

# **LOUISIANA DENTAL HYGIENE JURISPRUDENCE PRACTICE EXAM (SAMPLE) STUDY GUIDE**



## **SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS**



**VISIT US ONLINE FOR  
THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE**

<https://ladentalhygienejurisprudence.examzify.com>



**Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.**

**ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.**

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

# Table of Contents

|                             |    |
|-----------------------------|----|
| Copyright .....             | 1  |
| Table of Contents .....     | 2  |
| Introduction .....          | 3  |
| How to Use This Guide ..... | 4  |
| Questions .....             | 5  |
| Answers .....               | 8  |
| Explanations .....          | 10 |
| Next Steps .....            | 16 |

SAMPLE

# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

## 1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

## 2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

## 3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

## 4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

## 5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

## 6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

## Questions

SAMPLE

- 1. The expiration cycle for a dental hygienist's license is most accurately described as which pattern?**
  - A. Biennially on December 31
  - B. Annually on December 31
  - C. Every three years on December 31
  - D. December 1 biennially
- 2. What should Judy do if she cannot find a job after receiving her hygiene license?**
  - A. Return license
  - B. Continue looking for employment with a dentist
  - C. Practice without a license
  - D. Work as assistant without a license
- 3. Which practice supports compliant Medicaid billing for dental hygiene services in Louisiana?**
  - A. Medicaid billing allows freeform notes.
  - B. Use comprehensive documentation and comply with Medicaid billing procedures.
  - C. Submit claims without patient eligibility confirmation.
  - D. Documentation is optional for Medicaid cases.
- 4. How does the Board enforce its rules and standards?**
  - A. Through informal guidelines only.
  - B. Through investigations, hearings, suspensions, fines, and other sanctions, with due process.
  - C. Only by public announcements.
  - D. By private letters to licensees with no disciplinary actions.
- 5. Which statement best describes the requirement for clinical continuing education courses?**
  - A. CE must be strictly clinical in all topics
  - B. CE must relate to the actual delivery of dental or dental hygiene services directly to the patient
  - C. CE must be conducted by universities
  - D. CE must be completed within the calendar year

- 6. After formal charges are initiated by the board, what notification is provided to the hygienist?**
- A. Immediate suspension
  - B. Notification listing charges and hearing details
  - C. No notification
  - D. Fine issued without hearing
- 7. What must a hygienist do to administer local anesthesia in Louisiana?**
- A. A hygienist must send proof of completion of local anesthesia training and pay a fee to apply for a local anesthesia permit
  - B. A hygienist must complete a hands-on anesthesia residency
  - C. A hygienist must obtain written consent from patient
  - D. A hygienist must be licensed as a dentist
- 8. Which sanction signals the least risk and is typically used for minor or first-time offenses?**
- A. License suspension
  - B. Fines
  - C. Reprimand
  - D. Probation
- 9. Name two types of professional misconduct that can lead to disciplinary action against a dental hygienist in Louisiana.**
- A. Minor clerical errors and unpunctual attendance
  - B. Cosmetic conflicts and branding violations
  - C. Insurance billing mistakes only
  - D. Fraud or deceit in obtaining licensure and professional incompetence or gross negligence
- 10. If a potential patient safety issue is identified during treatment, what should the dental hygienist do?**
- A. Ignore the concern.
  - B. Notify the supervising dentist and document the concern per practice policy.
  - C. Inform the patient and continue treatment.
  - D. Stop treatment and terminate care immediately.



## **Answers**

SAMPLE

1. A
2. B
3. B
4. B
5. B
6. B
7. A
8. C
9. D
10. B

SAMPLE

## **Explanations**

SAMPLE

**1. The expiration cycle for a dental hygienist's license is most accurately described as which pattern?**

**A. Biennially on December 31**

B. Annually on December 31

C. Every three years on December 31

D. December 1 biennially

*Louisiana sets the expiration cycle for a dental hygienist's license as biennial, with the license expiring on December 31 every two years. This means you renew once every two years, and the expiration date is at the end of the year, not at any other time. The other options would imply either a yearly expiration, a three-year cycle, or a biennial schedule with a different expiration date (December 1), which do not match how the renewal pattern is actually established. In practice, renewal also requires completing any mandated continuing education and paying the renewal fee by December 31 of the expiration year.*

**2. What should Judy do if she cannot find a job after receiving her hygiene license?**

A. Return license

**B. Continue looking for employment with a dentist**

C. Practice without a license

D. Work as assistant without a license

*In Louisiana, dental hygienists practice under the supervision of a licensed dentist, and their authority to work comes through that supervision. If Judy can't find a job, the appropriate step is to keep seeking employment with a dentist who will supervise her and allow her to practice legally. This keeps her licensed status active and lets her gain real-world experience. Returning the license isn't helpful and would stop her from practicing legally. Practicing without a supervising dentist is illegal, and working as an assistant without the proper credentials or supervision also isn't permitted. So the best path is to continue pursuing dentist-supervised opportunities, possibly while networking, applying broadly, or exploring supervised settings, rather than attempting to practice independently or without authorization.*

### 3. Which practice supports compliant Medicaid billing for dental hygiene services in Louisiana?

- A. Medicaid billing allows freeform notes.
- B. Use comprehensive documentation and comply with Medicaid billing procedures.**
- C. Submit claims without patient eligibility confirmation.
- D. Documentation is optional for Medicaid cases.

*The essential practice is thorough documentation paired with strict adherence to Medicaid billing procedures. In Louisiana Medicaid, each dental hygiene service must be supported by complete, accurate records to ensure the claim is billable and defensible if reviewed. Comprehensive documentation means verifying the patient's eligibility before billing, using the correct service codes, and recording all relevant details of the encounter. This includes the dates of service, the exact procedures performed (for example, prophylaxis, fluoride treatment, radiographs if indicated), clinical findings, the recommended treatment plan, diagnoses or indications, and any informed consent or patient education provided. It also covers justification for the service, any contraindications, and linkage of the treatment to the patient's needs and plan. Compliance with billing procedures means using approved codes and modifiers as required, submitting claims in the proper format and timeframe, and following any pre-authorization or documentation requirements set by Medicaid. When documentation is complete and procedures are billed according to policy, reimbursement is supported and the risk of claim denial or liability for improper billing is minimized. Conversely, vague notes, lack of eligibility verification, or treating documentation as optional do not meet Medicaid standards and can lead to denial or compliance issues. So, the best practice for compliant Medicaid billing in Louisiana is to use comprehensive documentation and adhere to Medicaid billing procedures.*

### 4. How does the Board enforce its rules and standards?

- A. Through informal guidelines only.
- B. Through investigations, hearings, suspensions, fines, and other sanctions with due process.**
- C. Only by public announcements.
- D. By private letters to licensees with no disciplinary actions.

*Enforcement relies on a formal disciplinary process designed to protect the public and maintain professional standards. When a potential violation is identified, the Board conducts an investigation to gather the facts. If warranted, a hearing is held where the licensee can respond and present evidence. After reviewing the record, the Board may impose sanctions such as suspending or revoking licensure, imposing fines, placing the licensee on probation, or requiring corrective actions or remedial continuing education. Throughout this process, due process protections ensure notice of charges, the opportunity to be heard, an impartial decision-maker, and the right to appeal. This mechanism distinguishes enforcement from informal guidelines, mere public announcements, or private letters without consequences, because only formal action with due process can discipline a license.*

**5. Which statement best describes the requirement for clinical continuing education courses?**

- A. CE must be strictly clinical in all topics
- B. CE must relate to the actual delivery of dental or dental hygiene services directly to the patient**
- C. CE must be conducted by universities
- D. CE must be completed within the calendar year

*Clinical continuing education is meant to keep a clinician's skills oriented around patient care. The best description is that it must relate to the actual delivery of dental or dental hygiene services directly to the patient, so the learning translates into real-world practice. This ensures what you study improves how you assess, treat, manage, and communicate with patients, and strengthens safety and effectiveness during care. For example, courses on radiography technique, infection control in the clinical setting, periodontal therapy, treatment planning, and patient management all directly impact how care is delivered to patients, so they meet the clinical CE standard. Courses that are purely administrative or nonclinical in topic may not count toward the clinical CE requirement, even if they're valuable to practice in other ways. Also, the source of the course isn't restricted to universities; many approved providers—including professional organizations and private training programs—offer eligible clinical CE. Finally, CE timing isn't tied to a single calendar year but to the licensure renewal cycle, so hours must be completed within that cycle.*

**6. After formal charges are initiated by the board, what notification is provided to the hygienist?**

- A. Immediate suspension
- B. Notification listing charges and hearing details**
- C. No notification
- D. Fine issued without hearing

*When formal charges are brought, due process requires the board to give the hygienist a written notice that lists the specific charges and provides details about the hearing. This notice lets the hygienist know exactly what is alleged, when and where the hearing will occur, and how the proceedings will be conducted, so they can prepare a proper defense, gather evidence, and consider counsel or representation. It isn't about an automatic immediate suspension or a punishment without process; those options are separate actions and don't replace the fundamental need for a detailed notice of charges and hearing. A notice of no charges, or a fine issued without a hearing, would bypass the required procedural safeguards.*

**7. What must a hygienist do to administer local anesthesia in Louisiana?**

- A. A hygienist must send proof of completion of local anesthesia training and pay a fee to apply for a local anesthesia permit**
- B. A hygienist must complete a hands-on anesthesia residency
- C. A hygienist must obtain written consent from patient
- D. A hygienist must be licensed as a dentist

*In Louisiana, a hygienist may administer local anesthesia only after obtaining a local anesthesia permit from the Louisiana State Board of Dentistry. This permit is earned by showing proof of completion of a board-approved local anesthesia training course and paying the permit application fee. Once issued, the permit allows the hygienist to administer local anesthesia under the supervision mandated by law. Residency training is not required for this authorization, and obtaining patient written consent, while important for patient care, does not authorize administration. Being licensed as a dentist is not a prerequisite for a hygienist to obtain the local anesthesia permit.*

**8. Which sanction signals the least risk and is typically used for minor or first-time offenses?**

- A. License suspension
- B. Fines
- C. Reprimand**
- D. Probation

*In disciplinary actions, severity ranges from mild to severe, and the least risky signal is a reprimand. A reprimand is a formal expression of disapproval from the licensing board that addresses conduct without restricting the practitioner's ability to work. It acknowledges that something went wrong, but it doesn't impose ongoing requirements, supervision, or a period of inability to practice. It's typically reserved for minor missteps or first offenses, serving as a warning that more serious penalties could follow if behavior continues. Fines involve a monetary penalty and, while they show accountability, they don't by themselves restrict practice. They are more about financial consequence than practice limitations but can be noted in the record. Probation adds conditions and monitoring, which directly constrains work behavior and carries more risk to licensure. License suspension removes the right to practice for a time, representing a high level of risk to the license. So for minor or first offenses, a reprimand is the best fit because it signals disapproval with minimal impact on the ability to continue practicing.*

**9. Name two types of professional misconduct that can lead to disciplinary action against a dental hygienist in Louisiana.**

- A. Minor clerical errors and unpunctual attendance
- B. Cosmetic conflicts and branding violations
- C. Insurance billing mistakes only
- D. Fraud or deceit in obtaining licensure and professional incompetence or gross negligence**

*Professional misconduct that can trigger disciplinary action includes actions that threaten public safety and integrity of the profession. Fraud or deceit in obtaining licensure means misrepresenting qualifications, lying on applications, or hiding past disciplinary actions to gain or maintain a license. This directly undermines trust and violates the legal and ethical standards required to practice, so the Board treats it as a serious offense warranting discipline. Professional incompetence or gross negligence refers to a level of care that falls far below accepted standards or a flagrant disregard for patient safety. A dental hygienist must perform duties competently and carefully; failing to do so endangers patients and erodes the profession's trust, making disciplinary action appropriate. The other options describe issues that aren't recognized as core grounds for disciplinary action by themselves: minor clerical errors or habitual lateness are administrative concerns; cosmetic branding or marketing choices don't constitute professional misconduct; and insurance billing mistakes alone aren't disciplinary unless accompanied by fraudulent or improper conduct.*

**10. If a potential patient safety issue is identified during treatment, what should the dental hygienist do?**

A. Ignore the concern.

**B. Notify the supervising dentist and document the concern per practice policy.**

C. Inform the patient and continue treatment.

D. Stop treatment and terminate care immediately.

*When a potential patient safety issue is identified, the key step is to escalate the concern through the proper channel and document it. The dental hygienist serves as the front-line observer of safety during care, but the licensed dentist has the ultimate authority to assess the risk, adjust the treatment plan, or pause care. By promptly notifying the supervising dentist and recording the concern according to practice policy, you ensure that the issue is evaluated by the clinician who can authorize appropriate action and that there is a clear, traceable record of what was observed and what was done. This approach reflects professional responsibility and legal expectations: immediate communication allows for correct clinical judgment, patient-centered decision-making, and continuity of care, with documentation providing accountability and protection for both patient and provider. Ignoring the concern, continuing treatment without addressing the risk, or abruptly stopping and terminating care without following policy and coordinating with the dentist are not appropriate responses because they fail to safeguard patient safety and proper clinical governance.*



## Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://ladedentalhygienejurisprudence.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE