

# High School Baseball Umpire Practice Exam (Sample)

## Study Guide



**Everything you need from our exam experts!**

**Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.**

**ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.**

**No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.**

**Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.**

**SAMPLE**

# Table of Contents

<b>Copyright</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>Table of Contents</b> .....	<b>2</b>
<b>Introduction</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>How to Use This Guide</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>Questions</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>Answers</b> .....	<b>8</b>
<b>Explanations</b> .....	<b>10</b>
<b>Next Steps</b> .....	<b>16</b>

SAMPLE

# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

**This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:**

## 1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

**Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.**

## 2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

**Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.**

## 3. Learn from the Explanations

**After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.**

## 4. Track Your Progress

**Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.**

## 5. Simulate the Real Exam

**Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.**

## 6. Repeat and Review

**Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.**

**There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!**

## **Questions**

SAMPLE

- 1. What is the ruling if a runner makes contact with a fielder without permission?**
  - A. It's considered a legal play**
  - B. The runner is charged with interference**
  - C. The play is reviewed by the umpires**
  - D. It's a judgment call by the catcher**
- 2. In a situation where further play may jeopardize an injured player's safety, what should happen?**
  - A. Play should continue until the injury is resolved.**
  - B. Time should be called.**
  - C. The game is suspended.**
  - D. The injured player must be removed from the field.**
- 3. Infield fly rule applies when:**
  - A. There are fewer than two outs with runners on first and second base.**
  - B. There are two outs and bases are loaded.**
  - C. Any fair fly is caught by an infielder regardless of outs.**
  - D. There are no runners on base.**
- 4. What is the purpose of issuing a warning to a coach during a game?**
  - A. To alert the coach of a rule violation**
  - B. To give coach a chance to correct behavior**
  - C. Both options are correct**
  - D. To intimidate the opposing team**
- 5. What happens when a batted ball contacts the batter in the batter's box?**
  - A. A strike is charged to the batter as a foul ball**
  - B. The ball is ruled dead and no penalty is enforced**
  - C. The batter is awarded first base**
  - D. A run is scored for the offensive team**

**6. What should be considered if a media area is used during a game?**

- A. Only approved media personnel are allowed**
- B. Media must have access to the field**
- C. All three choices presented are correct**
- D. Media should remain in the bleachers**

**7. If R3 is on third and a batter makes contact with the catcher during a swing, what occurs?**

- A. The pitch counts as a ball**
- B. R3 is immediately out**
- C. The plate umpire calls time**
- D. The batter is awarded first base**

**8. What can the head coach do to intentionally walk Player White?**

- A. Request the umpire to award him first base**
- B. Throw four balls outside the strike zone**
- C. Signal the pitcher to throw to first base**
- D. Substitute another player to bat**

**9. What action can the pitcher take after placing his pivot foot clearly behind the plate?**

- A. The pitcher can throw or feint to a base.**
- B. The pitcher must pitch immediately.**
- C. The pitcher can step off the mound.**
- D. The pitcher must notify the umpire before any action.**

**10. Under what condition can an offense accept the results of a play involving an illegal player?**

- A. When the umpire determines the play was fair**
- B. Only if the infraction is discovered before the next pitch**
- C. If the illegal player touches the ball**
- D. When the defense appeals to the umpire**

## **Answers**

SAMPLE

1. B
2. B
3. A
4. C
5. A
6. C
7. C
8. A
9. A
10. B

SAMPLE

## **Explanations**

SAMPLE

**1. What is the ruling if a runner makes contact with a fielder without permission?**

- A. It's considered a legal play**
- B. The runner is charged with interference**
- C. The play is reviewed by the umpires**
- D. It's a judgment call by the catcher**

When a runner makes contact with a fielder without permission, it is classified as interference. This rule is in place to protect fielders who are attempting to make a play on the ball. The action of the runner, by making contact without any legitimate reason to do so, disrupts the fielder's ability to field the ball or make a play. As a result, the fielder is not only hindered in their action, but the integrity of the game is compromised. The ruling of interference by the runner can lead to the play being stopped, and depending on the specific circumstances, the runner could be called out or penalized. This ensures that safety is maintained on the field and that teams can execute plays without unintentional hindrance from baserunners. Options suggesting that it is a legal play or a judgment call by another player do not align with the established rules of baseball, which aim to regulate contact between players to ensure fair play. While the potential for play review exists in higher levels of baseball, interference calls typically rely on the umpires' judgment during the game.

**2. In a situation where further play may jeopardize an injured player's safety, what should happen?**

- A. Play should continue until the injury is resolved.**
- B. Time should be called.**
- C. The game is suspended.**
- D. The injured player must be removed from the field.**

In the scenario where further play could compromise the safety of an injured player, the appropriate action is to call time. This allows the umpire to assess the situation and ensure the safety and well-being of the injured player without the risk of ongoing play exacerbating the injury. Calling time halts the game temporarily, enabling necessary attention to be given to the injured player and ensuring that proper procedures are followed, such as evaluating the extent of the injury and determining whether the player can safely continue in the game. Maintaining player safety is a primary responsibility of umpires, and taking immediate action by stopping play is in line with this duty. This pause can also give coaches and medical staff the opportunity to respond promptly and assess the player's condition. In contrast, continuing play or suspending the game entirely may not provide the immediate response required for an injured player. The procedure emphasizes the importance of player welfare in the context of the game.

### 3. Infield fly rule applies when:

- A. There are fewer than two outs with runners on first and second base.**
- B. There are two outs and bases are loaded.**
- C. Any fair fly is caught by an infielder regardless of outs.**
- D. There are no runners on base.**

The infield fly rule is designed to protect the offensive team by preventing the defense from taking an unfair advantage in certain situations. This rule specifically applies when there are fewer than two outs, and there are runners on first and second base (or bases loaded). When these conditions are met, a fly ball that is not caught by the infielders raises the risk of a double play, as runners may hesitate thinking the ball is going to be caught. By calling the infield fly, the umpire ensures that the batter is out, and the base runners can advance at their own risk, eliminating the chance for an easy double play. In this context, the other options do not satisfy the requirement for the infield fly rule to apply. For example, if there are two outs (as in the second choice) or no runners on base (as in the last choice), the protections offered by the infield fly rule are not necessary or applicable. The essence of the rule lies in its ability to address specific gameplay situations where the defense may exploit the circumstances to the detriment of the batting team. Thus, the correct answer accurately describes a scenario where the rule is active and intended to maintain fairness in gameplay.

### 4. What is the purpose of issuing a warning to a coach during a game?

- A. To alert the coach of a rule violation**
- B. To give coach a chance to correct behavior**
- C. Both options are correct**
- D. To intimidate the opposing team**

Issuing a warning to a coach serves multiple important purposes in a baseball game. Firstly, it alerts the coach to a potential rule violation they may not be aware of, thus reinforcing the importance of adhering to game rules. This proactive communication helps maintain the integrity of the game. Secondly, by issuing a warning, the umpire is giving the coach an opportunity to adjust their behavior or the behavior of their players. This approach is meant to encourage compliance rather than resorting to punitive measures. The warning signals to the coach that while the behavior is unacceptable, there is still an opportunity to correct it before further action is necessary, such as penalties or ejections. Both of these aspects work together to facilitate smooth game management and uphold the standards of conduct expected within the sport. This strategy fosters a respectful relationship between umpires and coaches, contributing to the overall atmosphere of the game. Meanwhile, the option that involves intimidation does not reflect the respectful and professional standards that umpires are trained to maintain.

**5. What happens when a batted ball contacts the batter in the batter's box?**

- A. A strike is charged to the batter as a foul ball**
- B. The ball is ruled dead and no penalty is enforced**
- C. The batter is awarded first base**
- D. A run is scored for the offensive team**

When a batted ball contacts the batter while inside the batter's box, the correct ruling is that the ball is ruled dead and no penalty is enforced. This is because the batter is considered to be within the protection of the batter's box, and any contact with a batted ball does not constitute a foul ball or a strike against the batter. The situation indicates that the ball is effectively dead at the moment of contact with the batter, and since the batter has not swung at the pitch, no strikes or other penalties are assessed. Therefore, the runner remains in the same positions they were prior to the incident, and the play is treated as though the pitch did not occur. This ruling is important for maintaining the integrity of the game and ensuring that batters have a fair opportunity to hit without being penalized for incidental contact that occurs during their time in the batter's area.

**6. What should be considered if a media area is used during a game?**

- A. Only approved media personnel are allowed**
- B. Media must have access to the field**
- C. All three choices presented are correct**
- D. Media should remain in the bleachers**

When a media area is in use during a game, multiple considerations come into play to ensure the smooth operation of the event and the safety of all participants. Allowing only approved media personnel is crucial to maintain control and security within the venue. This ensures that the people reporting on the game are qualified and recognized by the organization running the event, which helps mitigate any potential disruptions. Furthermore, while media access to the field is typically essential for accurate reporting and broadcasting, it must be managed properly to ensure the safety of players and officials. This access enables reporters and camera operators to capture moments from the game effectively, contributing to the overall coverage and fan engagement. The combination of these factors, along with the recognition of the need to have a defined area for media presence, supports the conclusion that all aspects are significant in maintaining a professional environment during a game. Therefore, it is important to consider the complete context of media engagement and the various protocols that accompany it.

**7. If R3 is on third and a batter makes contact with the catcher during a swing, what occurs?**

- A. The pitch counts as a ball**
- B. R3 is immediately out**
- C. The plate umpire calls time**
- D. The batter is awarded first base**

When a batter makes contact with the catcher during a swing with R3 on third base, the proper action is for the plate umpire to call "time." This is because the interaction between the batter and the catcher does not result in a legal play and could be considered interference or a cessation of play. The plate umpire is responsible for ensuring that the game proceeds in an orderly manner, and when a batter's swing causes contact with the catcher, it disrupts the process. By calling time, the umpire is indicating that the play is halted, which is essential for maintaining the flow of the game and the safety of the players involved. The other options would not apply in this scenario: the pitch does not count as a ball, R3 is not immediately out unless specific circumstances of interference are determined, and the batter is not automatically awarded first base unless the contact meets specific criteria for interference that justifies such a ruling. Calling time is the appropriate response to ensure that all parties have a clear understanding of the situation before play resumes.

**8. What can the head coach do to intentionally walk Player White?**

- A. Request the umpire to award him first base**
- B. Throw four balls outside the strike zone**
- C. Signal the pitcher to throw to first base**
- D. Substitute another player to bat**

To intentionally walk Player White, the correct procedure is for the head coach to request the umpire to award him first base. This is part of the rules that allow a coach to bypass the normal pitch process when they wish to intentionally walk a batter. This means the player does not need to face any pitches, and it ensures that the intentional walk is executed efficiently and according to the established rules of the game. The act of intentionally walking a batter is not done through a physical execution of throwing four balls outside the strike zone, as that would risk wild pitches or other unintentional situations. Additionally, signaling the pitcher to throw to first base does not relate to the intentional walk process at all, as it focuses on a pickoff play rather than allowing a batter to advance freely. Finally, substituting another player to bat does not apply in this scenario because the intent is to walk the specific player rather than replace him with someone else at the plate. In summary, the proper approach for the coach to intentionally walk the batter involves a simple request to the umpire, allowing for a direct and straightforward resolution in line with the game's rules.

**9. What action can the pitcher take after placing his pivot foot clearly behind the plate?**

- A. The pitcher can throw or feint to a base.**
- B. The pitcher must pitch immediately.**
- C. The pitcher can step off the mound.**
- D. The pitcher must notify the umpire before any action.**

When the pitcher places his pivot foot clearly behind the plate, he has the option to either throw or feint to a base. This is an important strategic element of pitching, as it allows the pitcher to attempt to catch baserunners off guard or to induce a reaction from them. The ability to throw or feint showcases the pitcher's ability to manage the game and put pressure on the opposing team. The rules allow for this action because once the pivot foot is established behind the pitcher's plate, the pitcher maintains the freedom to engage in movements that could lead to a play, as long as they comply with the underlying regulations concerning legal pitches and actions on the mound. It's a part of the tactical gameplay where the pitcher can keep running players in check and control the pace of the game. This option emphasizes the flexibility that pitchers have once they have established their position, which is essential for effective pitching strategy.

**10. Under what condition can an offense accept the results of a play involving an illegal player?**

- A. When the umpire determines the play was fair**
- B. Only if the infraction is discovered before the next pitch**
- C. If the illegal player touches the ball**
- D. When the defense appeals to the umpire**

The offense can accept the results of a play involving an illegal player if the infraction is discovered before the next pitch. This is crucial because, in baseball, the integrity of the game relies on upholding the rules and player eligibility. If the illegal status of a player is revealed immediately after a play but before the next pitch, the offensive team has the right to make a decision: they can either take the result of the play or choose to nullify it and have the play declared dead. This scenario ensures that the team at bat has control over how they wish to handle the situation upon discovering an infraction. It allows for a tactical decision that might benefit the offense, as they can choose to continue with the outcome of the play if it was favorable. If the infraction were to be acknowledged afterwards or during a play without such a window of opportunity, the offense would not have that choice and the game would continue under different circumstances.

# Next Steps

**Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.**

**As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.**

**If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).**

**Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:**

**<https://hsbaseballumpire.examzify.com>**

**We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!**

**SAMPLE**