand lane approaching a roundabout, what should the driver behind expect?**

- A. The rider will go straight ahead**
- B. The rider will exit the roundabout**
- C. The rider will go in any direction**
- D. The rider will stop at the roundabout**

## **Answers**

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1. A
2. B
3. C
4. A
5. B
6. C
7. A
8. C
9. B
10. C

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## **Explanations**

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**1. If you are following a learner driver who stalls at a junction, what is the best course of action?**

- A. Be patient as you expect them to make mistakes**
- B. Immediately overtake them**
- C. Honk your horn to encourage them**
- D. Get angry and show your frustration**

Being patient when following a learner driver who has stalled at a junction is vital for safety and road etiquette. Learner drivers are still gaining experience and are likely to make mistakes, such as stalling. It's important to remember that they may be feeling stressed or anxious in that situation, and remaining calm can help them regain their composure. By being patient, you allow the learner driver the necessary time to restart their engine and safely continue. This not only supports their learning process but also contributes to a safer driving environment for everyone on the road. Patience helps prevent additional stress for the learner driver and reduces the likelihood of accidents caused by erratic driving or sudden decisions made under pressure. Other responses, such as overtaking immediately, honking, or expressing frustration, can create added pressure and potential hazards. These actions could distract or panic the learner driver, making the situation more difficult and dangerous for all road users.

**2. When you join a dual carriageway, what is the usual course of action?**

- A. Keep in the right lane**
- B. Keep in the left lane**
- C. Accelerate rapidly**
- D. Stop before merging**

When joining a dual carriageway, the usual course of action is to keep in the left lane. This approach is rooted in the design and intended flow of traffic on dual carriageways. The left lane is typically where vehicles enter and merge into the existing traffic. It allows for a smoother integration into the faster-moving vehicles in the right lane, which is often designated as the overtaking lane. This method helps maintain a steady flow of traffic and minimizes disruption for vehicles already traveling on the dual carriageway. By starting in the left lane, drivers can gradually gauge the speed of the traffic and find a suitable gap to merge safely. Driving in the right lane upon entry can lead to potential disruptions and increase the risk of accidents since it does not align with standard lane discipline. Rapid acceleration, while important for merging when necessary, should be done cautiously and in consideration of other road users. Stopping before merging is generally not advisable on a dual carriageway as it can create hazards and disrupt the flow of traffic.

### 3. What is the primary concern for a casualty who is suffering from shock?

- A. Maintaining their consciousness**
- B. Preventing further injury**
- C. Keeping them comfortable**
- D. Ensuring they are warm**

The primary concern for a casualty suffering from shock is to ensure they are comfortable and their condition is managed appropriately. Comfort in this context primarily relates to reducing anxiety and stress, which can exacerbate the symptoms of shock. Shock can cause feelings of fear and panic, which may worsen the individual's state. Creating a calm environment and addressing their physical comfort can help stabilize their condition. In addition to comfort, other aspects such as maintaining consciousness and preventing further injury are also important, but they are secondary to the immediate need for creating a sense of peace and comfort. This can help to alleviate some of the psychological stress and prevent the situation from deteriorating further. Ensuring warmth is also a factor as it relates to maintaining body temperature and can be involved in keeping the person comfortable, but the overarching goal in this scenario emphasizes emotional and physical comfort as a way to support recovery.

### 4. What should you do when approaching a bus that is about to move off from a bus stop?

- A. Allow it to pull away if safe**
- B. Sound your horn**
- C. Speed up to pass the bus**
- D. Ignore it and keep driving**

When approaching a bus that is about to move off from a bus stop, the correct action is to allow the bus to pull away if it is safe to do so. This is important for several reasons: Firstly, buses often have passengers who may be disembarking or boarding, and their safety is paramount. Allowing the bus to pull away ensures that you do not endanger any pedestrians who may be trying to cross the road or who are near the bus. Secondly, buses are larger vehicles with limited maneuverability and visibility. By giving them space to move, you help maintain the flow of traffic while reducing the risk of accidents. This action promotes a cooperative driving environment where larger vehicles can operate without interference from smaller ones. Finally, safety regulations and guidelines typically require drivers to yield to buses that are re-entering the road from a bus stop. Observing these rules not only contributes to the safety of all road users but also indicates responsible driving behavior. In contrast, sounding your horn could cause confusion or panic, speeding up to pass the bus risks a collision with people or vehicles that are not visible to you, and ignoring the bus altogether disregards the importance of established road rules and safety for all.

**5. You are to turn right in busy traffic. How would you confirm your intention safely?**

- A. Only use your indicator signal**
- B. Give an arm signal as well as an indicator signal**
- C. Honk your horn to alert others**
- D. Make eye contact with drivers behind**

When preparing to turn right in busy traffic, confirming your intention to other road users is crucial for safety. Using an indicator signal is the standard method of communication that alerts drivers and pedestrians about your intended maneuver. However, adding an arm signal enhances visibility and reinforces your intention, especially in a bustling environment where vehicles might be close to each other. By using both an arm signal and the indicator signal, you ensure that your intention is clear to other drivers, reducing the risk of miscommunication. This dual signaling is particularly effective because it not only uses the vehicle's lights but also provides a visual cue that might be more noticeable to nearby road users. While relying solely on an indicator signal is beneficial, incorporating an arm signal increases the level of awareness among surrounding drivers, making it a safer practice in busy traffic situations.

**6. What does a triangular sign with a symbol of a T-junction indicate?**

- A. End of dual carriageway**
- B. Sharp bend ahead**
- C. Approaching a T-junction**
- D. Road closed ahead**

A triangular sign featuring a symbol of a T-junction alerts drivers to the upcoming intersection where a road ends and meets another road. This warning signals that the driver must prepare to yield to traffic from the side road or to navigate the junction with caution. Recognizing this sign is crucial for maintaining safety, as it indicates potential changes in traffic flow and the need for increased awareness of vehicles coming from an intersecting road. By being prepared for this type of junction, drivers can make better decisions and avoid accidents when approaching the intersection.

## 7. What must you ensure when overtaking a car at night?

- A. You do not dazzle other road users**
- B. You have enough space to complete the maneuver**
- C. The road is clear of oncoming traffic**
- D. You are traveling at a speed limit**

When overtaking a car at night, it is essential to ensure that you do not dazzle other road users. This is particularly important because the brightness of your headlights can impair the vision of oncoming drivers, cyclists, or pedestrians. Proper use of your headlights helps maintain safety for all road users. Dazzling other road users can lead to dangerous situations, as they may become temporarily blinded and unable to react appropriately. This is why it's crucial to dip your headlights when approaching or overtaking another vehicle at night. While having enough space to complete the maneuver, ensuring the road is clear of oncoming traffic, and adhering to speed limits are also vital aspects of safe overtaking, they do not specifically address the crucial aspect of preventing glare and maintaining visibility for others on the road. The focus on not dazzling others is a key component of nighttime driving etiquette and safety.

## 8. You are approaching traffic lights. Red and amber are showing. This means:

- A. Stop as the light is about to change**
- B. Proceed with caution once clear**
- C. Wait for the green light before you pass the lights**
- D. Prepare to turn left**

When both red and amber lights are showing at traffic lights, it indicates that drivers must wait for the green light before proceeding. This combination signals that vehicles should prepare to stop as the lights are indicating that they are about to change to red, meaning it is not safe to go through the junction. Understanding this traffic signal is crucial for maintaining safety and ensuring that drivers are aware of upcoming changes in light status. Waiting for the green light ensures that drivers can safely navigate the intersection only when it is permitted.

**9. As you approach a roundabout with horses just ahead of you, what is the safest action to take?**

- A. Speed up to get ahead of them**
- B. Give them plenty of room and be prepared to stop**
- C. Sound your horn**
- D. Maintain your speed**

Giving the horses plenty of room and being prepared to stop is the safest action when approaching a roundabout with horses nearby. Horses can be unpredictable, especially if they are spooked by vehicles. Maintaining a safe distance allows the driver to avoid startling the horses and reduces the risk of an accident. Additionally, being prepared to stop provides the driver with the ability to react appropriately if the horses move unexpectedly onto the road. Other options, such as speeding up to get ahead of the horses, could endanger both the horses and the vehicle occupants by increasing the likelihood of a collision. Sounding the horn might also startle the horses, potentially causing them to panic. Maintaining speed when approaching horses is risky as it does not allow for the necessary reaction time in case the horses or riders need to maneuver or stop. Overall, ensuring the safety of all road users, including horses, is paramount when driving in such situations.

**10. If a horse rider is in the left-hand lane approaching a roundabout, what should the driver behind expect?**

- A. The rider will go straight ahead**
- B. The rider will exit the roundabout**
- C. The rider will go in any direction**
- D. The rider will stop at the roundabout**

The correct reasoning for this situation revolves around the behavior of horse riders at a roundabout. When a horse rider is positioned in the left-hand lane as they approach a roundabout, they may not have a predetermined path, allowing for the possibility of turning left, going straight ahead, or potentially turning right, depending on their intended route and the behavior of the horse they are riding. Given this potential for movement in various directions, drivers should be prepared for a range of actions from the horse rider. Horse riders might decide to navigate straight ahead, turn left to exit, or enter the roundabout and possibly continue on in a different direction. This unpredictability necessitates that vehicle drivers remain vigilant and give the horse rider ample space to maneuver safely, considering the sensitivity of horses to traffic and the environment. Understanding this flexibility in a horse rider's movement is crucial for ensuring road safety and maintaining a safe distance between vehicles and riders. The potential for varying directions emphasizes the need for drivers to approach the situation cautiously.

# Next Steps

**Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.**

**As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.**

**If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).**

**Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:**

**<https://maltadrivingtheory.examzify.com>**

**We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!**

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