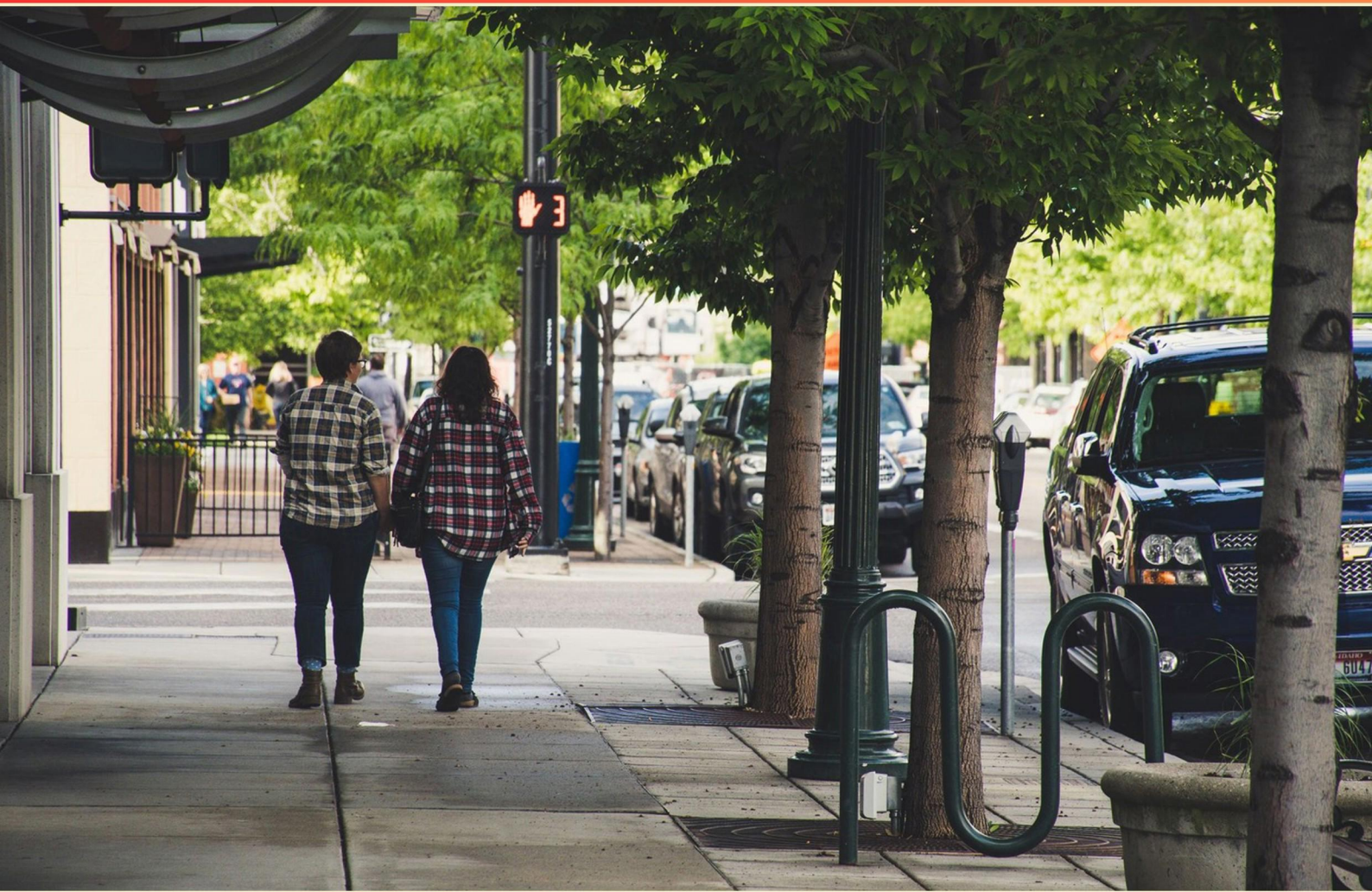


IDAHO WRITTEN DRIVER'S LICENSE PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



Prepare with structure. Pass with confidence



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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. Is it legal to pass on a two-lane, two-way road with a solid yellow line on your side?**
 - A. Yes, if the other lane is clear
 - B. No
 - C. Yes, but only during the day
 - D. Only if the speed limit is below 50 mph
- 2. What does a STOP sign require you to do?**
 - A. Yield to all traffic
 - B. Come to a complete stop before entering the intersection
 - C. Slow down and proceed if clear
 - D. Only stop if another vehicle is present
- 3. What does a solid red light mean?**
 - A. You can proceed with caution
 - B. Come to a complete stop
 - C. You may turn left
 - D. Speed up before the light turns green
- 4. What is the purpose of the Idaho driver's handbook?**
 - A. To provide essential information about driving laws and safety
 - B. To list all traffic tickets available
 - C. To show driving routes throughout the state
 - D. To inform about vehicle maintenance
- 5. What does it mean to have your headlights on while driving during the day?**
 - A. Increases visibility and safety
 - B. To indicate a vehicle is turning
 - C. Only for emergency vehicles
 - D. To reduce engine wear

- 6. You want to back out of your driveway with children nearby. What should you do first?**
- A. Start backing up slowly
 - B. Honk your horn
 - C. Walk behind the car to check for safety
 - D. Wait for the children to move away
- 7. What is the maximum speed limit on an open highway unless otherwise posted?**
- A. 55 mph
 - B. 60 mph
 - C. 65 mph
 - D. 70 mph
- 8. What should you do if you are involved in a minor accident?**
- A. Drive away if no one is injured
 - B. Exchange information and report it to the police if necessary
 - C. Argue with the other driver
 - D. Only take pictures of the damage
- 9. When must headlamps and taillights be lighted?**
- A. From sunrise to sunset
 - B. Sunset to sunrise and when visibility is poor
 - C. Only during night driving
 - D. Only in bad weather conditions
- 10. What does a double solid line on the road mean?**
- A. No crossing is allowed
 - B. Passing is allowed if safe
 - C. Temporary construction zone
 - D. Lane changing is permitted

Answers

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1. B
2. B
3. B
4. A
5. A
6. C
7. C
8. B
9. B
10. A

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Explanations

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1. Is it legal to pass on a two-lane, two-way road with a solid yellow line on your side?

- A. Yes, if the other lane is clear
- B. No**
- C. Yes, but only during the day
- D. Only if the speed limit is below 50 mph

A solid yellow line on your side of a two-lane, two-way road indicates that passing is not permitted. This is a critical safety rule designed to prevent accidents by helping drivers understand that visibility may be limited or that there is potentially dangerous oncoming traffic. The solid line serves as a clear warning to drivers that they should not cross into the opposing lane to overtake another vehicle. Therefore, when you see a solid yellow line in your lane, it is not legally permissible to pass, regardless of whether the other lane seems clear or if it's daytime, or if the speed limit allows for it. Understanding this rule is essential for maintaining safety and adherence to traffic laws.

2. What does a STOP sign require you to do?

- A. Yield to all traffic
- B. Come to a complete stop before entering the intersection**
- C. Slow down and proceed if clear
- D. Only stop if another vehicle is present

A STOP sign requires you to come to a complete stop before entering the intersection. This is essential for ensuring safety at intersections, as it gives drivers the chance to assess the traffic situation and see if it is safe to proceed. By fully stopping, you are able to observe any cross traffic, pedestrians, or other obstacles that may be present and pose a hazard. In contrast, yielding to all traffic or merely slowing down does not provide the same level of caution required at a STOP sign. Additionally, the idea of only stopping if another vehicle is present can lead to dangerous situations, as it does not take into account pedestrians or other factors that necessitate a complete stop. The regulation of coming to a complete stop is a fundamental traffic rule aimed at minimizing accidents and promoting road safety.

3. What does a solid red light mean?

- A. You can proceed with caution
- B. Come to a complete stop**
- C. You may turn left
- D. Speed up before the light turns green

A solid red light indicates that drivers must come to a complete stop at the intersection before the stop line, crosswalk, or intersection. This rule ensures the safety of all road users, including pedestrians and other vehicles. It is fundamental to traffic regulation, as disregarding a red light can lead to dangerous situations such as collisions. While some drivers might think they can proceed with caution or make left turns, that is only permissible under specific conditions (such as turning right on red after stopping or making left turns from the proper lane while on a one-way street). However, those actions still require stopping first when the light is red. The implication of speeding up before the light turns green is also unsafe and goes against established traffic laws. Therefore, stopping completely at a solid red light is the correct and safe action for all drivers.

4. What is the purpose of the Idaho driver's handbook?

- A. To provide essential information about driving laws and safety
- B. To list all traffic tickets available
- C. To show driving routes throughout the state
- D. To inform about vehicle maintenance

The purpose of the Idaho driver's handbook is to provide essential information about driving laws and safety. This handbook serves as a comprehensive guide for drivers, detailing important topics such as traffic regulations, road signs, safe driving practices, and the penalties for violating laws. It helps ensure that drivers understand their responsibilities on the road, which contributes to safer driving behavior and a better overall driving environment in the state. This foundational knowledge is crucial for both new drivers preparing for their licensing tests and experienced drivers looking to refresh their understanding of current laws and best practices. In contrast, the other options do not accurately represent the main focus of the handbook; while topics like traffic tickets, driving routes, and vehicle maintenance may be relevant to drivers, they are not the primary intent of the handbook. The core goal is to educate drivers about the laws and safety measures necessary for responsible driving.

5. What does it mean to have your headlights on while driving during the day?

- A. Increases visibility and safety
- B. To indicate a vehicle is turning
- C. Only for emergency vehicles
- D. To reduce engine wear

Having your headlights on while driving during the day significantly increases visibility and safety. This practice is especially important in conditions such as rain, fog, or glare from the sun, where it can be challenging for other drivers to see your vehicle. Using headlights during the day ensures that your vehicle is more noticeable to other road users, helping to prevent accidents. It also helps establish a standard where vehicles appear more conspicuous, reinforcing safety on the road. While other options might touch on specific scenarios (such as indicating a turn or relating to emergency vehicles), the primary reason for using headlights during daylight is to enhance overall visibility, thus promoting safety on the road.

6. You want to back out of your driveway with children nearby. What should you do first?

- A. Start backing up slowly
- B. Honk your horn
- C. Walk behind the car to check for safety
- D. Wait for the children to move away

When backing out of your driveway, especially with children nearby, the most prudent first step is to walk behind the car to check for safety. This action allows you to visually assess the area for any obstacles, including children who may be in your path. By physically verifying that the space is clear, you are significantly reducing the risk of an accident, as children can be unpredictable and are often difficult to see from the driver's seat. Taking this precautionary step helps ensure that you have a clear view of the environment surrounding your vehicle before you begin to move. While it might be tempting to start backing up slowly or honk your horn to alert children, these actions do not provide the same level of safety assurance. Children may not hear the horn or could misinterpret your actions as an invitation to move closer to the vehicle. Similarly, waiting for them to move away does not guarantee that they will be aware of your intentions or that they are out of the way. Therefore, physically checking the area by walking behind the car is the safest approach.

7. What is the maximum speed limit on an open highway unless otherwise posted?

- A. 55 mph
- B. 60 mph
- C. 65 mph**
- D. 70 mph

The maximum speed limit on an open highway in Idaho, unless otherwise posted, is 65 mph. This limit is designed to balance safety and efficiency on less congested roadways. Speed limits are often established based on road and traffic conditions, engineering studies, and safety considerations, with the goal of promoting the safe movement of vehicles while minimizing accidents. Understanding these speed limits is crucial for drivers to ensure they are operating their vehicles within legal and safe parameters. The open highway is characterized by a lack of significant intersections, higher visibility, and a lower density of vehicles, which contributes to the higher speed limit compared to city streets and populated areas.

8. What should you do if you are involved in a minor accident?

- A. Drive away if no one is injured
- B. Exchange information and report it to the police if necessary**
- C. Argue with the other driver
- D. Only take pictures of the damage

If you are involved in a minor accident, exchanging information and reporting it to the police if necessary is crucial for several reasons. First, providing and receiving personal and insurance information helps ensure that both parties are accountable and can follow up appropriately for any damages or claims. This typically includes exchanging names, addresses, phone numbers, driver's license numbers, and insurance details. Additionally, reporting the incident to the police is important if there are injuries, significant damage, or if any party involved requests it. Having an official police report can be beneficial for insurance claims and legal purposes, as it captures an unbiased account of the accident's circumstances. Taking necessary precautions to document the scene, such as taking pictures, is also advisable, but it is not a substitute for exchanging information or involving authorities when necessary. Engaging in arguments or disputes can escalate the situation and is counterproductive, while simply driving away could result in legal consequences, especially if there are hidden damages or injuries involved. Thus, following the proper procedure after an accident helps protect your rights and ensures that all parties are treated fairly.

9. When must headlamps and taillights be lighted?

- A. From sunrise to sunset
- B. Sunset to sunrise and when visibility is poor**
- C. Only during night driving
- D. Only in bad weather conditions

The correct response indicates that headlamps and taillights must be illuminated from sunset to sunrise and also in situations where visibility is poor. This rule is crucial for ensuring safety on the road, as proper lighting helps drivers see and be seen, especially in low-light conditions. During nighttime, headlights are essential for illuminating the road ahead, enabling drivers to spot obstacles, pedestrians, or other vehicles in time to react appropriately. Additionally, tail lights are vital for signaling your presence to vehicles behind you, which is crucial for preventing rear-end collisions. The requirement for lights to be on in poor visibility conditions, such as fog, heavy rain, or snow, is equally important. When visibility is compromised, using headlights enhances your ability to see the road and helps other drivers notice your vehicle sooner, which can prevent accidents. Other options suggest limited instances for when lights should be used, which would not adequately account for the need for visibility in varying driving conditions. Thus, the proper understanding is that the use of headlamps and taillights is essential for safety from sunset to sunrise and whenever visibility is hindered.

10. What does a double solid line on the road mean?

- A. No crossing is allowed**
- B. Passing is allowed if safe
- C. Temporary construction zone
- D. Lane changing is permitted

A double solid line on the road signifies that no crossing is allowed under any circumstance. This marking indicates a strict prohibition against changing lanes or passing other vehicles. The presence of double solid lines typically indicates a dangerous situation where visibility is limited or where the road conditions are such that making a lane change could lead to a significant risk of an accident. Drivers are required to adhere to this restriction to ensure safety for all road users. In contrast, the other options suggest actions that involve changing lanes or passing vehicles, which directly contradict the intent of the double solid line. Understanding this signal is crucial for compliance with traffic laws and for promoting safer driving practices on the road.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://idahodriverslicense.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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