

IMAT General Knowledge Practice Exam (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	8
Explanations	10
Next Steps	15

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. What is the capital of Burundi?**
 - A. Bujumbura**
 - B. Gitega**
 - C. Ngozi**
 - D. Rumonge**

- 2. Yerevan is the capital of which country?**
 - A. Georgia**
 - B. Azerbaijan**
 - C. Turkey**
 - D. Armenia**

- 3. What is the capital of Turkey?**
 - A. Ankara**
 - B. Istanbul**
 - C. Cairo**
 - D. Athens**

- 4. What is the capital of Saudi Arabia?**
 - A. Riyadh**
 - B. Jeddah**
 - C. Muscat**
 - D. Doha**

- 5. Accra is the capital of which country?**
 - A. Guatemala**
 - B. Gabon**
 - C. Ghana**
 - D. Guinea**

- 6. What is the capital of Antigua and Barbuda?**
 - A. Bridgetown**
 - B. Nassau**
 - C. Saint John's**
 - D. Kingston**

- 7. Which country is NOT a permanent member of the UN Security Council?**
- A. United States**
 - B. United Kingdom**
 - C. Germany**
 - D. France**
- 8. Which word appears as a heading that introduces the subsequent answer blocks?**
- A. Montesquieu**
 - B. Answer**
 - C. Inauguration**
 - D. Law**
- 9. Which city is the capital of Dominica?**
- A. Santo Domingo**
 - B. Nicosia**
 - C. Roseau**
 - D. Quito**
- 10. Which city is the capital of Laos?**
- A. Hanoi**
 - B. Bangkok**
 - C. Phnom Penh**
 - D. Vientiane**

Answers

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1. B
2. D
3. A
4. A
5. C
6. C
7. C
8. B
9. C
10. D

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Explanations

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1. What is the capital of Burundi?

- A. Bujumbura
- B. Gitega**
- C. Ngozi
- D. Rumonge

The concept to keep in mind is what a capital city represents: the main seat of government and administrative power for a country. In Burundi, that role was moved to Gitega in 2019, making it the administrative capital. Bujumbura remains the country's largest city and its economic hub, but it is no longer the political center. The other options, Ngozi and Rumonge, are towns in different provinces and are not designated as the capital. So, the capital is Gitega.

2. Yerevan is the capital of which country?

- A. Georgia
- B. Azerbaijan
- C. Turkey
- D. Armenia**

Knowing world capitals helps you place countries on a map and understand geography. Yerevan is the capital city of Armenia, a country in the South Caucasus region of Eurasia. It serves as Armenia's administrative and cultural center and is its largest city. Armenia is bordered by Turkey to the west, Georgia to the north, Azerbaijan to the east, and Iran to the south, and it is landlocked. The other countries listed have different capitals: Georgia's is Tbilisi, Azerbaijan's is Baku, and Turkey's is Ankara. So Yerevan belongs to Armenia.

3. What is the capital of Turkey?

- A. Ankara**
- B. Istanbul
- C. Cairo
- D. Athens

Identifying a country's capital city—the place where the government sits and national administration is centered. For Turkey, the capital is Ankara. It has been the seat of government since 1923, when the Turkish Republic established a centralized capital away from Istanbul, which had been the historic and commercial center. Istanbul remains Turkey's largest city and economic hub, but it is not the current capital. Cairo is the capital of Egypt, and Athens is the capital of Greece. So Ankara is the correct answer.

4. What is the capital of Saudi Arabia?

- A. Riyadh**
- B. Jeddah**
- C. Muscat**
- D. Doha**

Capitals are where a country's government is headquartered. Riyadh is the capital and political center of Saudi Arabia, located in the central region and serving as the seat of government, the king's court, and key ministries. It has held this role since the kingdom's founding in 1932. Jeddah is a major city on the Red Sea and an important commercial hub, but not the capital. Muscat is the capital of Oman, and Doha is the capital of Qatar. So Riyadh is the correct answer.

5. Accra is the capital of which country?

- A. Guatemala**
- B. Gabon**
- C. Ghana**
- D. Guinea**

A capital city is the main administrative center of a country, where the government resides and conducts its business. Accra serves this role for Ghana, a West African nation on the Gulf of Guinea, housing the presidential residence, ministries, and parliament. That makes Accra the capital of Ghana. The other options are capitals of different countries: Guatemala City for Guatemala, Libreville for Gabon, and Conakry for Guinea.

6. What is the capital of Antigua and Barbuda?

- A. Bridgetown**
- B. Nassau**
- C. Saint John's**
- D. Kingston**

Capitals are the political centers of countries, where government functions and main administrative activity are concentrated. The capital of Antigua and Barbuda is Saint John's, located on the island of Antigua, and it serves as the center of government and the main urban hub. Bridgetown is the capital of Barbados, Nassau is the capital of the Bahamas, and Kingston is the capital of Jamaica. So Saint John's is the correct one.

7. Which country is NOT a permanent member of the UN Security Council?

- A. United States**
- B. United Kingdom**
- C. Germany**
- D. France**

Permanent membership on the UN Security Council means being one of the five states with veto power. Those five are the United States, United Kingdom, France, Russia, and China. Germany is not in that group, so it is not a permanent member. It can serve on the Council as a non-permanent member for a two-year term when elected by the General Assembly, but it does not have veto power as a permanent member. The United States, United Kingdom, and France are permanent members.

8. Which word appears as a heading that introduces the subsequent answer blocks?

- A. Montesquieu**
- B. Answer**
- C. Inauguration**
- D. Law**

Recognizing how documents signal where solutions appear. The word that serves as the heading introducing the blocks with the solutions is the one labeled as "Answer." It functions as a label that tells you what follows will present the responses or solutions to the questions. The other options don't fit that role: Montesquieu is a person's name, Inauguration is an event, and Law is a general term, none of which typically introduce the answer content.

9. Which city is the capital of Dominica?

- A. Santo Domingo**
- B. Nicosia**
- C. Roseau**
- D. Quito**

Understanding how capital cities identify a country helps avoid mixing up places with similar-sounding names. Dominica, a Caribbean island nation, has Roseau as its capital, located on the island's west coast and serving as the administrative and governmental center. The other options are capitals of different places: Santo Domingo is the capital of the Dominican Republic, Nicosia is the capital of Cyprus, and Quito is the capital of Ecuador. So Roseau is the city that correctly names Dominica's capital.

10. Which city is the capital of Laos?

- A. Hanoi**
- B. Bangkok**
- C. Phnom Penh**
- D. Vientiane**

Knowing that a capital city is the main seat of government for a country, the capital of Laos is Vientiane. It serves as the political and administrative center of Laos and sits on the Mekong River near the border with Thailand. The other cities listed correspond to capitals of neighboring countries: Hanoi is Vietnam's capital, Bangkok is Thailand's capital, and Phnom Penh is Cambodia's capital. So Vientiane is the correct choice.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://imatgenknowledge.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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