

KANSAS DENTAL HYGIENE JURISPRUDENCE PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE) STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

VISIT US ONLINE FOR
THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

<https://ksdentalhygienejurisprudence.examzify.com>



Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	8
Explanations	10
Next Steps	15

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

SAMPLE

- 1. Which term means touching an individual with the intention to harm?**
 - A. Abandon
 - B. Assault
 - C. Civil Law
 - D. Battery

- 2. Which term describes regulations?**
 - A. Rules
 - B. Statutes
 - C. Regulations
 - D. PANDA

- 3. What are the continuing education requirements for Kansas dental hygienists?**
 - A. Completion of Board-approved CE hours for license renewal, with records maintained as proof.
 - B. No CE requirements.
 - C. CE must be completed every 2 years with no recordkeeping.
 - D. Only for new graduates.

- 4. In Kansas, is it within the dental hygienist's scope to perform health history assessments?**
 - A. No, health histories are the sole responsibility of the supervising dentist.
 - B. Only initial intake, not ongoing updates.
 - C. Only in institutional settings.
 - D. Yes, collecting and updating health histories is part of duties under supervision.

- 5. Which duty is listed as a responsibility of a health care provider?**
 - A. To keep accurate records
 - B. To ignore patient instructions
 - C. To overcharge
 - D. To withhold information from the patient

- 6. Which term describes not performing the standard of care and causing harm?**
- A. Preceptorship
 - B. Risk Management
 - C. Defamation
 - D. Professional Negligence
- 7. How should a hygienist respond to a potential conflict of interest?**
- A. Disclose the conflict to the supervising dentist and maintain professional integrity
 - B. Hide the conflict
 - C. Ignore it
 - D. Publicize the conflict in the community
- 8. Who issues the dental hygiene license in Kansas?**
- A. The Kansas Board of Dental Hygienists
 - B. The Kansas Department of Health and Environment
 - C. The Kansas State Board of Dentistry issues licenses and regulates practice
 - D. The Kansas Board of Healing Arts
- 9. Are dental hygienists allowed to diagnose diseases in Kansas?**
- A. Yes, if supervised by a dentist
 - B. No
 - C. They may diagnose but must document in records
 - D. Only for oral cancer screening
- 10. What is unprofessional conduct in Kansas dental hygiene practice?**
- A. Conduct that violates the Dental Practice Act or Board rules, including fraud, incompetence, practicing without a license, failure to maintain records, or engaging in sexual misconduct with a patient
 - B. Maintaining accurate treatment records and following consent procedures
 - C. Providing care within the scope of practice
 - D. Attending continuing education

Answers

SAMPLE

1. D
2. C
3. A
4. D
5. A
6. D
7. A
8. C
9. D
10. D

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. Which term means touching an individual with the intention to harm?

- A. Abandon
- B. Assault
- C. Civil Law
- D. Battery**

Touching someone with the intention to harm is battery. Battery involves intentional physical contact that is harmful or offensive and done without the person's consent. The important distinction is that battery is about the actual contact, whereas assault is about the threat or attempt to cause contact that would be harmful, even if no contact occurs. The other terms don't fit: abandoning refers to leaving someone in need of care, and civil law concerns non-criminal private rights; assault describes the act of threatening or attempting harmful contact, not the actual touching. In dental practice, battery would cover harming a patient through touching or procedures done without proper consent.

2. Which term describes regulations?

- A. Rules
- B. Statutes
- C. Regulations**
- D. PANDA

Regulations are the binding directives issued by government agencies to implement and enforce statutes passed by the legislature. They provide the concrete requirements, procedures, and standards that practitioners must follow, and they carry legal force once officially promulgated. Statutes are the actual laws enacted by the legislature, establishing the broad authority and framework; regulations come from agencies under that authority to specify how those laws work in practice. While "rules" can be used in everyday language, the formal term for these official agency directives is regulations. PANDA has no role in regulatory language. In Kansas dentistry contexts, regulations come from the state regulatory agency to spell out how statutes governing licensure, scope of practice, and professional conduct are applied.

3. What are the continuing education requirements for Kansas dental hygienists?

- A. Completion of Board-approved CE hours for license renewal, with records maintained as proof.**
- B. No CE requirements.
- C. CE must be completed every 2 years with no recordkeeping.
- D. Only for new graduates.

Continuing education is required to maintain licensure and ensures hygienists stay current with practice standards. In Kansas, dental hygienists must complete a set amount of CE hours from Board-approved providers as a condition of license renewal, and they must keep proof of completion (such as certificates or transcripts) so the Board can verify compliance. This requirement applies to all practicing hygienists, not just new graduates, and the records are kept as evidence during renewal or audits. The combination of completing Board-approved CE and maintaining proof best fits how state boards regulate ongoing competency, which is why this option is correct. The other choices conflict with the established practice: there are CE requirements, records are essential, and the obligation isn't limited to new graduates.

4. In Kansas, is it within the dental hygienist's scope to perform health history assessments?

- A. No, health histories are the sole responsibility of the supervising dentist.
- B. Only initial intake, not ongoing updates.
- C. Only in institutional settings.

D. Yes, collecting and updating health histories is part of duties under supervision.

In Kansas, gathering and updating a patient's health history is part of the dental hygienist's duties when proceeding under supervision. This means the hygienist can take the medical history at the initial visit and refresh it at subsequent visits, noting any changes such as new medications, allergies, or health conditions. This information is essential for safe care and treatment planning, and the supervising dentist reviews it and uses it to guide decisions. The dentist remains responsible for diagnosis and the overall treatment plan, but the hygienist plays a key role in obtaining and maintaining accurate health history data. This applies in general practice, not just in institutional settings, and updates should occur at each visit to reflect current conditions.

5. Which duty is listed as a responsibility of a health care provider?

- A. To keep accurate records**
- B. To ignore patient instructions
- C. To overcharge
- D. To withhold information from the patient

Maintaining accurate records is a fundamental duty of a health care provider because thorough documentation supports safe, continuous, and ethical patient care. When a provider records what was diagnosed, what treatment was given, medications prescribed, patient instructions, informed consent, and any allergies or complications, it creates a clear map of the patient's care. This documentation helps other clinicians understand past decisions, guides future treatment, and provides a legal record that can protect both the patient and the provider in case questions or disputes arise. It also supports appropriate billing and quality assurance processes and meets professional and regulatory standards. Actions like ignoring patient instructions, overcharging, or withholding information from the patient would undermine patient safety, violate ethical standards, and can be unlawful. They erode trust and can lead to harm or legal consequences.

6. Which term describes not performing the standard of care and causing harm?

- A. Preceptorship
- B. Risk Management
- C. Defamation
- D. Professional Negligence**

Not performing the standard of care and causing harm describes professional negligence. In healthcare, a professional owes a patient a duty to provide care that meets the accepted standard. When that duty is breached by failing to meet the standard, and that breach leads to patient harm, it constitutes negligence (often referred to as malpractice). The key elements are duty, breach, causation, and damages, all of which come together when substandard care results in injury. The other terms don't fit this scenario. Preceptorship refers to supervised practice during training, not harm from care. Risk management focuses on identifying and reducing potential harms, not the act of causing harm itself. Defamation involves false statements harming someone's reputation, not medical care or patient injury. So, the term that best fits not performing the standard of care and causing harm is professional negligence.

7. How should a hygienist respond to a potential conflict of interest?

- A. Disclose the conflict to the supervising dentist and maintain professional integrity**
- B. Hide the conflict
- C. Ignore it
- D. Publicize the conflict in the community

The situation tests how a hygienist handles a potential conflict of interest by prioritizing ethical responsibility and patient welfare. The best approach is to disclose the conflict to the supervising dentist and maintain professional integrity. Disclosure is the foundational step that allows the dentist to consider any bias and to safeguard the patient's interests. It helps ensure that treatment decisions are made transparently, with appropriate oversight, and that the patient's autonomy and informed consent are respected. Maintaining professional integrity means acting in a way that preserves trust: be open about any financial ties, relationships, or situations that could influence judgment, and recuse yourself from decisions where the conflict could impact care. If a conflict cannot be managed, seek guidance and, if necessary, adjust responsibilities to prevent compromised care. This pathway aligns with the ethical duty to prioritize patient welfare and uphold the standards of the profession. Hiding or ignoring the conflict fails to protect the patient and can breach professional rules, potentially exposing the hygienist to disciplinary action. Publicizing the conflict in the community is not the appropriate professional step, as patient care and confidentiality come first and the issue should be handled within the clinical team.

8. Who issues the dental hygiene license in Kansas?

- A. The Kansas Board of Dental Hygienists
- B. The Kansas Department of Health and Environment
- C. The Kansas State Board of Dentistry issues licenses and regulates practice**
- D. The Kansas Board of Healing Arts

Licensing dental hygienists in Kansas is handled by the Kansas State Board of Dentistry. This board issues licenses to dental hygienists, sets the requirements for licensure (such as education, examinations, and possibly a jurisprudence review), and regulates practice through license renewals, continuing education, and disciplinary actions as needed. The options listed aren't correct because there isn't a separate Kansas Board of Dental Hygienists, the Department of Health and Environment doesn't license individual practitioners, and the Board of Healing Arts regulates other healthcare professionals rather than dental hygienists.

9. Are dental hygienists allowed to diagnose diseases in Kansas?

- A. Yes, if supervised by a dentist
- B. No
- C. They may diagnose but must document in records
- D. Only for oral cancer screening**

In Kansas, who can diagnose a disease is defined by the scope of practice, and that responsibility rests with dentists (and physicians for non-dental conditions). Dental hygienists are trained to assess, screen, and provide preventive care, not to make a medical diagnosis. They perform activities like an oral cancer screening as part of the overall evaluation and, if they notice something suspicious, they refer the patient to a dentist or physician for diagnosis and treatment planning. The option that states diagnosis would occur only in the context of oral cancer screening aligns with the idea that the hygienist's role in disease identification is limited to flagging concerns during screening and initiating referral—not making a formal diagnosis themselves. So the emphasis is on recognizing possible issues during screening and directing the patient to the appropriate clinician for diagnosis, rather than the hygienist diagnosing diseases outright.

10. What is unprofessional conduct in Kansas dental hygiene practice?

- A. Conduct that violates the Dental Practice Act or Board rules, including fraud, incompetence, practicing without a license, failure to maintain records, or engaging in sexual misconduct with a patient
- B. Maintaining accurate treatment records and following consent procedures
- C. Providing care within the scope of practice
- D. Attending continuing education**

Unprofessional conduct means acting in a way that violates the Dental Practice Act or Kansas Board rules and endangers patient safety or public trust. Specific behaviors that fit this include fraud, incompetence, practicing without a license, failing to maintain required records, or engaging in sexual misconduct with a patient. These actions violate regulatory standards and the profession's ethical duties to protect patients. In contrast, keeping accurate treatment records, obtaining informed consent, providing care within the licensed scope, and completing required continuing education are proper professional responsibilities that support safe, ethical practice.

SAMPLE

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://ksdentalhygienejurisprudence.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE