

Louisiana Insurance Adjuster Practice Exam (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	8
Explanations	10
Next Steps	16

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

- 1. Which of the following statements regarding the Signs Business Floater is accurate?**
 - A. It covers signs owned by the insured.**
 - B. It covers signs that belong to other people while in the insured's care.**
 - C. It insures only outdoor signs.**
 - D. It is limited to signs affixed to the building.**
- 2. Which statement is true regarding arbitration in insurance cases?**
 - A. Arbitrators usually lack specialized knowledge**
 - B. Arbitrators have expertise compared to juries**
 - C. Arbitration is always binding**
 - D. Arbitrators work independently of both parties**
- 3. What is the purpose of an insurance policy deductible?**
 - A. To limit the number of claims filed**
 - B. To establish the insurer's maximum liability**
 - C. To share the risk between the insurer and insured**
 - D. To provide lower premiums for all policyholders**
- 4. What is the effect of a high deductible on a homeowner's insurance policy?**
 - A. It reduces the premium cost of the policy**
 - B. It guarantees full coverage**
 - C. It increases the payout amount for small claims**
 - D. It eliminates out-of-pocket expenses**
- 5. What is the primary purpose of an adjuster's investigation?**
 - A. To settle the claim as quickly as possible**
 - B. To gather and analyze evidence related to the claim**
 - C. To negotiate the final payout with the claimant**
 - D. To provide legal representation for the insurer**

- 6. What is the key requirement for renewing an adjuster license regarding continuing education?**
- A. Completion of ethics training only**
 - B. 24 total hours of CE, including ethics**
 - C. Only general coursework required**
 - D. Letter of recommendation from a supervisor**
- 7. Why can't Joanne transfer her homeowners policy to her sister Dianne without the insurer's consent?**
- A. Due to the premium adjustment clause**
 - B. Because of the assignment condition**
 - C. Because it is considered an endorsement**
 - D. Due to policy amendments rules**
- 8. Which Louisiana statute governs the conduct of insurance adjusters?**
- A. Louisiana Revised Statute 22:1017**
 - B. Louisiana Revised Statute 22:1703**
 - C. Louisiana Revised Statute 22:3001**
 - D. Louisiana Revised Statute 22:3407**
- 9. What is the main role of the Louisiana Department of Insurance?**
- A. To provide insurance directly to consumers**
 - B. To regulate the insurance industry within the state**
 - C. To manage claims for insurance companies**
 - D. To educate the public on flooding risks**
- 10. Which of the following items would fall under Coverage C of a Homeowners 3 policy?**
- A. Laptop computers and phones**
 - B. The leather sofa**
 - C. Two living room walls**
 - D. Roof damage**

Answers

SAMPLE

1. A
2. B
3. C
4. A
5. B
6. B
7. B
8. B
9. B
10. A

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. Which of the following statements regarding the Signs Business Floater is accurate?

- A. It covers signs owned by the insured.**
- B. It covers signs that belong to other people while in the insured's care.**
- C. It insures only outdoor signs.**
- D. It is limited to signs affixed to the building.**

The Signs Business Floater offers coverage specifically for signs that are owned by the insured, which makes this statement accurate. This type of floater is designed to protect a business's investment in its signage, ensuring that if the signs are damaged or destroyed due to covered perils, the business can receive compensation for the loss. The other statements do not accurately reflect the scope of coverage provided by the Signs Business Floater. For example, while it may cover certain instances involving signs in the care of the insured, the primary intent is to protect the insured's own signs rather than those owned by others. Additionally, the coverage is not limited to outdoor signs only; it can cover various types of signs based on the policy terms. Lastly, while some policies may include provisions for signs affixed to a building, the floater is not strictly limited to signs that are permanently attached; it also covers freestanding signs and can be tailored to different contexts. Thus, the primary focus of the Signs Business Floater is indeed on the signs owned by the insured.

2. Which statement is true regarding arbitration in insurance cases?

- A. Arbitrators usually lack specialized knowledge**
- B. Arbitrators have expertise compared to juries**
- C. Arbitration is always binding**
- D. Arbitrators work independently of both parties**

The statement that arbitrators have expertise compared to juries is true in the context of arbitration in insurance cases. Unlike juries, which are composed of laypeople selected from the general public with no formal training or specialized knowledge of the subject matter, arbitrators are typically professionals who have specific expertise in the field relevant to the disputes being resolved. This expertise can include knowledge of insurance law, policy terms, and industry practices. As a result, arbitrators are generally better equipped to understand the complexities of insurance cases and to make informed decisions based on that understanding. This characteristic of arbitration contributes to its appeal as a dispute resolution mechanism, particularly in specialized fields like insurance, where the nuances of contracts and regulations play a significant role in case outcomes. Having arbitrators with relevant subject matter expertise can lead to more equitable and informed resolutions that reflect the intricacies of the insurance industry.

3. What is the purpose of an insurance policy deductible?

- A. To limit the number of claims filed
- B. To establish the insurer's maximum liability
- C. To share the risk between the insurer and insured**
- D. To provide lower premiums for all policyholders

The purpose of an insurance policy deductible is primarily to share the risk between the insurer and the insured. When a policyholder agrees to a deductible, they are taking on a portion of the financial responsibility for any claims made under the policy. This means that in the event of a loss, the insured pays the initial amount specified by the deductible before the insurance coverage kicks in. By having a deductible, the insurer can reduce the number of small claims they may need to pay out, as the deductible is intended to be an out-of-pocket expense that the insured must cover first. This risk-sharing mechanism can encourage responsible behavior by the insured, as they are directly affected by the costs of minor claims. In turn, this can lead to overall lower premiums for the insured, as insurers can better manage their risk and claims costs.

4. What is the effect of a high deductible on a homeowner's insurance policy?

- A. It reduces the premium cost of the policy**
- B. It guarantees full coverage
- C. It increases the payout amount for small claims
- D. It eliminates out-of-pocket expenses

A high deductible on a homeowner's insurance policy primarily affects the premium cost by reducing it. When homeowners choose a higher deductible, they are agreeing to pay more out of pocket before the insurance coverage kicks in for a claim. This higher threshold usually results in lower monthly or annual premium payments because the insurer's risk is diminished—the homeowner is taking on greater financial responsibility for smaller claims. By raising the deductible, policyholders are often able to save money on their premiums, making their insurance more affordable overall. This trade-off works well for those who may not file many claims and are comfortable with paying more upfront in the event of a loss. The other options do not accurately reflect the impact of a high deductible. For instance, a high deductible does not guarantee full coverage; it simply means that certain costs will need to be covered out of pocket before insurance applies. Similarly, a higher deductible does not increase the payout amount for small claims, as it can make it less likely that small claims will be filed if the homeowner must first cover a significant portion of the loss. Lastly, opting for a high deductible does not eliminate out-of-pocket expenses; rather, it shifts more financial responsibility to the homeowner for initial costs associated with claims.

5. What is the primary purpose of an adjuster's investigation?

- A. To settle the claim as quickly as possible
- B. To gather and analyze evidence related to the claim**
- C. To negotiate the final payout with the claimant
- D. To provide legal representation for the insurer

The primary purpose of an adjuster's investigation is to gather and analyze evidence related to the claim. This essential function involves examining all relevant facts surrounding the loss or damage reported by the policyholder. By collecting information such as eyewitness accounts, expert evaluations, photographs, and any available documentation, the adjuster is able to build a comprehensive understanding of the situation. This thorough analysis is crucial for determining the validity of the claim and assessing the extent of the insurer's liability. While settling claims quickly, negotiating payouts, or providing legal representation may be relevant activities associated with the claims process, they are not the primary focus of an adjuster's investigation. The investigation's goal is foundational—it aims to ensure that decisions regarding the claim are made based on solid evidence and factual analysis, leading to fair and just outcomes for both the claimant and the insurer.

6. What is the key requirement for renewing an adjuster license regarding continuing education?

- A. Completion of ethics training only
- B. 24 total hours of CE, including ethics**
- C. Only general coursework required
- D. Letter of recommendation from a supervisor

The correct answer is based on the requirements set forth by Louisiana law for maintaining an active insurance adjuster license. To renew an adjuster license, a licensed adjuster must complete a total of 24 hours of continuing education (CE). This requirement specifically includes a set number of hours dedicated to ethics training. The inclusion of ethics training is particularly important, as it ensures that adjusters are aware of and adhere to professional standards and ethical practices relevant to the insurance industry. The obligation to complete a mix of general coursework along with ethics training emphasizes the need for adjusters to not only improve their knowledge and skills but also to understand the ethical implications of their roles. This comprehensive approach to continuing education is designed to foster professionalism and accountability in the field. Continuing education is a crucial component for licensed adjusters to ensure that they remain knowledgeable about current practices, regulations, and ethical standards, which ultimately benefits policyholders and the integrity of the insurance profession as a whole.

7. Why can't Joanne transfer her homeowners policy to her sister Dianne without the insurer's consent?

- A. Due to the premium adjustment clause**
- B. Because of the assignment condition**
- C. Because it is considered an endorsement**
- D. Due to policy amendments rules**

Joanne cannot transfer her homeowners policy to her sister Dianne without the insurer's consent because of the assignment condition present in most insurance policies. The assignment condition specifically states that the policy cannot be assigned or transferred to another party without the approval of the insurer. This condition is designed to protect the insurer's interests, ensuring that they can maintain control over who is covered under the policy as it is tied to the original policyholder's risk profile and relationship with the insurer. In insurance, the assignment refers to the legal relinquishment of interest in the policy, which can affect the insurer's ability to assess risk, manage claims, and ensure proper underwriting. Therefore, if Joanne wishes to transfer the policy to Dianne, she must seek permission from the insurer, which may involve a review of Dianne's eligibility and risk factors. This process ensures that the insurer is willing to accept the new insured under similar terms and conditions that were initially established.

8. Which Louisiana statute governs the conduct of insurance adjusters?

- A. Louisiana Revised Statute 22:1017**
- B. Louisiana Revised Statute 22:1703**
- C. Louisiana Revised Statute 22:3001**
- D. Louisiana Revised Statute 22:3407**

The conduct of insurance adjusters in Louisiana is primarily governed by Louisiana Revised Statute 22:1703. This statute outlines the requirements, responsibilities, and ethical standards that insurance adjusters must adhere to while performing their duties. It plays a critical role in ensuring that insurance adjusters operate fairly and in a manner that protects consumers' rights. By establishing clear guidelines on how adjusters should conduct themselves and manage claims, the statute promotes professionalism and accountability within the industry. This law is particularly important because it addresses issues such as the licensing of adjusters, the necessity for ethical conduct, and mechanisms for addressing potential grievances against adjusters. Understanding this statute is essential for anyone working in the insurance field in Louisiana, as it directly impacts the standards of practice and the overall integrity of the insurance claims process.

9. What is the main role of the Louisiana Department of Insurance?

- A. To provide insurance directly to consumers**
- B. To regulate the insurance industry within the state**
- C. To manage claims for insurance companies**
- D. To educate the public on flooding risks**

The primary function of the Louisiana Department of Insurance is to regulate the insurance industry within the state. This includes overseeing the activities of insurance companies, ensuring that they are compliant with state laws and regulations, and protecting consumers by maintaining fair practices in the insurance market. The department plays a crucial role in licensing insurance firms and agents, monitoring their financial stability, and investigating grievances from consumers related to insurance matters. While educating the public on topics like flooding risks and managing claims may be part of the department's broader mission or may involve other agencies, they do not represent its central role. The main focus remains firmly on regulation to ensure a stable and equitable insurance environment for residents and businesses in Louisiana.

10. Which of the following items would fall under Coverage C of a Homeowners 3 policy?

- A. Laptop computers and phones**
- B. The leather sofa**
- C. Two living room walls**
- D. Roof damage**

Coverage C of a Homeowners 3 policy is designed to protect personal property, which generally includes items that are movable and not attached to the dwelling. This often encompasses personal belongings such as furniture, clothing, electronics, and other household items. In this case, laptop computers and phones would fall under Coverage C because they are portable personal property. This coverage typically provides financial compensation for loss or damage to these items due to covered perils, such as theft, fire, or vandalism. The leather sofa—while personal property—may also be covered, but is considered a household item rather than a portable object. Additionally, structural elements like living room walls and roof damage are part of Coverage A or B in a homeowners policy, relating specifically to the dwelling itself and other structures, not personal property.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://lainsuranceadjuster.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!